# SINGLE-SUPPLY OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS MicroAmplifier ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Series 

## FEATURES

- MICRO-SIZE, MINIATURE PACKAGES:
- Single: SOT23-5, SO-8
- Dual: MSOP-8, SO-8
- Quad: SSOP-16 (Obsolete)
- LOW OFFSET VOLTAGE: $750 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ max
- WIDE SUPPLY RANGE:
- Single Supply: +2.7V to +36V
- Dual Supply: $\pm 1.35 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 18 \mathrm{~V}$
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT: $350 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ max
- WIDE BANDWIDTH: 1.5 MHz


## APPLICATIONS

- BATTERY-POWERED INSTRUMENTS
- PORTABLE DEVICES
- PCMCIA CARDS
- MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS
- TEST EQUIPMENT



## DESCRIPTION

The OPA237 op amp family is one of Texas Instruments' MicroAmplifier ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ series of miniature products. In addition to small size, these devices feature low offset voltage, low quiescent current, low bias current, and a wide supply range. Single, dual, and quad versions have identical specifications for maximum design flexibility. They are ideal for single-supply, battery-operated, and space-limited applications, such as PCMCIA cards and other portable instruments.

OPA237 series op amps can operate from either single or dual supplies. When operated from a single supply, the input common-mode range extends below ground and the output can swing to within 10 mV of ground. Dual and quad designs feature completely independent circuitry for lowest crosstalk and freedom from interaction.

Single, dual, and quad are offered in space-saving surface-mount packages. The single version is available in the ultra-miniature 5 -lead SOT23-5 and SO-8 surface-mount. The dual version comes in a miniature MSOP-8 and SO-8 surface-mount. The quad version is obsolete. MSOP-8 has the same lead count as a SO-8 but half the size. The SOT23-5 is even smaller at one-fourth the size of an SO-8. All are specified for $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operation. A macromodel is available for design analysis.


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OPA4237

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

| Supply Voltage, V+ to V- | 36 V |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage | (V-) -0.7V to (V+) +0.7V |
| Output Short-Circuit(2) | Continuous |
| Operating Temperature Range | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Junction Temperature Range | $\ldots . . . . . . . .+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.
(2) Short circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.


This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

| PRODUCT | PACKAGE-LEAD | PACKAGE DRAWING | PACKAGE MARKING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single <br> OPA237NA | SOT23-5 | DBV | A37A |
| OPA237UA | SO-8 | D | OPA237UA |
| Dual <br> OPA2237EA | MSOP-8 | DGK | B37A |
| OPA2237UA | SO-8 | D | OPA2237UA |
| Quad <br> OPA4237UA | SSOP-16 | DBQ | OPA4237UA |

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.
(2) Quad version is obsolete.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathbf{- 4 0 ^ { \circ }} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | OPA237UA, NA OPA2237UA, EA OPA4237UA |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OFFSET VOLTAGE <br> Input Offset Voltage <br> vs Temperature(1) <br> vs Power Supply (PSRR) <br> Channel Separation (dual and quad) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Specified Temperature Range $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to }+36 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \pm 250 \\ \pm 2 \\ 10 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 750 \\ \pm 5 \\ 30 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| INPUT BIAS CURRENT <br> Input Bias Current(2) Input Offset Current | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}} & =2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}} & =2.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -10 \\ & \pm 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & \pm 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA} \\ & \mathrm{nA} \end{aligned}$ |
| NOISE <br> Input Voltage Noise, $f=0.1$ to 10 Hz <br> Input Voltage Noise Density, $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ <br> Current Noise Density, $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 28 \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mu \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{PP}} \\ \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \\ \mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE <br> Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.5 V | $\begin{gathered} -0.2 \\ 78 \end{gathered}$ | 86 | ( $\mathrm{V}+)^{-1.5}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~dB} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT IMPEDANCE <br> Differential Common-Mode |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 10^{6}\| \| 4 \\ & 5 \cdot 10^{9}\| \| 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\| p F \\ & \Omega \\| p F \end{aligned}$ |
| OPEN-LOOP GAIN <br> Open-Loop Voltage Gain | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 4 V | 80 | 88 |  | dB |
| FREQUENCY RESPONSE <br> Gain-Bandwidth Product <br> Slew Rate <br> Settling Time, 0.1\% $0.01 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} G=1 \\ G=-1,3 V \text { Step, } C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF} \\ G=-1,3 V \text { Step, } C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.4 \\ 0.5 \\ 11 \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ |  | MHz <br> V/us <br> $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| OUTPUT <br> Voltage Output, Positive <br> Negative <br> Positive <br> Negative <br> Positive <br> Negative <br> Short-Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive (stable operation) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to Ground } \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to Ground } \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{V}+)-1 \\ 0.01 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-1 \\ 0.12 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-1 \\ 0.5 \\ \\ \text { See Ty } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{V}+)-0.75 \\ 0.001 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-0.75 \\ 0.04 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-0.75 \\ 0.35 \\ -10 /+4 \end{gathered}$ <br> al Characteri | Curves | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Specified Operating Voltage Operating Range Quiescent Current (per amplifier) |  | +2.7 | $+5$ $170$ | $\begin{aligned} & +36 \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE <br> Specified Range Operating Range <br> Storage Range <br> Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ <br> SOT23-5 <br> MSOP-8 <br> SSOP-16 (Obsolete) <br> SO-8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & -55 \\ & -55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 150 \\ & 150 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} +85 \\ +125 \\ +125 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \end{aligned}$ |

(1) Specified by wafer-level test to $95 \%$ confidence.
(2) Positive conventional current flows into the input terminals. OPA4237

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+\mathbf{+ 2 . 7 V}$

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
At $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | OPA237UA, NA OPA2237UA, EA OPA4237UA |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OFFSET VOLTAGE <br> Input Offset Voltage <br> vs Temperature(1) <br> vs Power Supply (PSRR) <br> Channel Separation (dual and quad) | $V_{C M}=1 V$ <br> Specified Temperature Range $V_{S}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to }+36 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \pm 250 \\ \pm \mathbf{2} \\ 10 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 750 \\ \pm 5 \\ 30 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathbf{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| INPUT BIAS CURRENT <br> Input Bias Current(2) Input Offset Current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -10 \\ & \pm 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & \pm 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA} \\ & \mathrm{nA} \end{aligned}$ |
| NOISE <br> Input Voltage Noise, $\mathrm{f}=0.1$ to 10 Hz <br> Input Voltage Noise Density, $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ <br> Current Noise Density, $f=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 28 \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mu \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{PP}} \\ \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \\ \mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE <br> Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.2 V | $\begin{gathered} -0.2 \\ 75 \end{gathered}$ | 85 | (V+) -1.5 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~dB} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT IMPEDANCE <br> Differential <br> Common-Mode |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 10^{6}\| \| 4 \\ & 5 \cdot 10^{9}\| \| 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\| p F \\ & \Omega \\| p F \end{aligned}$ |
| OPEN-LOOP GAIN <br> Open-Loop Voltage Gain | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.7 V | 80 | 88 |  | dB |
| FREQUENCY RESPONSE <br> Gain-Bandwidth Product <br> Slew Rate <br> Settling Time, 0.1\% $0.01 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} G=1 \\ G=-1,1 V \text { Step, } C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF} \\ G=-1,1 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step, } C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.2 \\ 0.5 \\ 5 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ |  | MHz <br> V/us <br> $\mu \mathrm{s}$ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| OUTPUT <br> Voltage Output, Positive <br> Negative <br> Positive <br> Negative <br> Positive <br> Negative <br> Short-Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive (stable operation) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } \text { Ground } \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to Ground } \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 1.35 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 1.35 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 1.35 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { to } 1.35 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{V}+)-1 \\ 0.01 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-1 \\ 0.06 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-1 \\ 0.3 \\ \\ \text { See Ty } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{V}+)-0.75 \\ 0.001 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-0.75 \\ 0.02 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-0.75 \\ 0.2 \\ -5 /+3.5 \end{gathered}$ <br> al Characteris | Curves | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Specified Operating Voltage Operating Range Quiescent Current (per amplifier) |  | +2.7 | $\begin{gathered} +2.7 \\ 160 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +36 \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE <br> Specified Range Operating Range Storage Range Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ SOT23-5 MSOP-8 SSOP-16 (Obsolete) SO-8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & -55 \\ & -55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 150 \\ & 150 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} +85 \\ +125 \\ +125 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \end{aligned}$ |

[^0]
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | OPA237UA, NA OPA2237UA, EA OPA4237UA |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OFFSET VOLTAGE <br> Input Offset Voltage <br> vs Temperature ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> vs Power Supply (PSRR) <br> Channel Separation (dual and quad) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Specified Temperature Range $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}= \pm 1.35 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \pm 18 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \pm 350 \\ \pm \mathbf{2 . 5} \\ 10 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 950 \\ \pm 7 \\ 30 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathbf{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| INPUT BIAS CURRENT <br> Input Bias Current(2) Input Offset Current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -8.5 \\ & \pm 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & \pm 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nA} \\ & \mathrm{nA} \end{aligned}$ |
| NOISE <br> Input Voltage Noise, $f=0.1$ to 10 Hz <br> Input Voltage Noise Density, $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ <br> Current Noise Density, $f=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 28 \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mu \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{PP}} \\ \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \\ \mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE <br> Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=-15 \mathrm{~V}$ to 13.5 V | $\begin{gathered} (V-)-0.2 \\ 80 \end{gathered}$ | 90 | (V+) - 1.5 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~dB} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT IMPEDANCE <br> Differential <br> Common-Mode |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 10^{6}\| \| 4 \\ & 5 \cdot 10^{9}\| \| 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\| p F \\ & \Omega \\| p F \end{aligned}$ |
| OPEN-LOOP GAIN <br> Open-Loop Voltage Gain | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=-14 \mathrm{~V}$ to 13.8 V | 80 | 88 |  | dB |
| FREQUENCY RESPONSE <br> Gain-Bandwidth Product <br> Slew Rate <br> Settling Time, 0.1\% $0.01 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} G=1 \\ G=-1,10 V \text { Step, } C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF} \\ G=-1,10 V \text { Step, } C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 18 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ |  | MHz <br> V/us <br> $\mu \mathrm{s}$ $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| OUTPUT <br> Voltage Output, Positive <br> Negative <br> Positive <br> Negative <br> Short-Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive (stable operation) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \left(\mathrm{V}_{+}\right)-1.2 \\ (\mathrm{~V}-)+0.5 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-1.2 \\ (\mathrm{~V}-)+1 \end{gathered}$ <br> See Ty | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{V}+)-0.9 \\ (\mathrm{~V}-)+0.3 \\ (\mathrm{~V}+)-0.9 \\ (\mathrm{~V}-)+0.85 \\ -8 /+4.5 \end{gathered}$ <br> al Characteris | Curves | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Specified Operating Range <br> Operating Range <br> Quiescent Current (per amplifier) |  | $\pm 1.35$ | $\begin{array}{r}  \pm 15 \\ \pm 200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 18 \\ \pm 475 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE <br> Specified Range Operating Range Storage Range Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ SOT23-5 MSOP-8 SSOP-16 (Obsolete) SO-8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & -55 \\ & -55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 150 \\ & 150 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} +85 \\ +125 \\ +125 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \end{gathered}$ |

(1) Specified by wafer-level test to $95 \%$ confidence.
(2) Positive conventional current flows into the input terminals.

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.







## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.





OFFSET VOLTAGE DRIFT


## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $R_{L}=10 k \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

$1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

LARGE-SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE
( $\mathrm{G}=1, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$ )

$10 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$


SMALL-SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE
( $\mathrm{G}=1, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=220 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$ )

$2 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$


OPA237
OPA2237
INSTRUMENTS
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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, unless otherwise noted.




## APPLICATION INFORMATION

OPA237 series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. Power supply pins should be bypassed with 10nF ceramic capacitors.

## OPERATING VOLTAGE

OPA237 series op amps operate from single (+2.7V to +36 V ) or dual ( $\pm 1.35 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 18 \mathrm{~V}$ ) supplies with excellent performance. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. Parameters which vary significantly with operating voltage are shown in typical performance curves. Specifications are production tested with $+2.7 \mathrm{~V},+5 \mathrm{~V}$, and $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies.

## OUTPUT CURRENT AND STABILITY

OPA237 series op amps can drive large capacitive loads. However, under certain limited output conditions any op amp may become unstable. Figure 1 shows the region where the OPA237 has a potential for instability. These load conditions are rarely encountered, especially for single supply applications. For example, take the case when a +5 V supply with a $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$ is used.

OPA237 series op amps remain stable with capacitive loads up to $4,000 \mathrm{pF}$, if sinking current and up to $10,000 \mathrm{pF}$, if sourcing current. Furthermore, in single-supply applications where the load is connected to ground, the op amp is only sourcing current, and as shown Figure 1, can drive $10,000 \mathrm{pF}$ with output currents up to 1.5 mA .


Figure 1. Stability-Capacitive Load vs Output Current


NOTE: Low and high-side sensing circuits can be used independently.
Figure 2. Low and High-Side Battery Current Sensing

Texas

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status <br> (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan <br> (2) | Lead finish/ Ball material <br> (6) | MSL Peak Temp <br> (3) | Op Temp ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Device Marking <br> (4/5) | Samples |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA2237EA/250 | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAUAG | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |  | B37A | Samples |
| OPA2237EA/2K5 | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | RoHS \& Green | Call TI \| NIPDAUAG | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | B37A | Samples |
| OPA2237UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OPA } \\ & \text { 2237UA } \end{aligned}$ | Samples |
| OPA2237UA/2K5 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR |  | OPA <br> 2237UA | Samples |
| OPA2237UAE4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | TBD | Call TI | Call TI |  |  | Samples |
| OPA237NA/250 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 70 | A37A | Samples |
| OPA237NA/250E4 | LIFEBUY | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 70 | A37A |  |
| OPA237NA/3K | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 70 | A37A | Samples |
| OPA237NA/3KE4 | LIFEBUY | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 70 | A37A |  |
| OPA237UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 75 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 70 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OPA } \\ & 237 \mathrm{UA} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Samples |
| OPA237UA/2K5 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 70 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OPA } \\ & \text { 237UA } \end{aligned}$ | Samples |

${ }^{(1)}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.
${ }^{(2)}$ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.
${ }^{(3)}$ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature
${ }^{(4)}$ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
${ }^{(5)}$ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
${ }^{(6)}$ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



TAPE DIMENSIONS


| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
| :--- | :--- |
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel <br> Width <br> W1 (mm) | $\begin{gathered} \text { A0 } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B0 } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{KO} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{P} 1 \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{W} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | Pin1 <br> Quadrant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA2237EA/250 | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA2237EA/2K5 | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA2237UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA237NA/250 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | 178.0 | 9.0 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA237NA/3K | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 9.0 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA237UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA2237EA/250 | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | 366.0 | 364.0 | 50.0 |
| OPA2237EA/2K5 | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 366.0 | 364.0 | 50.0 |
| OPA2237UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 356.0 | 356.0 | 35.0 |
| OPA237NA/250 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | 180.0 | 180.0 | 18.0 |
| OPA237NA/3K | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 180.0 | 180.0 | 18.0 |
| OPA237UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 356.0 | 356.0 | 35.0 |

## TUBE


— B - Alignment groove width
*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Name | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | L (mm) | $\mathbf{W}(\mathbf{m m})$ | $\mathbf{T}(\boldsymbol{\mu m})$ | $\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{m m})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA2237UA | D | SOIC | 8 | 75 | 506.6 | 8 | 3940 | 4.32 |
| OPA237UA | D | SOIC | 8 | 75 | 506.6 | 8 | 3940 | 4.32 |



4214862/A 04/2023
NOTES:
PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.


LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 15X


NOTES: (continued)
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
9 . Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.


SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
SCALE: 15X

NOTES: (continued)
11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.


ALTERNATIVE PACKAGE SINGULATION VIEW

## NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.
4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

NOTES: (continued)
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.


SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

NOTES: (continued)
8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.


NOTES:

1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed . 006 [0.15] per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

NOTES: (continued)
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.


NOTES: (continued)
8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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[^0]:    (1) Specified by wafer-level test to $95 \%$ confidence.
    (2) Positive conventional current flows into the input terminals.

