CDx4HC640、CDx4HCT640 高速 CMOS ロジック、オクタル、スリー・ステート・バス・トランシーバ、反転型

1 特長

- バッファ付き入力
- スリー・ステート出力
- 複数のデータ・バス・アーキテクチャを採用したアプリケーション
- ファンアウト (全温度範囲にわたって)
  - 標準出力:10 個の LSTTL 負荷
  - バス・ドライバ出力:15 の LSTTL 負荷
- 広い動作温度範囲:-55℃～125℃
- 平衡な伝搬遅延と遷移時間
- LSTTL ロジック IC に比べて消費電力を大幅削減
- HC タイプ
  - 2V～6V で動作
  - 優れたノイズ耐性:V_{CC} に対して N_{IL} = 30%、N_{IH} = 30% (V_{CC} = 5V 時)
- HCT タイプ
  - 4.5V～5.5V で動作
  - LSTTL 入力ロジックと直接互換、V_{IL} = 0.8V (最大値)、V_{IH} = 2V (最小値)
  - CMOS 入力互換、V_{OL}、V_{OH} で I_I ≦ 1μA

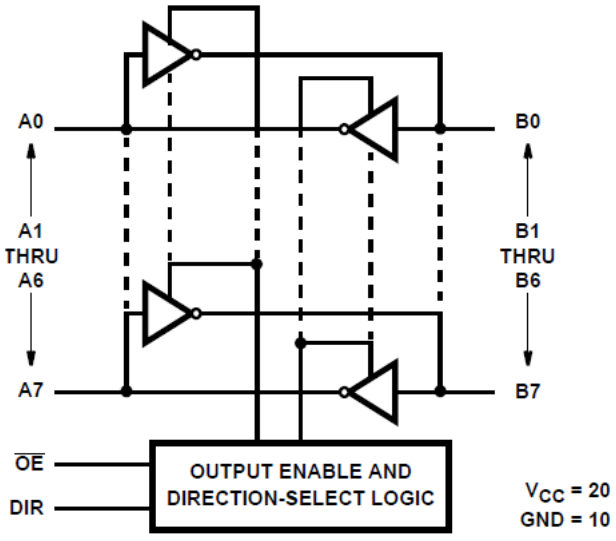
2 概要

CDx4HC640 および CDx4HCT640 は、スリー・ステート出力の反転オクタル・バス・トランシーバです。

製品情報

部品番号	パッケージ (1)	本体サイズ (公称)
CD54HC640	J (CDIP、20)	26.92mm × 6.92mm
CD74HC640	N (PDIP、20)	25.4mm × 6.35mm
	DW (SOIC、20)	12.80mm × 7.50mm
CD54HCT640	J (CDIP、20)	26.92mm × 6.92mm
CD74HCT640	N (PDIP、20)	25.40mm × 6.35mm
	DW (SOIC、20)	12.80mm × 7.50mm

(1) 利用可能なパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にある注文情報を参照してください。



機能ブロック図

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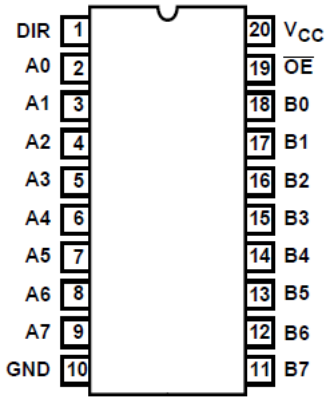
3 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Changes from Revision B (April 2003) to Revision C (July 2022)	Page
• 最新のデータシート規格を反映するように、文書全体にわたって表、図、相互参照の採番方法を更新	1

4 Pin Configuration and Functions



J, N and DW Package
20-Pin CDIP, PDIP or SOIC
Top View

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[1]

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		-0.5	7	V
I_{IK}	Input diode current	For V_I < -0.5V or V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5V		±20	mA
I_{OK}	Output diode current	For V_O < -0.5V or V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5V		±20	mA
I_O	Drain current, per output	For -0.5V < V_O < V_{CC} + 0.5V		±35	mA
I_O	Output source or sink current per output pin	For V_O > -0.5V or V_O < V_{CC} + 0.5V		±25	mA
	Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND			±50	mA
T_J	Junction Temperature			150	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C
	Lead temperature (Soldering 10s)(SOIC - lead tips only)			300	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	HC types	2	6	V
		HCT types	4.5	5.5	
V_I	Input voltage		0	V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage		0	V_{CC}	V
t_t	Input rise and fall time	V_{CC} = 2V		1000	ns
		V_{CC} = 4.5V		500	
		V_{CC} = 6V		400	
T_A	Temperature range		-55	125	°C

5.3 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC		N (PDIP) 20 PINS	DW (SOIC) 20 PINS	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance[1]	69	58	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

5.4 Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS[1]	V_{CC} (V)	25°C			-40°C to 85°C		-55°C to 125°C		UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
HC TYPES											
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		2	1.5			1.5		1.5		V
			4.5	3.15			3.15		3.15		V
			6	4.2			4.2		4.2		V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		2			0.5		0.5		0.5	V
			4.5			1.35		1.35		1.35	V
			6			1.8		1.8		1.8	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage CMOS loads	I_{OH} = – 20 µA	2	1.9			1.9		1.9		V
		I_{OH} = – 20 µA	4.5	4.4			4.4		4.4		V
		I_{OH} = – 20 µA	6	5.9			5.9		5.9		V
	High-level output voltage TTL loads	I_{OH}= – 6 mA	4.5	3.98			3.84		3.7		V
		I_{OH} = – 7.8 mA	6	5.48			5.34		5.2		V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage CMOS loads	I_{OL} = 20 µA	2			0.1		0.1		0.1	V
		I_{OL} = 20 µA	4.5			0.1		0.1		0.1	V
		I_{OL} = 20 µA	6			0.1		0.1		0.1	V
	Low-level output voltage TTL loads	I_{OL}= 6 mA	4.5			0.26		0.33		0.4	V
		I_{OL} = 7.8 mA	6			0.26		0.33		0.4	V
I_I	Input leakage current	V_I = V_{CC} or GND	6			±0.1		±1		±1	µA
I_{CC}	Quiescent device current	V_I = V_{CC} or GND	6			8		80		160	µA
I_{OZ}	Three-state leakage current	V_O = V_{CC} or GND	6			±0.5		±5		±10	µA
HCT TYPES											
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5	2			2		2		V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		4.5 to 5.5			0.8		0.8		0.8	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage CMOS loads	V_{OH} = – 20 µA	4.5	4.4			4.4		4.4		V
	High-level output voltage TTL loads	V_{OH} = – 6 mA	4.5	3.98			3.84		3.7		V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage CMOS loads	V_{OL} = 20 µA	4.5			0.1		0.1		0.1	V
	Low-level output voltage TTL	V_{OL} = 6 mA	4.5			0.26		0.33		0.4	V
I_I	Input leakage current	V_I = V_{CC} or GND	5.5			±0.1		±1		±1	µA
I_{CC}	Quiescent device current	V_I = V_{CC} or GND	5.5			8		80		160	µA
I_{OZ}	Three-state leakage current	V_O = V_{CC} or GND	5.5			±0.5		±5		±10	
ΔI_{CC} [1]	Additional quiescent device current per input pin	DIR input held at V_{CC} – 2.1	4.5 to 5.5		100	324		405		441	µA
		$\overline{OE}$ and A inputs held at v_{CC} – 2.1	4.5 to 5.5		100	540		675		735	
		B input held at V_{CC} – 2.1	4.5 to 5.5		100	540		675		735	

(1) For dual-supply systems theoretical worst case (VI = 2.4V, VCC = 5.5V) specification is 1.8mA

5.5 Switching Characteristics[2]

Input t_t = 6ns. Unless otherwise specified, C_L = 50pF

PARAMETER		V_{CC} (V)	25°C			-40°C to 85°C		-55°C to 125°C		UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
HC TYPES										
t_{pd}	Propagation delay A to $\overline{B}$ B to $\overline{A}$	2			90		115		135	ns
		4.5		7[1]	18		23		27	
		6			15		20		23	
t_{pd}	Propagation delay Output High-Z To high level, low level	2			150		190		225	ns
		4.5		12[1]	30		38		45	
		6			26		33		38	
t_{pd}	Propagation delay Output high level Output lowe level to high Z	2			150		190		225	ns
		4.5		12[1]	30		38		45	
		6			26		33		38	
t_t	Output transition time	2			60		75		90	ns
		4.5			12		15		18	
		6			10		13		15	
C_i	Input Capacitance		10		10		10		10	pF
C_O	Three-state output capacitance				20		20		20	pF
C_{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance (3) (4)	5		38						pF
HCT TYPES										
t_{pd}	Propagation delay A to $\overline{B}$ B to $\overline{A}$	4.5		9[1]	22		28		33	ns
t_{pd}	Propagation delay Output High-Z To high level, low level	4.5		12[1]	30		38			ns
t_{pd}	Propagation delay Output high level Output lowe level to high Z	4.5		12[1]	30		38			ns
t_t	Transition times	4.5			12		15			ns
C_i	Input capacitance		10		10		10			pF
C_O	Three-state output capacitance				20		20			pF
C_{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance (3) (4)	5		41						pF

(1) Typical value tested at 5V, C_L = 15pF.
(2) For details on CMOS power calculation see, SCAA053B
(3) CPD is used to determine the dynamic power consumption, per channel
(4) $P_D = V_{CC}{}^2 f_i (C_{PD} + C_L)$ where f_i = Input Frequency, C_L = Output Load Capacitance, V_{CC} = Supply Voltage.

6 Parameter Measurement Information

t_{PD} is the maximum between t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}

t_t is the maximum between t_{TLH} and t_{THL}

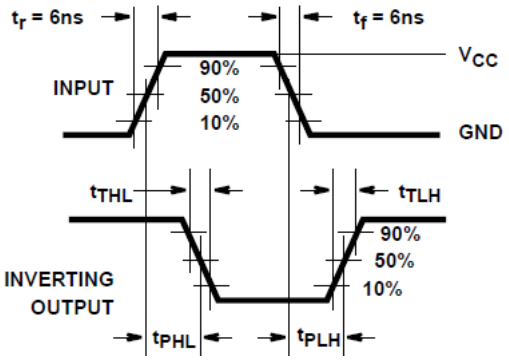


図 6-1. HC transition times and propagation delay times, combination logic

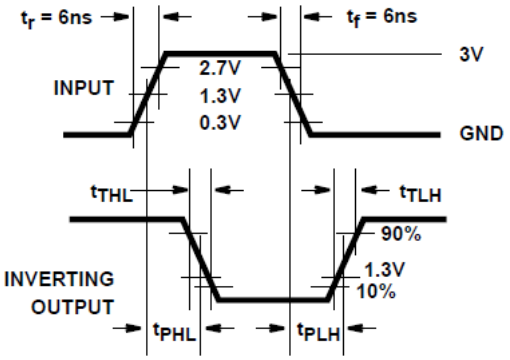


図 6-2. HCT transition times and propagation delay times, combination logic

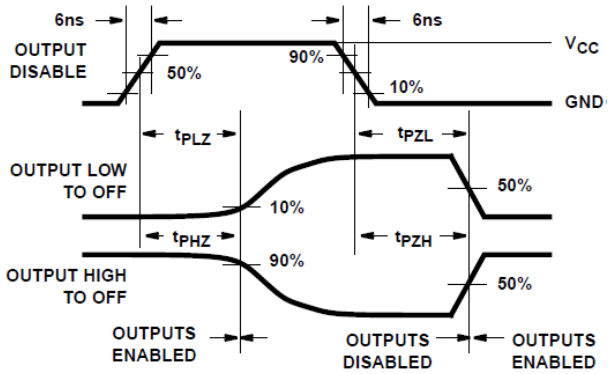


図 6-3. HC three-state propagation delay waveform

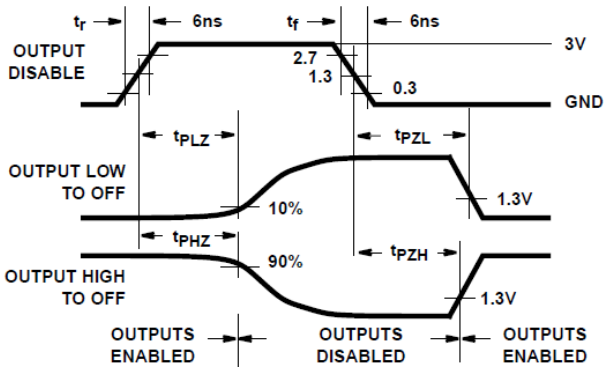
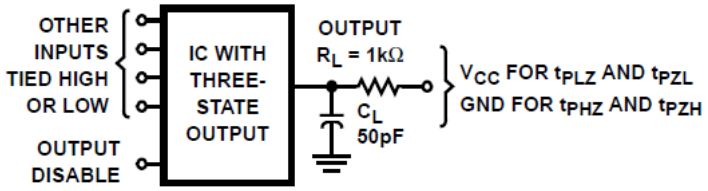


図 6-4. HCT three-state propagation delay waveform



NOTE: Open drain waveforms t_{PLZ} and t_{PZL} are the same as those for three-state shown on the left. The test circuit is output R_L = 1kΩ to V_{CC}, C_L = 50pF.

図 6-5. HC and HCT three-state propagation delay test circuit

7 Detailed Description

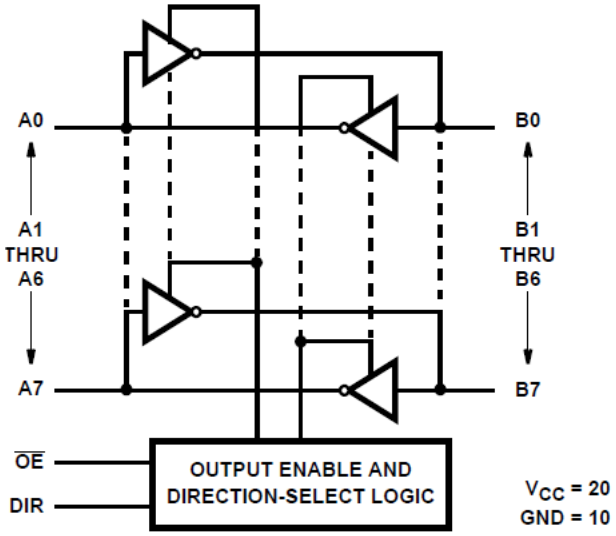
7.1 Overview

The CDx4HC640 and CDx4HCT640 silicon-gate CMOS three-state bidirectional inverting and non-inverting buffers are intended for two-way asynchronous communication between data buses. They have high drive current outputs which enable high-speed operation when driving large bus capacitances. These circuits possess the low power dissipation of CMOS circuits, and have speeds comparable to low power Schottky TTL circuits. They can drive 15 LSTTL loads. The CDx4HC640 and CDx4HCT640 devices have inverting buffers.

The direction of data flow (A to B, B to A) is controlled by the DIR input.

Outputs are enabled by a low on the Output Enable input ($\overline{OE}$); a high $\overline{OE}$ puts these devices in the high impedance mode.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Device Functional Modes

表 7-1. Function Table(2)

Control Inputs(1)		Data Port Status	
$\overline{OE}$	DIR	A_n	B_n
L	L	$\overline{O}$	I
H	H	Z	Z
H	L	Z	Z
L	H	I	$\overline{O}$

(1) H = High level. L = Low level. I = Input. $\overline{O}$ = Output (inversion of input level). Z = High impedance.
(2) To prevent excess currents in the High-Z modes all I/O terminals should be terminated with 1kΩ to 1MΩ resistors.

8 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1-µF capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1-µF and 1-µF capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

9 Layout

9.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices inputs must not ever be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or V_{CC}, whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.

10 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

10.1 Documentation Support

10.1.1 Related Documentation

10.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

10.3 サポート・リソース

TI E2E™ サポート・フォーラムは、エンジニアが検証済みの回答と設計に関するヒントをエキスパートから迅速かつ直接得ることができる場所です。既存の回答を検索したり、独自の質問をしたりすることで、設計で必要な支援を迅速に得ることができます。

リンクされているコンテンツは、該当する貢献者により、現状のまま提供されるものです。これらは TI の仕様を構成するものではなく、必ずしも TI の見解を反映したものではありません。TI の使用条件を参照してください。

10.4 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
すべての商標は、それぞれの所有者に帰属します。

10.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

10.6 Glossary

TI Glossary	This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
5962-8974001RA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-8974001RA CD54HCT640F3A	Samples
CD54HC640F3A	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-8780901RA CD54HC640F3A	Samples
CD54HCT640F3A	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	20	20	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-8974001RA CD54HCT640F3A	Samples
CD74HC640E	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	CD74HC640E	Samples
CD74HC640M	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	HC640M	Samples
CD74HCT640E	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	20	20	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	CD74HCT640E	Samples
CD74HCT640M	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	HCT640M	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

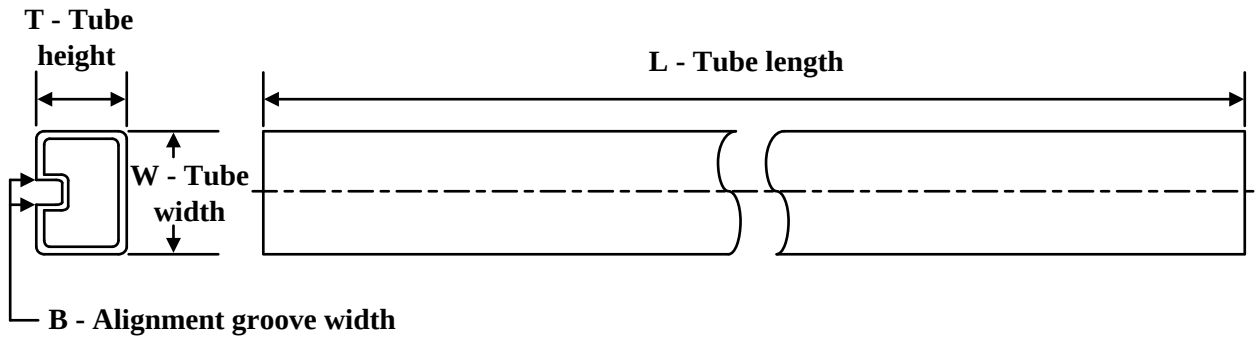
OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF CD54HC640, CD54HCT640, CD74HC640, CD74HCT640 :

- Catalog : CD74HC640, CD74HCT640
- Military : CD54HC640, CD54HCT640

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

TUBE



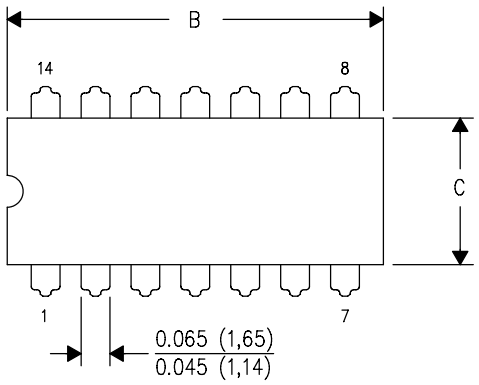
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
CD74HC640E	N	PDIP	20	20	506	13.97	11230	4.32
CD74HC640M	DW	SOIC	20	25	507	12.83	5080	6.6
CD74HCT640E	N	PDIP	20	20	506	13.97	11230	4.32
CD74HCT640M	DW	SOIC	20	25	507	12.83	5080	6.6

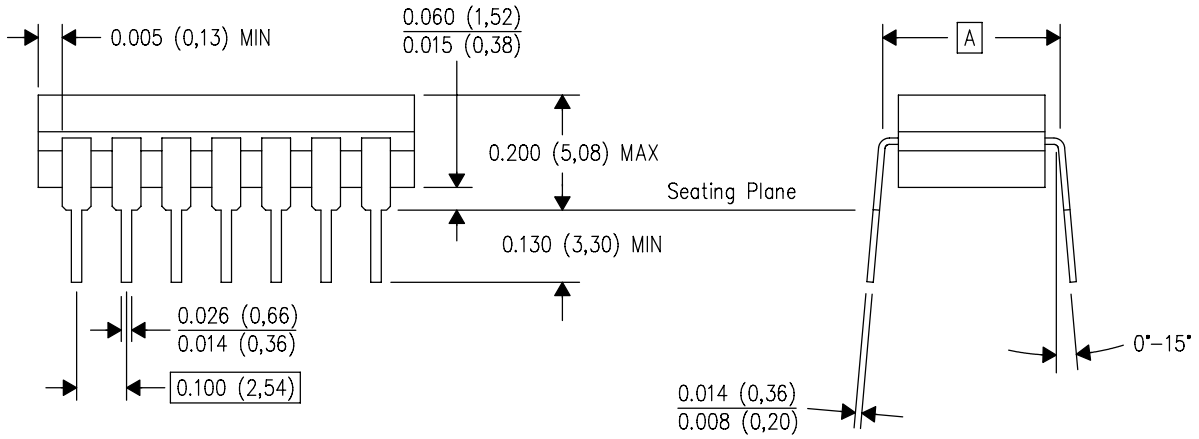
J (R–GDIP–T**)

14 LEADS SHOWN

CERAMIC DUAL IN–LINE PACKAGE



DIM \ PINS **	14	16	18	20
A	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC
B MAX	0.785 (19,94)	.840 (21,34)	0.960 (24,38)	1.060 (26,92)
B MIN	—	—	—	—
C MAX	0.300 (7,62)	0.300 (7,62)	0.310 (7,87)	0.300 (7,62)
C MIN	0.245 (6,22)	0.245 (6,22)	0.220 (5,59)	0.245 (6,22)



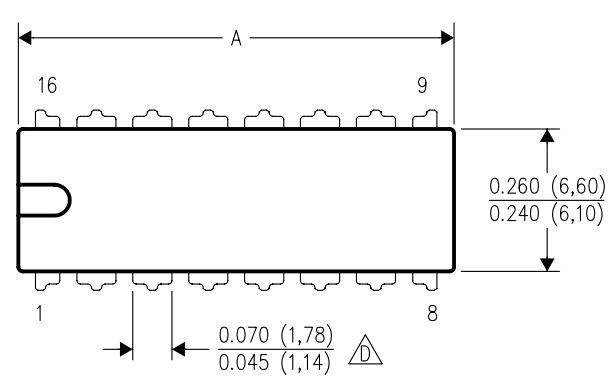
4040083/F 03/03

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1–T14, GDIP1–T16, GDIP1–T18 and GDIP1–T20.

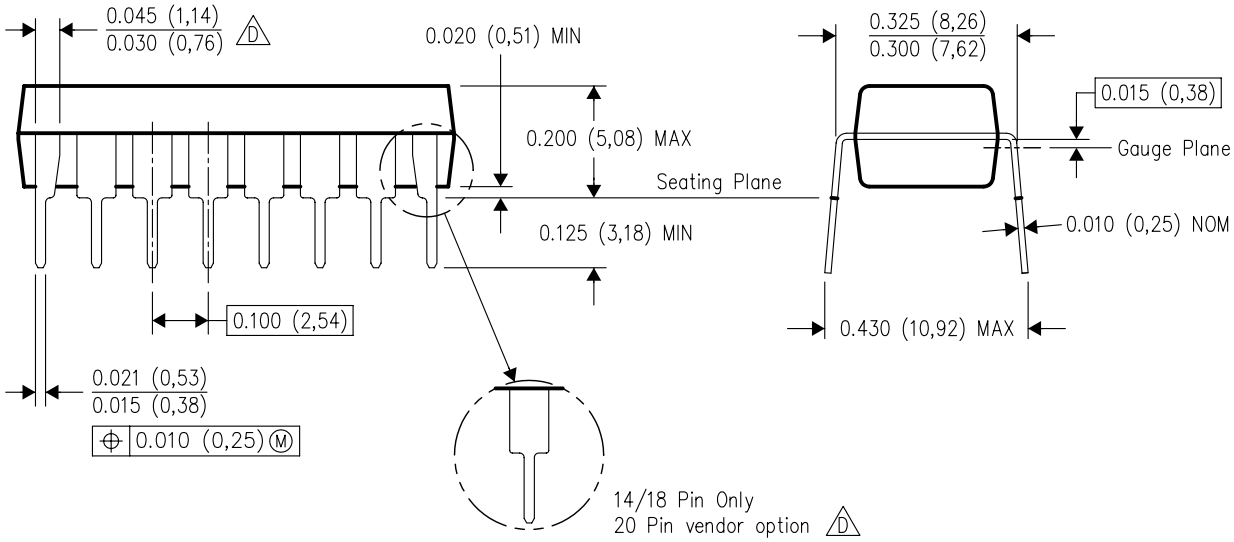
N (R–PDIP–T**)

PLASTIC DUAL–IN–LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN

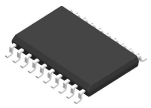


DIM \ PINS **	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
MS–001 VARIATION (C)	AA	BB	AC	AD



4040049/E 12/2002

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MS–001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
D. The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

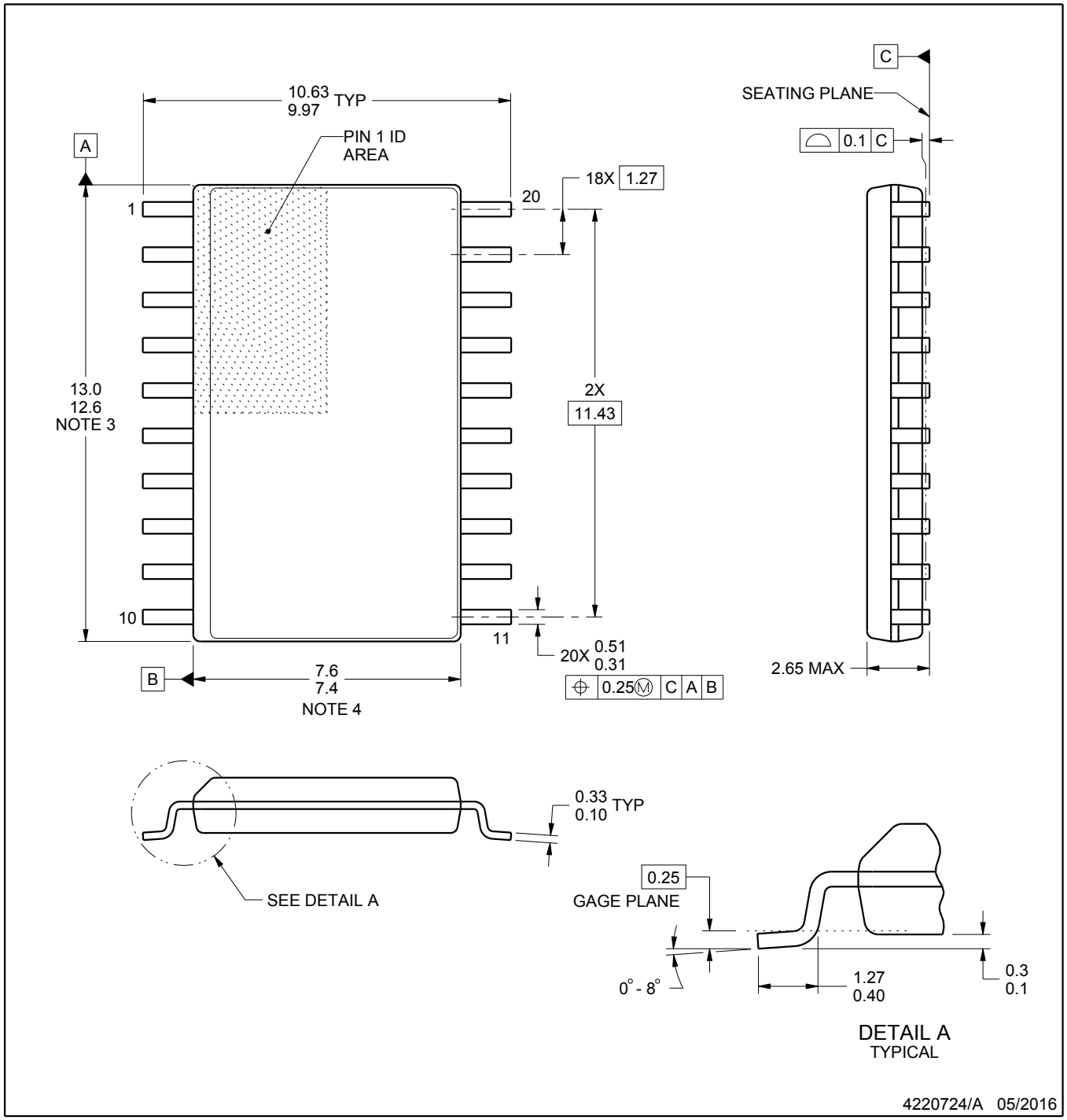


PACKAGE OUTLINE

DW0020A

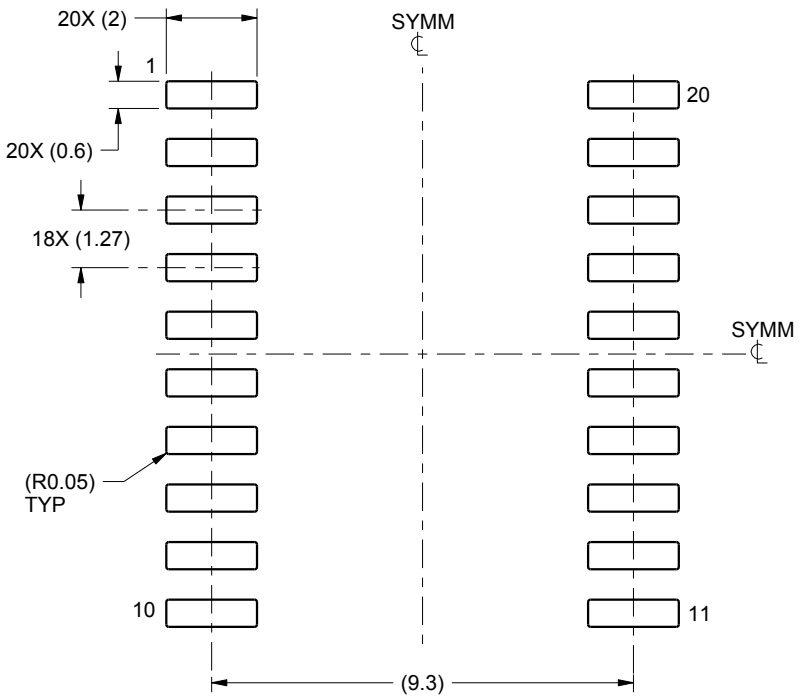
SOIC - 2.65 mm max height

SOIC

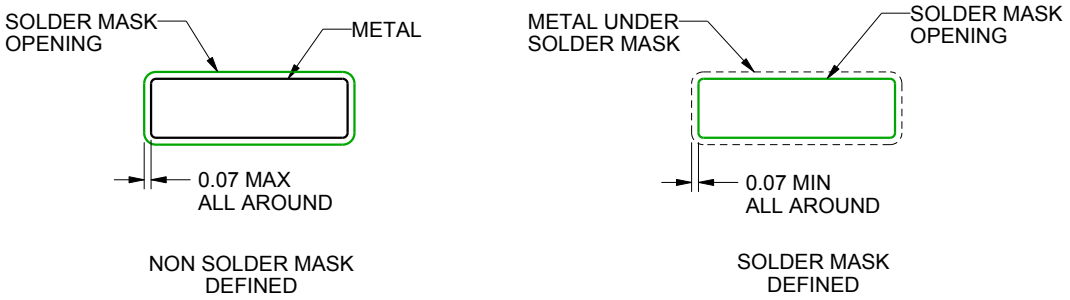


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-013.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:6X

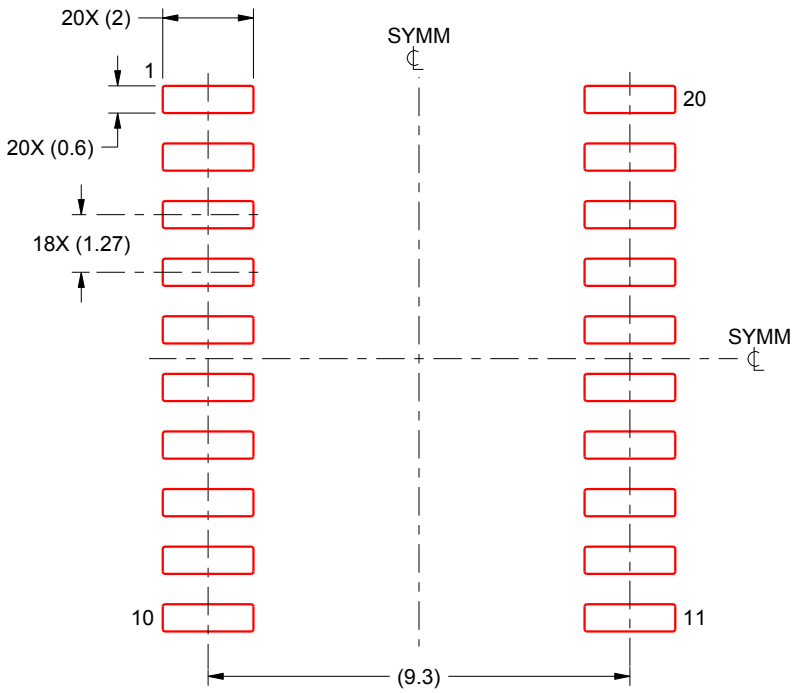


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220724/A 05/2016

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:6X

4220724/A 05/2016

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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郵送先住所：Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265