Functional Safety Information

LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1 Functional Safety FIT Rate, FMD and Pin FMA



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1 Overview

This document contains information for LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1 (VQFN package) to aid in a functional safety system design. Information provided are:

- Functional safety failure in time (FIT) rates of the semiconductor component estimated by the application of industry reliability standards
- Component failure modes and their distribution (FMD) based on the primary function of the device
- Pin failure mode analysis (pin FMA)

Figure 1-1 shows the device functional block diagram for reference.

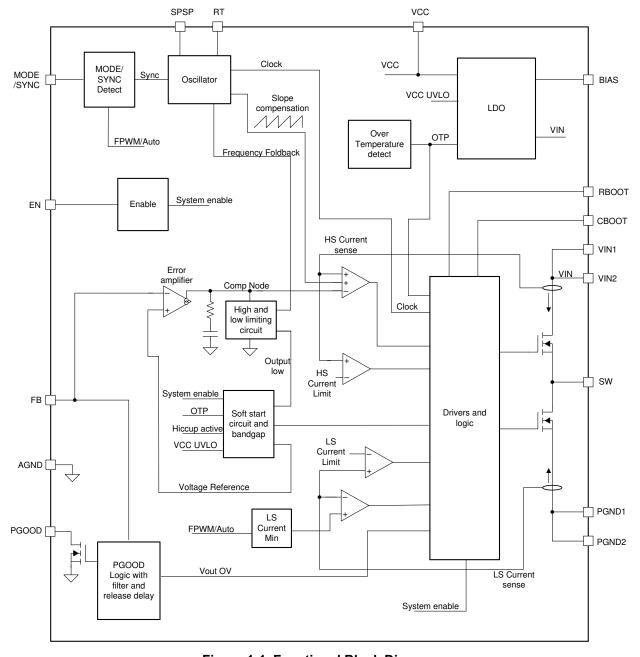


Figure 1-1. Functional Block Diagram

LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1 were developed using a quality-managed development process, but were not developed in accordance with the IEC 61508 or ISO 26262 standards.

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2 Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) Rates

This section provides functional safety failure in time (FIT) rates for LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1 based on two different industry-wide used reliability standards:

- Table 2-1 provides FIT rates based on IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11
- Table 2-2 provides FIT rates based on the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table 2-1. Component Failure Rates per IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 Part 11

| FIT IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 | FIT (Failures Per 10 ⁹ Hours) |
|------------------------------|--|
| Total component FIT rate | 26 |
| Die FIT rate | 9 |
| Package FIT rate | 17 |

The failure rate and mission profile information in Table 2-1 comes from the reliability data handbook IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11:

- Mission profile: Motor control from table 11
- · Power dissipation: 800mW
- Climate type: World-wide Table 8
- Package factor (lambda 3): Table 17b
- · Substrate material: FR4
- EOS FIT rate assumed: 0 FIT

Table 2-2. Component Failure Rates per Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

| Table | Category | Reference FIT Rate | Reference Virtual T _J |
|-------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| 5 | CMOS/BICMOS ASICs Analog and Mixed = < 50-V supply | 25 FIT | 55°C |

The reference FIT rate and reference virtual T_J (junction temperature) in Table 2-2 come from the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2 tables 1 through 5. Failure rates under operating conditions are calculated from the reference failure rate and virtual junction temperature using conversion information in SN 29500-2 section 4.



3 Failure Mode Distribution (FMD)

The failure mode distribution estimation for LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1 in Table 3-1 comes from the combination of common failure modes listed in standards such as IEC 61508 and ISO 26262, the ratio of sub-circuit function size and complexity, and from best engineering judgment.

The failure modes listed in this section reflect random failure events and do not include failures resulting from misuse or overstress.

| Table 3-1 | Die | Failure | Modes | and | Distribution | 1 |
|-------------|-------|----------------------|-------|-----|--------------|---|
| I able 3-1. | . DIE | ı allul c | MOUES | anu | DISHIDUHUH | |

| Die Failure Modes | Failure Mode Distribution (%) |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Software No output | 50 |
| Software output not in specification - voltage or timing | 40 |
| Software power FET stuck on | 5 |
| PGOOD false trip, fails to trip | 5 |

The FMD in Table 3-1 excludes short circuit faults across the isolation barrier. Faults for short circuit across the isolation barrier can be excluded according to ISO 61800-5-2:2016 if the following requirements are fulfilled:

- 1. The signal isolation component is OVC III according to IEC 61800-5-1. If a SELV/PELV power supply is used, pollution degree 2/OVC II applies. All requirements of IEC 61800-5-1:2007, 4.3.6 apply.
- 2. Measures are taken to ensure that an internal failure of the signal isolation component cannot result in excessive temperature of its insulating material.

Creepage and clearance requirements should be applied according to the specific equipment isolation standards of an application. Care should be taken to maintain the creepage and clearance distance of a board design to ensure that the mounting pads of the isolator on the printed-circuit board do not reduce this distance.



4 Pin Failure Mode Analysis (Pin FMA)

This section provides a failure mode analysis (FMA) for the pins of the LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1. The failure modes covered in this document include the typical pin-by-pin failure scenarios:

- Pin short-circuited to ground (see Table 4-2)
- Pin open-circuited (see Table 4-3)
- Pin short-circuited to an adjacent pin (see Table 4-4)
- Pin short-circuited to supply (see Table 4-5)

Table 4-2 through Table 4-5 also indicate how these pin conditions can affect the device as per the failure effects classification in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1. TI Classification of Failure Effects

| Class | Failure Effects |
|-------|--|
| А | Potential device damage that affects functionality. |
| В | No device damage, but loss of functionality. |
| С | No device damage, but performance degradation. |
| D | No device damage, no impact to functionality or performance. |

Figure 4-1 shows the LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1 pin diagram. For a detailed description of the device pins please refer to the *Pin Configuration and Functions* section in the LM62460-Q1, LM61480(T)-Q1, and LM61495(T)-Q1 data sheet.

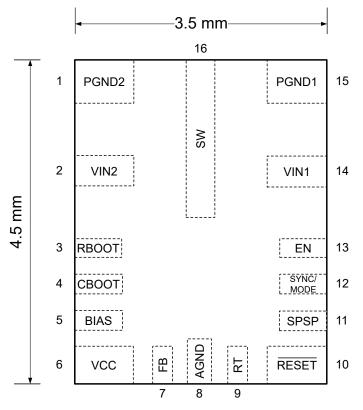


Figure 4-1. Pin Diagram

Following are the assumptions of use and the device configuration assumed for the pin FMA in this section:

Application circuit, as per the LM61495-Q1 data sheet is used.



Table 4-2. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Ground

| Pin Name Pin No | | Description of Potential Failure Effects | | |
|-----------------|----|---|---|--|
| PGND2 | 1 | Normal operation. | D | |
| VIN2 | 2 | VOUT = 0V. | В | |
| RBOOT | 3 | VOUT = 0V, damage if VIN > 5.5V. | А | |
| CBOOT | 4 | VOUT = 0V. | В | |
| BIAS | 5 | Normal operation. | D | |
| VCC | 6 | VOUT = 0V. | В | |
| FB | 7 | The device operates at maximum duty cycle. Output voltage rise approximately to the input voltage (VIN) level. Damage to customer load and output stage components are possible. No effect on device. | | |
| AGND | 8 | Normal operation. | D | |
| RT | 9 | Switch frequency = 2.2MHz. | С | |
| RESET | 10 | RESET value is not valid. VOUT is normal. | D | |
| SPSP | 11 | Spread spectrum is off. | С | |
| SYNC/MODE | 12 | Mode = Auto PFM at light load. VOUT normal. | С | |
| EN | 13 | VOUT = 0V. | В | |
| VIN1 | 14 | VOUT = 0V. | В | |
| PGND1 | 15 | Normal operation. | D | |
| SW | 16 | Damage to high-side FET. | А | |

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Table 4-3. Pin FMA for Device Pins Open-Circuited

| Pin Name | Pin No | Description of Potential Failure Effects | | |
|-----------|--------|--|---|--|
| PGND2 | 1 | VOUT normal. Current loop is affected, potentially affecting noise, jitter, and EMI reliability. | С | |
| VIN2 | 2 | VOUT normal. All currents are in other VIN1 loop, potentially affecting noise, jitter, and EMI reliability. | С | |
| RBOOT | 3 | VOUT normal; lower efficiency and higher junction temperature. | С | |
| CBOOT | 4 | VOUT = 0V. | В | |
| BIAS | 5 | Normal operation. | D | |
| VCC | 6 | VCC output can oscillate and internal circuitry not functioning correctly is possible. | В | |
| FB | 7 | Output voltage rises to a much higher value than the programmed output voltage. Damage to customer load and output stage components are possible. No effect on device. | | |
| AGND | 8 | Abnormal VOUT is possible due to switching noise on analog circuits. | В | |
| RT | 9 | Switch frequency can become unstable. | В | |
| RESET | 10 | RESET signal is not valid. Normal operation. | С | |
| SPSP | 11 | Spread spectrum enable or disable can be unstable. | С | |
| SYNC/MODE | 12 | Mode can switch randomly. Unpredictable behavior. | С | |
| EN | 13 | Device can shut off. | В | |
| VIN1 | 14 | VOUT normal. All currents are in other VIN2 loop, potentially affecting noise, jitter, EMI, reliability. | С | |
| PGND1 | 15 | VOUT normal. Current loop is affected, potentially affecting noise, jitter, and EMI reliability. | С | |
| SW | 16 | VOUT = 0V. | В | |



Table 4-4. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Adjacent Pin

| Table 4-4. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Adjacent Pin | | | | |
|--|--------|------------|---|----------------------------|
| Pin Name | Pin No | Shorted to | Description of Potential Failure Effects | Failure Effect Class |
| PGND2 | 1 | VIN2 | VOUT = 0V. Damage to low-side circuitry if PGND is greater than AGND. | В |
| VIN2 | 2 | RBOOT | VOUT = 0V. | В |
| RBOOT | 3 | CBOOT | VOUT normal. | D |
| CBOOT | 4 | BIAS | VOUT = 0V. | В |
| BIAS | 5 | VCC | VCC ESD clamp damaged if BIAS > 5V. | Α |
| VCC | 6 | FB | VOUT = 0V. | С |
| FB | 7 | AGND | The device operates at maximum duty cycle. Output voltage rise approximately to the input voltage (VIN) level. Damage to customer load and output stage components are possible. No effect on device. | В |
| AGND | 8 | RT | Switch frequency = 2.2MHz. | С |
| RT | 9 | RESET | Switch frequency can change, RT can become damaged if RESET > 5.5V. Invalid RESET is possible. | В |
| RESET | 10 | SPSP | Spread spectrum can enable or disable; RESET can become damaged if biased above 20V. | А |
| SPSP | 11 | SYNC/MODE | Spread spectrum, sync, and mode functionality can be unstable. | С |
| SYNC/MODE | 12 | EN | Can disable device, change modes, or interrupt syncing. | В |
| EN | 13 | VIN1 | Device enabled. | В |
| VIN1 | 14 | PGND1 | VOUT = 0V. Damage to low-side circuitry if PGND is greater than AGND. | В |
| PGND1 | 15 | SW | VOUT = 0V. Damage to low-side circuitry if PGND is greater than AGND. | В |
| SW | 16 | PGND2 | Damage to high-side FET. | Α |

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Table 4-5. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Supply

| Pin Name | Pin No | Description of Potential Failure Effects | Failure Effect Class | | |
|-----------|--------|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| PGND2 | 1 | VOUT = 0V. Damage to low-side circuitry if PGND is greater than AGND. | В | | |
| VIN2 | 2 | Normal operation. | D | | |
| RBOOT | 3 | VOUT = 0V. RBOOT ESD clamp runs current to destruction. | А | | |
| CBOOT | 4 | VOUT = 0V. CBOOT ESD clamp runs current to destruction. | А | | |
| BIAS | 5 | If VIN exceeds 16V, damage occurs; if VIN is below 16V, normal operation. | А | | |
| VCC | 6 | VIN exceeds 5.5V, damage occurs. | | | |
| FB | 7 | If VIN exceeds 16V (fixed version), or 5.5V (adjustable version), damage occurs. VOUT = 0V. | Α | | |
| AGND | 8 | VOUT = 0V. Damage to other pins referred to GND. | А | | |
| RT | 9 | If VIN exceeds 5.5V, damage occurs. VOUT = 0V. | А | | |
| RESET | 10 | If VIN exceeds 20V, damage occurs. VOUT = 0V. | А | | |
| SPSP | 11 | Spread spectrum enabled. | D | | |
| SYNC/MODE | 12 | Mode set to FPWM. | С | | |
| EN | 13 | Device enabled. | С | | |
| VIN1 | 14 | Normal operation. | D | | |
| PGND1 | 15 | VOUT = 0V. Damage to the low-side circuitry if PGND is greater than AGND. | В | | |
| SW | 16 | Damage to low-side FET. | А | | |

5 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

| Changes from Revision A (April 2021) to Revision B (December 2024) | Page |
|--|------|
| Added LM61480T-Q1 and LM61495T-Q1 | 2 |
| Added 'Shorted to' column in Table Table 4-4 for better clarity | |
| Changes from Revision * (February 2020) to Revision A (April 2021) | Page |
| Updated Table 4-3 | 5 |

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