

# LMG1025-Q1

## Functional Safety FIT Rate, FMD and Pin FMA



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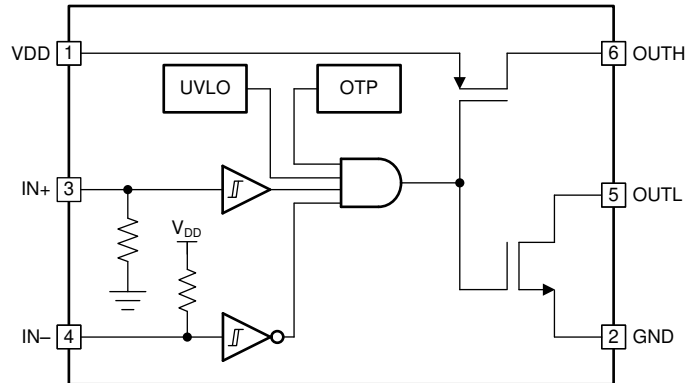
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## 1 Overview

This document contains information for the LMG1025-Q1 (WSON package) to aid in a functional safety system design. Information provided are:

- Functional safety failure in time (FIT) rates of the semiconductor component estimated by the application of industry reliability standards
- Component failure modes and their distribution (FMD) based on the primary function of the device
- Pin failure mode analysis (pin FMA)

Figure 1-1 shows the device functional block diagram for reference.



**Figure 1-1. Functional Block Diagram**

The LMG1025-Q1 was developed using a quality-managed development process, but was not developed in accordance with the IEC 61508 or ISO 26262 standards.

## 2 Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) Rates

This section provides functional safety failure in time (FIT) rates for the LMG1025-Q1 based on two different industry-wide used reliability standards:

- [Table 2-1](#) provides FIT rates based on IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11
- [Table 2-2](#) provides FIT rates based on the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

**Table 2-1. Component Failure Rates per IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 Part 11**

FIT IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262	FIT (Failures Per 10 <sup>9</sup> Hours)
Total component FIT rate	5
Die FIT rate	3
Package FIT rate	2

The failure rate and mission profile information in [Table 2-1](#) comes from the reliability data handbook IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11:

- Mission profile: Motor control from table 11
- Power dissipation: 300 mW
- Climate type: World-wide table 8
- Package factor (lambda 3): Table 17b
- Substrate material: FR4
- EOS FIT rate assumed: 0 FIT

**Table 2-2. Component Failure Rates per Siemens Norm SN 29500-2**

Table	Category	Reference FIT Rate	Reference Virtual T <sub>J</sub>
5	CMOS, BICMOS Digital, analog, or mixed	8 FIT	55°C

The reference FIT rate and reference virtual T<sub>J</sub> (junction temperature) in [Table 2-2](#) come from the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2 tables 1 through 5. Failure rates under operating conditions are calculated from the reference failure rate and virtual junction temperature using conversion information in SN 29500-2 section 4.

### 3 Failure Mode Distribution (FMD)

The failure mode distribution estimation for the LMG1025-Q1 in [Table 3-1](#) comes from the combination of common failure modes listed in standards such as IEC 61508 and ISO 26262, the ratio of sub-circuit function size and complexity, and from best engineering judgment.

The failure modes listed in this section reflect random failure events and do not include failures resulting from misuse or overstress.

**Table 3-1. Die Failure Modes and Distribution**

<b>Die Failure Modes</b>	<b>Failure Mode Distribution (%)</b>
OUTH/L stuck high	33
OUTH/L stuck low	33
OUTH/L unknown	33
Others	1

## 4 Pin Failure Mode Analysis (Pin FMA)

This section provides a failure mode analysis (FMA) for the pins of the LMG1025-Q1. The failure modes covered in this document include the typical pin-by-pin failure scenarios:

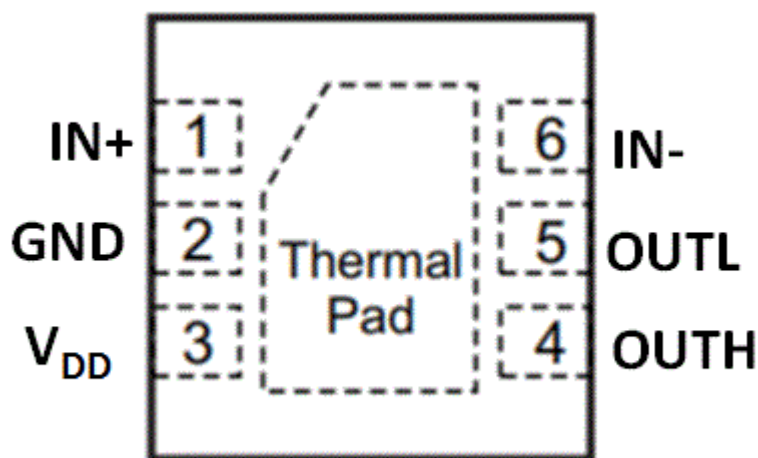
- Pin short-circuited to ground (see [Table 4-2](#))
- Pin open-circuited (see [Table 4-3](#))
- Pin short-circuited to an adjacent pin (see [Table 4-4](#))
- Pin short-circuited to supply (see [Table 4-5](#))

[Table 4-2](#) through [Table 4-5](#) also indicate how these pin conditions can affect the device as per the failure effects classification in [Table 4-1](#).

**Table 4-1. TI Classification of Failure Effects**

Class	Failure Effects
A	Potential device damage that affects functionality.
B	No device damage, but loss of functionality.
C	No device damage, but performance degradation.
D	No device damage, no impact to functionality or performance.

[Figure 4-1](#) shows the LMG1025-Q1 pin diagram. For a detailed description of the device pins, see the *Pin Configuration and Functions* section in the LMG1025-Q1 data sheet.



**Figure 4-1. Pin Diagram**

Following are the assumptions of use and the device configuration assumed for the pin FMA in this section:

- Adjacent short pin#1 to #6 and pin#3 to #4 are not considered.
- Short to supply is to VDD is considered.

**Table 4-2. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Ground**

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
IN+	1	OUTH/L stuck low.	B
GND	2	No effect.	D
VDD	3	No power is applied to the device.	D
OUTH	4	OUTH/L stuck low. Possible damage to OUTH driver.	A
OUTL	5	OUTH/L stuck low. Possible damage to OUTH driver.	A
IN-	6	OUTH/L follows IN+ command.	B

**Table 4-3. Pin FMA for Device Pins Open-Circuited**

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
IN+	1	OUTH/L stuck low.	B
GND	2	No power is applied to device. OUH/L pulled up to VDD.	B
VDD	3	No power is applied to device.	D
OUTH	4	OUTH is disconnected from the power stage gate.	D
OUTL	5	OUTL is disconnected from the power stage gate.	D
IN-	6	OUTH/L stuck low. IN- is pulled up.	B

**Table 4-4. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Adjacent Pin**

Pin Name	Pin No.	Shorted to	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
IN+	1	GND	OUTH/L stuck low.	B
GND	2	VDD	No power is applied to device.	D
OUTH	4	OUTL	OUTH/L unknown. Possible damage to OUTH/L driver	A
OUTL	5	IN-	OUTH/L unknown. Possible damage to IN- I/O and OUTL driver.	A

**Table 4-5. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to supply**

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
IN+	1	OUTH/L stuck high.	B
GND	2	No power is applied to device.	D
VDD	3	No effect. Short to same potential.	D
OUTH	4	OUTH/L stuck high. Possible damage to OUTL driver.	A
OUTL	5	OUTH/L stuck high. Possible damage to OUTL driver.	A
IN-	6	OUTH/L stuck low.	B

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