





**TPD2S017** SLLS949C - SEPTEMBER 2009 - REVISED JANUARY 2023

# TPD2S017 2-Channel Ultra-Low Clamp Voltage ESD Solution With Series-Resistor Isolation

#### 1 Features

- Ultra-low clamping voltage ensures the protection of ultra-low voltage core chipset during ESD events
- IEC 61000-4-2 ESD protection
- Matching of series resistor (R = 1  $\Omega$ ) of ±8 m $\Omega$ (typical)
- Differential channel input capacitance matching of 0.02 pF (typical)
- High-speed data rate and EMI filter action at high frequencies (-3 dB bandwidth, ≉3 GHz)
- Available in 6-Pin small-outline transistor [SOT-23 (DBV)] package
- Easy straight-through routing packages

## 2 Applications

- Hi-speed USBs
- IEEE 1394 interfaces
- Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS)
- Mobile display digital interfaces (MDDI) and mobile industry processor interfaces (MIPI)
- **HS** signals

## 3 Description

The TPD2S017 is a two channel electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection device. This protection product offers two-stage ESD transient voltage suppression (TVS) diodes in each line with a typically  $1-\Omega$  series resistor isolation. This architecture allows the device to clamp at a very low voltage during system level ESD strikes.

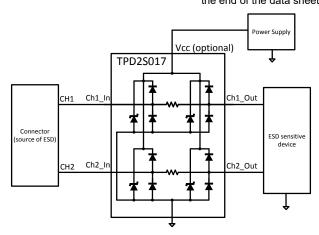
The TPD2S017 conforms to the IEC61000-4-2 ESD protection standard. Due to the series resistor component, the TPD2S017 provides a controlled filter roll-off for even greater spurious EMI suppression and signal integrity. The monolithic silicon technology allows good matching of the component values, including the clamp capacitances and the series resistors between the differential signal pairs. The tight matching of the line capacitance and series resistors ensures that the differential signal distortion due to added ESD clamp remains minimal, and it also allows the part to operate at high-speed differential data rate (in excess of 1.5 Gbps). The DBV package offers a flow-through pin mapping for ease of board layout.

Typical applications of this ESD protection device are circuit protection for USB data lines, IEEE 1394 Interfaces, LVDS, MDDI/MIPI and HS signals.

#### Package Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)	
TPD2S017	DBV (SOT-23, 6)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm	

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



**Application Schematic** 



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<b>4 Revision History</b> NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions n	nay differ fi	rom page numbers in the current version.	
Changes from Revision B (December 2015)	to Revisi	on C (Janurary 2023)	Page
<ul> <li>Updated the numbering format for tables, f</li> </ul>	igures, and	cross-references throughout the document	1
		6 V in the Absolute Maximum Ratings section	
		n 5 V to 5.5 V in the Recommended Operating	
			4
Changes from Revision A (July 2015) to Re	vision B (	December 2015)	Page
• Added $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$ to the test condition of $I$	O capacita	ance in the Electrical Characteristics table	4
Changes from Revision * (September 2009)	to Revisi	on A (July 2015)	Page
		ECD Patings table Feature Description section D	

Added the Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device
Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout
section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information
section

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# **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**

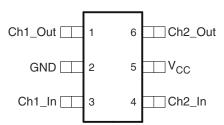


Figure 5-1. DBV Package 6-Pin SOT-23 Top View

**Table 5-1. Pin Functions** 

PIN NAME NO.		I/O	DESCRIPTION					
			DESCRIPTION					
Ch1_ln	3		History of EQD shows invest					
Ch2_In	4	, I	High-speed ESD clamp input					
Ch1_Out	1	0	High around FCD clares sustaint					
Ch2_Out	6		High-speed ESD clamp output					
GND	2	_	Ground					
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	_	Optional power					



# **6 Specifications**

## 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IO</sub>	IO voltage	0	6	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating temperature	-40	85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-85	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±15000		
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1500	V
		IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge	±11000	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### **6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	-40	8	°C		
	V <sub>CC</sub>		0	5.	5
Operating voltage	Ch1_In		0	V <sub>C</sub>	V
	Ch2_In		0	V <sub>C</sub>	

#### **6.4 Thermal Information**

		TPD2S017	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	DBV (SOT-23)	UNIT
		6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	192.7	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	166.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	39.8	°C/W
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	44.7	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	39.4	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
R	Series resistor			1		Ω
I <sub>IO</sub>	Current from I/O pins	V <sub>IO</sub> = 3 V		0.01	0.1	μΑ

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over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ΔRS	Channel-to-channel resistance match	V <sub>IO</sub> = 3 V		±8	±15	mΩ
V <sub>D</sub>	Diode forward voltage for lower clamp	I <sub>D</sub> = 8 mA	-0.6	-0.8	-0.95	V
R <sub>DYN</sub>	Dynamic resistance (for I/O clamp)	I = 9 A		0.8		Ω
C <sub>IO</sub>	IO capacitance	V <sub>IO</sub> = 2.5 V; <i>f</i> = 10 MHz		1		pF
$V_{BR}$	Break-down voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1 mA	11	12		V

# **6.6 Dissipation Ratings**

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C	DERATING FACTOR <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C
	POWER RATING	ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C	POWER RATING
DBV	463.18 mW	-4.63 mW/C	254.75 mW

<sup>(1)</sup> Derating factor is defined as the inverse of the traditional junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $R_{\theta JA}$ ).



## **6.7 Typical Characteristics**

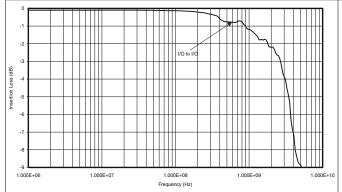


Figure 6-1. Insertion Loss Data (S21)

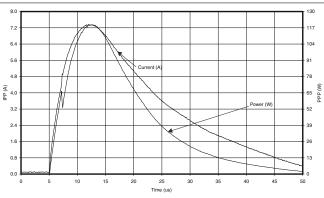


Figure 6-2. Peak Pulse Waveforms Ch1\_Out, PUT with respect to GND, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V

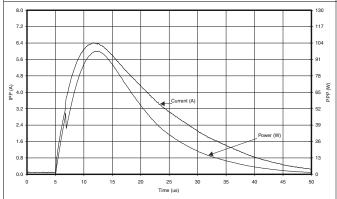


Figure 6-3. Peak Pulse Waveforms Ch2\_In, PUT with respect to GND,  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ 

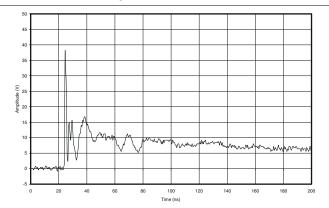


Figure 6-4. IEC Clamping Waveforms 8 kV Contact, 1 GHz Bandwidth

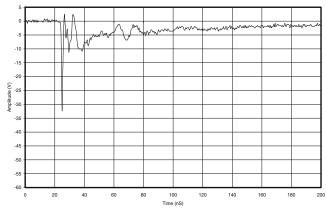


Figure 6-5. IEC Clamping Waveforms -8 kV Contact, 1 GHz Bandwidth

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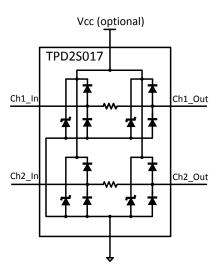
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# 7 Detailed Description

#### 7.1 Overview

The TPD2S017 is a two-channel ESD protection device. The two-stage ESD diodes and  $1-\Omega$  isolation resistor topology of the device gives the system very robust and good protection during ESD strikes. The TPD2S017 conforms to the IEC61000-4-2 ESD protection standard. The TPD2S017 provides a -3 dB frequency at almost 3 GHz which provides enough bandwidth for a vast majority of applications. Thanks to the monolithic silicon technology, the tight matching of the line capacitances and series resistances ensures a minimum distorted differential signal and a high operating differential data rate. The DBV package offers a flow-through pin mapping for ease of board layout.

## 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 7.3 Feature Description

Each channel of the TPD2S017 device has a topology of two-stage clamps with isolation resistor. This topology optimizes the clamping performance while supporting a high bandwidth. Due to the low clamping voltage, the down stream circuits that connect to the output of the channels are well-protected. The high IEC 61000-4-2 level ensures the system's robustness during the ESD events. The good matching of the resistor and capacitance values will yield minimal distortion of the signals. The low resistance and capacitance values make sure that this device supports a high differential data rate. The flow-through pinout ensures no additional layout burden on the printed circuit board (PCB).

#### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

The TPD2S017 device stays passive and has low leakage during normal operation when the voltage at the input of each channel is from 0 V to  $V_{CC}$  and activates when that voltage exceeds one forward diode drop above  $V_{CC}$  or below ground. During IEC ESD events, contact transient voltages as high as ±11 kV can be suppressed. When the voltages on the protected lines fall below the trigger voltage, the device reverts back to the low leakage passive state.

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## 8 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 8.1 Application Information

When a system contains a human interface connector, it becomes vulnerable to large system-level ESD strikes that standard ICs cannot survive. Protection products are typically used to suppress ESD at these connectors. TPD2S017 is a two-channel ESD protection device. In each channel, it contains two-stage TVS diodes and a resistor between the two clamping stages as an isolation. This implementation provides good clamping performance, minimal signal distortion and the support of high data speed.

#### 8.2 Typical Application

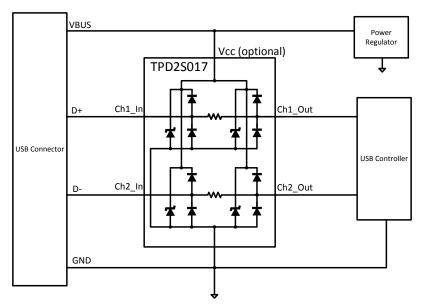


Figure 8-1. Typical Application Schematic

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, a TPD2S017 will be used to protect the USB 2.0 high-speed data lines. The following system parameters are known.

DESIGN PARAMETERVALUEHigh-speed mode high-level output voltage400 mV ±10%High-speed mode low-level output voltage0 V ± 10 mVUSB 2.0 high-speed data rate480 MbpsRequired IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Protection±8 kV Contact

**Table 8-1. Design Parameters** 

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## 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, some parameters must be decided upon; the designer should make sure:

- Voltage range on the protected lines must not go beyond one forward diode drop above the V<sub>CC</sub> and must no
  go below one forward diode drop below the ground.
- Operating frequency is supported by the IO capacitance C<sub>IO</sub>.
- IEC 61000-4-2 protection requirement is covered by the IEC performance of the TVS diode.

For this application, a high speed USB 2.0 signal that ranges from -10 mV to 440 mV will be applied to each line. Connect a 5 V power supply to  $V_{CC}$  pin; therefore, the signal will not fall outside of the normal operation range and the TPD2S017 will stay passive and low leakage during normal operation.

Next, consider the data rate of this signal and ensure that the TVS I/O capacitance will not distort this signal by filtering it. The speed of a USB 2.0 high-speed signal is 480 Mbit/s. With TPD2S017's ultra low IO capacitance, this device can support 1.5 Gbit/s data rate and thus can pass USB 2.0 high-speed signal with minimal distortion.

Finally, TPD2S017 is rated for the IEC 61000-4-2 (Level 4) so it provides sufficient system-level ESD protection to the human interface in this application. See Section 10.2 for instructions on properly laying out TPD2S017.

## 8.2.3 Application Curves

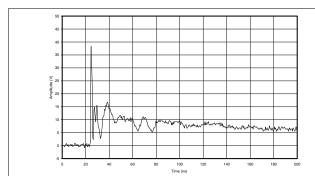


Figure 8-2. IEC Clamping Waveforms 8 kV Contact, 1 GHz Bandwidth

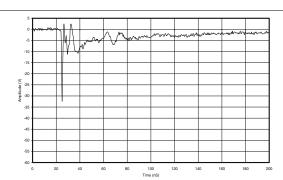


Figure 8-3. IEC Clamping Waveforms -8 kV Contact, 1 GHz Bandwidth

# 9 Power Supply Recommendations

The optional  $V_{CC}$  power supply bias is recommended to lower the I/O capacitances. Ensure that the maximum voltage specifications for each pin are not violated.

#### 10 Layout

# 10.1 Layout Guidelines

- The optimum placement is as close to the connector as possible.
  - EMI during an ESD event can couple from the trace being struck to other nearby unprotected traces, resulting in early system failures.
  - The PCB designer must minimize the possibility of EMI coupling by keeping any unprotected traces away from the protected traces which are between the TVS and the connector.
- Route the protected traces as straight as possible.
- Eliminate any sharp corners on the protected traces between the TVS and the connector by using rounded corners with the largest radii possible.
  - Electric fields tend to build up on corners, increasing EMI coupling.
- · Use thick and short traces for the power and ground paths.
- · Run differential signal lines in pair with small distance to optimize signal integrity.

## 10.2 Layout Example

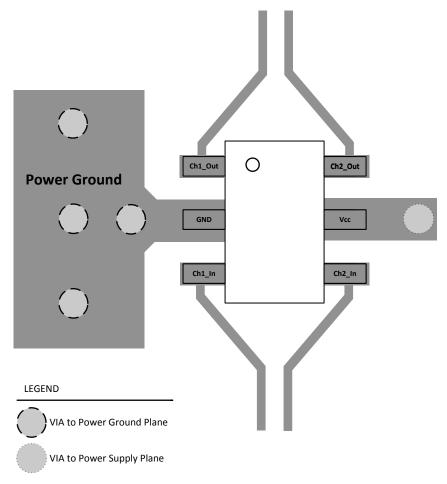


Figure 10-1. Layout Recommendation

# 11 Device and Documentation Support

## 11.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

## 11.2 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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## 11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 11.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

# 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
							(6)				
TPD2S017DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	NFT	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

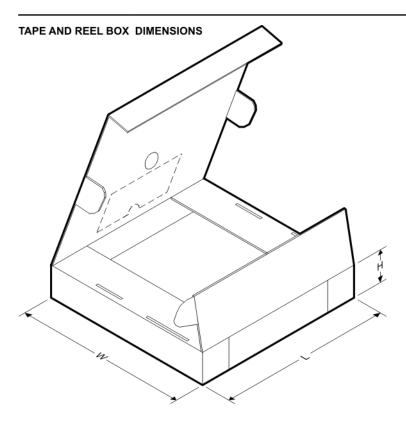
## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPD2S017DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3

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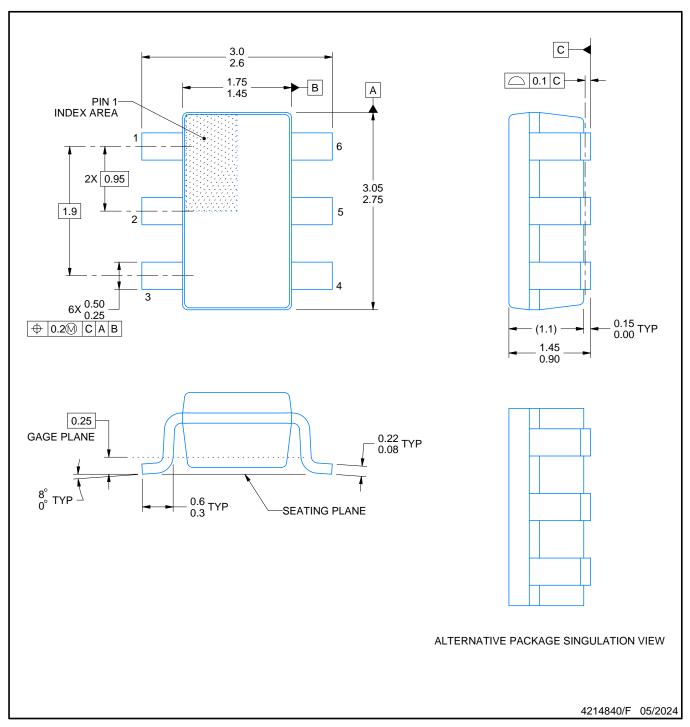


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

ĺ	Device	Device Package Type		Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
	TPD2S017DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0	



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

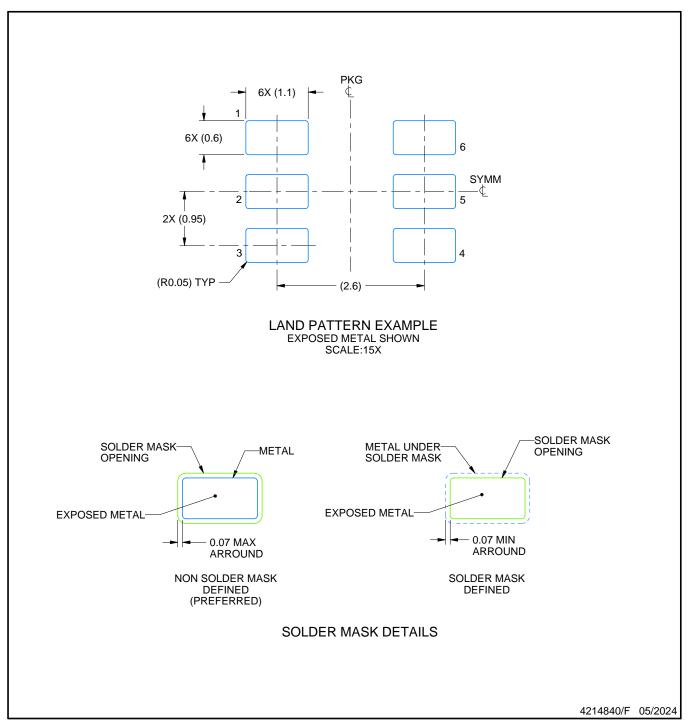
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.

- 4. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- 5. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



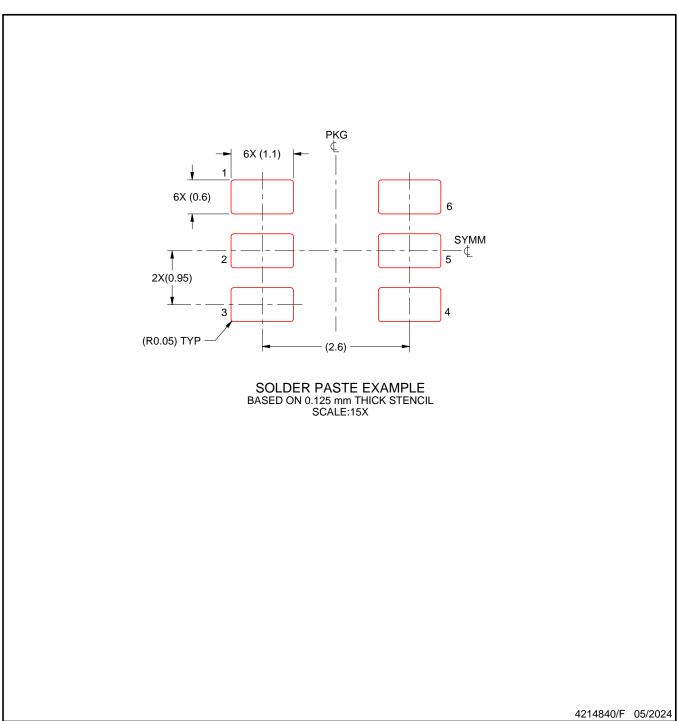
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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