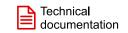
I P5866









JAJSMA3A – DECEMBER 2021 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2024

LP5866 6 × 18 LED マトリクス ドライバ、8 ビット アナログおよび 8/16 ビット PWM 調光付き

1 特長

- LED マトリクスのトポロジ:
 - 108 の LED ドットのための 6 のスキャン スイッチを 備えた 18 の定電流シンク
 - 1~6 に構成できるスキャン スイッチ
- 動作電圧範囲:
 - V_{CC}/V_{LFD} 範囲:2.7V~5.5V
 - 1.8V、3.3V、5V 互換のロジックピン
- 18 個の高精度定電流シンク:
 - 電流シンクあたり 0.1mA~50mA (V_{CC} ≥ 3.3V)
 - デバイス間誤差:±3% (チャネル電流 = 50mA)
 - チャネル間誤差:±3% (チャネル電流 = 50mA)
 - 位相シフトによる過渡電力の平衡化
- 極めて低い消費電力:
 - シャットダウン モード: I_{CC} ≦ 1µA (EN = Low 時)
 - スタンバイ モード: I_{CC} ≤ 10µA (LP5866MDBT は 15μA) (EN = High かつ CHIP_EN = 0 (データ保 持) 時)
 - アクティブ モード: Icc = 4.3mA (標準値、チャネル 電流 = 5mA)
- 柔軟な調光オプション:
 - 各 LED ドットを個別にオン / オフ制御
 - アナログ調光法 (電流ゲイン制御)
 - すべての LED ドットに対するグローバル 3 ビッ 卜最大電流 (MC) 設定
 - 3 グループの 7 ビット カラー電流 (CC) 設定 (赤、緑、青)
 - 各 LED ドットに対する個別の 8 ビットドット電 流 (DC) 設定
 - 可聴ノイズが発生しない周波数を使った PWM 調
 - すべての LED ドットに対するグローバル 8 ビッ トPWM 調光法
 - LED ドットを任意に割り当てるための 3 つのプ ログラム可能な8ビットPWM調光法グループ
 - 各 LED ドットに対する個別の 8 ビットまたは 16 ビット PWM 調光法
- データ通信量を最小限に抑えるための完全にアドレス 指定可能な SRAM
- 個別の LED ドット開放 / 短絡検出
- ゴースト除去および低輝度補償機能
- インターフェイス オプション
 - 1MHz (最大値) の I²C インターフェイス (IFS = Low 時)

12MHz (最大値) の SPI インターフェイス (IFS = High 時)

2 アプリケーション

- LED アニメーションおよび表示:
 - キーボード、マウス、ゲーム用アクセサリ
 - 大型およびスマート家電
 - スマートスピーカ、有線/無線スピーカ
 - オーディオミキサ、DJ 機器、放送
 - アクセス機器、スイッチ、サーバー
- 光学モジュールの定電流シンク

3 概要

電子デバイスはますます高性能になり、アニメーションや 表示のために大量の LED を使用する必要があります。小 型ソリューションサイズでユーザー体験を改善するには、 高性能 LED マトリクスドライバが必要です。

LP586x デバイス は、高性能 LED マトリクス ドライバ ファ ミリです。本デバイスは $N \times 18$ の LED ドットまたは $N \times 6$ の RGB LED をサポートするための N 個 (N = 1/2/4/6/8/11) のスイッチング MOSFET を備えた 18 個の 定電流シンクを内蔵しています。LP5866 は、最大 108 の LED ドットまたは 36 の RGB LED のための 6 つの MOSFET を内蔵しています。

LP5866 はアナログ調光法と PWM 調光法の両方をサポ ートしています。アナログ調光法の場合、各 LED ドットを 256 ステップで調整できます。 PWM 調光法の場合、内蔵 の 8 ビットまたは 16 ビット構成可能 PWM ジェネレータ が、滑らかで可聴ノイズの発生しない調光制御を実現しま す。各 LED ドットを 8 ビット グループ PWM に任意に割り 当てることで、調光制御を同時に実現することもできます。

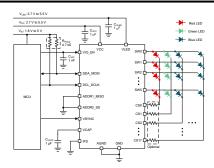
LP5866 デバイスは、データ通信量を最小限に抑えるた めに、完全にアドレス指定可能な SRAM を実装していま す。上側と下側のゴーストを除去するため、ゴーストキャン セル回路を内蔵しています。LP5866 は LED 開放 / 短絡 検出機能もサポートしています。LP5866 では、1MHz (最 大値) の I²C と 12MHz (最大値) の SPI が使用できま す。

製品情報

部品番号	パッケージ ⁽¹⁾	本体サイズ (公称)
LP5866	VQFN (40)	5.00mm × 5.00 mm
	TSSOP (38)	9.70mm × 4.40 mm

利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、データシートの末尾 にある注文情報を参照してください。





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4 Device Comparison

PART NUMBER	MATERIAL	LED DOT NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽²⁾	SOFTWARE COMPATIBLE	
LP5861	LP5861RSMR	18 × 1 = 18	VQFN-32		
LP5862	LP5862RSMR	18 × 2 = 36	VQFN-32		
LF3002	LP5862DBTR	10 ^ 2 - 30	TSSOP-38		
LP5864	LP5864RSMR	18 × 4 = 72	VQFN-32		
LF3004	LP5864MRSMR ⁽¹⁾	10 ^ 4 - 72	VQFN-32		
	LP5866RKPR		VQFN-40	Yes	
LP5866	LP5866DBTR	18 × 6 = 108	TSSOP-38		
	LP5866MDBTR ⁽¹⁾		1330F-30		
LP5868	LP5868RKPR	18 × 8 = 144	VQFN-40		
LP5860	LP5860RKPR	18 × 11 = 198	VQFN-40		
LF3000	LP5860MRKPR ⁽¹⁾	10 ^ 11 - 190	VQFN-40		

⁽¹⁾ Extended temperature devices, supporting –55°C to approximately 125°C operating ambient temperature.

⁽²⁾ The same packages are hardware compatible.



5 Pin Configuration and Functions

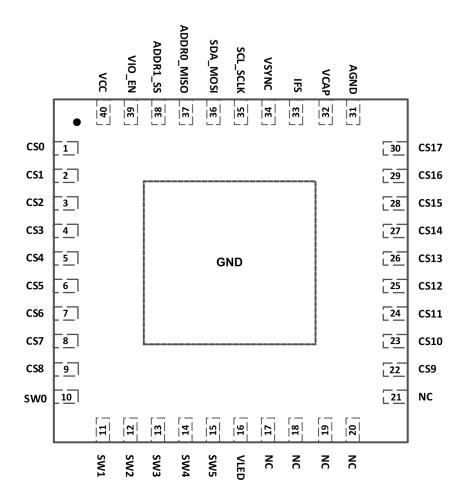


図 5-1. LP5866 RKP Package 40-Pin VQFN With Exposed Thermal Pad Top View

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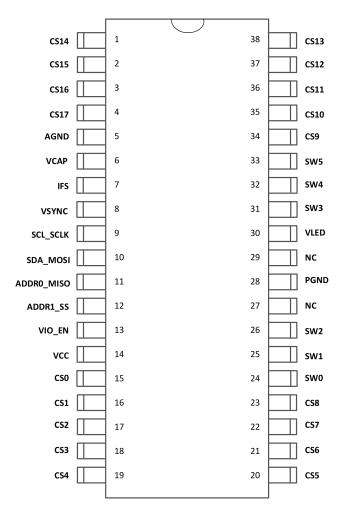


図 5-2. LP5866 DBT Package 38-Pin TSSOP Top View

表 5-1. Pin Functions

	PIN				
NAME	VQFN NO.	TSSOP NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
CS0	1	15	0	Current sink 0. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS1	2	16	0	Current sink 1. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS2	3	17	0	Current sink 2. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS3	4	18	0	Current sink 3. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS4	5	19	0	Current sink 4. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS5	6	20	0	Current sink 5. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS6	7	21	0	Current sink 6. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS7	8	22	0	Current sink 7. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS8	9	23	0	Current sink 8. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
SW0	10	24	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 0. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
SW1	11	25	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 1. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
SW2	12	26	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 2. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
SW3	13	31	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 3. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
SW4	14	32	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 4. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	

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表 5-1. Pin Functions (続き)

	PIN			23 3-1. 1 III I directions (Note:)	
NAME	VQFN NO.	TSSOP NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
SW5	15	33	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 5. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
VLED	16	30	Power	Power input for high-side switches	
NC	17, 18, 19, 20, 21	27, 29	_	No internal connection	
CS9	22	34	0	Current sink 9. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS10	23	35	0	Current sink 10. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS11	24	36	0	Current sink 11. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS12	25	37	0	Current sink 12. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS13	26	38	0	Current sink 13. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS14	27	1	0	Current sink 14. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS15	28	2	0	Current sink 15. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS16	29	3	0	Current sink 16. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
CS17	30	4	0	Current sink 17. If not used, this pin must be left floating.	
AGND	31	5	Ground	Analog ground. Must be connected to exposed thermal pad and common ground plane.	
VCAP	32	6	0	Internal LDO output. A 1-µF capacitor must be connected between this pin with GND. Place the capacitor as close to the device as possible.	
IFS	33	7	I	Interface type select. I ² C is selected when IFS is low. SPI is selected when IFS is high. A resistor must be connected between VIO and this pin.	
VSYNC	34	8	I	External synchronize signal for display mode 2 and mode 3	
SCL_SCLK	35	9	I	I ² C clock input or SPI clock input. Pull up to VIO when configured as I ² C.	
SDA_MOSI	36	10	I/O	I ² C data input or SPI leader output follower input. Pull up to VIO when configured as I ² C.	
ADDR0_MISO	37	11	I/O	I ² C address select 0 or SPI leader input follower output	
ADDR1_SS	38	12	ı	I ² C address select 1 or SPI follower select	
VIO_EN	39	13	Power,I	Power supply for digital circuits and chip enable. A 1-nF capacitor must be connected between this pin with GND and be placed as close to the device as possible.	
VCC	40	14	Power	Power supply for device. A 1-µF capacitor must be connected between this pin with GND and be placed as close to the device as possible.	
GND	Exposed Thermal Pad	1	Ground	Must be connected to AGND and common ground plane	



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage on V _{CC} / V _{LED} / VIO / EN / CS / SW / SDA / SCL / SCLK / MOSI / MISO / SS / ADDR0 / ADDR1 / VSYNC / IFS		-0.3	6	V
Voltage on VCAP		-0.3	2	V
T _J	Junction temperature	- 55	150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±3000	V
V _(ESD)	Liectrostatic discriarge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-002, all pins ⁽²⁾	±1000	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
Input voltage on V _{CC}	Supply voltage	2.7	5.5	V
Input voltage on V _{LED}	LED supply voltage	2.7	5.5	V
Input voltage on VIO_EN		1.65	5.5	V
Voltage on SDA / SCL / SCLK / MOSI / MISO / SS / ADDRx / VSYNC / IFS			VIO	V
T _A	Operating ambient temperature	-40	85	°C
T _A	Operating ambient temperature, LP5866MDBT	-55	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		LP5866,	LP5866, LP5866M			
	THERMAL METRIC (1)	RKP (VQFN)	DBT (TSSOP)	UNIT		
		40 Pins	38 Pins			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	31.4	67.0	°C/W		
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	22.9	20.1	°C/W		
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	12.0	27.4	°C/W		
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.3	1.0	°C/W		
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	12.0	27.0	°C/W		
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	3.5	n/a	°C/W		

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

資料に関するフィードバック(ご意見やお問い合わせ) を送信

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6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 V_{CC} = 3.3 V, V_{LED} = 3.8 V, VIO = 1.8 V and T_A = -40 °C to +85 °C (T_A = -55 °C to +125 °C for LP5866MDBT); Typical values are at T_A = 25 °C (unless otherwise specified)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power su	upplies					
V _{CC}	Device supply voltage		2.7		5.5	V
V _{UVR}	Undervoltage restart	V _{CC} rising, Test mode			2.5	V
V _{UVF}	Undervoltage shutdown	V _{CC} falling, Test mode	1.9			V
V _{UV_HYS}	Undervoltage shutdown hysteresis			0.3		V
V _{CAP}	Internal LDO output	V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V		1.78		V
	Shutdown supply current I _{SHUTDOWN}	V_{EN} = 0 V, CHIP_EN = 0 (bit), measure the total current from V_{CC} and V_{LED}		0.1	1	μA
		V_{EN} = 3.3 V, CHIP_EN = 0 (bit), measure the total current from V_{CC} and V_{LED}		5.5	10	μA
I _{CC}	Standby supply current I _{STANDBY}	V_{EN} = 3.3 V, CHIP_EN = 0 (bit), measure the total current from V_{CC} and V_{LED} , LP5866MDBT		5.5	15	μΑ
	Active mode supply current I _{NORMAL}	V_{EN} = 3.3 V, CHIP_EN = 1 (bit), all channels I _{OUT} = 5 mA (MC = 1, CC = 127, DC = 256), measure the current from V _{CC}		4.3	6	mA
V_{LED}	LED supply voltage		2.7		5.5	V
V _{VIO}	VIO supply voltage		1.65		5.5	V
I _{VIO}	VIO supply current	Interface idle			5	μA
Output S	tages					
laa	Constant current sink output range (CS0	2.7 <= V _{CC} < 3.3 V, PWM = 100%	0.1		40	mA
I _{CS}	- CS17)	V _{CC} >= 3.3 V PWM = 100%	0.1		50	mA
I_{LKG}	Leakage current (CS0 - CS17)	channels off, up_deghost = 0, V _{CS} = 5 V		0.1	1	μΑ
	Device to device current error, I _{ERR_DD} = (I _{AVE} - I _{SET}) / I _{SET} × 100%	All channels ON. Current set to 0.1 mA. MC = 0 CC = 42 DC = 25 PWM = 100%	-7		7	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 1 mA. MC = 2 CC = 127 DC = 25 PWM = 100%	-5		5	%
I _{ERR_DD}		All channels ON. Current set to 10 mA. MC = 2 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-3.5		3.5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 25 mA. MC = 7 CC = 64 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-3.5		3.5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 50 mA. MC = 7 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-3		3	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 0.1 mA. MC = 0 CC = 42 DC = 25 PWM = 100%	-5.5		5.5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 1 mA. MC = 2 CC = 127 DC = 25 PWM = 100%	– 5		5	%
I _{ERR_CC}	Channel to channel current error, I _{ERR_CC} = (I _{OUTX} - I _{AVE}) / I _{AVE} × 100%	All channels ON. Current set to 10 mA. MC = 2 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-4		4	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 25 mA. MC = 7 CC = 64 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-3.5		3.5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 50 mA. MC = 7 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-3		3	%
f	LED DWM fraguency	PWM_Fre = 1, PWM = 100%		62.5		KHz
† _{PWM}	LED PWM frequency	PWM Fre = 0, PWM = 100%		125		KHz



6.5 Electrical Characteristics (続き)

 V_{CC} = 3.3 V, V_{LED} = 3.8 V, VIO = 1.8 V and T_A = -40 °C to +85 °C (T_A = -55 °C to +125 °C for LP5866MDBT); Typical values are at T_A = 25 °C (unless otherwise specified)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		I _{OUT} = 50 mA, decreasing output voltage, when the LED current has dropped 5%			0.45	V
V _{SAT}	Output saturation voltage	I _{OUT} = 30 mA, decreasing output voltage, when the LED current has dropped 5%			0.4	V
		I _{OUT} = 10 mA, decreasing output voltage, when the LED current has dropped 5%			0.35	V
		V _{LED} = 2.7 V, I _{SW} = 200 mA		450		mΩ
R _{SW}	High-side PMOS ON resistance	V _{LED} = 3.8 V, I _{SW} = 200 mA		380		mΩ
		V _{LED} = 5 V, I _{SW} = 200 mA		310		mΩ
Logic Inte	erfaces					
V _{LOGIC_IL}	Low-level input voltage, SDA, SCL, SCLK, MOSI, SS, ADDRx, VSYNC, IFS			C	0.3 × VIO	V
V _{LOGIC_IH}	High-level input voltage, SDA, SCL, SCLK, MOSI, SS, ADDRx, VSYNC, IFS		0.7 × VIO			V
V _{EN_IL}	Low-level input voltage of EN				0.4	V
V _{EN_IH}	High-level input voltage of EN	When V _{CAP} powered up	1.4			V
I _{LOGIC_I}	Input current, SDA, SCL, SCLK, MOSI, SS, ADDRx		-1		1	μΑ
V _{LOGIC_O}	Low-level output voltage, SDA, MISO	I _{PULLUP} = 3 mA			0.4	V
V _{LOGIC_O}	High-level output voltage, MISO	I _{PULLUP} = –3 mA	0.7 × VIO			V
Protection	n Circuits					
V _{LOD_TH}	Thershold for channel open detection			0.25		V
V _{LSD_TH}	Thershold for channel short detection		\	/ _{LED} – 1		V
T _{TSD}	Thermal-shutdown junction temperature			150		°C
T _{HYS}	Thermal shutdown temperature hysteresis			15		°C

6.6 Timing Requirements

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
MISC. Tim	ming Requirements				
fosc	Internal oscillator frequency		31.2		MHz
f _{OSC_ERR}	Device to device oscillator frequency error	-3%		3%	
t _{POR_H}	Wait time from UVLO disactive to device NORMAL			500	μs
t _{CHIP_EN}	Wait time from setting Chip_EN (Register) =1 to device NORMAL			100	μs
t _{RISE}	LED output rise time		10		ns
t _{FALL}	LED output fall time		15		ns
t _{VSYNC_H}	The minimum high-level pulse width of VSYNC	200			μs
SPI timing	requirements				
f _{SCLK}	SPI Clock frequency			12	MHz
1	Cycle time	83.3			ns
2	SS active lead-time	50			ns
3	SS active leg time	50			ns
4	SS inactive time	50			ns

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6.6 Timing Requirements (続き)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
5	SCLK low time	36		ns
6	SCLK high time	36		ns
7	MOSI set-up time	20		ns
8	MOSI hold time	20		ns
9	MISO disable time		30	ns
10	MISO data valid time		35	ns
C _b	Bus capacitance	5	40	pF
I ² C stan	ndard mode timing requirements	<u>'</u>	,	
I ² C fast	mode timing requirements			
f _{SCL}	I ² C clock frequency	0	400	KHz
1	Hold time (repeated) START condition	0.6		μs
2	Clock low time	1.3		μs
3	Clock high time	0.6		μs
4	Setup time for a repeated START condition	0.6		μs
5	Data hold time	0		μs
6	Data setup time	100		ns
7	Rise time of SDA and SCL		300	ns
8	Fall time of SDA and SCL		300	ns
9	Setup time for STOP condition	0.6		μs
10	Bus free time between a STOP and a START condition	1.3		μs
I ² C fast	mode plus timing requirements	1	1	
f _{SCL}	I ² C clock frequency	0	1000	KHz
1	Hold time (repeated) START condition	0.26		μs
2	Clock low time	0.5		μs
3	Clock high time	0.26		μs
4	Setup time for a repeated START condition	0.26		μs
5	Data hold time	0		μs
6	Data setup time	50		ns
7	Rise time of SDA and SCL		120	ns
8	Fall time of SDA and SCL		120	ns
9	Setup time for STOP condition	0.26		μs
10	Bus free time between a STOP and a START condition	0.5		μs

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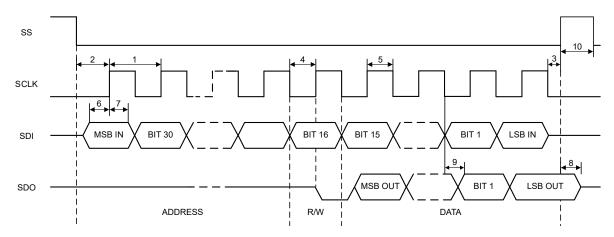


図 6-1. SPI Timing Parameters

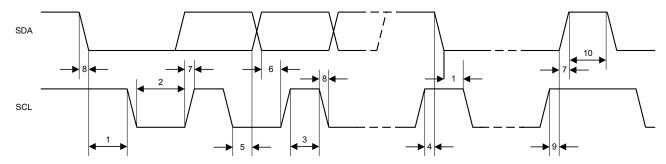
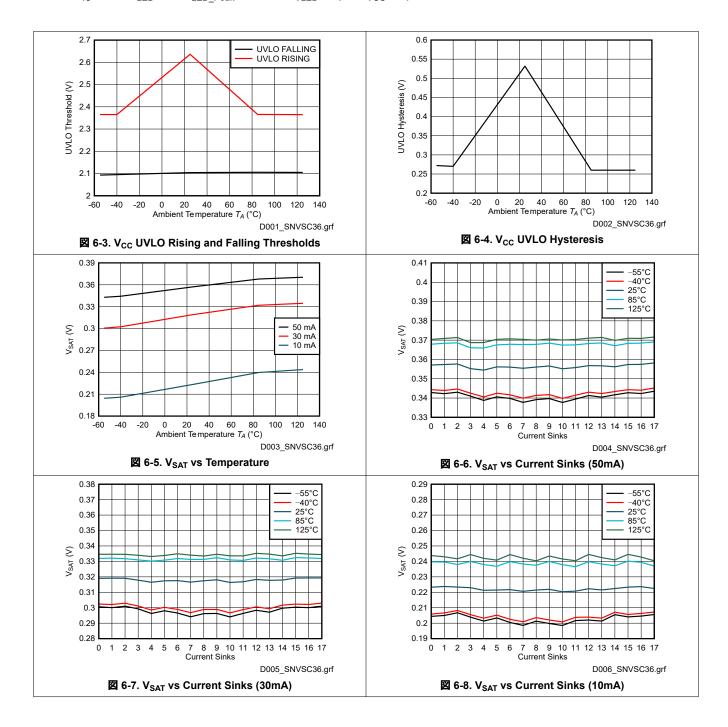


図 6-2. I²C Timing Parameters

6.7 Typical Characteristics

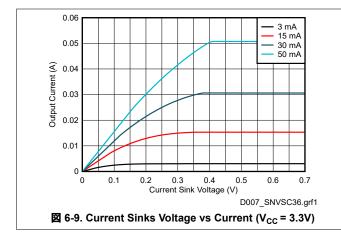
Unless specified otherwise, typical characteristics apply over the full ambient temperature range ($-40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{TA} < +85^{\circ}\text{C}$), $V_{\text{CC}} = 3.3\text{V}$, $V_{\text{IO}} = 3.3$, $V_{\text{LED}} = 5\text{V}$, I_{LED} Peak = 50mA, $C_{\text{VLED}} = 1\mu\text{F}$, $C_{\text{VCC}} = 1\mu\text{F}$

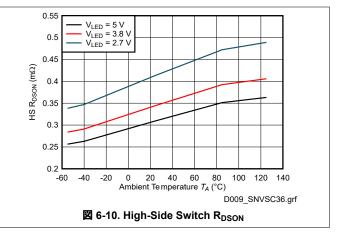




6.7 Typical Characteristics (continued)

Unless specified otherwise, typical characteristics apply over the full ambient temperature range ($-40^{\circ}C < TA < +85^{\circ}C$), $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_{IO} = 3.3$, $V_{LED} = 5V$, $I_{LED_Peak} = 50 \text{mA}$, $C_{VLED} = 1 \mu \text{F}$, $C_{VCC} = 1 \mu \text{F}$







7 Detailed Description

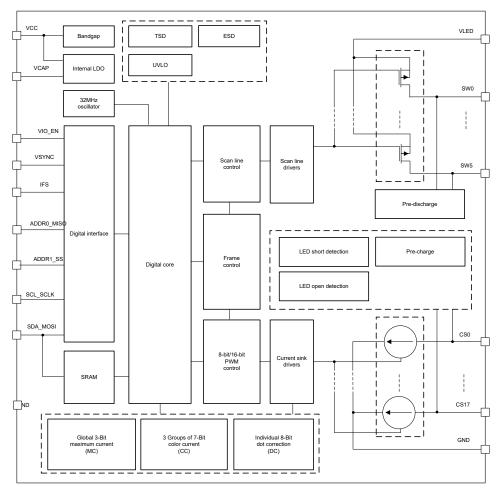
7.1 Overview

The LP5866 is an 6×18 LED matrix driver. The device integrates 6 switching FETs with 18 constant current sinks. One LP5866 device can drive up to 108 LED dots or 36 RGB pixels by using time-multiplexing matrix scheme.

The LP5866 supports both analog dimming and PWM dimming methods. For analog dimming, the current gain of each individual LED dot can be adjusted with 256 steps through 8-bits dot correction. For PWM dimming, the integrated 8-bits or 16-bits configurable, > 20kHz PWM generators for each LED dot enable smooth, vivid animation effects without audible noise. Each LED can also be mapped into a 8-bits group PWM to achieve the group control with minimum data traffic.

The LP5866 device implements full addressable SRAM. The device supports entire SRAM data refresh and partial SRAM data update on demand to minimize the data traffic. The LP5866 implements the ghost cancellation circuit to eliminate both upside and downside ghosting. The LP5866 also uses low brightness compensation technology to support high density LED pixels. Both 1MHz (maximum) I²C and 12MHz (maximum) SPI interfaces are available in the LP5866.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Time-Multiplexing Matrix

The LP5866 device uses time-multiplexing matrix scheme to support up to 108 LED dots with one chip. The device integrates 18 current sinks with 6 scan lines to drive $18 \times 6 = 108$ LED dots or $6 \times 6 = 36$ RGB pixels. In matrix control scheme, the device scans from Line 0 to Line 5 sequentially as shown in $\boxed{2}$ 7-1. Current gain and PWM duty registers are programmable for each LED dot to support individual analog and PWM dimming.

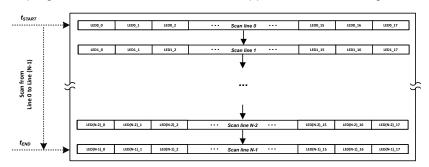
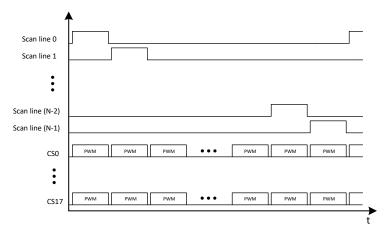


図 7-1. Scan Line Control Scheme

There are 6 high-side p-channel MOSFETs (PMOS) integrated in LP5866 device. Users can flexibly set the active scan numbers from 1 to 6 by configuring the 'Max_Line_Num' in Dev_initial register. The time-multiplexing matrix timing sequence follows the \boxtimes 7-2.



☑ 7-2. Time-Multiplexing Matrix Timing Sequence

One cycle time of the line switching can be calculated as below:

$$t_{line\ switch} = t_{PWM} + t_{SW\ BLK} + 2 \times t_{phase\ shift}$$
 (1)

- t_{PWM} is the current sink active time, which equals to 8 us (PWM frequency set at 125 kHz) or 16 us (PWM frequency set at 62.5 kHz) by configuring 'PWM Fre' in Dev initial register.
- t_{SW_BLK} is the switch blank time, which equals to 1 us or 0.5 us by configuring 'SW_BLK' in Dev_config1 register.
- t_{phase_shift} is the PWM phase shift time, which equal to 0 or 125 ns by configuring 'PWM_Phase_Shift' in Dev_config1 register.

Total display time for one complete sub-period is t_{sub_period} and it can be calculated by the following equation:

$$t_{\text{sub_period}} = t_{\text{line_switch}} \times \text{Scan_line\#}$$
 (2)

• Scan line# is the scan line number determined by 'Max Line Num' in Dev initial register.

The time-multiplexing matrix scheme time diagram is shown in 🗵 7-3. The t_{CS_ON_Shift} is the current sink turning on shift by configuring 'CS_ON_Shift' bit in Dev_config1 register.

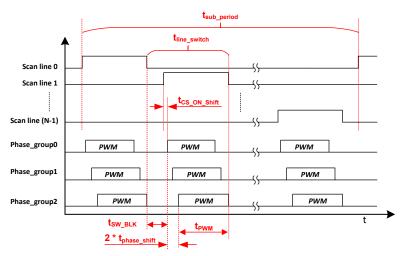


図 7-3. Time-Multiplexing Matrix Timing Diagram

The LP5866 device implements deghosting and low brightness compensation to remove the side effects of matrix topology:

- Deghosting: Both upside deghosting and downside deghosting are implemented to eliminate the LED unexpected weak turn-on.
 - Upside_deghosting: discharge each scan line during its off state. By configuring the 'Up_Deghost' in
 Dev config3 register, the LP5866 discharges and clamps the scan line switch to a certain voltage.
 - Downside_deghosting: pre-charge each current sink voltage during its OFF state. The deghosting capability can be adjusted through the 'Down_Deghost' in Dev_config3 register.
- Low Brightness Compensation: three groups compensation are implemented to overcome the color-shift and non-uniformity in low brightness conditions. The compensation capability can be through 'Comp Group1', 'Comp Group2', and 'Comp Group3' in Dev config2 register.
 - Compensation_group 1: CS0, CS3, CS6, CS9, CS12, CS15.
 - Compensation group 2: CS1, CS4, CS7, CS10, CS13, CS16.
 - Compensation_group 3: CS2, CS5, CS8, CS11, CS14, CS17.

7.3.2 Analog Dimming (Current Gain Control)

Analog dimming of LP5866 is achieved by configuring the current gain control. There are several methods to control the current gain of each LED.

- Global 3-bits Maximum Current (MC) setting without external resistor
- · 3 groups of 7-bits Color Current (CC) setting
- Individual 8-bit Dot Current (DC) setting

Global 3-Bits Maximum Current (MC) Setting

The MC is used to set the maximum current I_{OUT_MAX} for each current sink and this current is the maximum peak current for each LED dot. The MC can be set with 3 bits (8 steps) from 3 mA to 50 mA. When the device is powered on, the MC data is set to default value, which is 15 mA.

For data refresh Mode 1, MC data is effective immediately after new data is updated. For Mode 2 and Mode 3, to avoid unexpected MC data change during high speed data refreshing, MC data must be changed when all channels are off and new MC data is only be updated when the 'Chip_EN' bit in Chip_en register is set to 0, and after the 'Chip_EN' returns to 1, the new MC data is effective. 'Down_Deghost' and 'Up_Deghost' in Dev_config3 work in the similar way with MC.

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表 7-1. Maximum Current (MC) Register Setting

3-BITS MAXIMUM_C	URRENT REGISTER	I _{OUT_MAX}
Binary	Decimal	mA
000	0	3
001	1	5
010	2	10
011 (default)	3 (default)	15 (default)
100	4	20
101	5	30
110	6	40
111	7	50

3 Groups of 7-Bits Color Current (CC) Setting

The LP5866 device can adjust the output current of three color groups separately. For each color, the device has 7-bits data in 'CC_Group1', 'CC_Group2', and 'CC_Group3'. Thus, all color group currents can be adjusted in 128 steps from 0% to 100% of the maximum output current, I_{OUT_MAX}.

The 18 current sinks have fixed mapping to the three color groups:

- CC-Group 1: CS0, CS3, CS6, CS9, CS12, CS15.
- CC-Group 2: CS1, CS4, CS7, CS10, CS13, CS16.
- CC-Group 3: CS2, CS5, CS8, CS11, CS14, CS17.

表 7-2. 3 Groups of 7-bits Color Current (CC) Setting

	27 210 Groups of 1 bits color current (co) cotting								
7-BITS CC_GROUP1/CC_GRO	DUP2/CC_GROUP3 REGISTER	RATIO OF OUTPUT CURRENT TO I _{OUT_MAX}							
Binary	Decimal	%							
000 0000	0	0							
000 0001	1	0.79							
000 0010	2	1.57							
100 0000 (default)	64 (default)	50.4 (default)							
111 1101	125	98.4							
111 1110	126	99.2							
111 1111	127	100							

Individual 8-bit Dot Current (DC) Setting

The LP5866 can individually adjust the output current of each LED by using dot current function through DC setting. The device allows the brightness deviations of the LEDs to adjusted be individually. Each output DC is programmed with a 8-bit depth, so the value can be adjusted with 256 steps within the range from 0% to 100% of ($I_{OUT\ MAX} \times CC/127$).

表 7-3. Individual 8-bit Dot Current (DC) Setting

8-BIT DC	REGISTER	RATIO OF OUTPUT CURRENT TO I _{OUT_MAX} × CC/127				
Binary	Decimal	%				
0000 0000	0	0				
0000 0001	1	0.39				
0000 0010	2	0.78				

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致 7-3. Individual 0-bit Dot Odiffert (DO) Setting (MLC)								
8-BIT DC	REGISTER	RATIO OF OUTPUT CURRENT TO I _{OUT_MAX} × CC/127						
Binary	Decimal	%						
1000 0000 (default)	128 (default)	50.2 (default)						
1111 1101	253	99.2						
1111 1110	254	99.6						
1111 1111	255	100						

表 7-3. Individual 8-bit Dot Current (DC) Setting (続き)

In summary, the current gain of each current sink can be calculated as below:

$$I_{OUT}$$
 (mA) = $I_{OUT MAX} \times (CC/127) \times (DC/255)$ (3)

For time-multiplexing scan scheme, if the scan number is N, each LED dot average current I_{AVG} is shown as below:

$$I_{AVG}$$
 (mA) = I_{OUT} / N = $I_{OUT\ MAX}$ × (CC/127) × (DC/255) / N (4)

7.3.3 PWM Dimming

There are several methods to control the PWM duty cycle of each LED dot.

Individual 8-bit / 16-bit PWM for Each LED Dot

Every LED has an individual 8-bit or 16-bit PWM register that is used to change the LED brightness by PWM duty. The LP5866 uses an enhanced spectrum PWM (ES-PWM) algorithm to achieve 16-bit depth with high refresh rate, which can avoid flicker under a high speed camera. Comparing with conventional 8-bit PWM, 16-bit PWM can help to achieve ultimate high dimming resolution in LED animation applications.

• 3 Programmable Groups of 8-bit PWM Dimming

The group PWM Control is used to select LEDs into 1 to 3 groups where each group has a separate register for duty cycle control. Every LED has 2-bit selection in LED_DOT_GROUP Registers (x = 0, 1, ..., 29.) to select whether it belongs to one of the three groups or not:

- 00: not a member of any group
- 01: member of group 1
- 10: member of group 2
- 11: member of group 3

8-bit PWM for Global Dimming

The Global PWM Control function affects all LEDs simultaneously.

The final PWM duty cycle can be calculated as below:

The LP5866 supports 125-kHz or 62.5-kHz PWM output frequency. The PWM frequency is selected by configuring the 'PWM_Fre' in Dev_initial register. An internal 31.2-MHz oscillator is used for generating PWM outputs. The high-accuracy design of the oscillator ($f_{OSC_ERR} \le \pm 2\%$) enables a better synchronization if multiple LP5866 devices are connected together.

A PWM phase-shifting scheme is implemented in each current sink to avoid the current overshot when turning on simultaneously. As the LED drivers are not activated simultaneously, the peak load current from the pre-stage power supply is significantly decreased. This scheme also reduces input-current ripple and ceramic-capacitor



audible ringing. LED drivers are grouped into three different phases. By configuring the 'PWM_Phase_Shift' in Dev_config1 register, which is default off, the LP5866 supports $t_{phase\ shift}$ = 125-ns shifting time shown in \boxtimes 7-4.

- Phase 1: CS0, CS3, CS6, CS9, CS12, CS15.
- Phase 2: CS1, CS4, CS7, CS10, CS13, CS16.
- Phase 3: CS2, CS5, CS8, CS11, CS14, CS17.

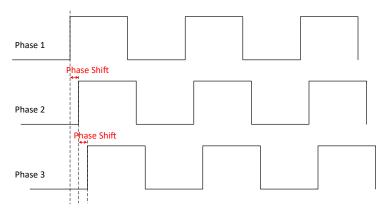


図 7-4. Phase Shift

To avoid high current sinks output ripple during line switching, current sinks can be configured to turn on with 1 clock delay (62.5 ns or 31.25 ns according to the PWM frequency) after lines turn on, as shown in \boxtimes 7-3. This function can be configured by 'CS_ON_Shift' in Dev_config1 register.

The LP5866 allows users to configure the dimming scale either exponentially (Gamma Correction) or linearly through the 'PWM_Scale_Mode' in Dev_config1 register. If a human-eye-friendly dimming curve is desired, using the internal fixed exponential scale is an easy approach. If a special dimming curve is desired, TI recommends using the linear scale with software correction. The LP5866 supports both linear and exponential dimming curves under 8-bit and 16-bit PWM depth. \boxtimes 7-5 is an example of 8-bit PWM depth.

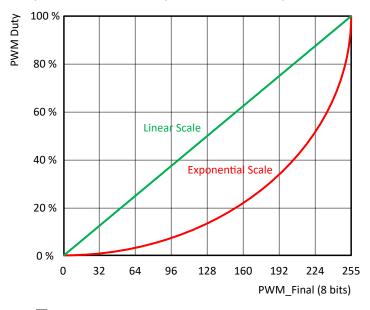


図 7-5. Linear and Exponential Dimming Curves

In summary, 🗵 7-6 illustrates the PWM control method:

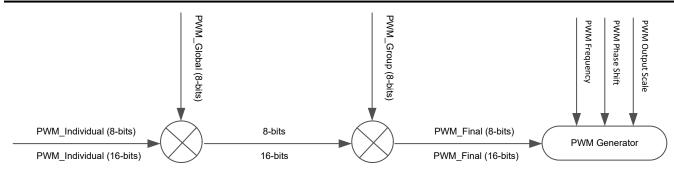


図 7-6. PWM Control Scheme

7.3.4 ON and OFF Control

The LP5866 device supports the individual ON and OFF control of each LED. For indication purpose, users can turn on and off the LED directly by writing 1-bit ON and OFF data to the corresponding Dot_onoffx (x = 0, 1, ..., 17) register.

7.3.5 Data Refresh Mode

The LP5866 supports three data refresh modes: Mode 1, Mode 2, and Mode 3, by configuring 'Data_Ref_Mode' in Dev_initial register.

Mode 1: 8-bit PWM data without VSYNC command. Data is sent out for display instantly after received. With Mode 1, users can refresh the corresponding dot data, only instead of updating the whole SRAM. It is called 'on demand data refresh', which can save the total data volume effectively. As shown in ☑ 7-7, the red LED dots can be refreshed after sending the corresponding data while the others kept the same with last frame.

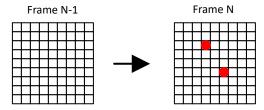


図 7-7. On Demand Data Refresh - Mode 1

Mode 2: 8-bit PWM data with VSYNC command. Data is held and sent out simultaneously by frame after receiving the VSYNC command.

Mode 3: 16-bit PWM data with VSYNC command. Data is held and sent out simultaneously by frame after receiving the VSYNC command.

Frame control is implemented in Mode 2 and Mode 3. Instead of refreshing the output instantly after data is received (Mode 1), the device holds the data and refreshes the whole frame data by a fixed frame rate, f_{VSYNC}. Usually, 24Hz, 50Hz, 60Hz, 120Hz or even higher frame rate is selected to achieve vivid animation effects. Whole SRAM Data Refresh is shown in \boxtimes 7-8, a new frame is updated after receiving the VSYNC command.

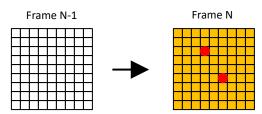


図 7-8. Whole SRAM Data Refresh

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Comparing with Mode 1, Mode 2 and Mode 3 provide a better synchronization when multiple LP5866 devices used together. A high-level pulse width longer than t_{SYNC_H} is required at the beginning of each VSYNC frame. \boxtimes 7-9 shows the VSYNC connections and \boxtimes 7-10 shows the timing requirements.

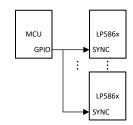


図 7-9. Multiple Devices Sync

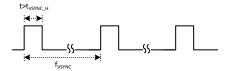


図 7-10. VSYNC Timing

Table 8-4 is the summary of the three data refresh modes.

表 7-4. Data Refresh Mode

MODE TYPE	PWM RESOLUTION	PWM OUTPUT	EXTERNAL VSYNC
Mode 1	8 Bits	Data update instantly	No
Mode 2	8 Bits	Data update by frame	Yes
Mode 3	16 Bits	- Data update by frame	ies

7.3.6 Full Addressable SRAM

SRAM is implemented inside the LP5866 device to support data writing and reading at the same time.

Although data refresh mechanisms are not the same for Mode 1 and Mode 2, and Mode 3, the data writing and reading follow the same method. Uses can update partial of the SRAM data only or the whole SRAM page simultaneously. The LP5866 supports auto-increment function to minimize data traffic and increase data transfer efficiency.

Please note that 16-bit PWM (Mode 3) and 8-bit PWM (Mode 1 and Mode 2) are assigned with different SRAM addresses.

7.3.7 Protections and Diagnostics

LED Open Detection

The LP5866 includes LED open detection (LOD) for the fault caused by any opened LED dot. The threshold for LED open is 0.25V typical. LED open detection is only performed when PWM \geq 25 (Mode 1 and Mode 2) or PWM \geq 6400 (Mode 3) and voltage on CSn is detected lower than open threshold for continuously 4 subperiods.

 \boxtimes 7-11 shows the detection circuit of LOD function. When open fault is detected, 'Global_LOD' bit in Fault_state register is set to 1 and detailed fault state for each LED is also monitored in register Dot_lodx (x = 0, 1, ..., 17). All open fault indicator bits can be cleared by setting LOD_clear = 0Fh after the open condition is removed.

LOD removal function can be enabled by setting 'LOD_removal' bit in Dev_config2 register to 1. This function turns off the current sink of the open channel when scanning to the line where the opened LED is included.

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English Data Sheet: SNVSC36

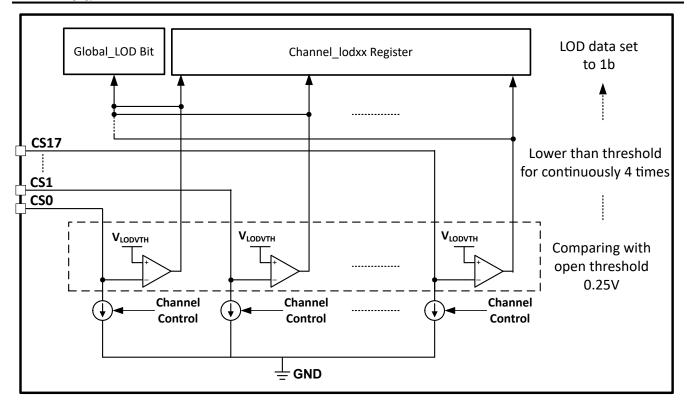


図 7-11. LOD Circuits

LED Short Detection

The LP5866 includes LED short detection (LSD) for the fault caused by any shorted LED. Threshold for channel short is (VLED - 1) V typical. LED short detection only performed when PWM \geq 25 (Mode 1 and Mode 2) or PWM \geq 6400 (Mode 3) and voltage on CSn is detected higher than short threshold for continuously 4 subperiods. As there is parasitic capacitance for the current sink, to make sure the LSD result is correct, TI recommends to set the LED current higher than 0.5mA.

☑ 7-12 shows the detection circuit of LSD function. When short fault is detected, 'Global_LSD bit' in Fault_state register is set to 1 and detailed fault state for every channel can also be monitored in register Dot_lsdx (x = 0, 1, ..., 17). All short fault indicator bits can be cleared by setting LSD_clear = 0Fh after the short condition is removed.

LSD removal function can be enabled by setting 'LSD_removal' bit in Dev_config2 register to 1. This function turns off the upside deghosting function of the scan line where short LED is included.



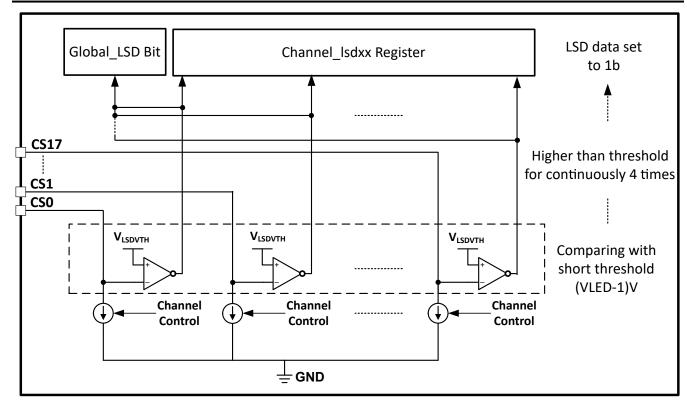


図 7-12. LSD Circuit

Thermal Shutdown

The LP5866 device implements thermal shutdown mechanism to protect the device from damage due to overheating. When the junction temperature rises to 160°C (typical) and above, the device switches into shutdown mode. The LP5866 exits thermal shutdown when the junction temperature of the device drops to 145°C (typical) and below.

UVLO (Undervoltage Lockout)

The LP5866 has an internal comparator that monitors the voltage at VCC. When VCC is below V_{UVF} , reset is active and the LP5866 enters INITIALIZATION state.



7.4 Device Functional Modes

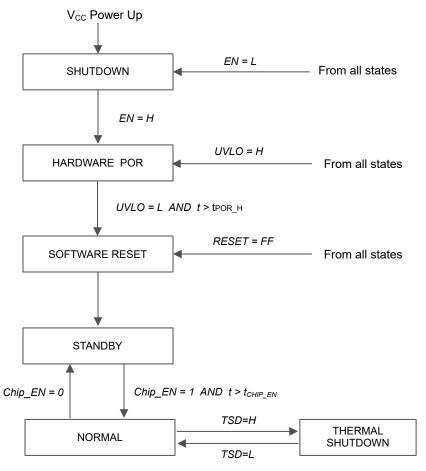


図 7-13. Device Functional Modes

- Shutdown: The device enters into shutdown mode from all states on VCC power up or EN pin is low.
- Hardware POR: The device enters into hardware POR when Enable pin is high or VCC fall under V_{UVF} causing UVLO = H from all states.
- Software reset: The device enters into software reset mode when VCC rise higher than V_{UVR} with the time t > t_{POR_H}. In this mode, all the registers are reset. Entry can also be from any state when the RESET (register) = FFh or UVLO is low.
- Standby: The device enters the standby mode when Chip_EN (register) = 0. In this mode, the device enters into low power mode, but the I²C/SPI are still available for Chip_EN only and the register data is retained.
- Normal: The device enters the normal mode when 'Chip_EN' = 1 with the time t > t_{CHIP_EN}.
- Thermal shutdown: The device automatically enters the thermal shutdown mode when the junction temperature exceeds 160°C (typical). If the junction temperature decreases below 145°C (typical), the device returns to the normal mode.

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7.5 Programming

Interface Selection

The LP5866 supports two communication interfaces: I²C and SPI. If IFS is high, it enters into SPI mode. If IFS is low, it enters into I²C mode.

表 7-5. Interface Selection

INTERFACE TYPE	ENTRY CONDITION
l ² C	IFS = Low
SPI	IFS = High

I²C Interface

The LP5866 is compatible with I²C standard specification. the device supports both fast mode (400kHz maximum) and fast plus mode (1MHz maximum).

I²C Data Transactions

The data on SDA line must be stable during the HIGH period of the clock signal (SCL). In other words, state of the data line can only be changed when clock signal is LOW. START and STOP conditions classify the beginning and the end of the data transfer session. A START condition is defined as the SDA signal transitioning from HIGH to LOW while SCL line is HIGH. A STOP condition is defined as the SDA transitioning from LOW to HIGH while SCL is HIGH. The bus leader always generates START and STOP conditions. The bus is considered to be busy after a START condition and free after a STOP condition. During data transmission, the bus leader can generate repeated START conditions. First START and repeated START conditions are functionally equivalent.

Each byte of data has to be followed by an acknowledge bit. The acknowledge related clock pulse is generated by the leader. The leader releases the SDA line (HIGH) during the acknowledge clock pulse. The device pulls down the SDA line during the 9th clock pulse, signifying an acknowledge. The device generates an acknowledge after each byte has been received.

There is one exception to the acknowledge after every byte rule. When the leader is the receiver, it must indicate to the transmitter an end of data by not acknowledging (negative acknowledge) the last byte clocked out of the follower. This negative acknowledge still includes the acknowledge clock pulse (generated by the leader), but the SDA line is not pulled down.

I²C Data Format

The address and data bits are transmitted MSB first with 8-bits length format in each cycle. Each transmission is started with Address Byte 1, which are divided into 5-bits of the chip address, 2 higher bits of the register address, and 1 read and write bit. The other 8 lower bits of register address are put in Address Byte 2. The device supports both independent mode and broadcast mode. The auto-increment feature allows writing and reading several consecutive registers within one transmission. If not consecutive, a new transmission must be started.

表 7-6. I²C Data Format

Address Byte 1			Chip Address	Register	R/W					
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Independent	1	0	0	ADDR1	ADDR0	9 th bit	8 th bit	R: 1 W: 0		
Broadcast	1	0	1	0	1	9 DIL	O., DIL	K. I W. U		
	Register Address									
Address Byte 2	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
	7 th bit	6 th bit	5 th bit	4 th bit	3 th bit	2 th bit	1 th bit	0 th bit		

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図 7-14. I²C Write Timing

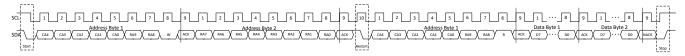
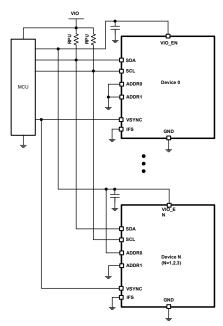


図 7-15. I²C Read Timing

Multiple Devices Connection

The LP5866 enters into I^2C mode if IFS is connected to GND. The ADDR0/1 pin is used to select the unique I^2C follower address for each device. The SCL and SDA lines must each have a pullup resistor (4.7K Ω for 400kHz, 2K Ω for 1MHz) placed somewhere on the line and remain HIGH even when the bus is idle. VIO_EN can either be connected with VIO power supply or GPIO. TI suggests to put one 1nF cap as closer to VIO_EN pin as possible. Up to four LP5866 follower devices can share the same I^2C bus by the different ADDR configurations.



☑ 7-16. I²C Multiple Devices Connection

SPI Interface

The LP5866 is compatible with SPI serial-bus specification, and it operates as a follower. The maximum frequency supported by LP5866 is 12MHz.

SPI Data Transactions

MISO output is normally in a high impedance state. When the follower-select pin SS for the device is active (low) the MISO output is pulled low for read only. During write cycle MISO stays in high-impedance state. The follower-select signal SS must be low during the cycle transmission. SS resets the interface when high. Data is clocked in on the rising edge of the SCLK clock signal, while data is clocked out on the falling edge of SCLK.

SPI Data Format

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The address and data bits are transmitted MSB first with 8-bits length format in each cycle. Each transmission is started with Address Byte 1, which contains 8 higher bits of the register address. The Address Byte 2 is started with 2 lower bits of the register address and 1 read and write bit. The auto-increment feature allows writing and reading several consecutive registers within one transmission. If not consecutive, a new transmission must be started.

表 7-7. SPI Data Format

Address Byte 1	Register Address										
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4 Bit 3		Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
	9 th bit	8 th bit	7 th bit	6 th bit	5 th bit	4 th bit	3 th bit	2 th bit			
Address Byte 2	Register	Register Address									
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
	1 th bit 0 th bit R: 0 W: 1 Don't Care										

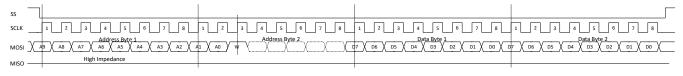


図 7-17. SPI Write Timing

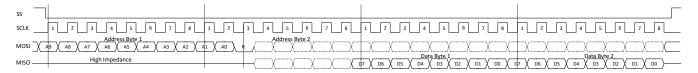
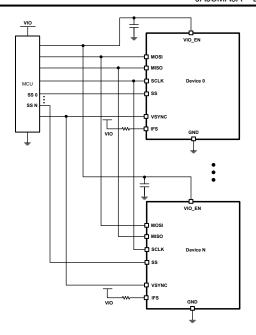


図 7-18. SPI Read Timing

Multiple Devices Connection

The device enters into SPI mode if IFS is pulled high to VIO through a pullup resistor ($4.7K\Omega$ recommended). VIO_EN can either be connected with VIO power supply or GPIO. TI suggests to put one 1nF cap as closer to VIO_EN pin as possible. In SPI mode host can address as many devices as there are follower select pins on host.



☑ 7-19. SPI Multiple Devices Connection

7.6 Register Maps

This section provides a summary of the register maps. For detailed register functions and descriptions, please refer to *LP5866 11x18 LED Matrix Driver Register Maps*.

表 7-8. Register Section, Block Access Type Codes

zer er kegister esetten, zieek kesese Type esette							
Access Type	Code	Description					
Read Type							
R	R	Read					
RC	R	Read					
	С	to Clear					
R-0	R	Read					
	-0	Returns 0s					
Write Type							
W	W	Write					
W0CP	W	W					
	0C	0 to clear					
	P	Requires privileged access					
Reset or Default Value							
-n		Value after reset or the default value					

Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
Chip_en	000h	R/W	Reserved	served						Chip_EN	00h
Dev_initial	001h	R/W	Reserved	Max_Line_	Max_Line_Num Data_Re				Mode	PWM_Fre	5Eh
Dev_config1	002h	R/W	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	SW_BLK	_	_	CS_ON_ Shift	00h
Dev_config2	003h	R/W	Comp_Gro	up3	Comp_Group2		Comp_Group1		LOD_rem oval	LSD_rem oval	00h

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Dev_config3	004h	R/W	Down_Deg	phost	Up_Degho	st	Maximum_	Current		Up_Degh ost_enabl e	47h
Global_bri	005h	R/W	PWM_Glob	VM_Global F					FFh		
Group0_bri	006h	R/W	PWM_Gro	up1							FFh
Group1_bri	007h	R/W	PWM_Gro	up2							FFh
Group2_bri	008h	R/W	PWM_Gro	up3							FFh
R_current_set	009h	R/W	Reserved	CC_Group	1						40h
G_current_set	00Ah	R/W	Reserved	CC_Group	2						40h
B_current_set	00Bh	R/W	Reserved	CC_Group	3						40h
Dot_grp_sel0	00Ch	R/W	Dot L0-CS	3 group	Dot L0-CS	2 group	Dot L0-CS	1 group	Dot L0-CS	0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel1	00Dh	R/W	Dot L0-CS	7 group	Dot L0-CS	6 group	Dot L0-CS	5 group	Dot L0-CS	4 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel2	00Eh	R/W	Dot L0-CS	11 group	Dot L0-CS	10 group	Dot L0-CS	9 group	Dot L0-CS	8 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel3	00Fh	R/W	Dot L0-CS	15 group	Dot L0-CS	14 group	Dot L0-CS	13 group	Dot L0-CS	12 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel4	010h	R/W	Reserved				Dot L0-CS	17 group	Dot L0-CS	16 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel5	011h	R/W	Dot L1-CS	3 group	Dot L1-CS	2 group	Dot L1-CS	1 group	Dot L1-CS	0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel6	012h	R/W	Dot L1-CS	7 group	Dot L1-CS	6 group	Dot L1-CS	5 group	Dot L1-CS	4 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel7	013h	R/W	Dot L1-CS	11 group	Dot L1-CS	10 group	Dot L1-CS	9 group	Dot L1-CS	8 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel8	014h	R/W	Dot L1-CS	15 group	Dot L1-CS	14 group	Dot L1-CS	13 group	Dot L1-CS	12 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel9	015h	R/W	Reserved				Dot L1-CS17 group Dot L1-CS16 group			16 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel10	016h	R/W	Dot L2-CS	3 group	Dot L2-CS	2 group	Dot L2-CS1 group Do		Dot L2-CS	0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel11	017h	R/W	Dot L2-CS	Dot L2-CS7 group Dot L2-CS6 group		Dot L2-CS5 group Dot L2-CS4 group			4 group	00h	
Dot_grp_sel12	018h	R/W	Dot L2-CS	Dot L2-CS11 group Dot L2-CS10 group		Dot L2-CS9 group Dot L2-CS8 group			8 group	00h	
Dot_grp_sel13	019h	R/W	Dot L2-CS	Dot L2-CS15 group Dot L2-CS14 group		Dot L2-CS13 group Dot L2-CS12 group			12 group	00h	
Dot_grp_sel14	01Ah	R/W	Reserved	Reserved		Dot L2-CS17 group Dot L2-CS16 group			16 group	00h	
Dot_grp_sel15	01Bh	R/W	Dot L3-CS	3 group	Dot L3-CS	2 group	Dot L3-CS1 group Dot L3-CS0 group			0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel16	01Ch	R/W	Dot L3-CS	7 group	Dot L3-CS	6 group	Dot L3-CS5 group Dot L3-CS4 group			4 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel17	01Dh	R/W	Dot L3-CS	11 group	Dot L3-CS	10 group	Dot L3-CS9 group Dot L3-CS8 group			8 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel18	01Eh	R/W	Dot L3-CS	15 group	Dot L3-CS	14 group	Dot L3-CS13 group Dot L3-CS12 group			12 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel19	01Fh	R/W	Reserved				Dot L3-CS17 group Dot L3-CS16 group			16 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel20	020h	R/W	Dot L4-CS	3 group	Dot L4-CS	2 group	Dot L4-CS1 group Dot L4-CS0			0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel21	021h	R/W	Dot L4-CS	7 group	Dot L4-CS	6 group	Dot L4-CS5 group Dot L4-0		Dot L4-CS	4 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel22	022h	R/W	Dot L4-CS	11 group	Dot L4-CS	10 group	Dot L4-CS	9 group	Dot L4-CS	8 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel23	023h	R/W	Dot L4-CS	15 group	Dot L4-CS	14 group	Dot L4-CS	13 group	Dot L4-CS	12 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel24	024h	R/W	Reserved				Dot L4-CS	17 group	Dot L4-CS	16 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel25	025h	R/W	Dot L5-CS	3 group	Dot L5-CS	2 group	Dot L5-CS	1 group	Dot L5-CS	0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel26	026h	R/W	Dot L5-CS	7 group	Dot L5-CS	6 group	Dot L5-CS	5 group	Dot L5-CS	4 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel27	027h	R/W	Dot L5-CS	11 group	Dot L5-CS	10 group	Dot L5-CS	9 group	Dot L5-CS	8 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel28	028h	R/W	Dot L5-CS	15 group	Dot L5-CS	14 group	Dot L5-CS		Dot L5-CS	12 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel29	029h	R/W	Reserved				Dot L5-CS		Dot L5-CS	16 group	00h
Dot_onoff0	043h	R/W	Dot L0- CS7 onoff	Dot L0- CS6 onoff	Dot L0- CS5 onoff	Dot L0- CS4 onoff	Dot L0- CS3 onoff	Dot L0- CS2 onoff	Dot L0- CS1 onoff	Dot L0- CS0 onoff	FFh
Dot_onoff1	044h	R/W	Dot L0- CS15 onoff	Dot L0- CS14 onoff	Dot L0- CS13 onoff	Dot L0- CS12 onoff	Dot L0- CS11 onoff	Dot L0- CS10 onoff	Dot L0- CS9 onoff	Dot L0- CS8 onoff	FFh
Dot_onoff2	045h	R/W	Reserved				•	•	Dot L0- CS17 onoff	Dot L0- CS16 onoff	03h



046h R/W Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-FFh Dot_onoff3 CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS4 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff 047h R/W Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-FFh Dot I 1-Dot I 1-Dot I 1-Dot_onoff4 CS8 onoff CS15 **CS14** CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 CS9 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff 048h R/W 03h Dot_onoff5 Reserved Dot L1-Dot L1-CS17 CS16 onoff onoff Dot L2-Dot L2-FFh Dot_onoff6 049h R/W Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS4 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff R/W Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot I 2-Dot I 2-Dot I 2-Dot_onoff7 04Ah Dot I 2-FFh CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 CS9 onoff CS8 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot onoff8 04Bh R/W Reserved Dot L2-Dot L2-03h CS17 CS16 onoff onoff Dot_onoff9 04Ch R/W Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-FFh CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS4 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff Dot L3-Dot L3-04Dh R/W Dot I 3-Dot I 3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-FFh Dot_onoff10 CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 CS9 onoff CS8 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot_onoff11 04Eh R/W Reserved Dot L3-Dot L3-03h CS17 CS16 onoff onoff 04Fh R/W Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-FFh Dot_onoff12 Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot I 4-CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS4 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff Dot L4-Dot L4-FFh Dot_onoff13 050h R/W Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 CS9 onoff CS8 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot onoff14 051h R/W Reserved Dot L4-Dot L4-03h CS17 CS16 onoff onoff Dot onoff15 052h R/W Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-FFh CS4 onoff CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff R/W Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-FFh Dot_onoff16 053h CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 CS9 onoff CS8 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot_onoff17 054h R/W Reserved Dot L5-Dot L5-03h CS17 CS16 onoff onoff R Fault_state 064h Reserved Global_L Global L 00h OD SD 065h R Dot I 0-Dot L0-Dot I 0-Dot I 0-Dot I 0-Dot I 0-Dot I 0-Dot I 0-00hDot_lod0 CS7 LOD CS6 LOD CS5 LOD CS4 LOD CS3 LOD CS2 LOD CS1 LOD CS0 LOD Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot_lod1 066h R Dot L0-00h CS15 **CS14** CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 CS9 LOD CS8 LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD Dot lod2 067h R Reserved Dot L0-Dot L0-00h CS17 CS16 I OD LOD 068h Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-00h Dot lod3 R Dot L1-Dot L1-CS5 LOD CS7 LOD CS6 LOD CS4 LOD CS3 LOD CS2 LOD CS0 LOD CS1 LOD 069h R Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-00h Dot_lod4 Dot L1-Dot L1-CS8 LOD CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 **CS11** CS10 CS9 LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD Dot_lod5 06Ah R Reserved Dot L1-Dot L1-00h CS17 **CS16** LOD LOD



Dot_lod6	06Bh	R	Dot L2- CS7 LOD	Dot L2- CS6 LOD	Dot L2- CS5 LOD	Dot L2- CS4 LOD	Dot L2- CS3 LOD	Dot L2- CS2 LOD	Dot L2- CS1 LOD	Dot L2- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod7	06Ch	R	Dot L2- CS15 LOD	Dot L2- CS14 LOD	Dot L2- CS13 LOD	Dot L2- CS12 LOD	Dot L2- CS11 LOD	Dot L2- CS10 LOD	Dot L2- CS9 LOD	Dot L2- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lod8	06Dh	R	Reserved						Dot L2- CS17 LOD	Dot L2- CS16 LOD	00h
Dot_lod9	06Eh	R	Dot L3- CS7 LOD	Dot L3- CS6 LOD	Dot L3- CS5 LOD	Dot L3- CS4 LOD	Dot L3- CS3 LOD	Dot L3- CS2 LOD	Dot L3- CS1 LOD	Dot L3- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod10	06Fh	R	Dot L3- CS15 LOD	Dot L3- CS14 LOD	Dot L3- CS13 LOD	Dot L3- CS12 LOD	Dot L3- CS11 LOD	Dot L3- CS10 LOD	Dot L3- CS9 LOD	Dot L3- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lod11	070h	R	Reserved						Dot L3- CS17 LOD	Dot L3- CS16 LOD	00h
Dot_lod12	071h	R	Dot L4- CS7 LOD	Dot L4- CS6 LOD	Dot L4- CS5 LOD	Dot L4- CS4 LOD	Dot L4- CS3 LOD	Dot L4- CS2 LOD	Dot L4- CS1 LOD	Dot L4- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod13	072h	R	Dot L4- CS15 LOD	Dot L4- CS14 LOD	Dot L4- CS13 LOD	Dot L4- CS12 LOD	Dot L4- CS11 LOD	Dot L4- CS10 LOD	Dot L4- CS9 LOD	Dot L4- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lod14	073h	R	Reserved					Dot L4- CS17 LOD	Dot L4- CS16 LOD	00h	
Dot_lod15	074h	R	Dot L5- CS7 LOD	Dot L5- CS6 LOD	Dot L5- CS5 LOD	Dot L5- CS4 LOD	Dot L5- CS3 LOD	Dot L5- CS2 LOD	Dot L5- CS1 LOD	Dot L5- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod16	075h	R	Dot L5- CS15 LOD	Dot L5- CS14 LOD	Dot L5- CS13 LOD	Dot L5- CS12 LOD	Dot L5- CS11 LOD	Dot L5- CS10 LOD	Dot L5- CS9 LOD	Dot L5- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lsd0	086h	R	Dot L0- CS7 LSD	Dot L0- CS6 LSD	Dot L0- CS5 LSD	Dot L0- CS4 LSD	Dot L0- CS3 LSD	Dot L0- CS2 LSD	Dot L0- CS1 LSD	Dot L0- CS0 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd1	087h	R	Dot L0- CS15 LSD	Dot L0- CS14 LSD	Dot L0- CS13 LSD	Dot L0- CS12 LSD	Dot L0- CS11 LSD	Dot L0- CS10 LSD	Dot L0- CS9 LSD	Dot L0- CS8 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd2	088h	R	Reserved						Dot L0- CS17 LSD	Dot L0- CS16 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd3	089h	R	Dot L1- CS7 LSD	Dot L1- CS6 LSD	Dot L1- CS5 LSD	Dot L1- CS4 LSD	Dot L1- CS3 LSD	Dot L1- CS2 LSD	Dot L1- CS1 LSD	Dot L1- CS0 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd4	08Ah	R	Dot L1- CS15 LSD	Dot L1- CS14 LSD	Dot L1- CS13 LSD	Dot L1- CS12 LSD	Dot L1- CS11 LSD	Dot L1- CS10 LSD	Dot L1- CS9 LSD	Dot L1- CS8 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd5	08Bh	R	Reserved				1		Dot L1- CS17 LSD	Dot L1- CS16 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd6	08Ch	R	Dot L2- CS7 LSD	Dot L2- CS6 LSD	Dot L2- CS5 LSD	Dot L2- CS4 LSD	Dot L2- CS3 LSD	Dot L2- CS2 LSD	Dot L2- CS1 LSD	Dot L2- CS0 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd7	08Dh	R	Dot L2- CS15 LSD	Dot L2- CS14 LSD	Dot L2- CS13 LSD	Dot L2- CS12 LSD	Dot L2- CS11 LSD	Dot L2- CS10 LSD	Dot L2- CS9 LSD	Dot L2- CS8 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd8	08Eh	R	Reserved	1	1	1	1	1	Dot L2- CS17 LSD	Dot L2- CS16 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd9	08Fh	R	Dot L3- CS7 LSD	Dot L3- CS6 LSD	Dot L3- CS5 LSD	Dot L3- CS4 LSD	Dot L3- CS3 LSD	Dot L3- CS2 LSD	Dot L3- CS1 LSD	Dot L3- CS0 LSD	00h
Dot_lsd10	090h	R	Dot L3- CS15 LSD	Dot L3- CS14 LSD	Dot L3- CS13 LSD	Dot L3- CS12 LSD	Dot L3- CS11 LSD	Dot L3- CS10 LSD	Dot L3- CS9 LSD	Dot L3- CS8 LSD	00h



091h R Reserved Dot L3-Dot L3-00hDot_lsd11 CS17 CS16 LSD LSD 092h Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot Isd12 R Dot L4-00hCS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD 093h Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-00h Dot Isd13 R Dot L4-Dot L4-CS9 LSD CS8 LSD CS15 CS14 **CS13** CS12 **CS11** CS10 LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD Dot_lsd14 094h R Dot L4-Dot L4-00h Reserved CS17 CS16 LSD LSD Dot Isd15 095h R Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-00h CS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD Dot Isd16 096h R Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-00h CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 CS9 LSD CS8 LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD Dot_lsd17 097h R Reserved Dot L5-Dot L5-00h CS17 **CS16** LSD LSD LOD_clear 0A7h W Reserved LOD Clear 00h W 00h LSD clear 0A8h Reserved LSD Clear W Reset 0A9h Reset 00h DC₀ 100h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS0 80h DC₁ 101h R/W 80h LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS1 DC2 102h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS2 80h DC3 103h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS3 80h DC₄ 104h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS4 80h DC5 105h R/W 80h LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS5 80h DC₆ 106h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS6 DC7 107h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS7 80h DC8 108h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS8 80h DC9 R/W 109h 80h LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS9 **DC10** 10Ah R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS10 80h **DC11** 10Bh R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS11 80h DC12 R/W 10Ch 80h LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS12 **DC13** 10Dh R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS13 80h **DC14** 10Eh R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS14 80h **DC15** 10Fh R/W 80h LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS15 **DC16** 110h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS16 80h **DC17** 111h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L0-CS17 80h **DC18** 112h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS0 80h DC19 R/W 113h LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS1 80h DC20 114h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS2 80h DC21 115h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS3 80h **DC22** 116h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS4 80h DC23 117h R/W 80h LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS5 DC24 118h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS6 80h DC25 119h R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS7 80h **DC26** R/W 11Ah LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS8 80h **DC27** 11Bh R/W LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS9 80h



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DC28	11Ch	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS10	80h
DC29	11Dh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS11	80h
DC30	11Eh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS12	80h
DC31	11Fh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS13	80h
DC32	120h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS14	80h
DC33	121h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS15	80h
DC34	122h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS16	80h
DC35	123h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L1-CS17	80h
DC36	124h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS0	80h
DC37	125h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS1	80h
DC38	126h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS2	80h
DC39	127h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS3	80h
DC40	128h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS4	80h
DC41	129h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS5	80h
DC42	12Ah	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS6	80h
DC43	12Bh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS7	80h
DC44	12Ch	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS8	80h
DC45	12Dh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS9	80h
DC46	12Eh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS10	80h
DC47	12Fh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS11	80h
DC48	130h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS12	80h
DC49	131h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS13	80h
DC50	132h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS14	80h
DC51	133h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS15	80h
DC52	134h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS16	80h
DC53	135h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L2-CS17	80h
DC54	136h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS0	80h
DC55	137h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS1	80h
DC56	138h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS2	80h
DC57	139h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS3	80h
DC58	13Ah	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS4	80h
DC59	13Bh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS5	80h
DC60	13Ch	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS6	80h
DC61	13Dh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS7	80h
DC62	13Eh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS8	80h
DC63	13Fh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS9	80h
DC64	140h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS10	80h
DC65	141h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS11	80h
DC66	142h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS12	80h
DC67	143h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS13	80h
DC68	144h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS14	80h
DC69	145h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS15	80h
DC70	146h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS16	80h
DC71	147h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L3-CS17	80h
DC72	148h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS0	80h
DC73	149h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS1	80h
DC74	14Ah	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS2	80h



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DC75	14Bh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS3	80h
DC76	14Ch	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS4	80h
DC77	14Dh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS5	80h
DC78	14Eh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS6	80h
DC79	14Fh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS7	80h
DC80	150h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS8	80h
DC81	151h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS9	80h
DC82	152h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS10	80h
DC83	153h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS11	80h
DC84	154h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS12	80h
DC85	155h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS13	80h
DC86	156h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS14	80h
DC87	157h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS15	80h
DC88	158h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS16	80h
DC89	159h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L4-CS17	80h
DC90	15Ah	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS0	80h
DC91	15Bh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS1	80h
DC92	15Ch	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS2	80h
DC93	15Dh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS3	80h
DC94	15Eh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS4	80h
DC95	15Fh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS5	80h
DC96	160h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS6	80h
DC97	161h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS7	80h
DC98	162h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS8	80h
DC99	163h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS9	80h
DC100	164h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS10	80h
DC101	165h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS11	80h
DC102	166h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS12	80h
DC103	167h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS13	80h
DC104	168h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS14	80h
DC105	169h	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS15	80h
DC106	16Ah	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS16	80h
DC107	16Bh	R/W	LED dot current setting for Dot L5-CS17	80h
pwm_bri0	200h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS0 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS0	00h
pwm_bri1	201h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS1 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS0	00h
pwm_bri2	202h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS2 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS1	00h
pwm_bri3	203h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS3 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS1	00h
pwm_bri4	204h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS4 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS2	00h
pwm_bri5	205h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS5 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS2	00h
pwm_bri6	206h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS6 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS3	00h
pwm_bri7	207h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS7 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS3	00h
pwm_bri8	208h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS8 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS4	00h
pwm_bri9	209h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS9 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS4	00h
pwm_bri10	20Ah	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS10 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS5	00h
pwm_bri11	20Bh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS11 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS5	00h
pwm_bri12	20Ch	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS12 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS6	00h
pwm_bri13	20Dh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS13 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS6	00h



pwm bri14	20Eh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS14 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS7	00h
pwm_bri15	20Fh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS15 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS7	00h
pwm_bri16	210h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS16 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS8	00h
pwm_bri17	211h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L0-CS17 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS8	00h
pwm_bri18	212h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS0 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS9	00h
pwm_bri19	213h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS1 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS9	00h
pwm_bri20	214h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS2 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS10	00h
pwm_bri21	215h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS3 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS10	00h
pwm_bri22	216h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS4 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS11	00h
pwm_bri23	217h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS5 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS11	00h
pwm_bri24	218h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS6 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS12	00h
pwm_bri25	219h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS7 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS12	00h
pwm_bri26	21Ah	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS8 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS13	00h
pwm_bri27	21Bh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS9 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS13	00h
pwm_bri28	21Ch	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS10 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS14	00h
pwm_bri29	21Dh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS11 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS14	00h
pwm_bri30	21Eh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS12 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS15	00h
pwm_bri31	21Fh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS13 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS15	00h
pwm_bri32	220h 221h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS14 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS16	00h 00h
pwm_bri34	22111 222h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS15 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L0-CS16 8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS16 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L0-CS17	00h
pwm_bri35	223h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L1-CS17 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [1:0] for Dot L0-CS17	00h
pwm_bri36	224h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS0 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS0	00h
pwm_bri37	225h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS1 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS0	00h
pwm_bri38	226h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS2 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS1	00h
pwm_bri39	227h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS3 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS1	00h
pwm_bri40	228h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS4 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS2	00h
pwm_bri41	229h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS5 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS2	00h
pwm_bri42	22Ah	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS6 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS3	00h
pwm_bri43	22Bh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS7 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS3	00h
pwm_bri44	22Ch	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS8 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS4	00h
pwm_bri45	22Dh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS9 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS4	00h
pwm_bri46	22Eh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS10 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS5	00h
pwm_bri47	22Fh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS11 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS5	00h
pwm_bri48	230h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS12 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS6	00h
pwm_bri49	231h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS13 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS6	00h
pwm_bri50	232h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS14 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS7	00h
pwm_bri51	233h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS15 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS7	00h
pwm_bri52	234h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS16 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS8	00h
pwm_bri53	235h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L2-CS17 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS8	00h
pwm_bri54	236h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS0 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS9	00h
pwm_bri55	237h 238h	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS1 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS9	00h 00h
pwm_bri56	239h	R/W R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS2 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS10 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS3 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS10	00h
pwm_bri57 pwm_bri58	23Ah	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS4 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS10	00h
pwm_bri59	23Bh	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS5 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS11	00h
pwm_bri60	23Ch	R/W	8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS6 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS12	00h



R/W pwm_bri61 23Dh 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS7 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS12 00h pwm_bri62 23Eh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS8 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS13 00h pwm bri63 23Fh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS9 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS13 00hpwm_bri64 240h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS10 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS14 00h pwm bri65 241h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS11 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS14 00h 242h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS12 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS15 00h pwm bri66 243h R/W 00h pwm_bri67 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS13 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS15 pwm_bri68 244h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS14 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS16 00h pwm bri69 245h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS15 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS16 00h 246h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS16 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L1-CS17 00h pwm bri70 8-bits PWM for Dot L3-CS17 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L1-CS17 pwm bri71 247h R/W 00h pwm_bri72 248h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS0 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS0 00h pwm bri73 249h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS1 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS0 00h pwm_bri74 24Ah R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS2 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS1 00h pwm_bri75 24Bh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS3 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS1 00h pwm bri76 24Ch R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS4 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS2 00h pwm bri77 24Dh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS5 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS2 00h R/W 24Eh 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS6 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS3 00hpwm bri78 R/W pwm_bri79 24Fh 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS7 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS3 00h pwm bri80 250h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS8 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS4 00h 251h R/W 00h pwm_bri81 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS9 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS4 R/W pwm_bri82 252h 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS10 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS5 00h R/W 00h pwm bri83 253h 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS11 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS5 R/W pwm bri84 254h 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS12 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS6 00h 255h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS13 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS6 00h pwm_bri85 pwm bri86 256h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS14 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS7 00h pwm_bri87 257h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS15 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS7 00h pwm bri88 258h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS16 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS8 00h R/W 00h pwm_bri89 259h 8-bits PWM for Dot L4-CS17 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS8 pwm bri90 25Ah R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS0 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS9 00h 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS1 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS9 pwm bri91 25Bh R/W 00h R/W 25Ch 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS2 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS10 00h pwm_bri92 25Dh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS3 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS10 pwm bri93 00h pwm_bri94 25Eh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS4 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS11 00h pwm bri95 25Fh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS5 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS11 00h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS6 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS12 pwm_bri96 260h 00h pwm bri97 261h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS7 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS12 00h R/W pwm bri98 262h 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS8 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS13 00h263h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS9 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS13 pwm_bri99 00h pwm_bri100 264h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS10 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS14 00h pwm bri101 265h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS11 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS14 00h pwm_bri102 266h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS12 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS15 00h pwm_bri103 267h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS13 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS15 00h pwm_bri104 268h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS14 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS16 00h pwm bri105 269h R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS15 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS16 00h 00h R/W pwm bri106 26Ah 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS16 OR 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L2-CS17 26Bh R/W 8-bits PWM for Dot L5-CS17 OR 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L2-CS17 pwm_bri107 00h

English Data Sheet: SNVSC36



pwm_bri108	26Ch	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS0	00h
pwm_bri109	26Dh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS0	00h
pwm_bri110	26Eh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS1	00h
pwm_bri111	26Fh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS1	00h
pwm_bri112	270h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS2	00h
pwm_bri113	271h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS2	00h
pwm_bri114	272h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS3	00h
pwm_bri115	273h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS3	00h
pwm_bri116	274h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS4	00h
pwm_bri117	275h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS4	00h
pwm_bri118	276h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS5	00h
pwm_bri119	277h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS5	00h
pwm_bri120	278h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS6	00h
pwm_bri121	279h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS6	00h
pwm_bri122	27Ah	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS7	00h
pwm_bri123	27Bh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS7	00h
pwm_bri124	27Ch	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS8	00h
pwm_bri125	27Dh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS8	00h
pwm_bri126	27Eh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS9	00h
pwm_bri127	27Fh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS9	00h
pwm_bri128	280h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS10	00h
pwm_bri129	281h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS10	00h
pwm_bri130	282h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS11	00h
pwm_bri131	283h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS11	00h
pwm_bri132	284h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS12	00h
pwm_bri133	285h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS12	00h
pwm_bri134	286h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS13	00h
pwm_bri135	287h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS13	00h
pwm_bri136	288h 289h	R/W R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS14	00h 00h
pwm_bri137	28Ah	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS14	00h
pwm_bri138 pwm_bri139	28Bh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS15 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS15	00h
pwm_bri140	28Ch	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS16	00h
pwm_bri141	28Dh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS16	00h
pwm_bri142	28Eh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L3-CS17	00h
pwm_bri143	28Fh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L3-CS17	00h
pwm_bri144	290h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS0	00h
pwm_bri145	291h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS0	00h
pwm_bri146	292h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS1	00h
pwm_bri147	293h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS1	00h
pwm_bri148	294h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS2	00h
pwm_bri149	295h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS2	00h
pwm_bri150	296h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS3	00h
pwm_bri151	297h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS3	00h
pwm_bri152	298h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS4	00h
pwm_bri153	299h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS4	00h
pwm_bri154	29Ah	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS5	00h



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pwm_bri155	29Bh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS5	00h
pwm_bri156	29Ch	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS6	00h
pwm_bri157	29Dh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS6	00h
pwm_bri158	29Eh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS7	00h
pwm_bri159	29Fh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS7	00h
pwm_bri160	2A0h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS8	00h
pwm_bri161	2A1h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS8	00h
pwm_bri162	2A2h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS9	00h
pwm_bri163	2A3h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS9	00h
pwm_bri164	2A4h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS10	00h
pwm_bri165	2A5h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS10	00h
pwm_bri166	2A6h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS11	00h
pwm_bri167	2A7h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS11	00h
pwm_bri168	2A8h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS12	00h
pwm_bri169	2A9h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS12	00h
pwm_bri170	2AAh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS13	00h
pwm_bri171	2ABh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS13	00h
pwm_bri172	2ACh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS14	00h
pwm_bri173	2ADh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS14	00h
pwm_bri174	2AEh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS15	00h
pwm_bri175	2AFh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS15	00h
pwm_bri176	2B0h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS16	00h
pwm_bri177	2B1h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS16	00h
pwm_bri178	2B2h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L4-CS17	00h
pwm_bri179	2B3h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L4-CS17	00h
pwm_bri180	2B4h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS0	00h
pwm_bri181	2B5h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS0	00h
pwm_bri182	2B6h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS1	00h
pwm_bri183	2B7h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS1	00h
pwm_bri184	2B8h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS2	00h
pwm_bri185	2B9h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS2	00h
pwm_bri186	2BAh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS3	00h
pwm_bri187	2BBh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS3	00h
pwm_bri188	2BCh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS4	00h
pwm_bri189	2BDh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS4	00h
pwm_bri190	2BEh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS5	00h
pwm_bri191	2BFh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS5	00h
pwm_bri192	2C0h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS6	00h
pwm_bri193	2C1h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS6	00h
pwm_bri194	2C2h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS7	00h
pwm_bri195	2C3h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS7	00h
pwm_bri196	2C4h 2C5h	R/W R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS8 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS8	00h 00h
pwm_bri197 pwm_bri198	2C5h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS9	00h
pwm_bri199	2C7h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS9	00h
<u> </u>		_		
pwm_bri200	2C8h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS10	00h
pwm_bri201	2C9h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS10	00h



pwm_bri202	2CAh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS11	00h
pwm_bri203	2CBh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS11	00h
pwm_bri204	2CCh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS12	00h
pwm_bri205	2CDh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS12	00h
pwm_bri206	2CEh	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS13	00h
pwm_bri207	2CFh	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS13	00h
pwm_bri208	2D0h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS14	00h
pwm_bri209	2D1h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS14	00h
pwm_bri210	2D2h R/W 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS15		16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS15	00h
pwm_bri211	2D3h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS15	00h
pwm_bri212	2D4h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS16	00h
pwm_bri213	2D5h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS16	00h
pwm_bri214	2D6h	R/W	16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS17	00h
pwm_bri215	2D7h	R/W	16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS17	00h

English Data Sheet: SNVSC36



8 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The LP5866 integrates 18 constant current sinks with 6 switching FETs and one LP5866 can drive up to 108 LED dots or 36 RGB pixels and achieve great dimming effect. In smart home, gaming keyboards, and other human-machine interaction applications, the device can greatly improve user experience with a small amount of components.

8.2 Typical Application

8.2.1 Application

☑ 8-1 shows an example of typical application, which uses one LP5866 to drive 36 common-anode RGB LEDs through I²C communication.

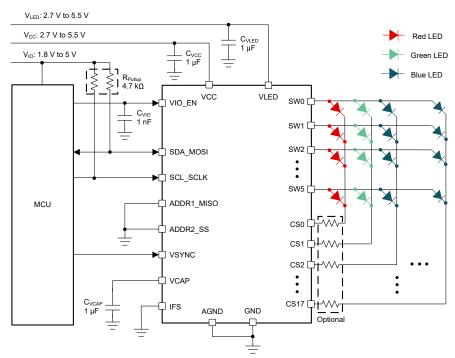


図 8-1. Typical Application – LP5866 Driving 36 RGB LEDs (108 LED Dots)



8.2.2 Design Requirements

表 8-1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
VCC / VIO	3.3V
VLED	5V
RGB LED count	36
Scan number	6
Interface	I ² C
LED maximum average current (red, green, blue)	4mA, 3mA, 2mA
LED maximum peak current (red, green, blue)	24mA, 18mA, 12mA

8.2.3 Detailed Design Procedure

LP5866 requires an external capacitor C_{VCAP} , whose value is $1\mu F$ connected from V_{CAP} to GND for proper operation of internal LDO. The capacitor must be placed as close to the device as possible.

TI recommends $1\mu F$ capacitors be placed between VCC / VLED with GND, and a 1nF capacitor placed between VIO with GND. Place the capacitors as close to the device as possible.

Pull-up resistors $R_{pull-up}$ are a requirement for SCL and SDA when using I²C as communication method. In typical applications, TI recommends 1.8k Ω to 4.7k Ω resistors.

To decrease thermal dissipation from device to ambient, resistors R_{CS} can optionally be placed in serial with the LED. Voltage drop on these resistors must left enough margins for VSAT to ensure the device works normally.

8.2.3.1 Program Procedure

When selecting data refresh Mode 1, outputs are refreshed instantly after data is received.

When selecting data refresh Mode 2/3, VSYNC signal is required for synchronized display. Programming flow is shown as \boxtimes 8-2. To display full pixel of last frame, VSYNC pulse must be sent to the device after the end of last PWM. Time between two pulses t_{SYNC} must be larger than the whole PWM time of all Dots t_{frame} . Common selection like 60Hz, 90Hz, 120Hz or even higher refresh frequency can be supported. High pulse width longer than t_{SYNC_H} is required at the beginning of each VSYNC frame, and data must not be write to PWM registers during high pulse width.

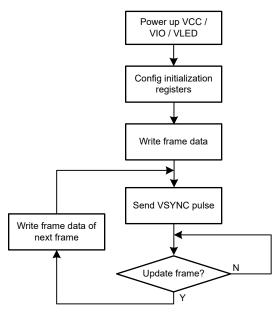


図 8-2. Program Procedure

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8.2.4 Application Performance Plots

The following figures show the application performance plots.

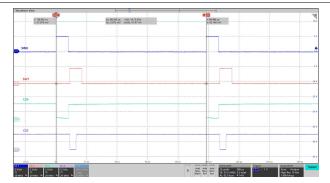
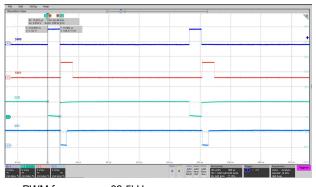
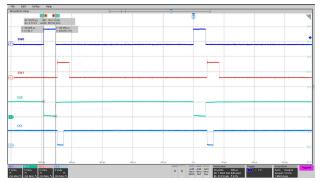


図 8-3. Scan Lines and Current Sinks Waveforms of SW0, SW1, CS0, CS1



PWM frequency = 62.5kHz

図 8-4. Scan Lines and Current Sinks Waveforms of SW0, SW1, CS0, CS1



PWM frequency = 125kHz

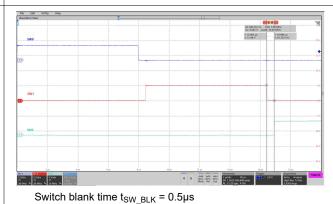
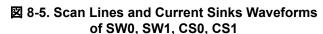
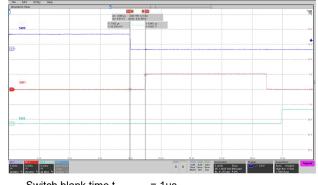


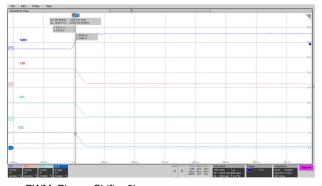
図 8-6. Scan Lines Switching Waveforms of SW0, **SW1. SW2**





Switch blank time $t_{SW\ BLK}$ = 1 μs

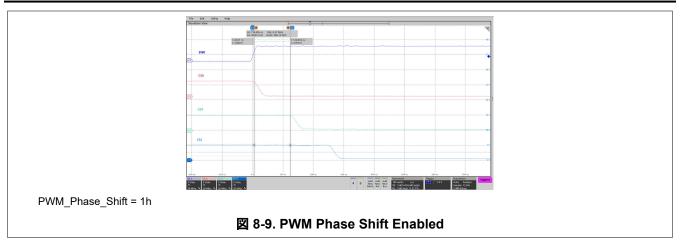
図 8-7. Scan Lines Switching Waveforms of SW0, **SW1, SW2**



PWM_Phase_Shift = 0h

図 8-8. PWM Phase Shift Disabled





8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

8.3.1 Power Supply Recommendations

VDD Input Supply Recommendations

LP5866 is designed to operate from a 2.7V to 5.5V VDD voltage supply. This input supply must be well regulated and can provide the peak current required by the LED matrix. The resistance of the VDD supply rail must be low enough such that the input current transient does not cause the LP5866 VDD supply voltage to drop below the maximum POR voltage.

8.3.2 Power Supply Recommendations

VIO Input Supply Recommendations

LP5866 is designed to operate with a 1.65V to 5.5V VIO_EN voltage supply. The VIO_EN supply must be well regulated and can provide the peak current required by the LED configuration without voltage drop under load transients like start-up or rapid brightness change.

8.3.3 Power Supply Recommendations

VLED Input Supply Recommendations

LP5866 is designed to operate with a 2.7V to 5.5V VLED voltage supply. The VLED supply must be well regulated and can provide the peak current required by the LED configuration without voltage drop, under load transients like start-up or rapid brightness change. The resistance of the input supply rail must be low enough so that the input current transient does not cause the VLED supply voltage to drop below LED V_f + VSAT voltage.

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

the below guidelines for layout design can help to get a better on-board performance.

- The decoupling capacitors C_{VCC} and C_{VLED} for power supply must be close to the chip to have minimized the
 impact of high-frequency noise and ripple from power. C_{VCAP} for internal LDO must be put as close to chip as
 possible. GND plane connections to C_{VLED} and GND pins must be on TOP layer copper with multiple vias
 connecting to system ground plane. C_{VIO} for internal enable block also must be put as close to chip as
 possible.
- The exposed thermal pad must be well soldered to the board, which can have better mechanical reliability.
 The action can optimize heat transfer so that increasing thermal performance. AGND pin must be connected to thermal pad and system ground.
- The major heat flow path from the package to the ambient is through copper on the PCB. Several methods can help thermal performance. Below exposed thermal pad of IC, putting much vias through the PCB to other

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ground layer can dissipate more heat. Maximizing the copper coverage on the PCB can increase the thermal conductivity of the board.

• Low inductive and resistive path of switch load loop can help to provide a high slew rate. Therefore, path of VLED – SWx must be short and wide and avoid parallel wiring and narrow trace. Transient current in SWx pins is much larger than CSy pins, so that trace for SWx must be wider than CSy.

8.4.2 Layout Example

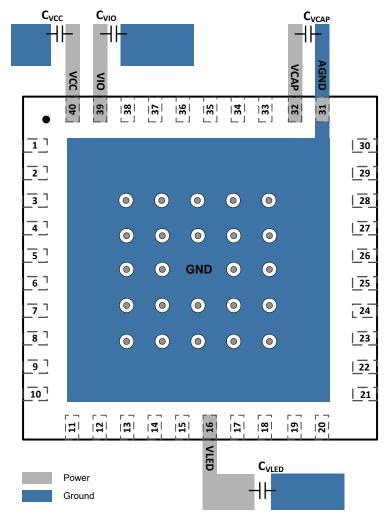


図 8-10. LP5866 Layout Example

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9 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

9.1 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、www.tij.co.jp のデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。[通知]をク リックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取ることができます。変更の詳細に ついては、改訂されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

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9.5 用語集

テキサス・インスツルメンツ用語集 この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

10 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Changes from Revision * (December 2021) to Revision A (September 2024)	Page
Updated DBT package information	
Updated thermal information of DBT package	
Updated I ² C Timing Requirements	8
Added I ² C Standard Mode Timing Requirements	8
Added timing parameters diagrams	12
Updated application design parameters	

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11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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Product Folder Links: LP5866

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
							(6)				
LP5866DBTR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	LP5866DBT	Samples
LP5866MDBTR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	5866MDBT	Samples
LP5866RKPR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RKP	40	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LP5866	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

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- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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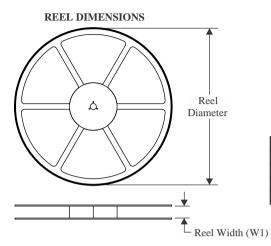
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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LP5866DBTR	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	330.0	16.4	6.9	10.2	1.8	12.0	16.0	Q1
LP5866MDBTR	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	330.0	16.4	6.9	10.2	1.8	12.0	16.0	Q1
LP5866RKPR	VQFN	RKP	40	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

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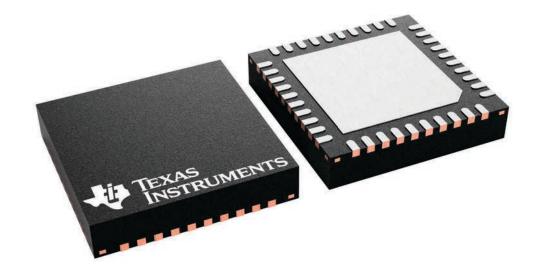
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LP5866DBTR	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
LP5866MDBTR	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
LP5866RKPR	VQFN	RKP	40	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0

5 x 5, 0.4 mm pitch

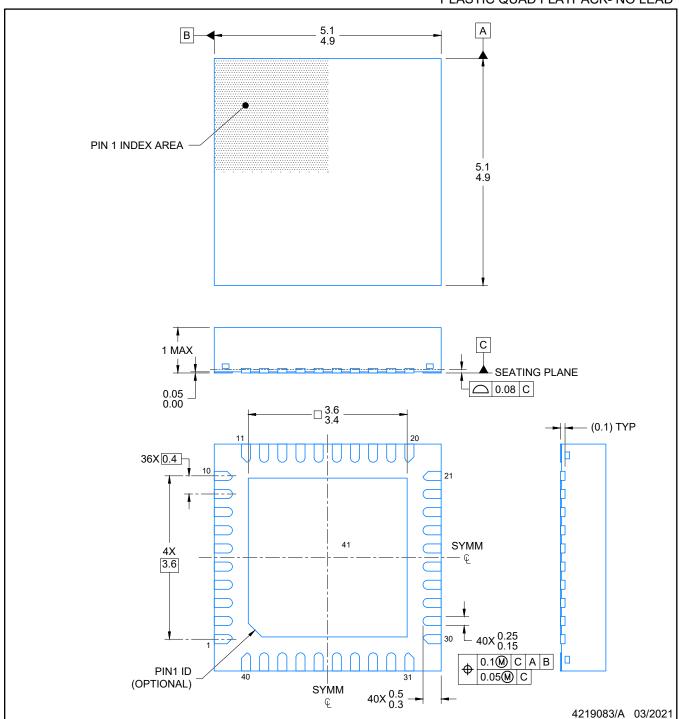
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



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PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK- NO LEAD

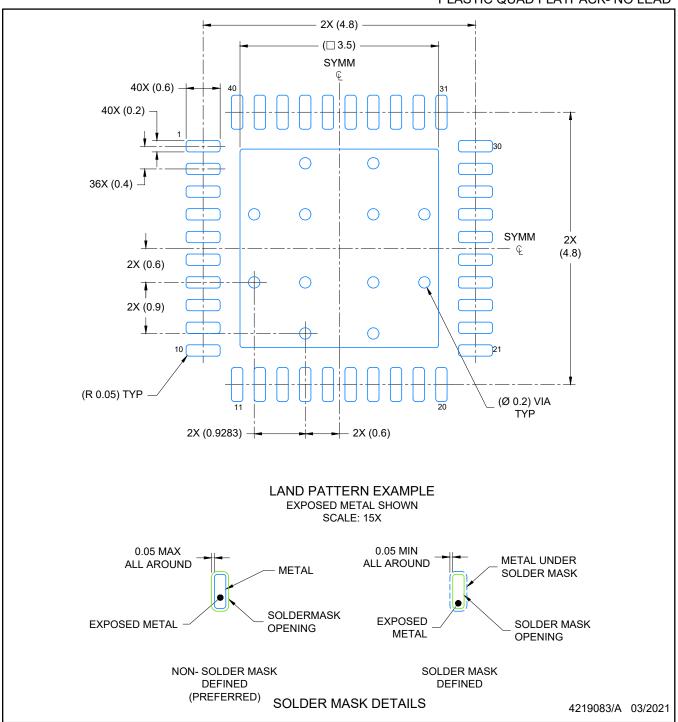


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK- NO LEAD

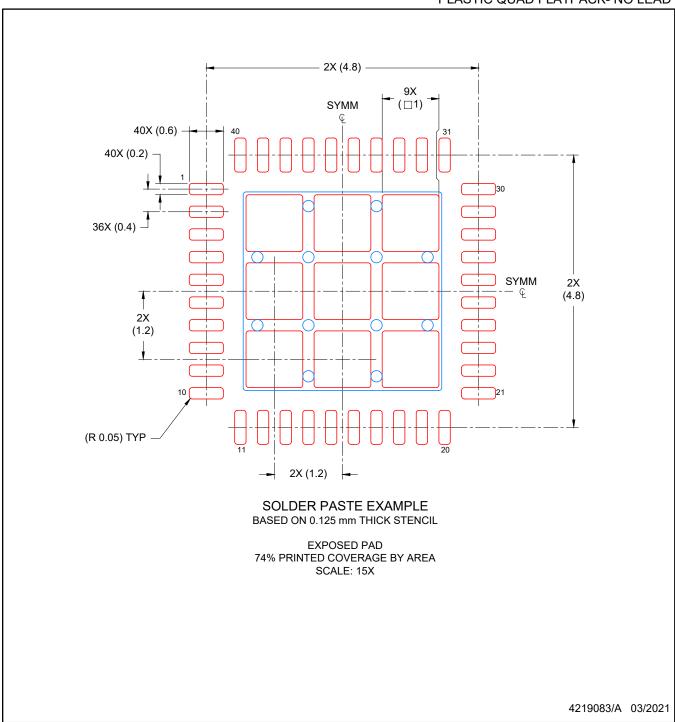


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK- NO LEAD

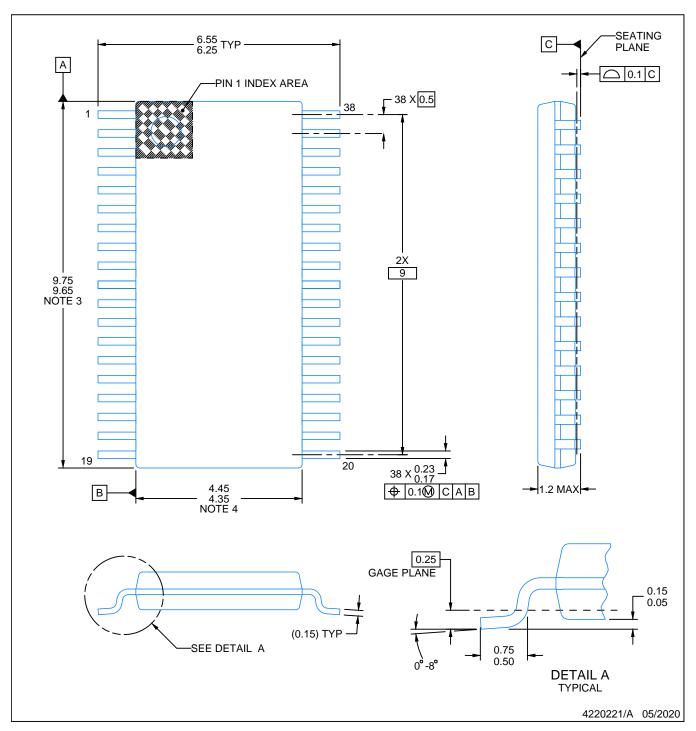


NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

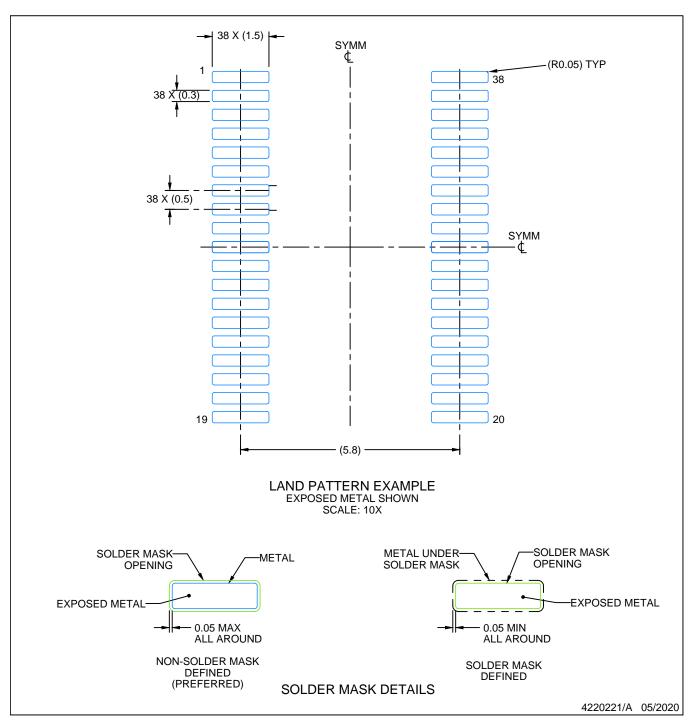


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



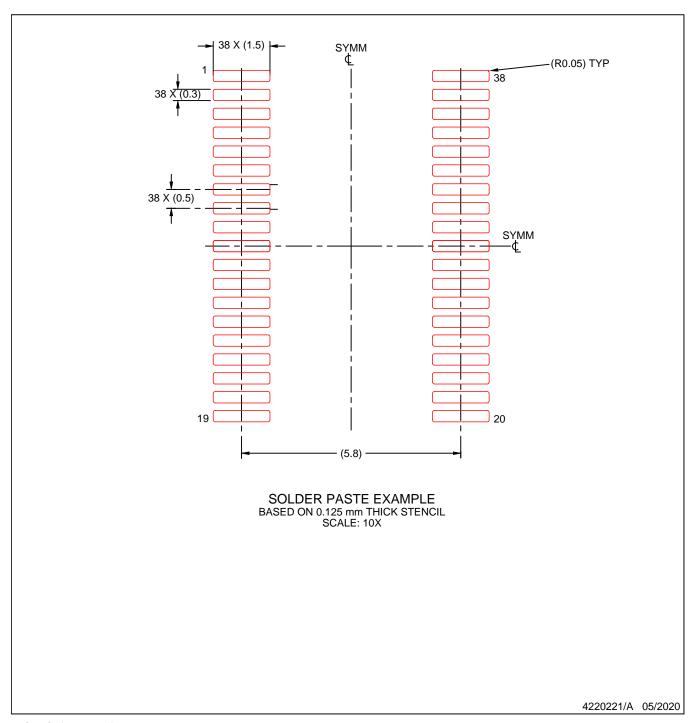
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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