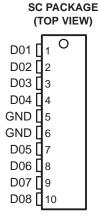
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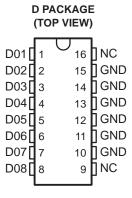
- **Designed to Reduce Reflection Noise**
- Repetitive Peak Forward Current 300 mA
- 8-Bit Array Structure Suited for **Bus-Oriented Systems**

description

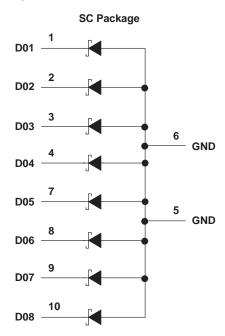
This Schottky barrier diode bus-termination array is designed to reduce reflection noise on memory bus lines. This device consists of an 8-bit high-speed Schottky diode array suitable for a clamp to GND.

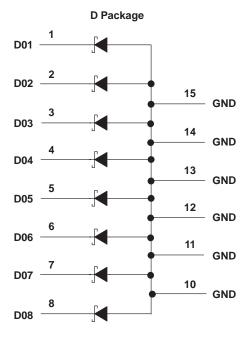
The SN74F1056 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.





schematic diagrams







Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



SN74F1056 8-BIT SCHOTTKY BARRIER DIODE

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Steady-state reverse voltage, V _R	7 V
Continuous forward current, I _F : Any D terminal from GND	50 mA
Total through all GND terminals	170 mA
Repetitive peak forward current, I _{FRM} (see Note 1): Any D terminal from GND	300 mA
Total through all GND terminals	1.2 A
Continuous total power dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature	500 mW
Operating free-air temperature range	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	. −65°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: These values apply for $t_W \le 100 \mu s$, duty cycle $\le 20\%$.

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

single-diode operation (see Note 2)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
IR	Static reverse current	$V_R = 7 V$			2	μΑ
V— Chatia famuund valtana		I _F = 18 mA		0.8	1	٧
VF	Static forward voltage	$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$		1	1.2	٧
VFM	Peak forward voltage	I _F = 200 mA		1.23		V
C. Total conscitutos		$V_R = 0$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		3	3.75	pF
Ct	Total capacitance	$V_R = 2 V$, $f = 1 MHz$		2.5	3	þг

[‡] All typical values are at T_A = 25°C.

NOTE 2: Test conditions and limits apply separately to each of the diodes. The diodes not under test are open-circuited during the measurement of these characteristics.

multiple-diode operation

	PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
I _x Internal crosstalk current		Total GND current = 1.2 A,	See Note 3		10	50	μΑ

[‡] All typical values are at T_A = 25°C.

NOTE 3: I_X is measured under the following conditions with one diode static, all others switching:

Switching diodes: t_W = 100 μ s, duty cycle = 20%

Static diode: V_R = 5 V

The static diode input current is the internal crosstalk current I_x.

switching characteristics, $T_A = 25$ °C

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA},$	$I_{RM(REC)} = 10 \text{ mA},$	$I_{R(REC)} = 1 \text{ mA},$	$R_L = 100 \Omega$		5	7	ns

undershoot characteristics

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Vus	Undershoot voltage	t_f = 2 ns, t_W = 50 ns, V_{IH} = 5 V, V_{IL} = 0, Z_S = 25 $\Omega,$ Z_O = 50 $\Omega,$ L = 36-inch coax		0.6	0.7	V



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

Large negative transients occurring at the inputs of memory devices (DRAMs, SRAMs, EPROMs, etc.) or on the CLOCK lines of many clocked devices can result in improper operation of the devices. The SN74F1056 diode termination array helps suppress negative transients caused by transmission-line reflections, crosstalk, and switching noise.

Diode terminations have several advantages when compared to resistor termination schemes. Split resistor or Thevenin equivalent termination can cause a substantial increase in power consumption. The use of a single resistor to ground to terminate a line usually results in degradation of the output high level, resulting in reduced noise immunity. Series damping resistors placed on the outputs of the driver reduce negative transients, but they also can increase propagation delays down the line, as a series resistor reduces the output drive capability of the driving device. Diode terminations have none of these drawbacks.

The operation of the diode arrays in reducing negative transients is explained in the following figures. The diode conducts current when the voltage reaches a negative value large enough for the diode to turn on. Suppression of negative transients is tracked by the current-voltage characteristic curve for that diode. A typical current versus voltage plot for the SN74F1056 is shown in Figure 1.

To illustrate how the diode arrays act to reduce negative transients at the end of a transmission line, the test setup in Figure 2(a) was evaluated. The resulting waveforms with and without the diode are shown in Figure 2(b).

The maximum effectiveness of the diode arrays in suppressing negative transients occurs when the diode arrays are placed at the end of a line and/or the end of a long stub branching off a main transmission line. The diodes also can be used to reduce the negative transients that occur due to discontinuities in the middle of a line. An example of this is a slot in a backplane that is provided for an add-on card.

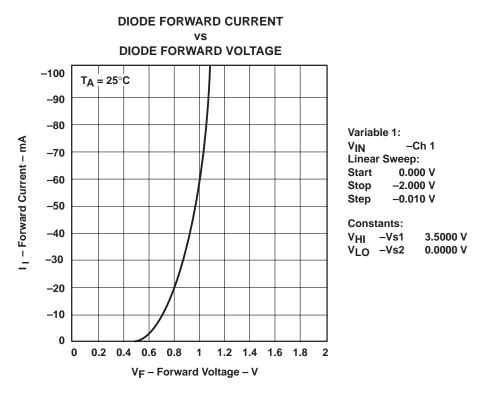
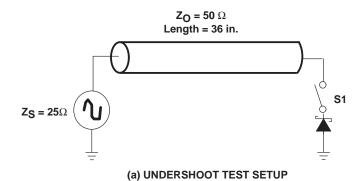


Figure 1. Current Versus Voltage for the SN74F1056



APPLICATION INFORMATION



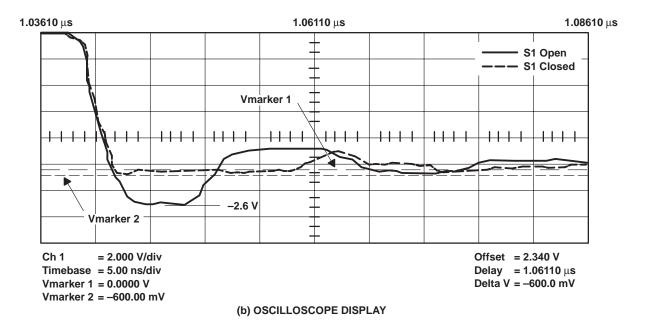


Figure 2. Undershoot Test Setup and Oscilloscope Display





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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74F1056D	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	F1056	
SN74F1056DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	F1056	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74F1056DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1

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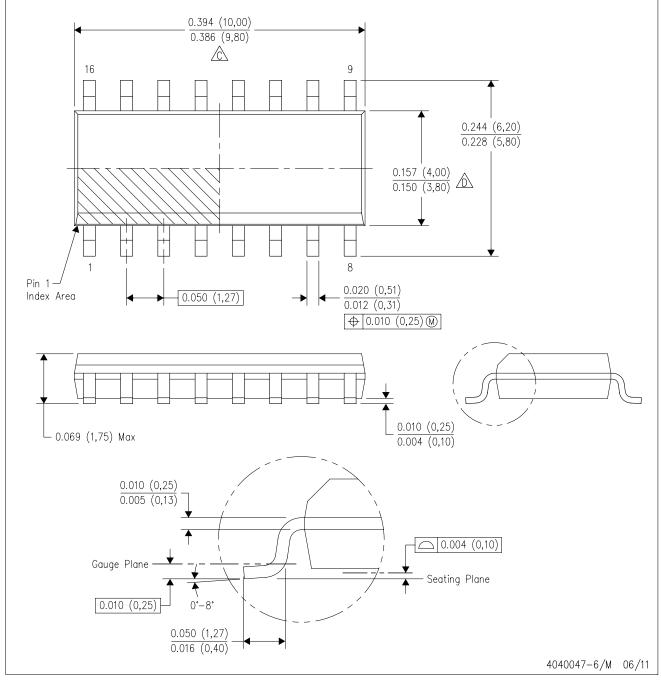


*All dimensions are nominal

Ì	Device	Device Package Type		Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
ı	SN74F1056DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0	

D (R-PDS0-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



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