

Rapid Prototyping with step-by-step Functionality using full TI Portfolio

“Yes, even YOU can prototype with minimal or NO programming, even embedded and wirelessly” (as Launchpad meets Beaglebone)

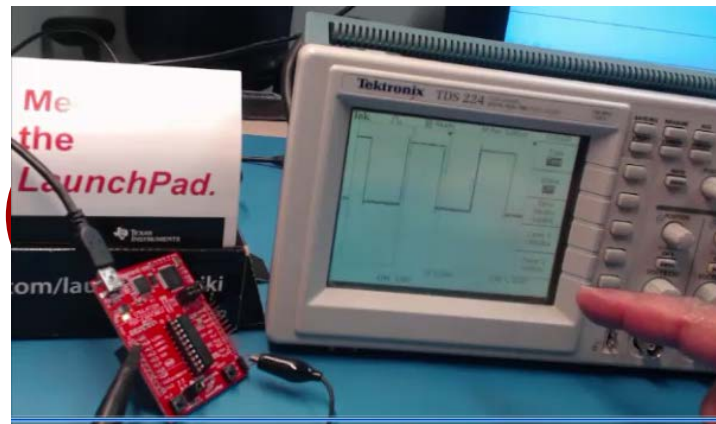
Joe George, Northeast Digital Field Applications

Texas Instruments

Americas Sales and Marketing

Agenda

- Fundamentals (mostly for Analog)
 - Implementing necessary prototyping functions such clocks/GPIO, Read A/D, I2C/SMBus, etc.
 - Seamless interface of various Analog EVM's for system “proof of concept”
 - Standalone UI - Button (GP Input - GPIO), LCD Display (“Hello”), Music, Serial Interface (Putty)
- More UI (i.e. GUI Advanced Comm Tab basically Putty/Serial I/F) - Lessons learned from home networking (if you can setup the WiFi in your house, you can prototype with a few steps)
- EP - Embedded prototyping (mostly for Digital)
 - Wired and Wireless Control
 - Use of TI Cloud Computing Tools for prototype
- Advanced Topics
- Conclusion Demos (Simple and Complex)



Prototyping Functions

- Step-by-step Functionality (Demos)
 - GP Output (GPIO – General Purpose I/O)->Square Wave->Clock
 - Read A/D
 - I2C/SMBus (Wire)
- Optional WiFi
 - STA (station)
 - AP (access point)
- Optional Energia
- UI
 - Button (GP Input - GPIO, add debounce)
 - LCD Display (“Hello”)
 - Music
- UI - Serial Interface (i.e. Putty for echo “Hello World”)

Example Pin Map – Digital I/O

- How can you not love an MCU in a DIP package for rapid prototyping?



LaunchPad with MSP430G2553 Revision 1.5

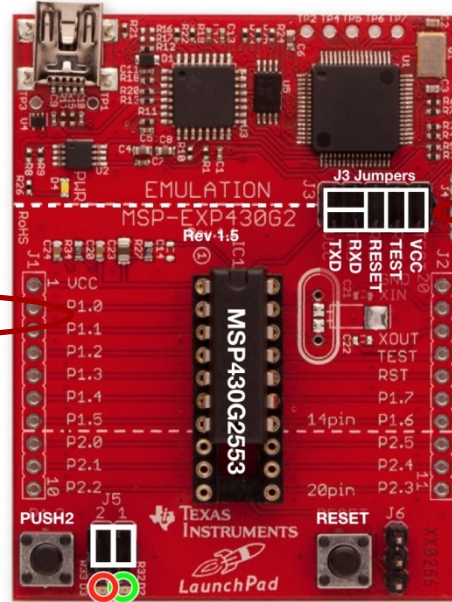
Flash 16 KB
RAM 512 B

Serial	Hardware
ADC	10 bits
Use pins numbers only!	
Default I ² C = (1)	
Software I ² C (1) master only	
PWM	4 or 14 or 19
PWM	9 or 10
PWM	12 or 13

+3.3V				1
RED_LED	A0	P1_0		2
RYD	A1	P1_1		3
TXD	A2	P1_2		4
PUSH2	A3	P1_3		5
	A4	P1_4		6
SCK (B0)	A5	P1_5		7
CS (B0)		P2_0		8
SCL (1)		P2_1		9
SDA (1)		P2_2		10

temperature A10

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Hardware
Pin number

I²C
Serial UART
SPI

analogRead()
digitalRead() and digitalWrite()
digitalRead(), digitalWrite() and analogWrite()

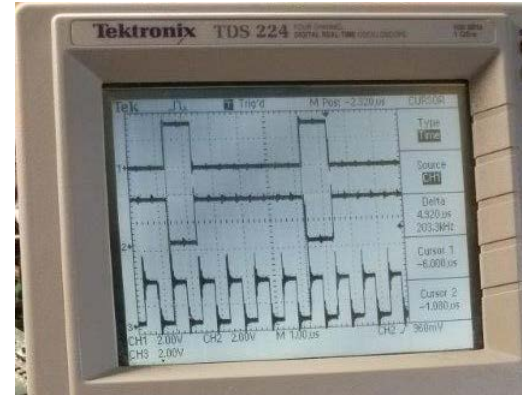
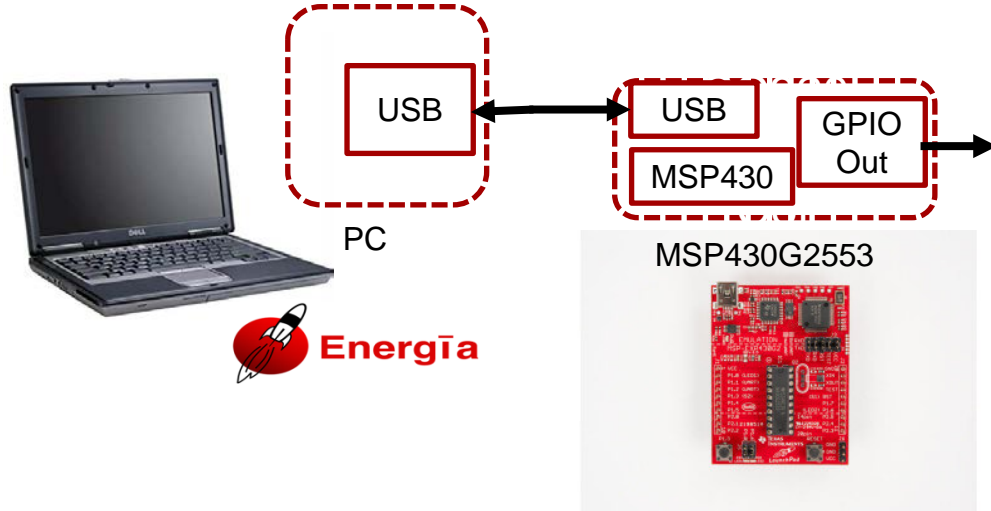
20				GROUND
19	P2_6			XIN
18	P2_7			XOUT
17				TEST
16				RESET
15	P1_7	A7	SDA (0)	MOSI (B0)
14	P1_6	A6	SCL (0)	MISO (B0)
13	P2_5			GREEN_LED
12	P2_4			
11	P2_3			

GND
GND
+3.3V

- <http://www.energia.nu/pinmaps/msp-exp430g2/>

Demo - GPIO

- Step-by-step Functionality (Demo) - PFC (Power Factor Correction) Controller
 - GP Output (“Blinky” is just General Purpose Input) – Energia Blink (square wave)
 - P1.0 ->RED_LED
 - »static const uint8_t P1_0 = 2;
 - »static const uint8_t RED_LED = 2;
 - const int ledPin = RED_LED; // the number of the LED pin



Square Waves with Reference Clock

Example Pin Map – Analog A/D

- Who doesn't need to read an A/D?



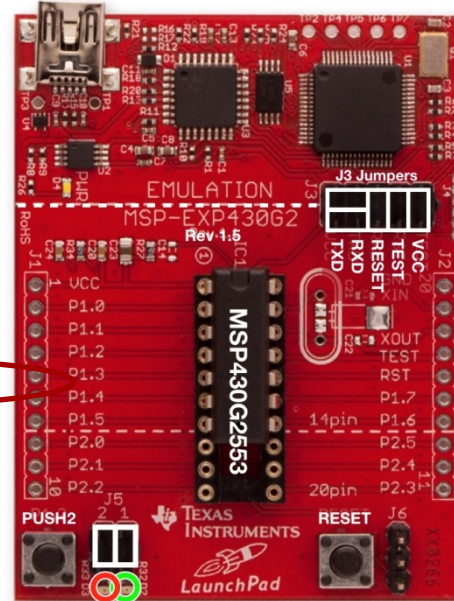
LaunchPad with MSP430G2553 Revision 1.5

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		A2	P1_2	4
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		A4	P1_4	6
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	SCL (1)		P2_1	9
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temperature		A10		

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analogRead()
digitalRead() and digitalWrite()
digitalRead(), digitalWrite() and analogWrite()



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13	P2_5			GREEN_LED
12	P2_4			
11	P2_3			
	GND			
	GND			
	+3.3V			

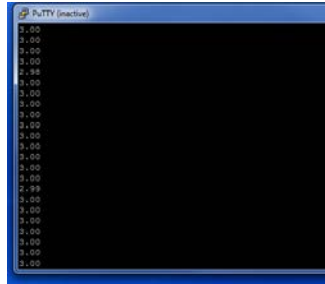
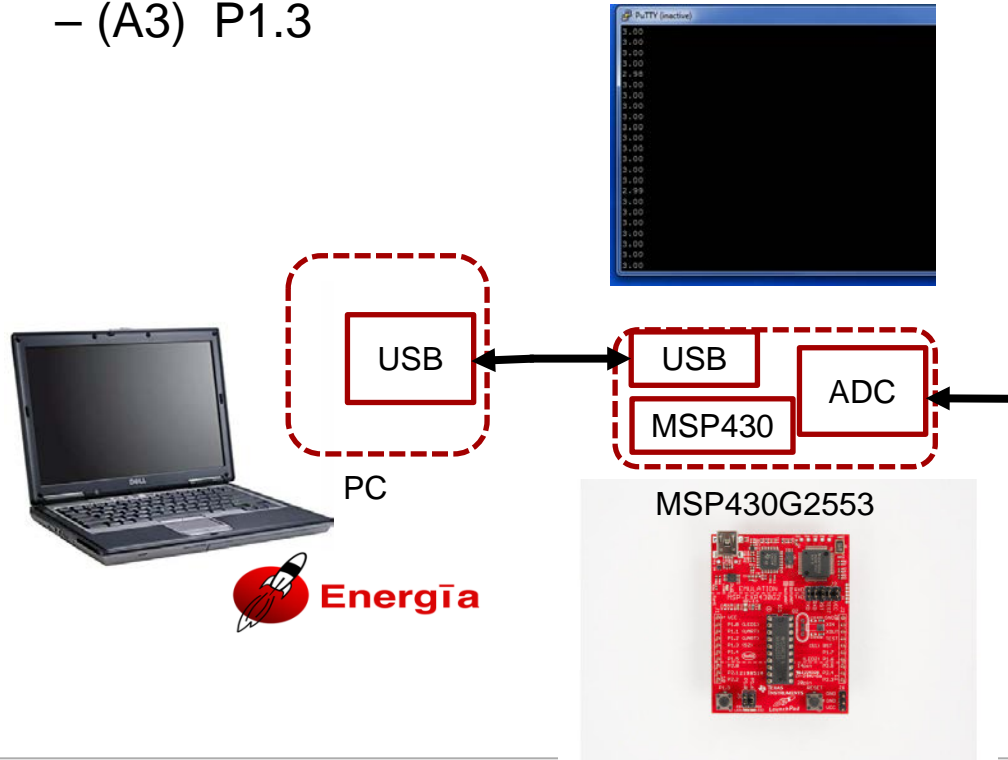
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Demo – Read A/D

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- Read A/D – Energia ReadAnalogVoltage (level)
 - (A3) P1.3



A3=VCC-3.3V



A3=GND=0V

Example Pin Map – I2C/SMBus



LaunchPad with MSP430G2553

Revision 1.5

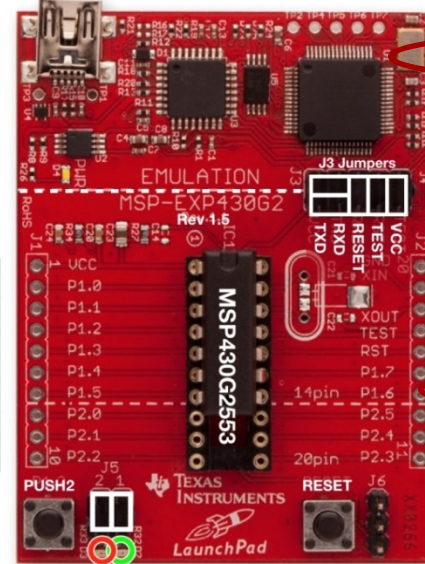
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13	P2_5			
12	P2_4			
11	P2_3			
	GND			
	GND			
	+3.3V			

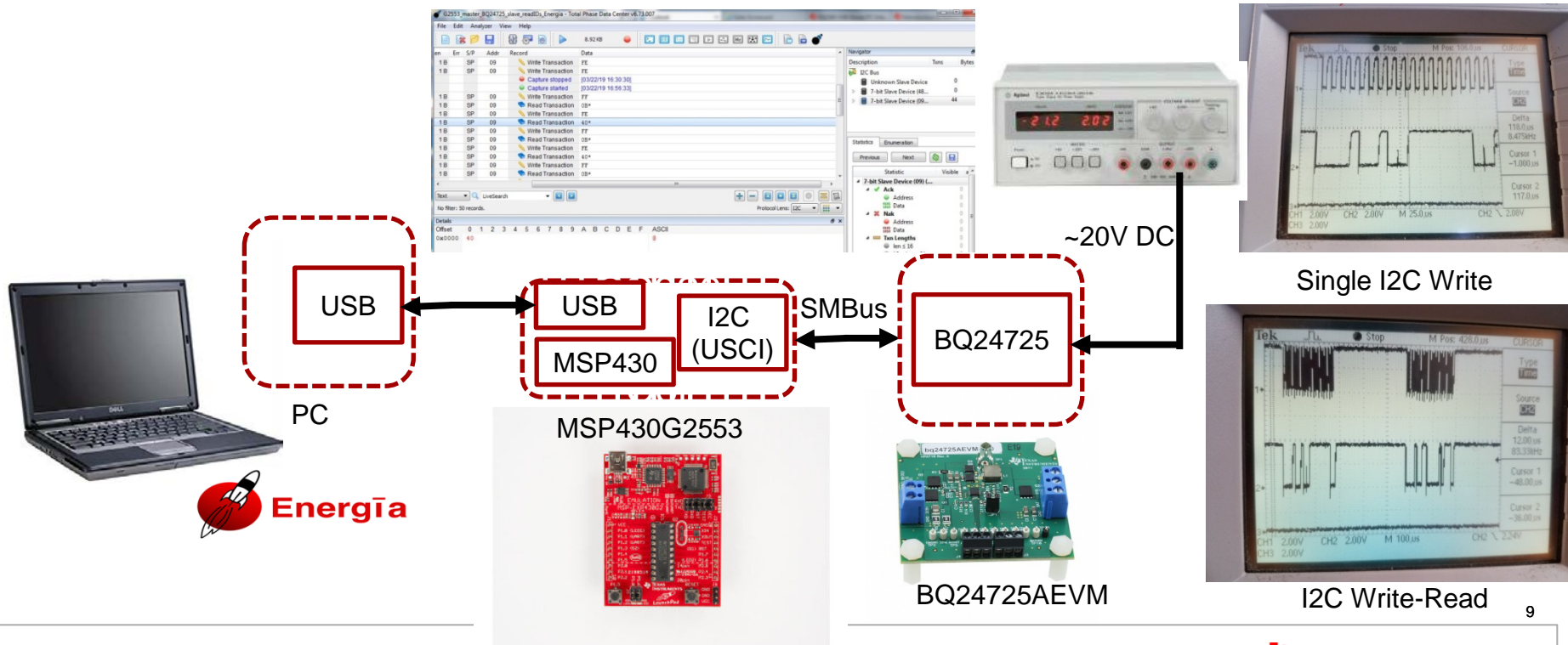
- Gotta send some I2C commands? (GUI tools nice for eval but not proto)

- <http://www.energia.nu/pinmaps/msp-exp430g2/>

Demo – I2C

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo) - SMBus (I2C) setup for Battery Charger

- I2C (Wire Write/Read I2C) – Energia Wire master_writer (with "Wire Slave Receiver" BQ24725) and I2C Bus Analyzer



Analog EVMs with ti.com links – NO Wiring

- Interface of Analog EVM's
 - Building Automation Sensors BoosterPack Module
 - <http://www.ti.com/tool/BOOSTXL-SENSORS>
 - <http://www.ti.com/tool/BOOSTXL-BASSENSORS>
 - DRV8323RH BoosterPack and MSP430F5529LP code – InstaSpin
 - Fast Prototyping 24bit Sigma-Delta ADC with Energia (TI ADS1220): [TIDA-00647](http://www.ti.com/tool/TIDA-00647)
- MSP-EXP430G2 Based Design kits & evaluation modules
<http://www.ti.com/product/MSP430G2553/toolssoftware>

MSP-EXP430G2 Based Design kits & EVMs

- MSP-EXP430G2 Based Design kits & evaluation modules Part #Name
 - BOOST-IR Infrared (IR) BoosterPack Plug-in Module
 - 430BOOST-ADS1118 **ADS1118** BoosterPack
 - 430BOOST-CC110L **CC110L** RF BoosterPack
 - DRV8873SEVM10A H-bridge motor driver with hardware interface and integrated current sensing EVM
 - DRV8873S-Q1EVM Automotive 10A H-Bridge Motor Driver with SPI and Integrated Current Sensing EVM
 - DRV8308EVM DRV8308 Evaluation Module for Three-phase Brushless Motor Pre-driver
 - DRV8313EVM DRV8313 Evaluation Module
 - DRV8701EVM DRV8701 Full Bridge Brushed DC Motor Gate Driver Evaluation Module
 - DRV8702D-Q1EVM Automotive Half-Bridge Brushed DC Motor Gate Driver Evaluation Module D
 - DRV8703D-Q1EVM DRV8703D-Q1 Automotive Half-Bridge Brushed DC Motor Gate Driver With SPI EVM
 - DRV8847EVM DRV8847 Dual H-Bridge Motor Driver Evaluation Module
 - DRV8847SEVM DRV8847S Dual H-Bridge Motor Driver Evaluation Module
 - DRV8850EVM DRV8850EVM - EVMfor Low-Voltage H-Bridge Motor Driver with LDO Voltage Regulator
 - DRV8912-Q1EVM DRV8912-Q1 multi h-bridges motor driver evaluation module
 - DLP-**7970**ABP NFC Transceiver Booster Pack

Demo – Pin Definition Reference

```
– energia-0101E0014\hardware\msp430\variants\launchpad\pins_energia.h
– // Pin names based on the silkscreen
– //
– static const uint8_t P1_0 = 2;
– static const uint8_t P1_1 ≡ 3;
– static const uint8_t P1_2 ≡ 4;
– static const uint8_t P1_3 ≡ 5;
– static const uint8_t P1_4 ≡ 6;
– static const uint8_t P1_5 ≡ 7;
– static const uint8_t P2_0 ≡ 8;
– static const uint8_t P2_1 = 9;
– static const uint8_t P2_2 ≡ 10;
– static const uint8_t P2_3 ≡ 11;
– static const uint8_t P2_4 ≡ 12;
– static const uint8_t P2_5 ≡ 13;
– static const uint8_t P1_6 = 14;
– static const uint8_t P1_7 = 15;
– static const uint8_t P2_7 ≡ 18;
– static const uint8_t P2_6 = 19;
```

		+-\ / -+			
VCC	1			20	GND
(A0) P1.0	2			19	XIN
(A1) P1.1	3			18	XOUT
(A2) P1.2	4			17	TEST
(A3) P1.3	5			16	RST#
(A4) P1.4	6			15	P1.7 (A7) (SCL) (MISO)
(A5) P1.5	7			14	P1.6 (A6) (SDA) (MOSI)
P2.0	8			13	P2.5
P2.1	9			12	P2.4
P2.2	10			11	P2.3

```
– static const uint8_t P2_5 ≡ 13;
+-----+
– static const uint8_t P1_6 = 14;
– static const uint8_t P1_7 = 15;
– static const uint8_t P2_7 ≡ 18; // Pin names based on the silkscreen
– static const uint8_t P2_6 = 19;
```

Prototyping Functions

- Step-by-step Functionality (Demos)
 - GP Output (GPIO – General Purpose I/O)
 - Read A/D
 - I2C/SMBus (Wire)
 - *Analog EVM/Boosterpack's*
 - *PinMap Housekeeping*
- Optional WiFi
 - STA (station)
 - AP (access point)
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Demo – WiFi STA <https://energia.nu/guide/libraries/wifi/>

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- WiFi (Wireless UI and Cloud with HTTP Server and/or local Access Point)
 - Energia SimpleWebServerWiFi (HTTP server as WiFi STA) – **Blink LED**

You're connected to the network

Waiting for an ip address

IP Address obtained

SSID: TP-LINK_33C4BE

IP Address: 192.168.1.100

signal strength (RSSI):-40 dBm

To see this page in action, open a browser to
<http://192.168.1.100>

Starting webserver on port 80

Webserver started!

```
new client
```

```
GET /L HTTP/1.1
```

```
Host: 192.168.1.100
```

```
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
```

```
Accept:
```

```
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*  
;q=0.8
```

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 11_2_5  
like Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/604.5.6 (KHTML, like Gecko)  
Version/11.0 Mobile/15D60 Safari/604.1
```

```
Accept-Language: en-us
```

```
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
```

```
Connection: keep-alive
```

```
client disconnected
```

CC3220 SimpleLink Wi-Fi
(WiFi STA)



Demo – WiFi AP (Access Point)

<https://energia.nu/guide/libraries/wifi/>

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- WiFi (Wireless UI and Cloud with HTTP Server and/or local Access Point)
 - Energia APWatchConnectDisconnect (WiFi Access Point) – AP Network

```
Setting up Access Point named: MyEnergiaAPJoe  
AP uses WPA and password is: password
```

```
AP active.
```

```
Client connected! All clients:
```

```
Client #0 at IP address = 192.168.1.2, MAC = F8:27:93:44:7B:03
```

```
Client disconnected.
```

```
Client connected! All clients:
```

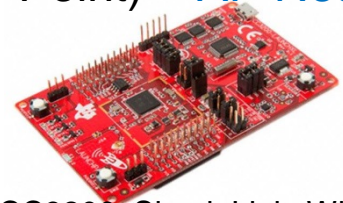
```
Client #0 at IP address = 192.168.1.2, MAC = F8:27:93:44:7B:03
```

```
Client disconnected.
```

```
Client connected! All clients:
```

```
Client #0 at IP address = 192.168.1.3, MAC = 08:C5:E1:E3:BB:93
```

```
Client disconnected.
```



CC3200 SimpleLink Wi-Fi
(WiFi AP)



CC3220 SimpleLink SDK Wi-Fi
(WiFi AP)

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And Now

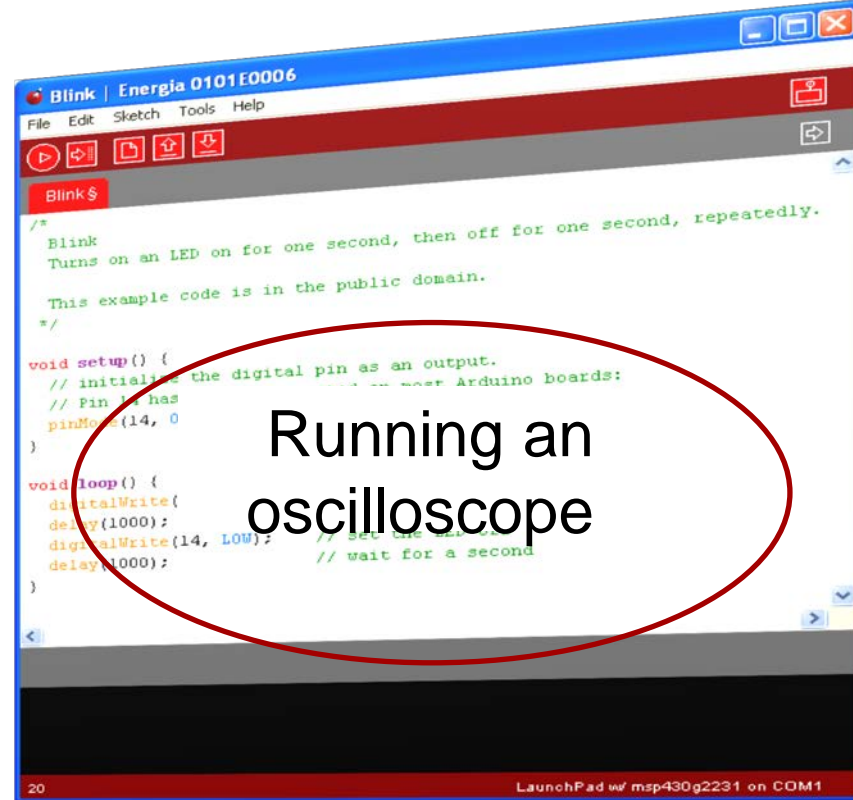


Energiā

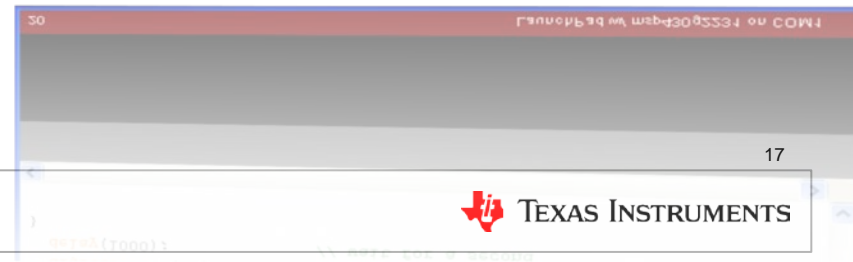
A simplified programming environment developed by the [community](#) (GitHub)

- Open-source electronics prototyping platform for the [Texas Instruments LaunchPad](#) (and Boosterpacks)
- Simplify coding to high level functions (Layer over C++)
- Based on the Wiring language
- Brief Energiā History and Install <http://www.ti.com/tool/ENERGIA>
- [Getting Started](#)
- Now featuring debugging with integration in CCS

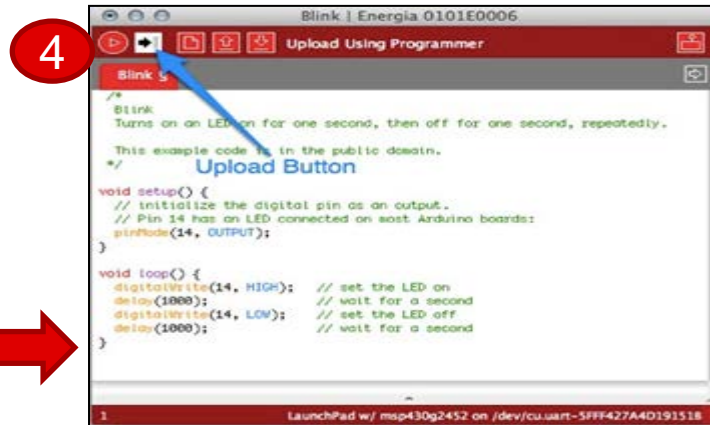
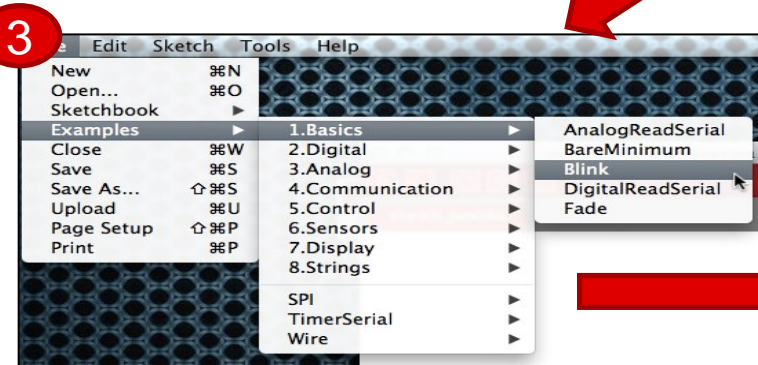
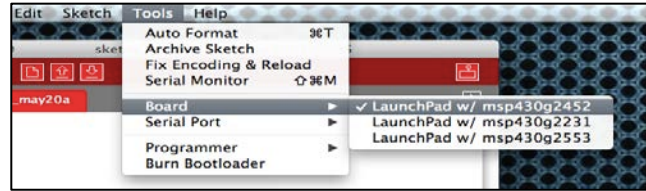
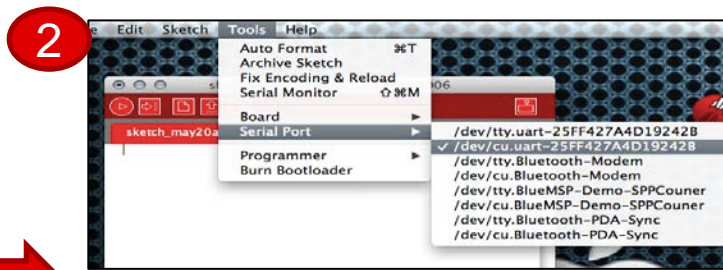
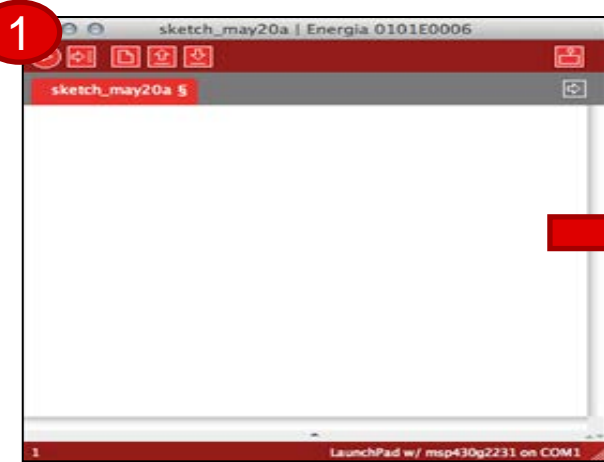
Learn more @ www.energia.nu



Running an
oscilloscope



Blinky Demo



NOTE:

- On **Windows**, ports will be listed as COMXXX port
- On **Linux**, ports will be listed as ttyACM port
- On **Mac OS X** make sure to select the /dev/cu. uart-XXXX NOT the /dev/tty. uart-XXX

Is the green LED blinking?
Congratulations!
You just successfully uploaded your first sketch.

Look at the function (digitalwrite) in Code

<http://energia.nu/reference/digitalwrite/>

Example

```
int ledPin = 14;           // LED connected to digital pin 14

void setup()
{
  pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT); // sets the digital pin as output
}

void loop()
{
  digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // sets the LED on
  delay(1000);                // waits for a second
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);  // sets the LED off
  delay(1000);                // waits for a second
}
```

Sets pin 14 to HIGH, makes a one-second-long delay, and sets the pin back to LOW.

Look at the Library Reference

Language Reference

Energia programs can be divided in three main parts: *structure*, *values* (variables and constants), and *functions*.

Structure

Program Structure

- setup()
- loop()

Control Structures

- if
- if...else
- for
- switch case
- while
- do... while
- break
- continue
- return
- goto

Variables

Constants

- HIGH | LOW
- INPUT | OUTPUT
- INPUT_PULLUP
- INPUT_PULLDOWN
- true | false
- integer constants
- floating point constants

Data Types

- void
- boolean
- char
- unsigned char
- byte
- int
- unsigned int

Functions

Digital I/O

- pinMode()
- digitalWrite()
- digitalRead()

Analog I/O

- analogReference()
- analogRead()
- analogWrite() - *PWM*

Advanced I/O

- tone()
- noTone()
- shiftOut()
- shiftIn()
- pulseIn()

Look at the Library Reference

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Data Types

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Functions

Digital I/O

- [pinMode\(\)](#)
- [digitalWrite\(\)](#)
- [digitalRead\(\)](#)

Analog I/O

- [analogReference\(\)](#)
- [analogRead\(\)](#)
- [analogWrite\(\)](#) - PWM

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Example Pin Map – Digital I/O

- Button for standalone User Interface
GPIO Input



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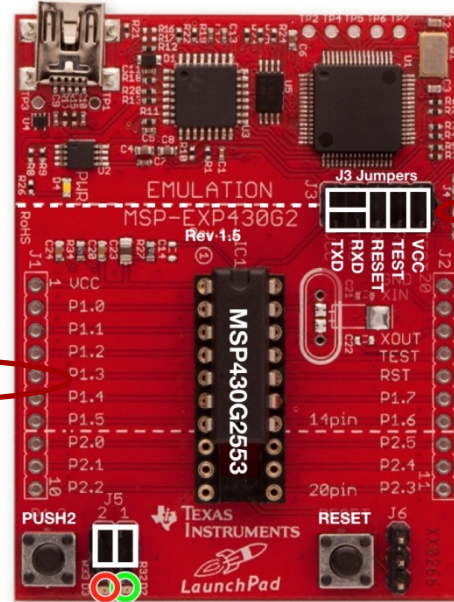
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	SCL (1)		P2_1	9
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temperature A10

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18	P2_7			XOUT
17				TEST
16				RESET
15	P1_7	A7	SDA (0) MOSI (B0)	
14	P1_6	A6	SCL (0) MISO (B0)	GREEN_LED
13	P2_5			
12	P2_4			
11	P2_3			

GND
GND
+3.3V

- <http://www.energia.nu/pinmaps/msp-exp430g2/>

Demo - Button

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

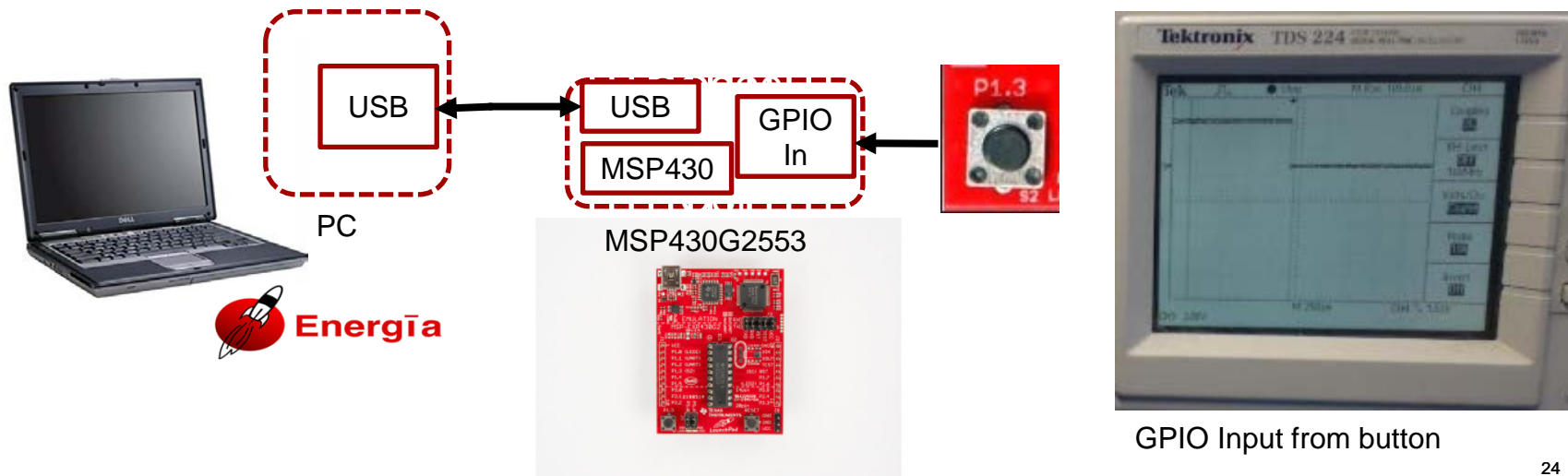
• GP Input (Sample digital signal w General Purpose Input) – Energia Button (edge)

– P1.3 -> PUSH2

»static const uint8_t PUSH2 = 5;

»static const uint8_t P1_3 = 5;

– const int buttonPin = PUSH2; // the number of the pushbutton pin



GPIO Input from button

Example Pin Map – Digital I/O

- Debounce with GPIO Output



LaunchPad with MSP430G2553 Revision 1.5

Flash 16 KB
RAM 512 B

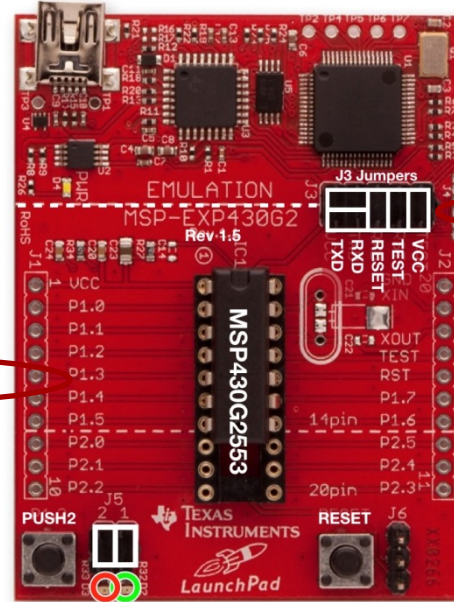
Serial	Hardware
ADC	10 bits
Use pins numbers only!	
Default I ² C = (1)	
Software I ² C (1) master only	
PWM	4 or 14 or 19
PWM	9 or 10
PWM	12 or 13

+3.3V				1
RED_LED		A0	P1_0	2
	RXD	A1	P1_1	3
		A2	P1_2	4
	PUSH2	A3	P1_3	5
		A4	P1_4	6
	SCK (B0)	A5	P1_5	7
	CS (B0)		P2_0	8
	SCL (1)		P2_1	9
	SDA (1)		P2_2	10
temperature		A10		

Hardware
Pin number

I²C
Serial UART
SPI

analogRead()
digitalRead() and digitalWrite()
digitalRead(), digitalWrite() and analogWrite()



20				GROUND
19	P2_6			XIN
18	P2_7			XOUT
17				TEST
16				RESET
15	P1_7	A1	SDA (0)	MISO (B0)
14	P1_6	A6	SCL (0)	MISO (B0) GREEN_LED
13	P2_5			
12	P2_4			
11	P2_3			

© Rei Vilo, 2012-2018
embeddedcomputing.weebly.com
 version 2.1 2015-09-13

- <http://www.energia.nu/pinmaps/msp-exp430g2/>

Demo – Button (Add Debounce)

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

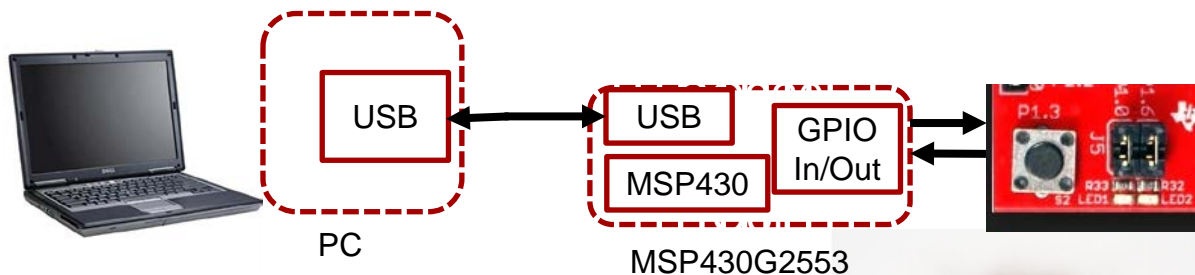
- GP Input (Sample digital signal w General Purpose Input) – Energia Button (edge)

- P1.3 -> PUSH2

- » static const uint8_t PUSH2 = 5;

- » static const uint8_t P1_3 = 5;

- const int buttonPin = PUSH2; // the number of the pushbutton pin

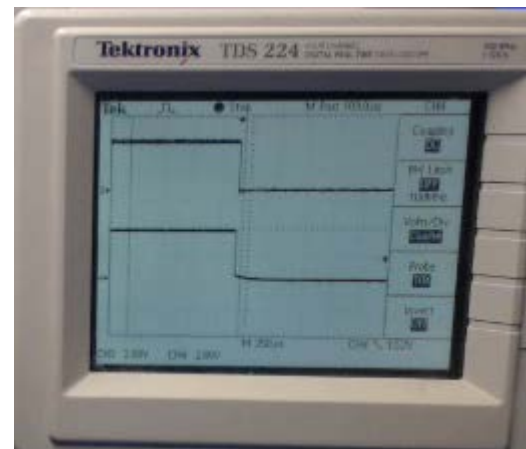


- P1.6 -> GREEN_LED

- » static const uint8_t GREEN_LED = 14;

- » static const uint8_t P1_6 = 14

- const int ledPin = GREEN_LED



Debounced GPIO Input
from button

Demo – LCD Display

https://github.com/energia/Energia/tree/master/hardware/msp430/libraries/LCD_Launchpad

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- LCD Display (User display interface) – Energia LCD_Launchpad_demo (“Hello”)

1 Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

The MSP430FR4133 LaunchPad features an on-board LCD (see Figure 8). This LCD is driven by the internal LCD driver on the MSP430FR4133 device.

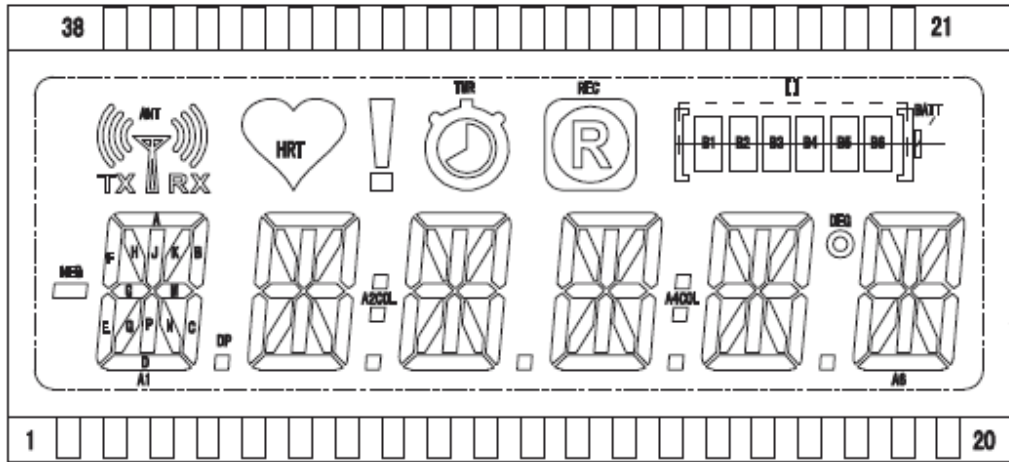


Figure 8. LCD Segment Layout

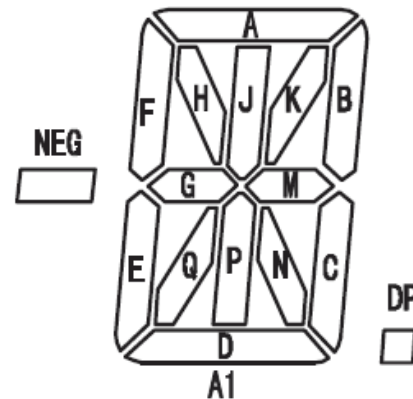


MSP430FR4133 LCD

Using the Display

- In the LCD examples, the const char digit array is included. Each of the hexadecimal values refer to which segments must be turned on to display each respective digit.
- The first byte refers to segments ABCDEFGM for bits [7:0] respectively.
- The most important aspect of muxing this information is this is all done automatically. The user only needs to tell the MSP430 which segments to turn on similar to this array.

```
const char digit[10] =  
{  
    0xFC, // "0"  
    0x60, // "1"  
    0xDB, // "2"  
    0xF3, // "3"  
    0x67, // "4"  
    0xB7, // "5"  
    0xBF, // "6"  
    0xE4, // "7"  
    0xFF, // "8"  
    0xF7  // "9"  
};
```

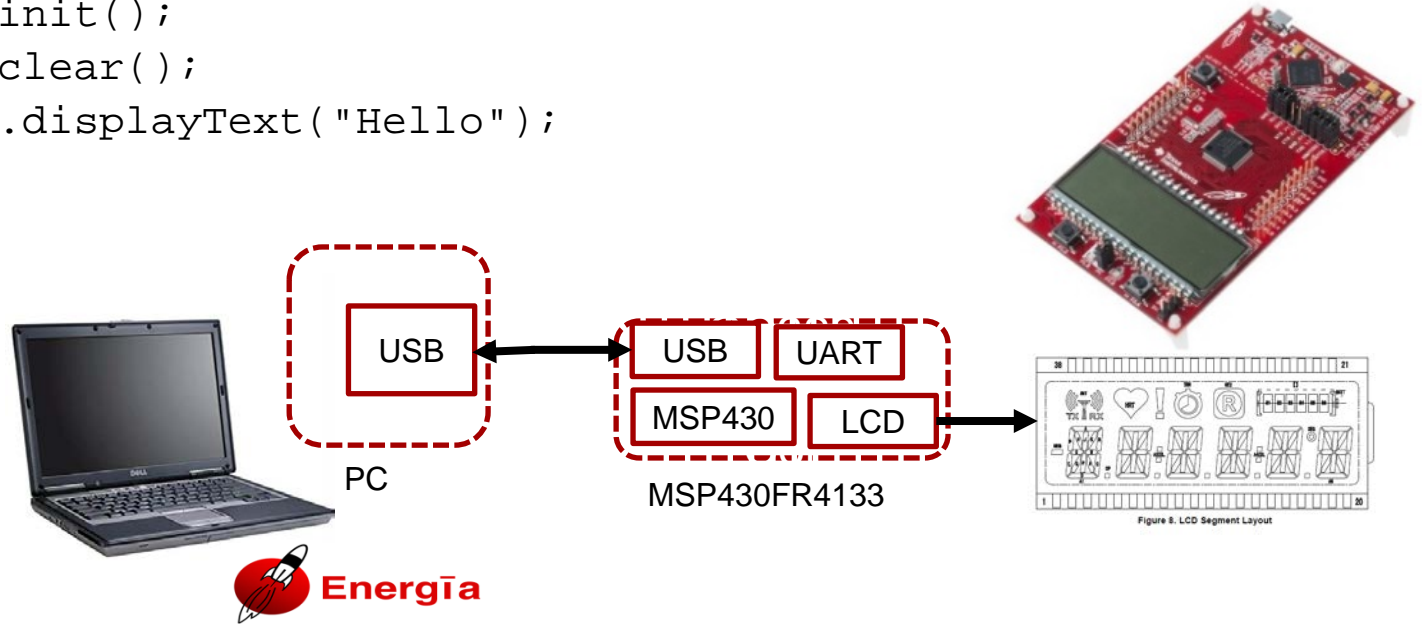


Demo - LCD Display

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- User Interface (Display) // initialize LCD

- `myLCD.init();`
- `myLCD.clear();`
- `myLCD.displayText("Hello");`



Demo Music – beep

https://github.com/Zolertia/Energia/tree/master/build/shared/examples/9.EducationalBP_MKII/BuzzerImperialMarchTune

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- Music(Why not?Live a little) – Energia BuzzerImperialMarchTune (yes, Star Wars)

```
• beep(note_a, 500);  
• beep(note_a, 500);  
• beep(note_a, 500);  
• beep(note_ff, 350);  
• beep(note_cH, 150);  
• beep(note_a, 500);
```

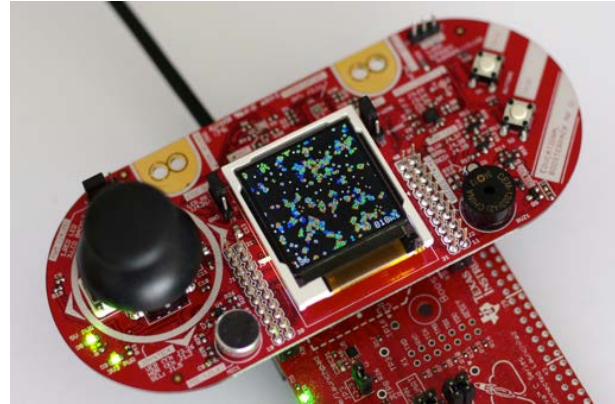
– [MSP432P401R Launchpad](#) with

– [Educational BoosterPack MKII](#)

– Built-In Examples

» [TI Training](#) with MSP432

» [YouTube](#) TI video series



Prototyping Functions

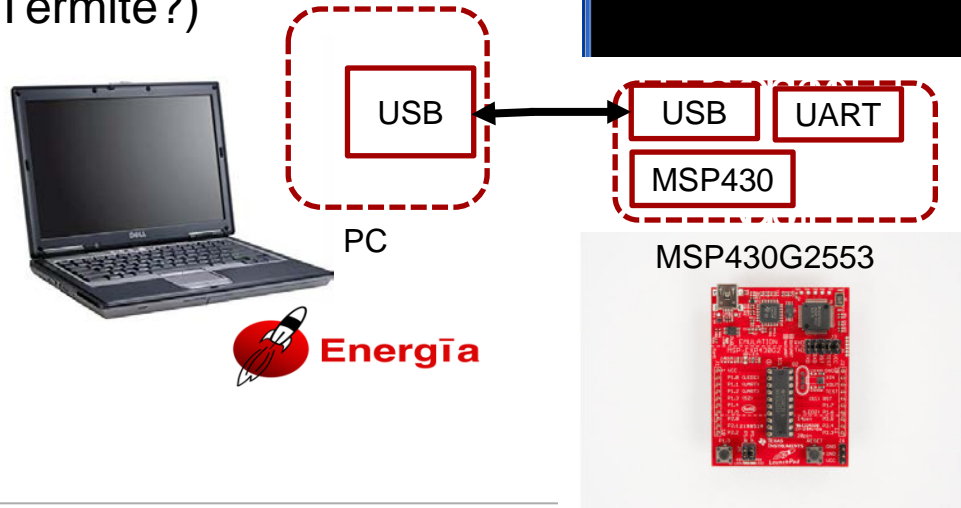
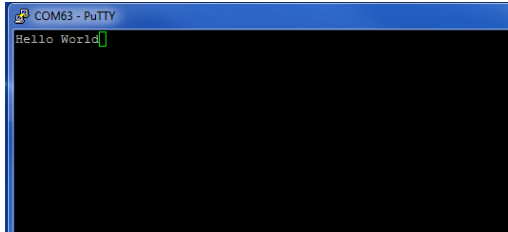
- Step-by-step Functionality (Demos)
 - GP Output (GPIO – General Purpose I/O)
 - Read A/D
 - I2C (Wire)
- Optional WiFi
 - STA (station)
 - AP (access point)
- Optional Energia
- UI
 - GP Input (Button, add debounce)
 - LCD Display (“Hello”)
 - Music
- UI - Serial Interface (i.e. Putty for echo “Hello World”)

Demo – Serial Interface

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- Serial Interface (Command Input and Echo) – Energia Serial Event (echo “Hello World”)

- // initialize serial:
- Serial.begin(9600);
- Putty (Termite?)



Prototyping Functions Summary with ti.com links

– Step-by-step Functionality ([Demo](#))

- GP Output (“Blinky” is just General Purpose Input) – Energia [Blink](#)
- Read A/D – Energia [ReadAnalogVoltage](#)
- I2C W/R – Energia [Wire](#) Library – Wire [write](#) [read](#)
- WiFi (Wireless UI and Cloud with HTTP Server and/or local Access Point)
 - CC3220SF [Launchpad](#) and [Pin Map](#)
 - (Cloud) Energia (WiFi) Library Examples:
 - » WiFi Accessible WebServer (external AP) [SimpleWebServerWiFi](#)
 - » Make Local AP (own SSID) [APWatchConnectDisconnect](#)
- Button (GP Input, Sample a digital signal with GPIO) – Energia [Button](#)

Prototyping Functions Summary with ti.com links - 2

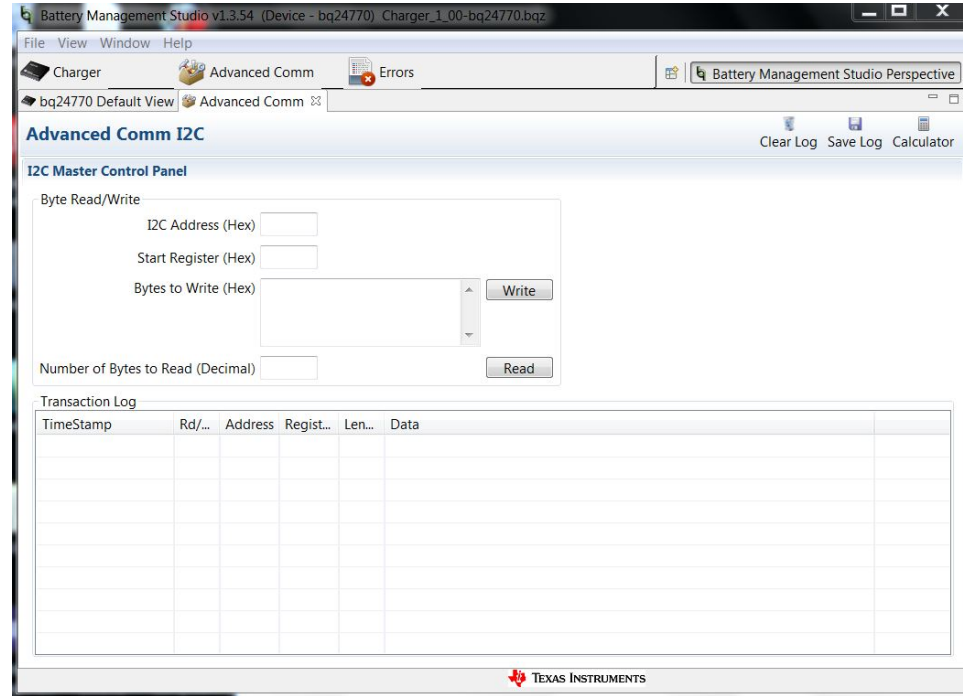
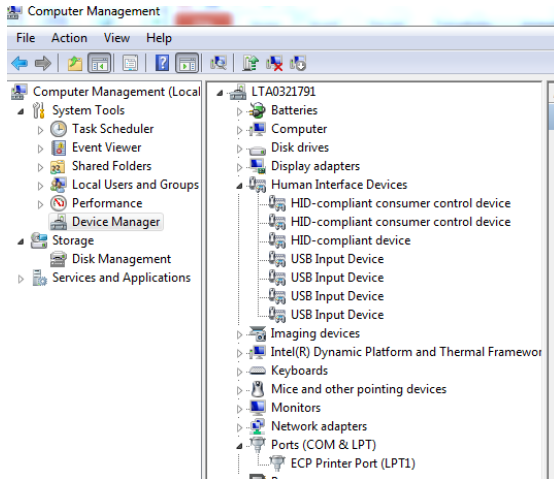
- LCD Display (User display interface, “Hello”) – Energia [LCD Launchpad demo](#)
 - Display Hardware ([MSP430FR4133 Launchpad](#)) and [Pin Map](#)
 - Display [“Datasheet”](#) (p. 31)
- Music(Why not? Live a little)–Energia [BuzzerImperialMarchTune](#) (yes, Star Wars)
 - [MSP432P401R Launchpad](#) with
 - [Educational BoosterPack MKII](#)
 - Built-In Examples
 - » [YouTube](#) TI video series
 - » [TI Training](#) with MSP432
- User Interface (Command Input, echo “Hello World”) – [Energia Serial Event](#)

Agenda

- Fundamentals (mostly for Analog)
 - Implementing necessary prototyping functions such clocks/GPIO, Read A/D, I2C/SMBus, etc.
 - Seamless interface of various Analog EVM's for system “proof of concept”
 - Standalone UI - Button (GP Input - GPIO), LCD Display (“Hello”), Music, Serial Interface (Putty)
- More UI (i.e. GUI Advanced Comm Tab basically Putty/Serial I/F) - Lessons learned from home networking (if you can setup the WiFi in your house, you can prototype with a few steps)
- EP - Embedded prototyping (mostly for Digital)
 - Wired and Wireless Control
 - Use of TI Cloud Computing Tools for prototype
- Advanced Topics
- Conclusion Demos (Simple and Complex)

More UI (Revisit serial interface)

- Lessons learned from Analog GUIs
 - Spoiled from using GUI (WiFi Router)
 - Can use Advanced Comm Tab or similar
 - OK to type a few steps in Putty if needed for development?
 - HID/COM x on PC



Available commands: (Need LOG)

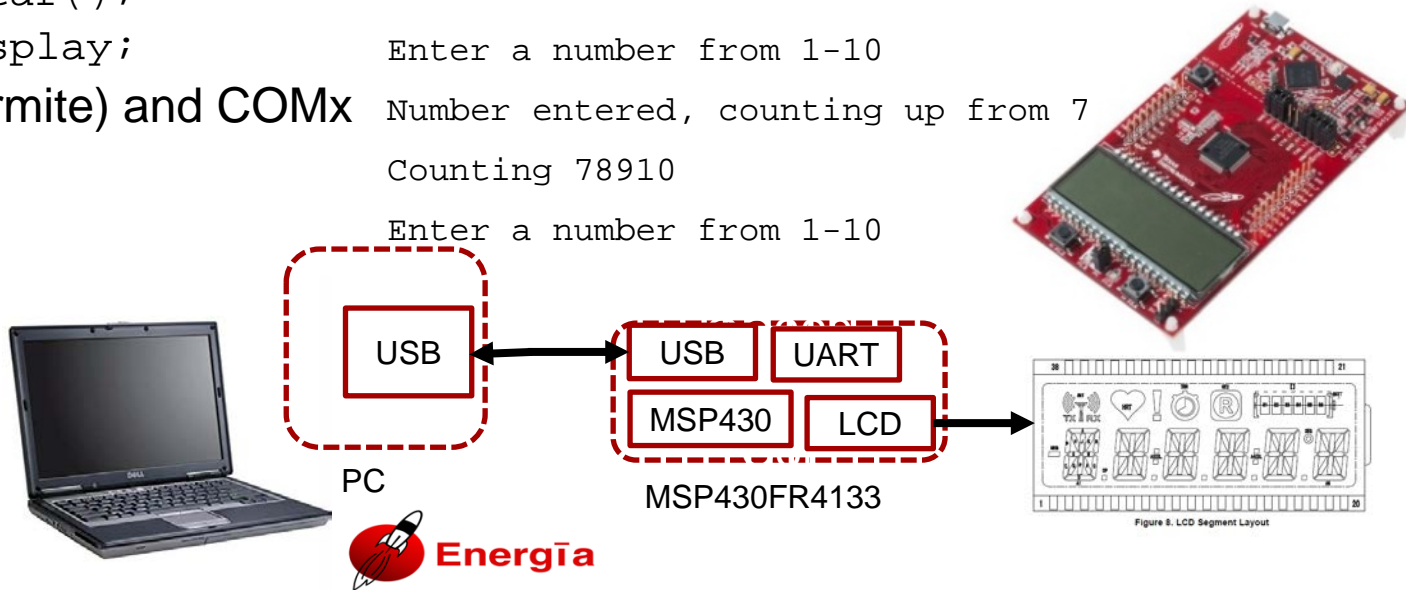
```
>>I2C_Write 0x12 0x1 0xAB
```

Demo – Revisit Serial I/F (Count on LCD Display)

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

• User Interface (Display) – Energia Serial Event (“Hello LCD”)

- //initialize LCD Hello World
- myLCD.init(); ABCDE - Alpha
- myLCD.clear(); 12345 - Numeric
- myLCD.display; Enter a number from 1-10
- Putty (Termite) and COMx Number entered, counting up from 7
- Counting 78910
- Enter a number from 1-10



Revisit serial interface – Setting up WiFi example

- Smartphone/PC/Router – click on SSID -> Spoiled from using GUI
- Serial Interface - OK to type a few steps in Putty if needed for development?

help

=====

Available commands:

```
help                scan                setpolicy           wlanconnect
wlan_ap_start       wlandisconnect     ping                send
recv                createfilter       enablefilter        disablefilter
deletefilter        enablewlan         mDNSadvertise      mDNSquery
radiotool           p2pstart           p2pstop            clear
```

=====

user@CC3220:scan -n 10

```
-----
```

	SSID	BSSID	RSSI	Ch	Hidden	Security
1	TP-LINK_33C4BE	20:25:64:f5:a9:b8	-70	1	NO	WPA/WPA2
2	5TH AVE Secure	ac:86:74:ad:1e:03	-86	1	NO	WPA2
3	halekoa75	ac:a3:1e:f9:11:c0	-59	11	NO	WPA2
4	externalhotspot84	ac:a3:1e:f9:11:c1	-59	11	NO	WPA2
5	net4guest	ac:a3:1e:f9:11:c2	-59	11	NO	WPA2

```
-----
```

--scan -n 1

user@CC3220: wlanconnect -s TP-LINK_33C4BE

[WLAN EVENT] STA Connected to the AP: TP-LINK_33C4BE , BSSID: f8:d1:11:33:c4:be

[NETAPP EVENT] IP set to: IPv4=192.168.1.100 , Gateway=192.168.1.1



CC3220 SimpleLink SDK Wi-Fi
(WiFi STA)

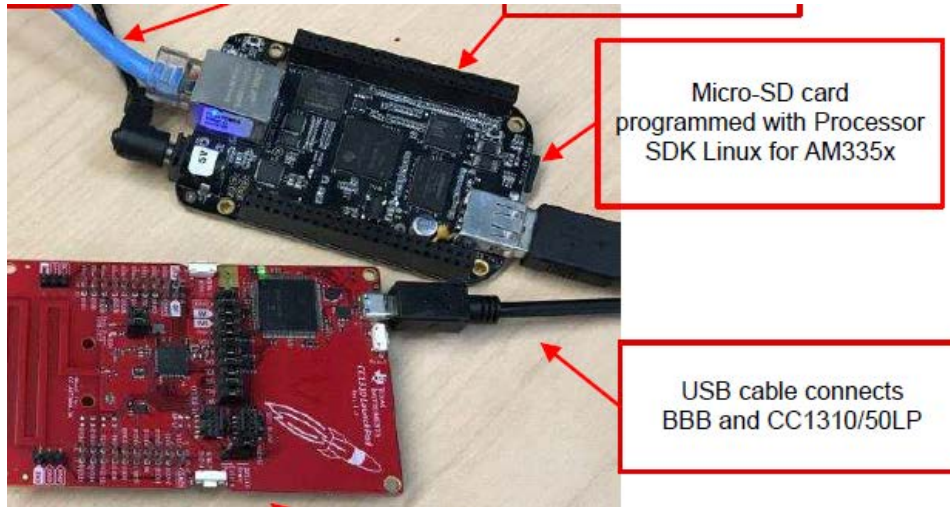
Simplink SDK Example:
Network Terminal

Agenda

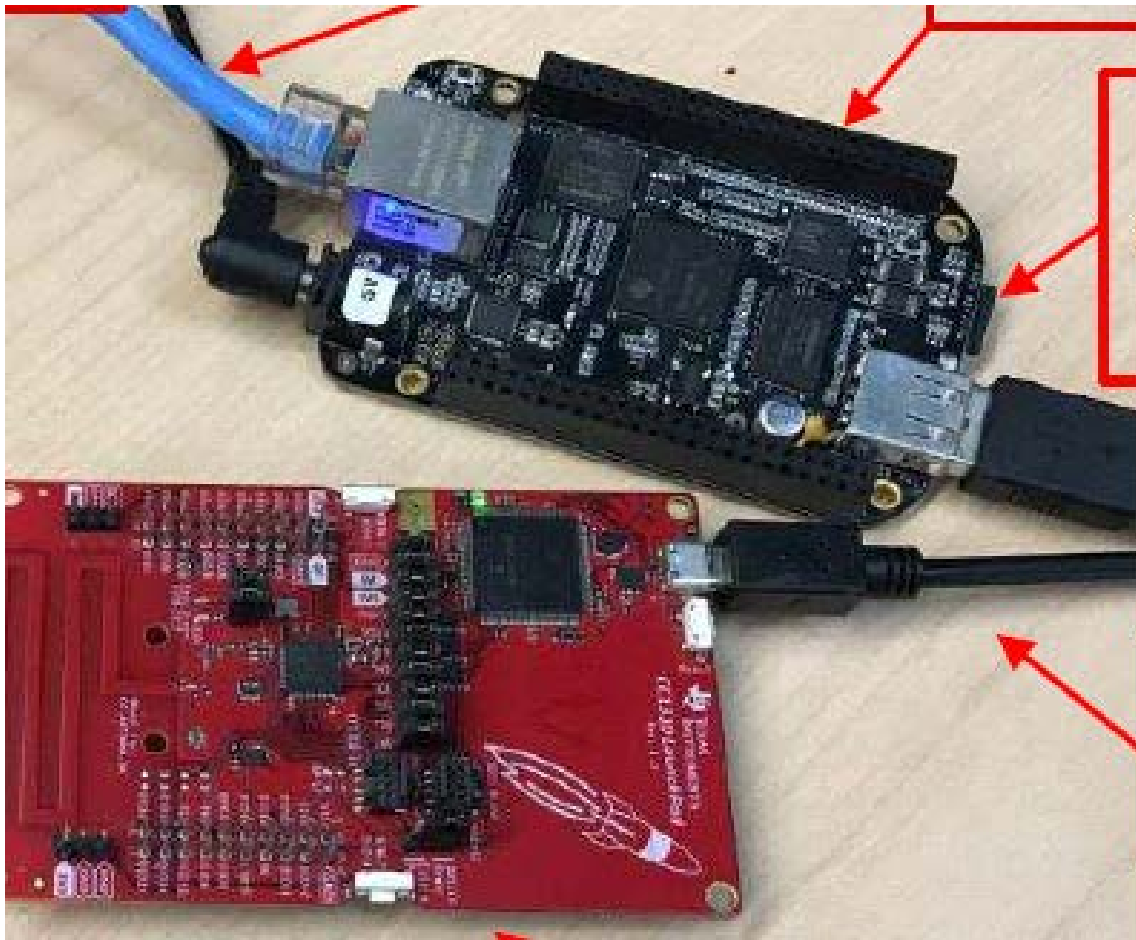
- Fundamentals (mostly for AFA)
 - Implementing necessary prototyping functions such clocks/GPIO, Read A/D, I2C, etc.
 - Seamless interface of various Analog EVM's for customer “proof of concept”
 - Standalone UI - Button (GP Input - GPIO), LCD Display (“Hello”), Music, Serial Interface (Putty)
- More UI (i.e. GUI Advanced Comm Tab basically Putty/Serial I/F) - Lessons learned from home networking (if you can setup the WiFi in your house, you can prototype with a few steps)
- EP - Embedded prototyping (mostly for DFA)
 - Wired and Wireless Control
 - Use of TI Cloud Computing Tools for prototype
- Advanced Topics
- Conclusion Demos (Simple and Complex)

Embedded (App Processor/MPU) Prototyping

- Beaglebone to Launchpads like p. 10 <http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/tiduci9c/tiduci9c.pdf>
- Linux expertise and programming not necessary. Just type on a command line. Can even use a Windows PC): <http://beagleboard.org/getting-started#step2>



- Can use a Windows PC to [Get Started](#).
- Connect to BBB/BBGW using:
 - [Putty SSH](#) connection:
 - Or even [BBGW over WiFi](#):



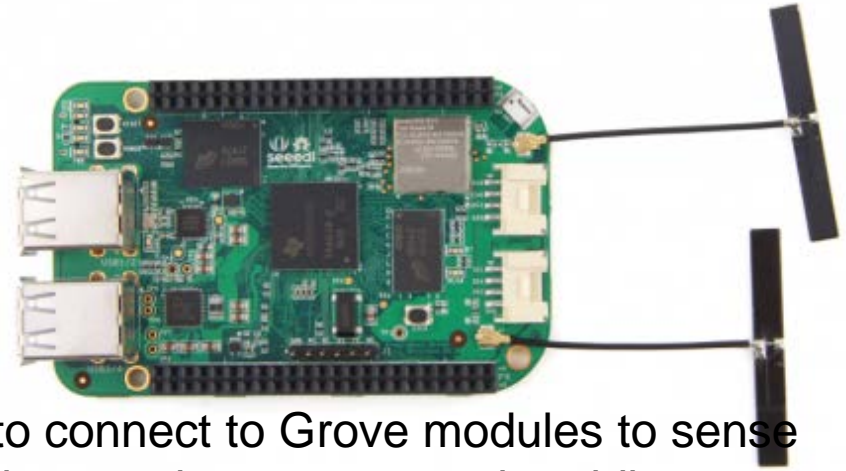
On-board eMMC
programmed with Debian
Linux for AM335x (more like
Ubuntu) for prototyping

- BeagleBone Green Wireless (or Beaglebone Black if you want HDMI output/[Gnome Desktop](#) and don't mind adding a USB hub and/or Wilink8 Cape)

USB cable connects
BBB and CC1310/50LP

Embedded (AP/MPU) prototyping - BBGW

- The SeeedStudio **BeagleBone Green Wireless**, like the BeagleBoard.org BeagleBone Black, runs on a Texas Instruments [Sitara AM335x processor](#).



- The [fundamental differences](#) are:
 - USB host with 4-port hub
 - Two Grove connectors that make it easy to connect to Grove modules to sense orientation, location, distance, water, touch, sound, temperature, humidity, barometric pressure, heart rate, finger print and much more
 - WiFi 802.11 b/g/n 2.4GHz (optional)
 - Replaced 5V barrel and miniUSB with a single microUSB connectionboards
 - Removal of the **microHDMI** video output to save cost
- <http://beagleboard.org/green-wireless>

Embedded (App Processor/MPU) Prototyping

- ttyACMx is just COMx from Windows (use Teraterm or Putty):
<http://www.ti.com/tool/tidep0084> or p. 15
<http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/tiduci9c/tiduci9c.pdf>

```
ls -l /dev/ttyACM*
```

at the BeagleBone Black console. There are two ttyACM devices that correspond to the serial ports from the CC13x0 or CC13x2 LaunchPad Development Kit (similar to [Figure 8](#)).

```
root@am437x-evm:~# ls -l /dev/ttyACM*
crw-rw----    1 root    dialout   166,    0 Oct 24 16:52 /dev/ttyACM0
crw-rw----    1 root    dialout   166,    1 Oct 24 16:52 /dev/ttyACM1
root@am437x-evm:~#
```

Figure 8. /dev/ttyACM0 Device Check

Embedded prototyping - Wired control

- Wired PC Control of Embedded Application Processor from Beaglebone command line

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ screen /dev/ttyACM0 115200
```

- Also (Need `sudo apt-get install picocom`)

```
debian@beaglebone:~$ sudo picocom -b 115200 /dev/ttyACM0 )
```

```
Hello World
```

```
ABCDE - Alpha
```

```
12345 - Numeric
```

```
Enter a number from 1-10
```

```
Number entered, counting up from 7
```

```
Counting 78910
```

```
Enter a number from 1-10
```

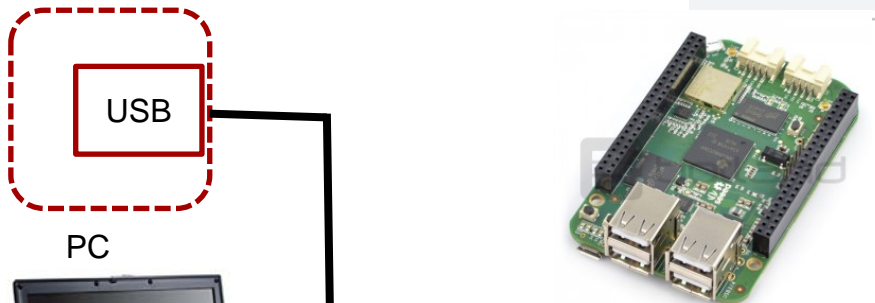
Firewall version:

```
sudo bash -c 'http_proxy="http://yourproxyserver.yourcompany.com:80/" apt-get update'
```

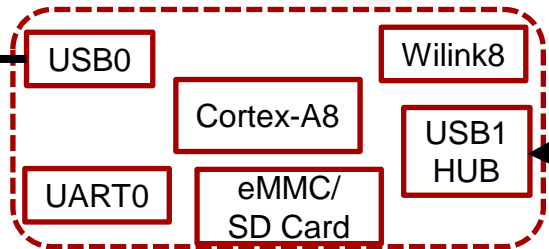
```
sudo bash -c 'http_proxy="http://yourproxyserver.yourcompany.com:80/" apt-get install picocom'
```

Embedded prototype demo Wired Control of LCD

beagleboard.org/getting-started#step3

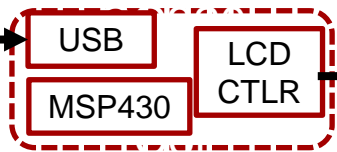


IP Address	Connection Type	Operating System(s)	Status
192.168.7.2	USB	Windows	Active
192.168.6.2	USB	Mac OS X, Linux	Inactive

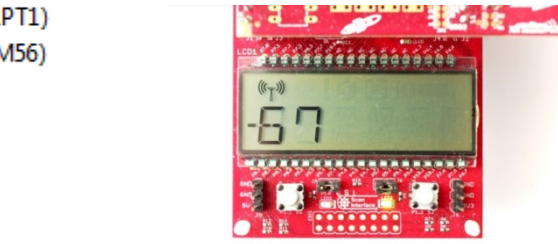


BB Green Wireless AM3358 (WiFi STA)

- Ports (COM & LPT)
 - ECP Printer Port (LPT1)
 - Gadget Serial (COM56)
- Processors



MSP430FR4133 LCD



Agenda

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Revisit Setting up WiFi example -> Enable Wireless Control

- Wireless Control of prototype (Impress your friends with no PC, just phone or tablet) using CC3220SF [Launchpad](#) and Code Composer Example [Network Terminal](#) to setup a soft Access Point (AP):

Available commands:

```
help                scan                setpolicy           wlanconnect
wlan_ap_start       wlandisconnect      ping                send
recv                createfilter        enablefilter        disablefilter
deletefilter        enablewowlan        mDNSadvertise      mDNSquery
radiotool           p2pstart            p2pstop             clear
```

```
user@CC3220:scan -n 10
```

	SSID	BSSID	RSSI	Ch	Hidden	Security
1	CBCI-3418-2.4	20:25:64:f5:a9:b8	-70	1	NO	WPA/WPA2
2	5TH AVE Secure	ac:86:74:ad:1e:03	-86	1	NO	WPA2
3	halekoa75	ac:a3:1e:f9:11:c0	-59	11	NO	WPA2
4	externalhotspot84	ac:a3:1e:f9:11:c1	-59	11	NO	WPA2
5	net4guest	ac:a3:1e:f9:11:c2	-59	11	NO	WPA2

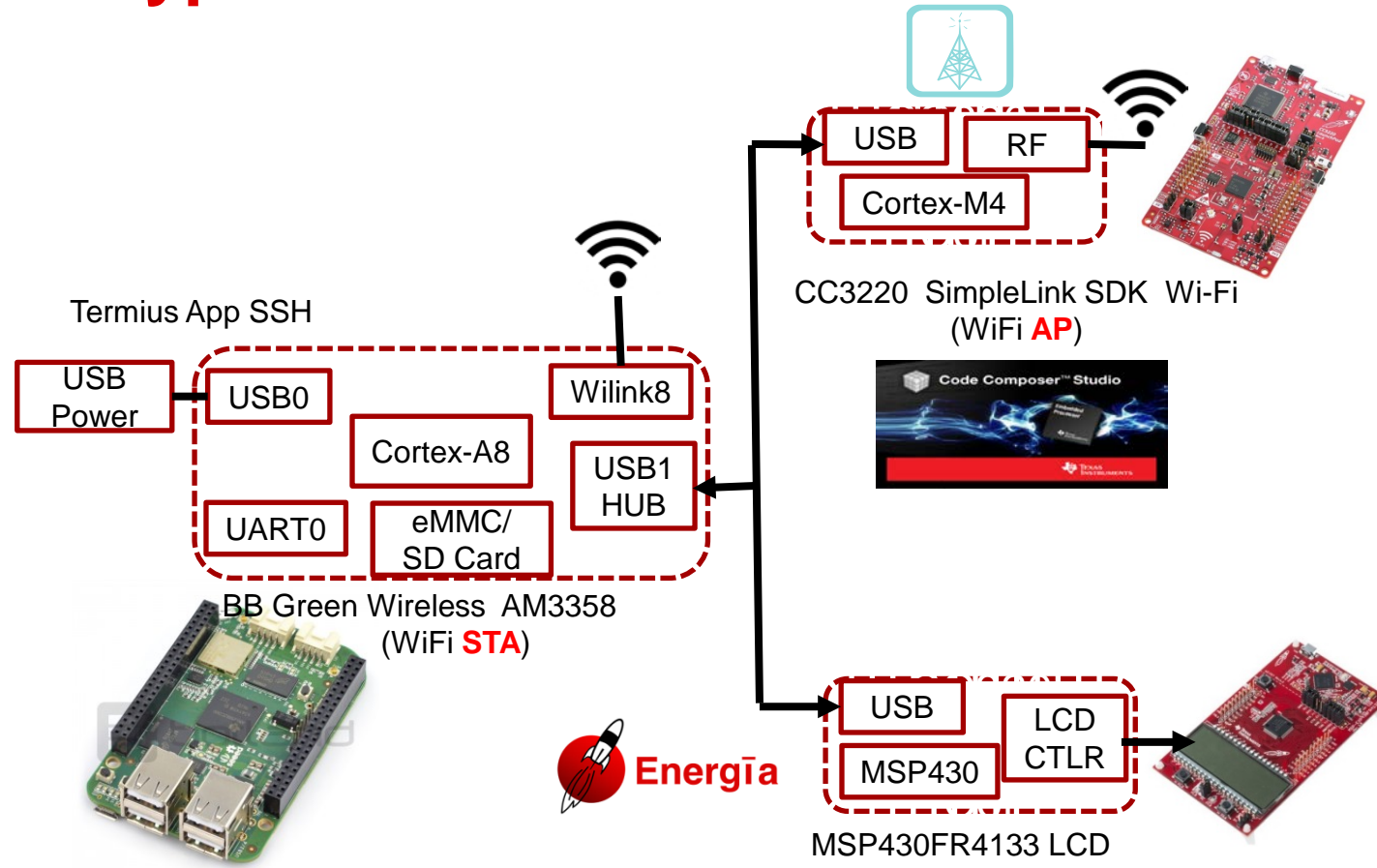
```
user@CC3220:
```

```
wlan_ap_start -s CC3220_joe
```



CC3220 SimpleLink SDK Wi-Fi
(WiFi AP)

Embedded prototype demo Wireless Control of LCD



Agenda

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TI Cloud Computing with ti.com links

- TI Cloud Computing <https://dev.ti.com/>
- TI Resource Explorer ([TIREX](#))
 - [Energia Cloud](#) Examples (Files, Docs)
 - Built-In - Blink, ReadAnalog Voltage, etc. EducationalBP_MKII
 - Library – Adafruit_TMP007, Wire, WiFiMKII
- Build and Run Example?
 - Usually Flash Image with [Uniflash](#) Cloud - Need [Image Creator](#) (Security)
 - TI Resource Explorer ([TIREX](#)) imports to Code Composer Studio ([CCS Cloud](#))
- Demo(s)
 - Energia Cloud for WiFiMKII (APWatchConnectDisconnect)
 - CCS Cloud for Network Terminal

CC3220SF SimpleLink SDK Wi-Fi (WiFi **AP**)



~~No Download~~

Advanced Topics

– Energia Libraries

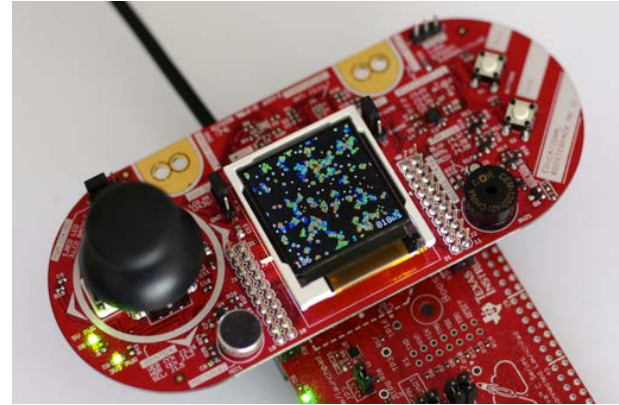
- Educational BoosterPack MKII (Built-In Energia18)
- Neopixel/WS2811 Driver (Copy library into Energia18)
- Seeed Grove Starter Kit (Add from GitHub)
- TI BLE for CC2650 Boosterpack (Add from GitHub)

– Layered Energia Code

- Single-step Debug of Energia using CCS (even assembly language)
- Porting AdaFruit Neopixel to MSP432
- Allows Energia<->CCS fluid transitions
- USB (Native) UART (MSP430F5529 Launchpad) Energia USBSerialExample
- Multiblink(Use of TI-RTOS) Energia Multitasking (Red+Green+Blue = White LED)

Educational BoosterPack MKII Libraries

- Educational BoosterPack MKII (Built-In Energia18)
 - Built-In Examples
 - » YouTube TI video series
 - » TI Training with MSP432

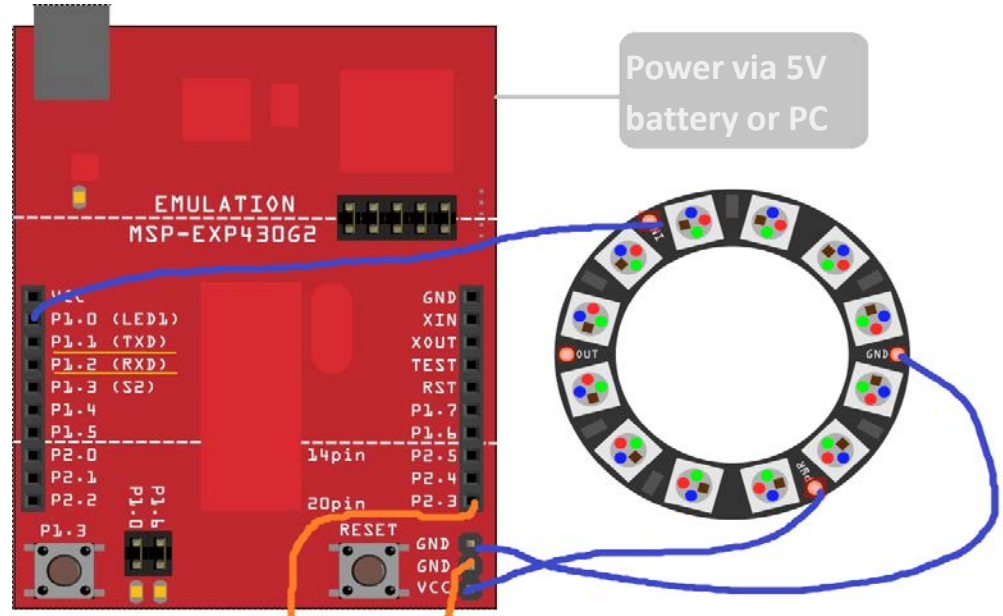


- Educational BoosterPack MKII – LCD Joystick:
 - <http://dev.ti.com/tirex>
 - C:\Energia\energia-1.6.10E18-windows\energia-1.6.10E18\examples\09.EducationalBP_MKII\LCD_Joystick

Neopixel Libraries

- Neopixel/[WS2811 Driver](#) (Copy [library](#) into Energia18)
 - GitHub)

MSP430G2553 Launchpad	Neopixel LED Ring/Strip
P1.0	IN
VCC	PWR
GND	GND

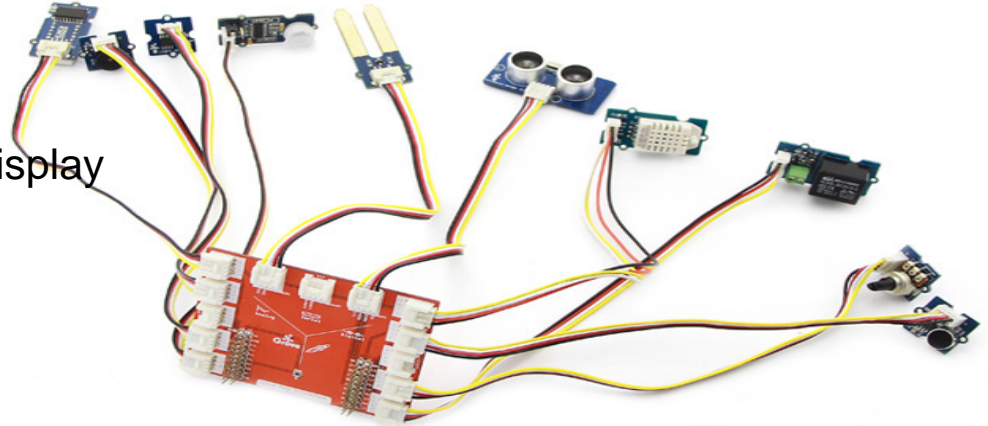


- Neopixel from <https://github.com/ILAMtitan/WS2811Driver> to:
 - C:\Energia\energia-1.6.10E18-windows\energia-1.6.10E18\libraries\WS2811Driver

Grove Starter Kit for Launchpad by SEEED

<https://www.seeedstudio.com/Grove-Starter-Kit-for-LaunchPad-p-2178.html>

- 1x Grove Base Boosterpack
- Digital Grove Modules
 - 1x Grove Relay
 - 1x Grove Buzzer
 - 1x Grove 4 Digit Seven Segment Display
 - 1x Grove PIR Sensor
 - 1x Grove Ultrasonic Range Finder
- Analog Grove Modules
 - 1x Grove Light Sensor
 - 1x Grove Rotary Angle Sensor (Potentiometer)
 - 1x Grove Sound Sensor
 - 1x Grove Moisture Sensor
 - 1x Grove Temperature Humidity Sensor



TI BLE for CC2650 Boosterpack Libraries

- TI BLE for CC2650 Boosterpack (Add from GitHub):
- https://github.com/ti-simplelink/ble_energia
- MSP430F5529 or MSP432P401



Energia Libraries - detailed

- Use with different method according to instructions
 - Educational BoosterPack MKII <http://www.ti.com/tool/BOOSTXL-EDUMKII> in c:\energia-1.6.10E18\examples\09.EducationalBP_MKII
 - Neopixel/[WS2811 Driver](#) (Adapting Adafruit Neopixel to MSP430G2xx Launchpad) from [forum.430oh](#) in C:\energia-1.6.10E18\libraries\WS2811Driver
 - Seeed [Grove Starter](#) Kit from [GitHub](#) in ... \My Documents\Energia\g2553\LaunchPad_Kit-master\LaunchPad_Kit-master\libraries (haven't tried: <http://www.energia.nu/guide/tutorials/other/sidekick/>)
 - TI BLE for [CC2650 Boosterpack](#) from https://github.com/ti-simplelink/ble_energia in C:\energia-1.6.10E18\libraries\BLE
 - If you wish to use these libraries please copy the folders into your Energia libraries folder. Windows: My Documents\Energia\libraries Mac & Linux: ~/Documents/Energia/Libraries
 - Libraries installed in this folder will remain on your computer even when installing new versions of Energia IDE and the IDE will know to look in this folder automatically for new libraries.
 - You will need to restart the Energia IDE for your library list to refresh. Once you reopen Energia you can view the example code stored in the library under File > Examples > [library name]

Advanced Topics

- Energia Libraries
 - Educational BoosterPack MKII (Built-In Energia18)
 - Neopixel/WS2811 Driver (Copy library into Energia18)
 - Seeed Grove Starter Kit (Add from GitHub)
 - TI BLE for CC2650 Boosterpack (Add from GitHub)
- Layered Energia Code
 - Single-step Debug of Energia using CCS (even assembly language)
 - Porting AdaFruit Neopixel to MSP432
 - Allows Energia<->CCS fluid transitions
 - USB (Native) UART (MSP430F5529 Launchpad) Energia USBSerialExample
 - Multiblink(Use of TI-RTOS) Energia Multitasking (Red+Green+Blue = White LED)

Layered Code in Energia

setup:

```
ADC10CTL1 = INCH_10 + ADC10DIV_3;           // Temp Sensor ADC10CLK/4
ADC10CTL0 = SREF_1 + ADC10SHT_3 + REFON + ADC10ON + ADC10IE;
__enable_interrupt();                       // Enable interrupts.
TACCR0 = 30;                                // Delay to allow Ref to settle
TACCTL0 |= CCIE;                            // Compare-mode interrupt.
TACTL = TASSEL_2 | MC_1;
```

loop:


```
ADC10CTL0 |= ENC + ADC10SC;                 // Sampling and conversion start
__bis_SR_register(CPUOFF + GIE);           // LPM0 with interrupts enabled
// oF = ((A10/1024)*1500mV)-923mV)*1/1.97mV = A10*761/1024 - 468
temp = ADC10MEM;
IntDegF = ((temp - 630) * 761) / 1024;
Serial.print("Degrees in Farenheit: ");
Serial.println(IntDegF);
delay(100); // delay in between reads for stability

// oC = ((A10/1024)*1500mV)-986mV)*1/3.55mV = A10*423/1024 - 278
temp = ADC10MEM;
IntDegC = ((temp - 673) * 423) / 1024;
Serial.print("Degrees in Centigrade: ");
Serial.println(IntDegC);
delay(100); // delay in between reads for stability
```

- Comprehensive parsing allows layering code in Energia
- How about A/D (fixed vs. floating point)?

Code Examples (int. temp sensor) – Combine Button with adc10_temp

Energia
code
Code
Examples
Traditional
C code



```
00101010
10010010
01010100
10010010
11001010
```

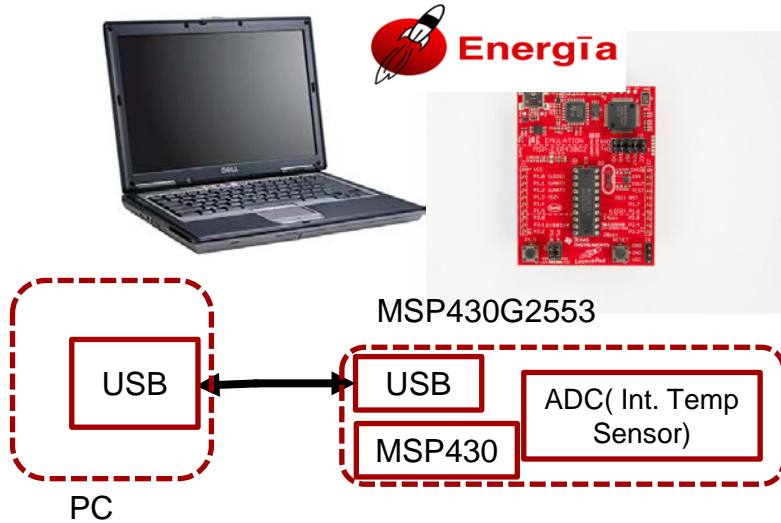


Demo – Read A/D (Temperature Sensor with Button)

– Step-by-step Functionality (Demo)

- Read A/D – Was Energia ReadAnalog (level), Now Button (internal temperature)

– (A3) P1.3



```
PuTTY (inactive)
PuTTY (inactive)
Degrees in Farenheit: -468
Degrees in Centigrade: 20.00
Degrees in Farenheit: 69
Degrees in Centigrade: 19.00
Degrees in Farenheit: 66
Degrees in Centigrade: 21.00
Degrees in Farenheit: 69
Degrees in Centigrade: 19.00
Degrees in Farenheit: 67
Degrees in Centigrade: 21.00
Degrees in Farenheit: 71
Degrees in Centigrade: 20.00
```

```
// You can compare the size of the code by running the program using int and then running with float
// You will see ~4k bytes for int vs ~6k bytes for float just by changing the datatype, quite astonishing.
float voltage = sensorValue * (3.0 / 1023.0);
```

Layered Code in Energia

```
boolean ping() {  
  SlPingReport_t report;  
  SlPingStartCommand_t pingCommand;  
  pingCommand.Ip = SL_IPV4_VAL(192,168,1,1); // destination IP address is 10.1.1.200  
  pingCommand.PingSize = 150; // size of ping, in bytes  
  pingCommand.PingIntervalTime = 100; // delay between pings, in milliseconds  
  pingCommand.PingRequestTimeout = 1000; // timeout for every ping in milliseconds  
  pingCommand.TotalNumberOfAttempts = 1; // max number of ping requests. 0 - forever  
  pingCommand.Flags = 0; // report only when finished  
  sl_NetAppPingStart( &pingCommand, SL_AF_INET, &report, pingRes);  
  Serial.print("\nSending ping to....");  
  Serial.println(gateway);  
}
```

Simplelink WiFi "Ping"

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 150 bytes of data:  
: Reply from 192.168.1.1: Packets sent:1 Packets  
  received:1  
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:  
Min = 89 Max = 89 Ave = 44
```

Energia
code

Driver
Code

Traditional
C code



```
00101010  
10010010  
01010100  
10010010  
11001010
```

- Comprehensive parsing allows layering code in Energia
- Embed Code Examples, Driverlib or even RF Stack Commands)



Advanced Topics

- Energia Libraries
 - Educational BoosterPack MKII (Built-In Energia18)
 - Neopixel/WS2811 Driver (Copy library into Energia18)
 - Seeed Grove Starter Kit (Add from GitHub)
 - TI BLE for CC2650 Boosterpack (Add from GitHub)
- Layered Energia Code
- Porting AdaFruit Neopixel to MSP432 (from MSP430 WS2811 Neopixel Library)
- Single-step Debug of Energia using CCS (even assembly language)
- Allows Energia<->CCS fluid transitions
- USB (Native) UART (MSP430F5529 Launchpad) Energia USBSerialExample
- Multiblink(Use of TI-RTOS) Energia Multitasking (Red+Green+Blue = White LED)

Debug Energia with CCS (Neopixel CCS7_Energia18_MSP432_LP)

The screenshot shows the Code Composer Studio (CCS) interface for an MSP432 project. The Project Explorer on the left shows the project structure, including source files like `main.cpp` and `Blink_Joe.ino`. The main editor displays the `main.cpp` source code, which includes hardware requirements, LED definitions, and a `loop()` function for a blink. The Disassembly window shows the assembly code for the `loop()` function, including instructions like `push`, `digitalWrite`, `movs`, `delay`, and `pop`. The Console window at the bottom shows the output of the debugger, including a warning about a breakpoint not being detected.

```
7 Hardware Required:
8 * LaunchPad with an LED
9
10 This example code is in the public domain.
11 */
12 // most launchpads have a red LED
13 #define LED_RED_LED
14 //see pins_energia.h for more LED definitions
15 //define LED_GREEN_LED
16
17 // the setup routine runs once when you press reset:
18 void setup() {
19 // initialize the digital pin as an output.
20 pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
21 }
22
23 // the loop routine runs over and over again forever:
24 void loop() {
25 digitalWrite(LED, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
26 delay(1000); // wait for a second
27 digitalWrite(LED, LOW); // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW
28 delay(1000); // wait for a second
29 }
30
31
32
```

Name	Value	Description
PC	0x000005F4	Program Counter (Core)
SP	0x20002A80	General Purpose Register
LR	0x00000623	General Purpose Register
xPSR	0x41000000	Stores the status of integer condition codes

```
loop
loop():
000005f4: B508      push
27      digitalWrite(LED, HIGH);
000005f6: 2101      movs
000005f8: 2048      movs
000005fa: F000F965 b1
28      delay(1000);
000005fe: F44F707A mov.w
00000602: F000F98F b1
29      digitalWrite(LED, LOW);
00000606: 2048      movs
00000608: 2100      movs
0000060a: F000F95D b1
30      delay(1000);
0000060e: F44F707A mov.w
31
00000612: E8B04008 pop.w
30      delay(1000);
00000616: F00089B5 b.w
44
the_task(unsigned int, unsigned int)
0000061a: B510      push
0000061c: 450C      movs
```

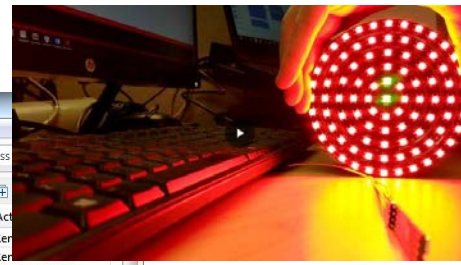
The screenshot shows the Energia IDE interface. The top bar indicates the board is "Blink_Joe | Energia 1.6.10E18". The main area shows the source code for `Blink_Joe.ino`, which is identical to the code shown in the CCS screenshot. The bottom status bar shows the upload progress: "Done uploading", "loading ELP symbols: 93%", and "sorting and removing duplicate symbols: 100%". A "Success" message is displayed in the console area.

The screenshot shows a forum post from the TI E2E Forum. The post is titled "Wed, Jun 14 2017 1:59 PM" and is by "Robert Wessels". The post content discusses the issue of debugging the MSP432 board in Energia. It mentions that there are two MSP432 packages in the Energia board manager: "Energia MSP432 boards" and "Energia EMT RED MSP432 boards". The post explains that the "Energia MSP432 boards" is a legacy package that supports both RED and BLACK boards, while the "Energia EMT RED MSP432 boards" only supports RED boards. The post suggests that if a user has both packages installed, they should uninstall the "Energia EMT RED MSP432 boards" package.

in reply to J. Martin:

Currently there are two MSP432 packages in the [Energia](#) board manager. One is called "Energia MSP432 boards" and the other is called "Energia EMT RED MSP432 boards". "Energia MSP432 boards" is the legacy package that supports both RED and BLACK boards. The "Energia EMT RED MSP432 boards", which only supports the RED boards as the name implies currently has some bugs. If you have this package installed, then the work-around is to uninstall the "Energia EMT RED MSP432 boards" and install the "Energia MSP432 boards" package.

Debug Energia with CCS (Assembly)



MSP432_SimpleLinkSDK - CCS Debug - C:\vimages\vmwareshare\Energia\energia-1.6.10E18-windows\energia-1.6.10E18\libraries\Adafruit_NeoPixel\Adafruit_NeoPixel.cpp - Code Composer Studio

File Edit View Project Run Tools Scripts Window Help

Project Explorer

- Atmo_joe_ccs
- Blink_Joe [Active - Debug]
- MSP-EXP432P401R_Adafruit_NeoPixel
 - Includes
 - Debug
 - Adafruit_NeoPixel.cpp
 - esp8266.c
 - examples
 - MSP-EXP432P401R_core

Debug

- MSP432P401R.ccxml [Code Composer Studio - Device Debugging]
 - Texas Instruments XDS110 USB Debug Probe/CORTEX_M4_0 (Suspended)
 - Adafruit_NeoPixel:show(class Adafruit_NeoPixel *)() at Adafruit_NeoPixel.cpp:
 - theaterChase(unsigned long, unsigned char)() at Blink_Joe.ino:108 0x0000066C
 - loop() at Blink_Joe.ino:52 0x0000084E
 - the_task(unsigned int, unsigned int)() at main.cpp:51 0x000008B8
 - ti_sysbios_knl_Task_exit_E() at Task.c:455 0x000022A4
 - ti_sysbios_knl_Task_exit_E() at Task.c:455 0x000022A4 (next frame is identical)

Registers

Name	Value	Description
PC	0x0000467E	Program Counter
SP	0x20002740	General Purpose Register 15
LR	0x00005B03	General Purpose Register 14
xPSR	0x41000000	Stores the status of the processor
R0	0x40004C03	General Purpose Register 0
R1	0x40000201	General Purpose Register 1
R2	0x000000B4	General Purpose Register 2
R3	0x20001E88	General Purpose Register 3
R4	0x20001190	General Purpose Register 4
R5	0x20001E88	General Purpose Register 5
R6	0x000000B4	General Purpose Register 6
R7	0x007F7F7F	General Purpose Register 7
R8	0x00000032	General Purpose Register 8
R9	0xFFFFFFFF	General Purpose Register 9
R10	0xFFFFFFFF	General Purpose Register 10

Disassembly

```
loop
0000466e: 88A6      ldrh   r6, [r4, #4]
1284      pinMode(RED_LED, OUTPUT);
00004670: 204B      movs   r0, #0x4b
00004672: 2101      movs   r1, #1
00004674: F00F9E0  bl     #0x4a38
1361      );
00004678: 462B      mov    r3, r5
0000467a: 4632      mov    r2, r6
0000467c: 4824      ldr   r0, [pc, #0x90]
0000467e: 2101      movs   r1, #1
00004680: 781D      ldrb   r5, [r3]
00004682: EA4F6505 lsl.w  r5, r5, #0x18
00004686: 2607      movs   r6, #7
00004688: EA4F0545 lsl.w  r5, r5, #1
0000468c: F080800C bhs.w  #0x46a8
00004690: 7001      strb   r1, [r0]
00004692: 2704      movs   r7, #4
00004694: 3F01      subs   r7, #1
00004696: F47FAFFD bne.w  #0x4694
0000469a: 7101      strb   r1, [r0, #4]
0000469c: 2700      movs   r7, #0xd
0000469e: 3F01      subs   r7, #1
000046a0: F47FAFFD bne.w  #0x469e
000046a4: F00B800B b.w    #0x46be
000046a8: 7001      strb   r1, [r0]
000046aa: 2700      movs   r7, #0xd
```

Console

```
MSP432P401R.ccxml
CORTEX_M4_0: Flash Programmer: Writing 3148 bytes to flash memory 0x00006a98
CORTEX_M4_0: Flash Programmer: Writing 8 bytes to flash memory 0x000076e4
```

Advanced Topics

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NativeUSB UART, Energia Multitasking

Need Putty or other Terminal program

- With MSP430F5529 LaunchPad ([MSP-EXP430F5529LP](#)) and [USB Devpack](#)
 - serialevent (UART Echo) – default 9600 baud
 - USBSerialExample (USB UART Echo) – Need USB_config files
 - USBSerialExample2 (UART Echo <-> USB UART i.e. CDC Client Echo)



MSP430F5529 LP

- Energia Multitasking (just TI RTOS) – MultiBlink with EnergiaMT (TI-RTOS):
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0f8brpzvdD0>

```
MultiBlink - GreenLed.ino | Energia 1.6.10E18
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
MultiBlink BlueLed GreenLed
#define LED GREEN_LED

void setupGreenLed() {
  // initialize the digital pin as an output.
  pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
}

// the loop routine runs over and over again forever as a task.
void loopGreenLed() {
  digitalWrite(LED, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage 1
  delay(500); // wait for half a second
  digitalWrite(LED, LOW); // turn the LED off by making the voltage
  delay(500); // wait for half a second
}
```

One tab for each LED (Red+Green+Blue = White LED)



MSP432P401r LP

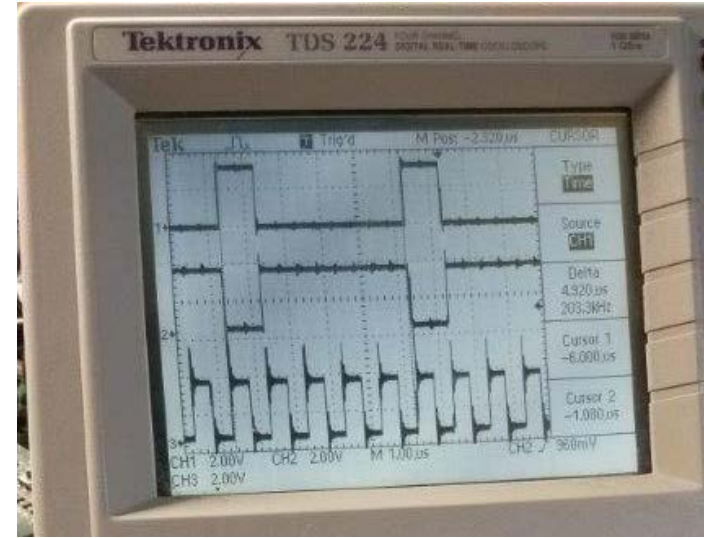
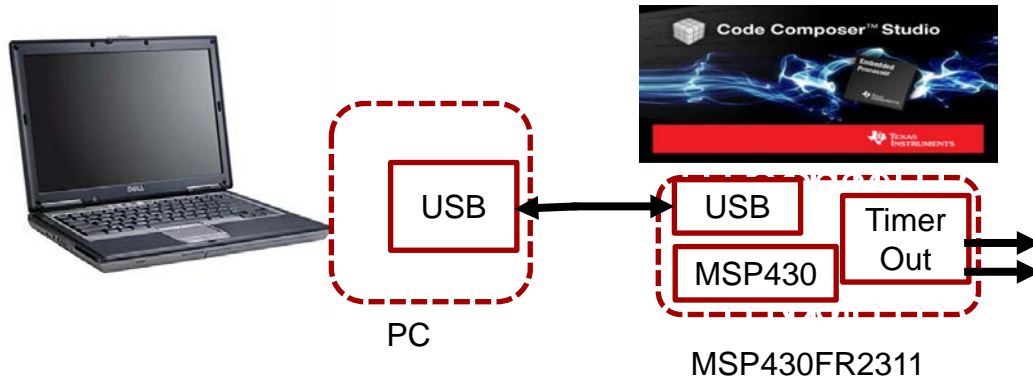
Agenda

- Fundamentals (mostly for Analog)
 - Implementing necessary prototyping functions such clocks/GPIO, Read A/D, I2C, etc.
 - Seamless interface of various Analog EVM's for customer “proof of concept”
 - Standalone UI - Button (GP Input - GPIO), LCD Display (“Hello”), Music, Serial Interface (Putty)
- More UI (i.e. GUI Advanced Comm Tab basically Putty/Serial I/F) - Lessons learned from home networking (if you can setup the WiFi in your house, you can prototype with a few steps)
- EP - Embedded prototyping (mostly for Digital)
 - Wired and Wireless Control
 - Use of TI Cloud Computing Tools for prototype
- Advanced Topics
- Conclusion Demos (Simple and Complex)

Conclusion

- Conclusion / Call to Action
 - Keep prototyping with the ideas mentioned here using various tools (i.e TI Cloud Computing)
 - Especially analog EVMs connected to Launchpads (i.e. I2C/SMBus)
 - Influence TI to make rapid prototyping easier (command line interface over GUI?)
 - Have Fun!
- Conclusion Demos
 - (Simple) Drive [UCC28070](#) PFC Controller MSP430 (Revisit Square Wave)
 - (Complex) Neopixel controlled wirelessly from iPad (Fun)

Simple Demo - Block Diagram



- Revisit Square Wave
- (Simple) Drive [UCC28070](#) PFC Controller with [MSP430](#) [Programmable Clock Source](#) + [Timer PWM](#) (from [MSP 25f25c](#) 25 Functions for \$0.25)

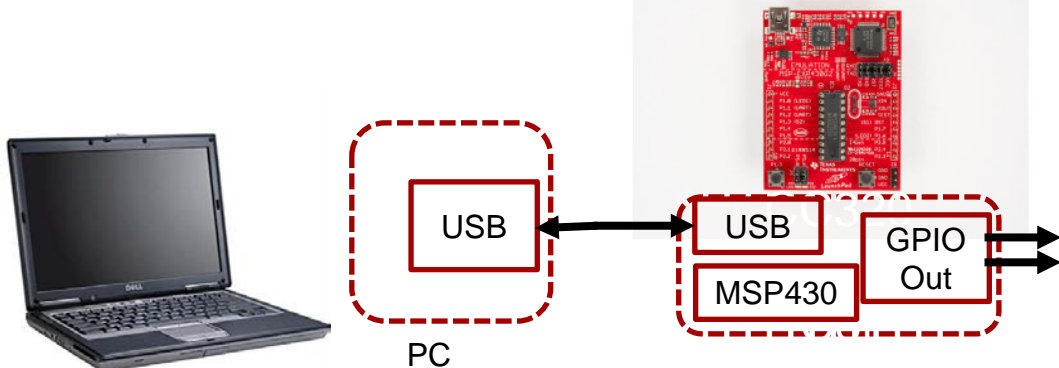


Square Waves (200 kHz) with Reference Clock

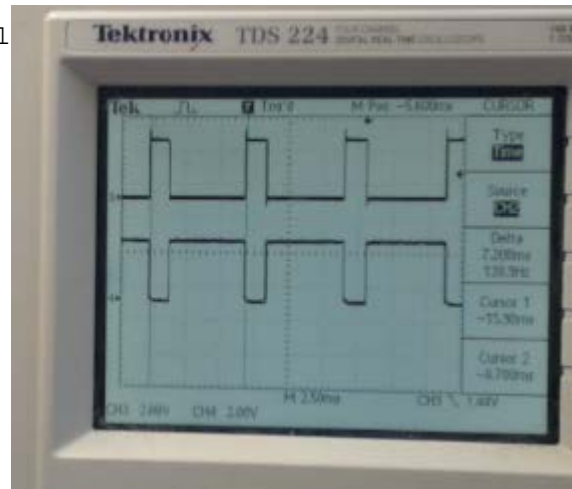
Simple Demo – GPIO – Square waves for PFC

- Step-by-step Functionality (Demo) - PFC (Power Factor Correction) Controller
 - GP Output (“Blinky” is just General Purpose Input) – Energia Blink (square wave)
 - P1.0 ->RED_LED, P1.6 ->GREEN_LED

```
digitalWrite(RED_LED, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
digitalWrite(GREEN_LED, LOW); // turn the LED off (LOW is the voltage level)
delay(5); // wait for 5 milliseconds (long pulse)
digitalWrite(RED_LED, LOW); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
digitalWrite(GREEN_LED, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
delay(1); // wait for 1 millisecond (short pulse)
```



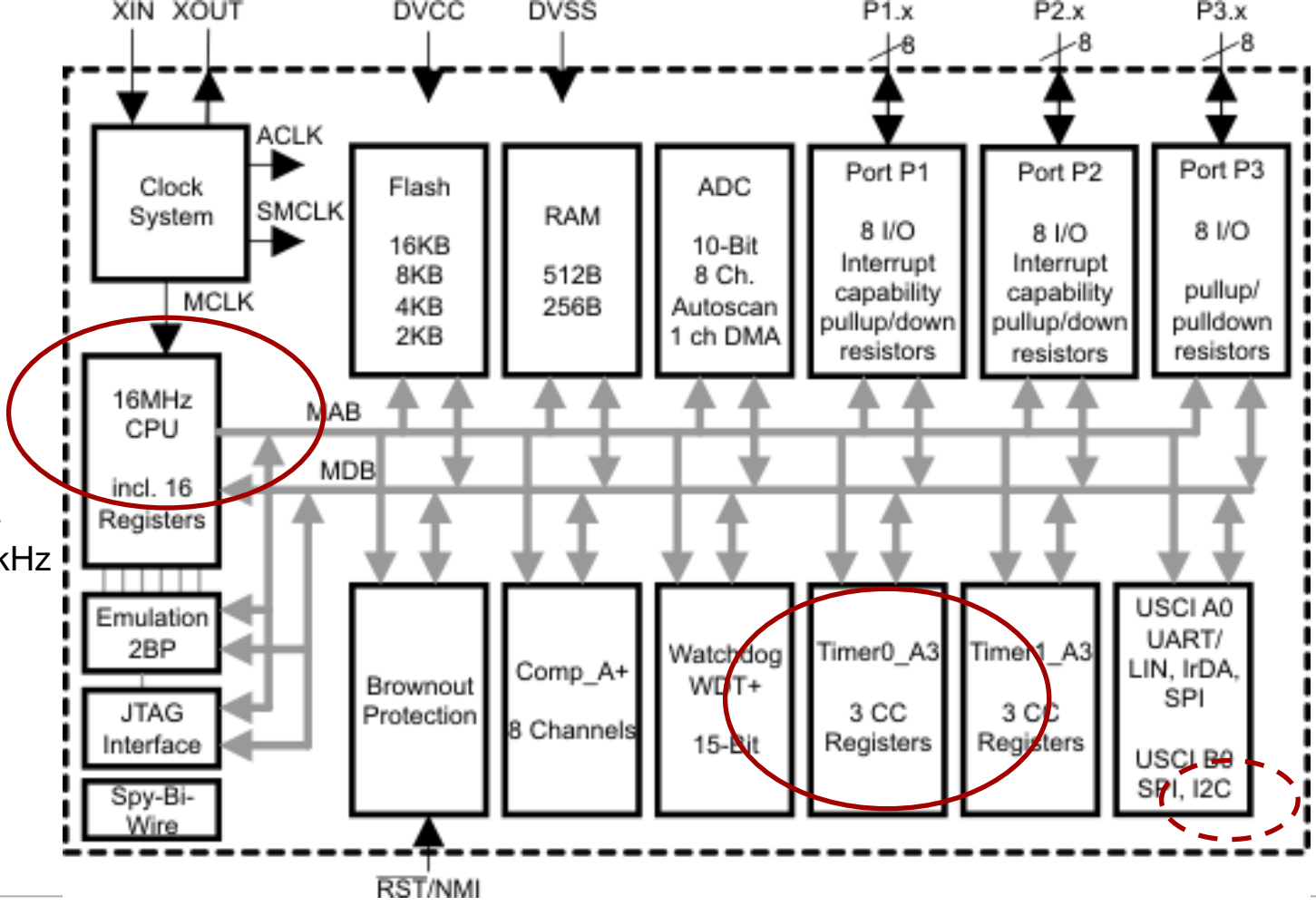
MSP430G2553



Square Waves with Energia (130 Hz)

MSP430 G2553 Device

- Clock Speed
 - (I2C 83 kHz)
 - CPU ~130 Hz
 - Timer0 ~100 kHz



Complex Demo - Block Diagram

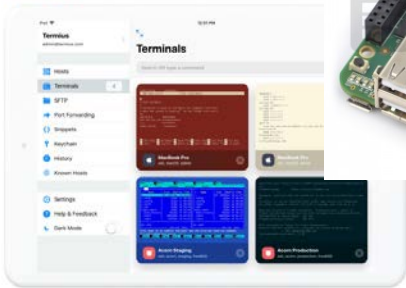
(Embedded prototype demo - Wireless Control of LCD and Neopixel)

Add Neopixel controlled wirelessly from iPad

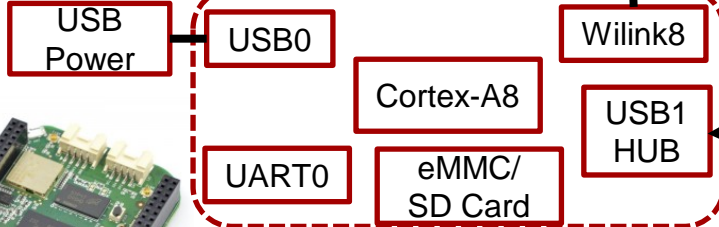


Smartphone/iPAD (WiFi STA)

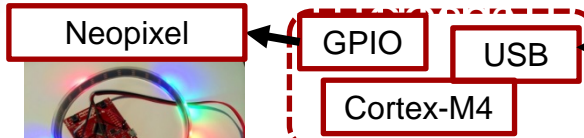
Designed for iPad



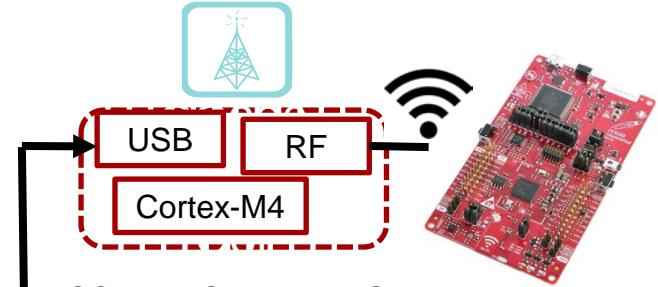
Termius App SSH



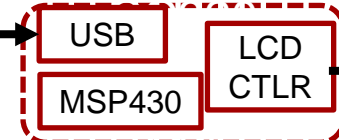
BB Green Wireless AM3358 (WiFi STA)



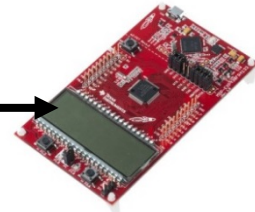
MSP432P SimpleLink



CC3220 SimpleLink SDK Wi-Fi (WiFi AP)



MSP430FR4133 LCD



Bonus Topics

- Beaglebone Black
 - HDMI for Gnome “Desktop” UI (Debian)
 - Remote Desktop i.e. GUI over network (Arago)
- Internet Access
 - Internet USB to Ethernet dongles (Debian)
 - Wilink8 Multirole as Gateway
- Making of Cecil, Stages 1 and 2 picture

BeagleBone Black

1GHz performance ready to use for \$45

10/100 Ethernet

USB Host

Easily connects to almost any everyday device such as mouse or keyboard
microHDMI
Connect directly to monitors and TVs

microSD

Expansion slot for additional storage

512MB DDR3

Faster, lower power RAM for enhanced user-friendly experience

Serial Debug

DC Power

Expansion headers

Enable cape hardware and include:

- 65 digital I/O
- 7 analog
- 4 serial
- 2 SPI
- 2 I2C
- 8 PWMs
- 4 timers

1GHz Sitara AM335x ARM® Cortex™-A8 processor

Provides a more advanced user interface and up to 150% better performance than ARM11

Power Button

LEDs

Reset Button

USB Client

Development interface and directly powers board from PC

2GB on-board storage using eMMC

- Pre-loaded with Ångström Linux Distribution
- Accelerates performance
- Frees the microSD slot to be used for additional storage for a less expensive solution than SD cards

Boot Button

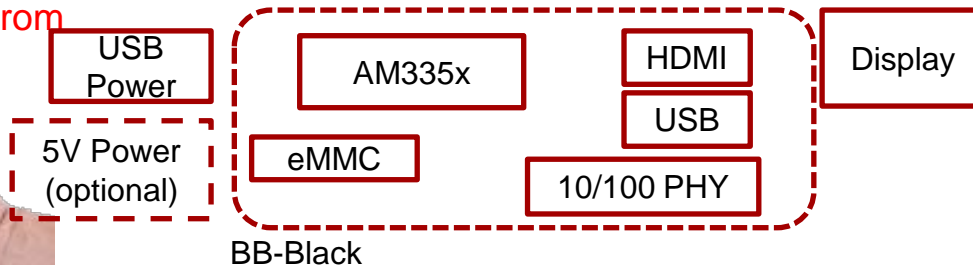
Included in price:

- Power supply ~ \$10
- USB network cable ~ \$3

- 2GB on-board storage \$5-\$10
- PRU for real-time tasks typically on FPGA ~ \$20

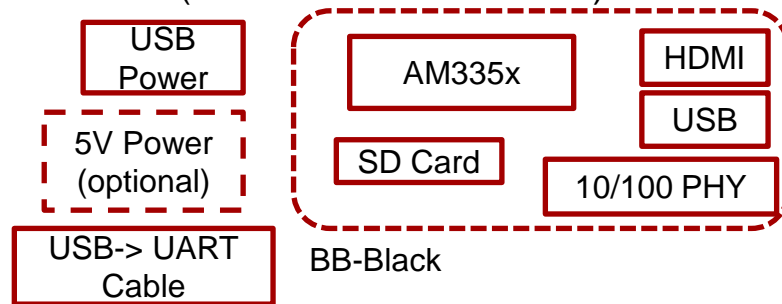
(Remote) Desktop Options

Beaglebone Black – **Angstrom**
GUI on HDMI



Beaglebone Black – **Arago** Console (Matrix GUI over network)

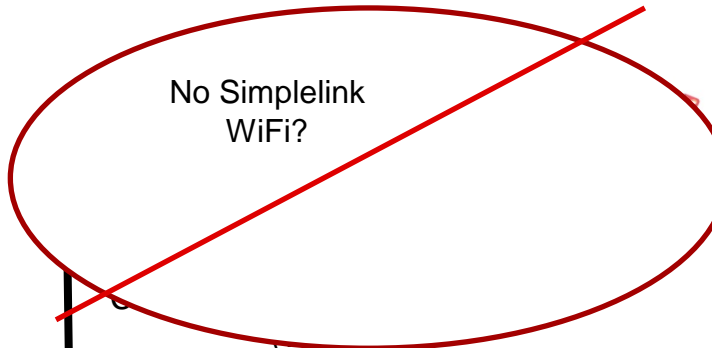
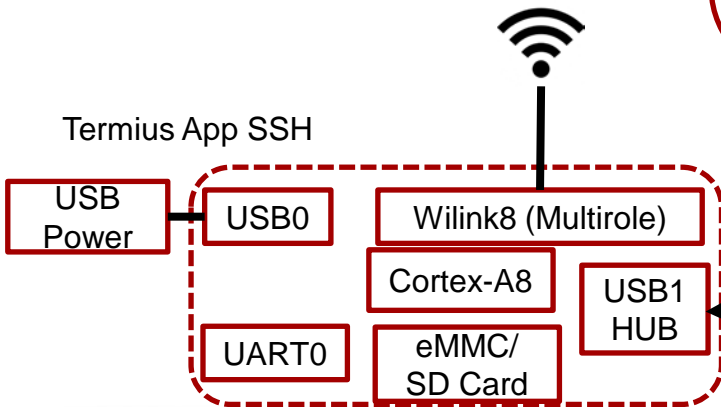
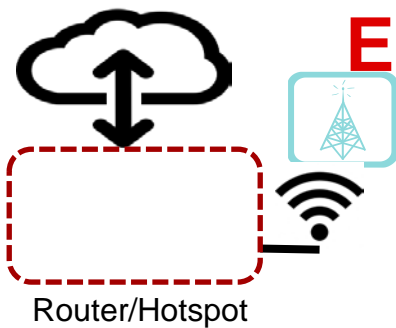
```
Arago Project  
Arago Project http://arago-project.org am335x-evm tty08  
Arago 2013.05 am335x-evm tty08  
am335x-evm login: root  
root@am335x-evm:~# cd /test  
root@am335x-evm:/test# ./test_First  
The framebuffer device was opened successfully.  
480x272, 32bpp  
The framebuffer device was mapped to memory successfully.  
Receiving connections ...  
-  
00:00:00:00:00:00 AM335x 115500 8-8-1
```



USB WiFi Adapter
(D-Link DWA-125)

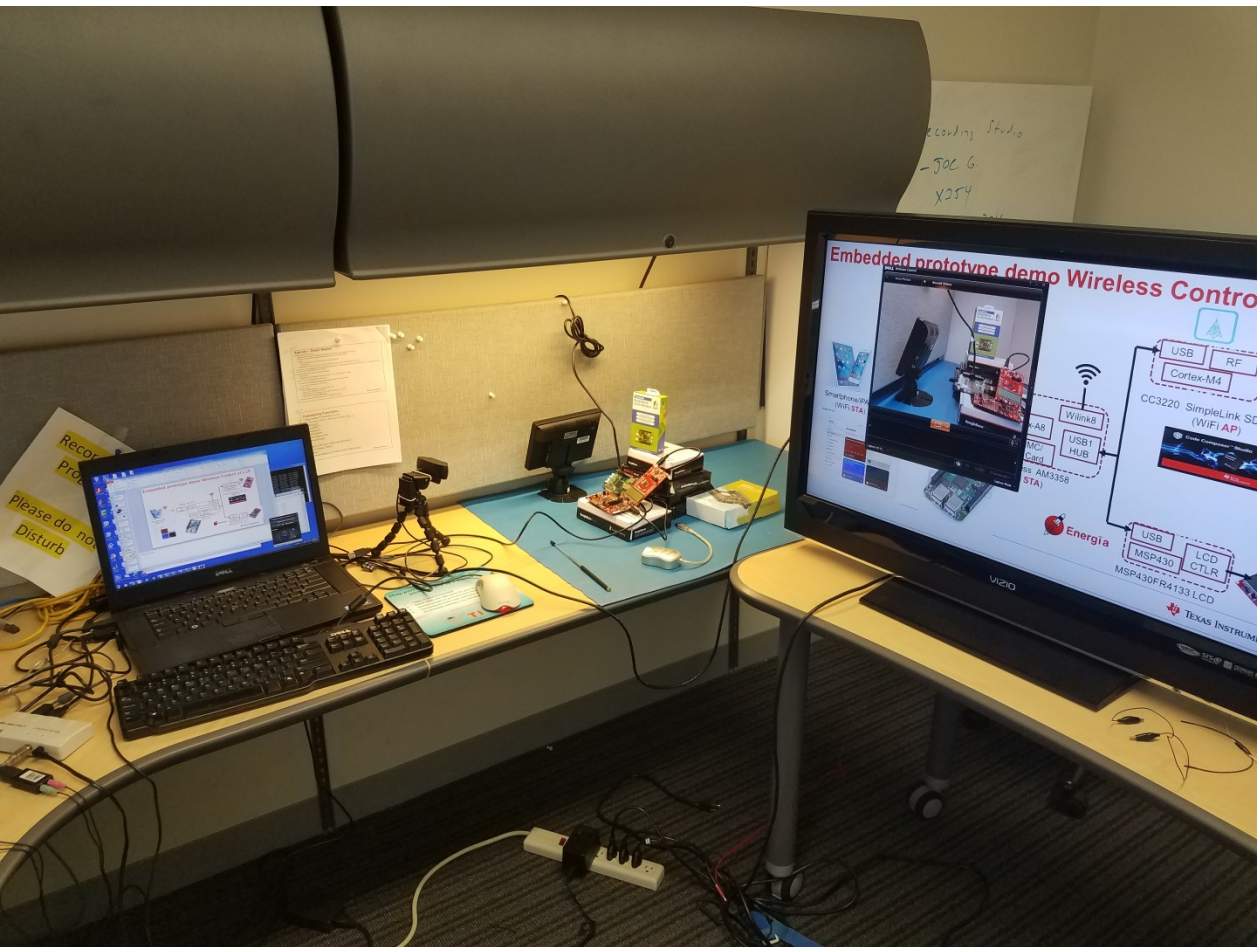


Embedded prototype – Internet Access

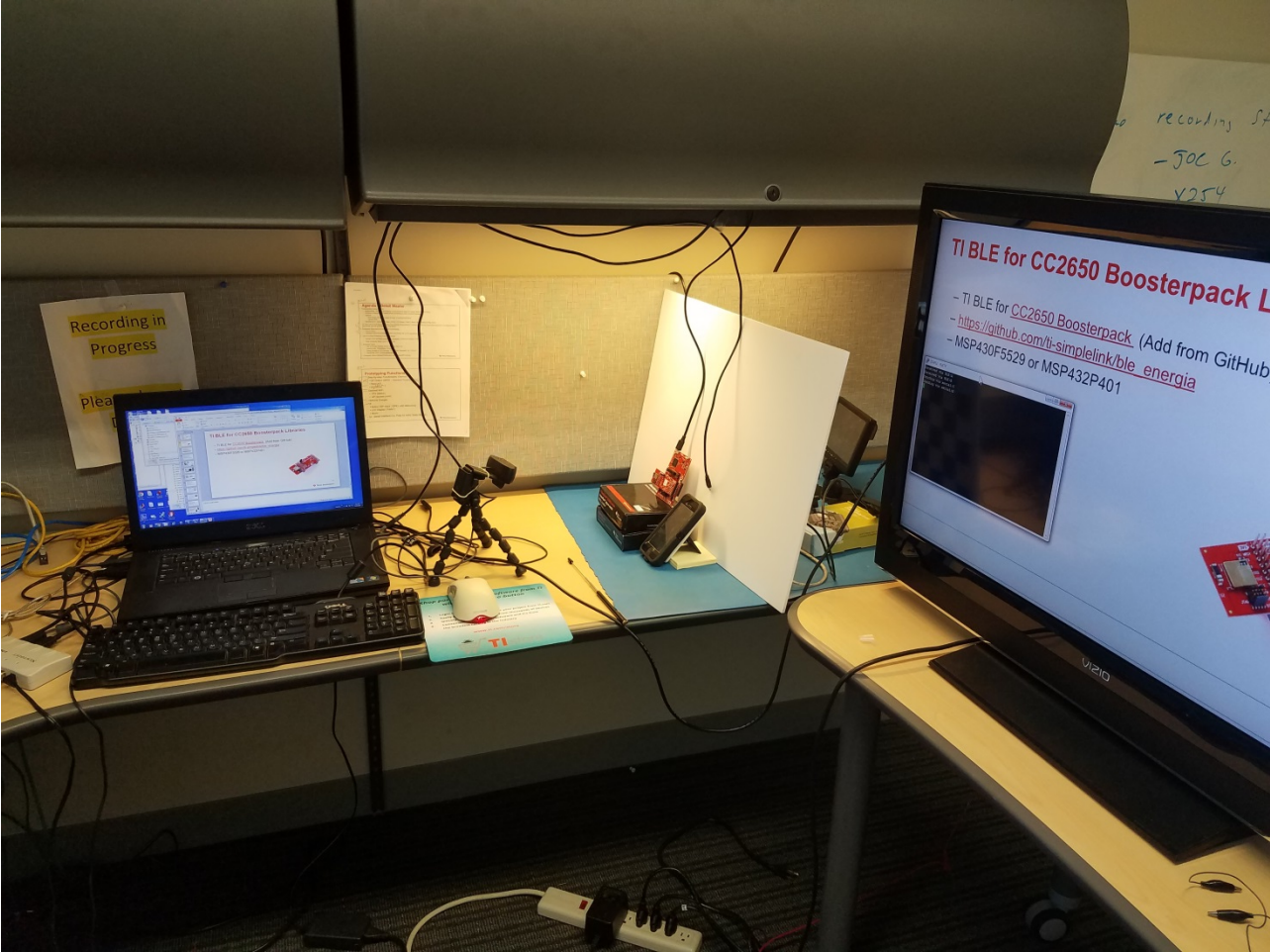


USB to Ethernet Dongle

Stage 1 Setup



Stage 2 Setup



Backup