

# BQ25856-Q1: Automotive, Standalone/I<sup>2</sup>C Controlled, 1- to 14-Cell Bidirectional Buck-**Boost Battery Charge Controller**

## 1 Features

- AEC-Q100 qualified for automotive applications
  - Temperature grade 1: −40°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub>≤ 150°C
- Wide input voltage operating range: 4.4V to 70V
- Wide battery voltage operating range: up-to 70V with multi-chemistry support:
  - 1- to 14-cell Li-ion charge profile
  - 1- to 16-cell LiFePO<sub>4</sub> charge profile
  - Up-to 70V supercapacitor charging
- Synchronous buck-boost charge controller with NFET drivers
  - Adjustable  $f_{SW}$  from 200kHz to 600kHz
  - Switching frequency dithering for EMI noise reduction (DRSS)
  - Optional synchronization to external clock
  - Integrated loop compensation with soft start
  - Optional gate driver supply input for optimized efficiency
- Bidirectional converter operation (Reverse Mode) supporting USB-PD Extended Power Range (EPR)
  - Adjustable input voltage (VAC) regulation from 3.3V to 65V with 20mV/step
  - Adjustable input current regulation (R<sub>AC SNS</sub>) from 0.4A to 20A with 50mA/step using  $\bar{5}m\Omega$ resistor
- High accuracy
  - ±0.5% charge voltage regulation
  - ±3% charge/input current regulation
  - ±2% input voltage regulation
- I<sup>2</sup>C controlled for optimal system performance with resistor-programmable option
  - Hardware adjustable input and output current
- Integrated 16-bit ADC for voltage, current, and temperature monitoring
- High safety integration
  - Adjustable input overvoltage and undervoltage protection
  - Battery overvoltage and overcurrent protection
  - Charging safety timer
  - Thermal shutdown
- Status outputs
  - Input power present status (PG)
  - Charger operation status (STAT1, STAT2)
- Package
  - 36-pin 5mm × 6mm QFN with wettable flanks
- **Functional Safety-Capable** 
  - Documentation available to aid functional safety system design

# 2 Applications

- Low voltage battery system
- Battery management unit
- **Domain Gateway**
- **ADAS Domain Controller**
- Front Door Module

# 3 Description

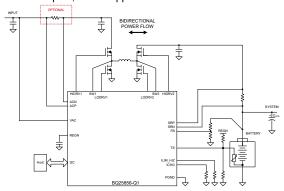
The BQ25856-Q1 is an automotive grade, wide input voltage, switched-mode buck-boost Li-lon, Li-polymer, or LiFePO<sub>4</sub> battery charge controller with bidirectional power flow support. The device offers high-efficiency battery charging over a wide voltage range with accurate charge current and charge voltage regulation, in addition to automatic charge preconditioning, termination, and charge status indication. The device integrates all the loop compensation for the buck-boost converter, thereby providing a high density solution with ease of use. In reverse mode, the device draws power from the battery and regulates the input terminal voltage with an added constant current loop for protection.

Besides the I<sup>2</sup>C host-controlled charging mode, the device also supports standalone charging mode via resistor programmable limits. Input current, charge current, and charge voltage regulation targets can be set via the ILIM HIZ, ICHG, and FB pins, respectively.

#### Package Information

| PART      | PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup> | PACKAGE             | BODY SIZE |
|-----------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| NUMBER    |                        | SIZE <sup>(2)</sup> | (NOM)     |
| BQ25856QW | RRV (VQFN 36)          | 5.0mm x             | 5.0mm x   |
| RRVRQ1    |                        | 6.0mm               | 6.0mm     |

- For all available packages, see Section 13.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.



Simplified Schematic



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# **4 Device Comparison**

| PART NUMBER              | BQ25856-Q1                                                                        | BQ25756                             | BQ25758A                      |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Key Feature              | Li-Ion, LFP, DRSS introduced,<br>increased TSHUT → 150 C,<br>automotive qualified | Li-lon, LFP                         | Li-lon                        |
| Charger Topology         | Buck-Boost                                                                        | Buck-Boost                          | Buck-Boost converter only     |
| Power Topology           | Non Power-Path                                                                    | Non Power-Path                      | Non Power-Path                |
| I <sup>2</sup> C Address | 0X6B                                                                              | 0X6B                                | 0X6B                          |
| Default Charge Profile   | Li-lon (trickle, precharge, CC, CV)                                               | Li-Ion (trickle, precharge, CC, CV) | CC/CV                         |
| Configuration            | I <sup>2</sup> C + Standalone                                                     | I <sup>2</sup> C + Standalone       | I <sup>2</sup> C + Standalone |
| Operating VIN            | 4.4V → 70V                                                                        | 4.4V → 70V                          | $4.4V \rightarrow 60V$        |
| Pin Count                | 36                                                                                | 36                                  | 36                            |
| Package                  | 5X6 QFN                                                                           | 5X6 QFN                             | 5X6 QFN                       |
| TS Pin Function          | JEITA profile                                                                     | JEITA profile                       | Disabled                      |

# **5 Pin Configuration and Functions**

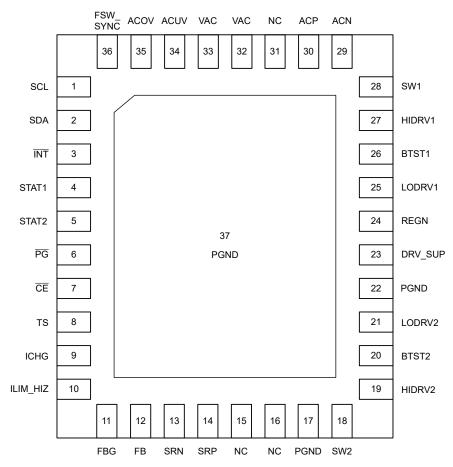


Figure 5-1. BQ25856-Q1, RRV Package 36-Pin VQFN Top View

**Table 5-1. Pin Functions** 

| PIN   |     | I/O | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------|-----|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME  | NO. | 1/0 | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| SCL   | 1   | I   | l <sup>2</sup> C Interface Clock – Connect SCL to the logic rail through a 10-kΩ resistor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| SDA   | 2   | Ю   | l <sup>2</sup> C Interface Data – Connect SDA to the logic rail through a 10-kΩ resistor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ĪNT   | 3   | 0   | <b>Open Drain Interrupt Output –</b> Connect the $\overline{\text{INT}}$ pin to a logic rail via 10-kΩ resistor. The $\overline{\text{INT}}$ pin sends an active low, 256-μs pulse to host to report the charger device status and faults.                                                                                                                                                   |
| STAT1 | 4   | 0   | <b>Open Drain Charge Status 1 Output –</b> STAT1 and STAT2 indicate various charger operations, see Table 7-6. Connect to the pull up rail via 10-k $\Omega$ resistor. The STAT1, STAT2 pin functions can be disabled when DIS_STAT_PINS bit is set to 1. When disabled, this pin can be used as a general purpose indicator via the FORCE_STAT1_ON bit.                                     |
| STAT2 | 5   | 0   | Open Drain Charge Status 2 Output – STAT1 and STAT2 indicate various charger operations, see Table 7-6. Connect to the pull up rail via 10-kΩ resistor. The STAT1, STAT2 pin functions can be disabled when DIS_STAT_PINS bit is set to 1. When disabled, this pin can be used as a general purpose indicator via the FORCE_STAT2_ON bit.                                                    |
| PG    | 6   | 0   | Open Drain Active Low Power Good Indicator – Connect to the pull up rail via 10-kΩ resistor. LOW indicates a good input source if VAC is within the programmed ACUV / ACOV operating window. The PG pin function can be disabled when DIS_PG_PIN bit is set to 1. When disabled, this pin can be used as a general purpose indicator via the FORCE_STAT3_ON bit.                             |
| CE    | 7   | Ю   | Active Low Charge Enable Pin – Battery charging is enabled when EN_CHG bit is 1 and $\overline{\text{CE}}$ pin is LOW. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ pin must be pulled HIGH or LOW, do not leave floating. The $\overline{\text{CE}}$ pin function can be disabled when DIS_CE_PIN bit is set to 1. When disabled, this pin can be used as a general purpose indicator via the FORCE_STAT4_ON bit. |

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# **Table 5-1. Pin Functions (continued)**

| PIN      |     |     | Table 5-1. Pin Functions (continued)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------|-----|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME     | NO. | I/O | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| TS       | 8   | ı   | <b>Temperature Qualification Voltage Input</b> – Connect a negative temperature coefficient thermistor. Program temperature window with a resistor divider from REGN to TS to PGND. Charge suspends when TS pin voltage is out of range. Recommend 103AT-2 10-k $\Omega$ thermistor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ICHG     | 9   | I   | Charge Current Limit Setting – ICHG pin sets the maximum charge current, and can be used to monitor the charge current. A programming resistor to PGND is used to set the charge current limit as $I_{CHG} = K_{ICHG} / R_{ICHG}$ . When the device is under charge current regulation, the voltage at ICHG pin is $V_{REF\_ICHG}$ . When ICHG pin voltage is less than $V_{REF\_ICHG}$ , the actual charge current can be calculated as: IBAT = $K_{ICHG} \times V_{ICHG} / (R_{ICHG} \times V_{REF\_ICHG})$ . The actual charge current limit is the lower of the limits set by ICHG pin or the ICHG_REG register bits. This pin function can be disabled when EN_ICHG_PIN bit is 0. If ICHG pin is not used, this pin should be pulled to PGND, do not leave floating.                                                                                                                                                               |
| ILIM_HIZ | 10  | I   | Input Current Limit Setting and HIZ Mode Control Pin – ILIM_HIZ pin sets the maximum input current limit, can be used to monitor the input current and can be pulled HIGH to force device into HIZ mode. A programming resistor to PGND is used to set the input current limit as $I_{\text{LIM}} = K_{\text{ILIM}} / R_{\text{ILIM}}$ . When the device is under input current regulation, the voltage at ILIM_HIZ pin is $V_{\text{REF\_ILIM}}$ . When ILIM_HIZ pin voltage is less than $V_{\text{REF\_ILIM}}$ , the actual input current can be calculated as: IAC = $K_{\text{ILIM}} \times V_{\text{ILIM}} / (R_{\text{ILIM}} \times V_{\text{REF\_ILIM}})$ . The actual input current limit is the lower of the limits set by ILIM_HIZ pin or the IAC_DPM register bits. This pin function can be disabled when EN_ILIM_HIZ_PIN bit is 0. If ILIM_HIZ pin is not used, this pin should be pulled to PGND, do not leave floating. |
| FBG      | 11  | I   | Voltage Feedback Divider Return – Connect to the bottom of battery feedback resistor. When charging, this pin is driven to PGND internally. When input voltage is outside of the ACUV / ACOV operating window, this pin is high-impedance, minimizing battery leakage current.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| FB       | 12  | I   | Charge Voltage Analog Feedback Adjustment – Connect the output of a resistive voltage divider from the battery terminals to this node to adjust the output battery regulation voltage.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| SRN      | 13  | ı   | Charge Current-Sense Resistor, Negative Input – A 0.47-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from SRN to SRP to provide differential-mode filtering. An optional 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from the SRN pin to PGND for common-mode filtering.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| SRP      | 14  | ı   | <b>Charge Current-Sense Resistor, Positive Input –</b> A 0.47-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from SRN to SRP to provide differential-mode filtering. A 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from the SRP pin to PGND for common-mode filtering.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| NC       | 15  | -   | No Connect - Leave this pin floating, do not tie to PGND                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| NC       | 16  | -   | No Connect - Leave this pin floating, do not tie to PGND                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| PGND     | 17  | -   | Tie this pin directly to PGND.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| SW2      | 18  | Р   | <b>Boost Side Half Bridge Switching Node –</b> Connect to the source of boost HS FET and the drain of boost LS FET. Connect the inductor between SW1 and SW2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| HIDRV2   | 19  | 0   | Boost Side High-Side Gate Driver – Connect to the boost high-side N-channel MOSFET gate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| BTST2    | 20  | Р   | Boost Side High-Side Power MOSFET Gate Driver Power Supply – Connect a 100nF capacitor between BTST2 and SW2 to provide bias to the high-side MOSFET gate driver.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| LODRV2   | 21  | 0   | Boost Side Low-Side Gate Driver - Connect to the boost low-side N-channel MOSFET gate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| PGND     | 22  | Р   | Power Ground Return – The high current ground connection for the low-side gate drivers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| DRV_SUP  | 23  | Р   | Charger Gate Drive Supply Input – Voltage on this pin is used to drive the gates of buck-boost converter switching FET. Connect a 4.7-µF ceramic capacitor from DRV_SUP to power ground. REGN LDO voltage can be used as the gate driver supply for all switching FETs by connecting REGN to DRV_SUP pin. In high-voltage applications, it is possible to directly provide the DRV_SUP voltage with an external supply up to 12 V to achieve higher switching efficiency. See Section 7.3.3.2 for more details.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| REGN     | 24  | Р   | Charger Internal Linear Regulator Output – Connect a 4.7-µF ceramic capacitor from REGN to power ground. REGN LDO voltage can be used as the gate driver supply for all switching FETs by connecting REGN to DRV_SUP pin. In high-voltage applications, it is possible to directly provide the DRV_SUP voltage with an external supply up to 12 V to achieve higher switching efficiency. See Section 7.3.3.2 for more details.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| LODRV1   | 25  | 0   | Buck Side Low-Side Gate Driver – Connect to the buck low-side N-channel MOSFET gate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| BTST1    | 26  | Р   | Buck Side High-Side Power MOSFET Gate Driver Power Supply – Connect a 100nF capacitor between BTST1 and SW1 to provide bias to the high-side MOSFET gate driver.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| HIDRV1   | 27  | 0   | Buck Side High-Side Gate Driver – Connect to the buck high-side N-channel MOSFET gate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



# **Table 5-1. Pin Functions (continued)**

| PIN         |     | I/O | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------|-----|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME        | NO. | 1/0 | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| SW1         | 28  | Р   | Buck Side Half Bridge Switching Node – Connect to the source of buck HS FET and the drain of buck LS FET. Connect the inductor between SW1 and SW2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ACN         | 29  | I   | Adapter Current-Sense Resistor, Negative Input – A 0.47-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from ACN to ACP to provide differential-mode filtering. An optional 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from the ACN pin to PGND for common-mode filtering.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ACP         | 30  | ı   | Adapter Current-Sense Resistor, Positive Input – A 0.47-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from ACN to ACP to provide differential-mode filtering. A 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor is placed from the ACP pin to PGND for common-mode filtering                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| NC          | 31  | -   | No Connect - Leave this pin floating, do not tie to PGND                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|             | 32  | _   | Input Voltage Detection and Power – Connect a 1-µF capacitor from pin to PGND. Pin 33 is the input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| VAC 33      |     | Р   | bias to power the IC, and ACOV/ACUV resistor divider should be connected relative to pin 33. When Reverse Mode is enabled, pin 32 is regulated to VAC_REV.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| ACUV        | 34  | I   | AC Undervoltage Comparator Input – Connect a resistor divider from VAC to PGND to program the undervoltage protection. When this pin falls below V <sub>REF_ACUV</sub> , the device stops charging. The hardware limit for input voltage regulation reference is V <sub>ACUV_DPM</sub> . The actual input voltage regulation is the higher of the pin-programmed value and the VAC_DPM register value. If ACUV programming is not used, pull this pin to VAC, do not leave floating. |
| ACOV        | 35  | I   | <b>AC Overvoltage Comparator Input –</b> Connect a resistor divider from VAC to PGND to program the overvoltage protection. When this pin rises above V <sub>REF_ACOV</sub> , the device stops charging. If ACOV programming is not used, pull this pin to PGND, do not leave floating.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| FSW_SYNC    | 36  | I   | Switching Frequency and Synchronization Input – An external resistor is connected to the FSW_SYNC pin and PGND to set the nominal switching frequency. This pin can also be used to synchronize the PWM controller to an external clock with 200-kHz to 600-kHz frequency.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Thermal Pad | 37  | Р   | <b>Exposed pad beneath the IC –</b> Always solder the thermal pad to the board, and have vias on the thermal pad plane star-connecting to PGND and ground plane for high-current power converter. It also serves as a thermal pad to dissipate the heat.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |



# **6 Specifications**

# 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

|                        |                                                                           | MIN         | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|------|
| Voltage                | VAC, ACUV, ACOV, ACP, ACN, SRP, SRN, FB, FBG                              | -0.3        | 85  | V    |
| Voltage                | SW1, SW2                                                                  | -2          | 85  | V    |
| Voltage                | SW1, SW2 (40ns transient)                                                 | -4          | 85  | V    |
| Voltage                | PG                                                                        | -0.3        | 40  | V    |
| Voltage                | BTST1, HIDRV1 with respect to SW1                                         | -0.3        | 14  | V    |
| Voltage                | BTST2, HIDRV2 with respect to SW2                                         | -0.3        | 14  | V    |
| Voltage                | DRV_SUP, LODRV1, LODRV2                                                   | -0.3        | 14  | V    |
| Voltage                | ACP with respect to ACN, SRP with respect to SRN                          | -0.3        | 0.3 | V    |
| Voltage                | CE, FSW_SYNC, ICHG, ILIM_HIZ, INT, REGN, SCL, SDA, MODE, STAT1, STAT2, TS | -0.3        | 6   | V    |
| Output Sink<br>Current | CE, PG, STAT1, STAT2                                                      |             | 5   | mA   |
| T <sub>J</sub>         | Junction temperature                                                      | -40         | 150 | °C   |
| T <sub>stg</sub>       | Storage temperature                                                       | <b>–</b> 65 | 150 | °C   |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Rating may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Condition. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# 6.2 ESD Ratings

|                    |                         |                                 |                         | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|------|
|                    |                         | Human body model (HBM), per AEC | Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup> | ±2000 |      |
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub> | Electrostatic discharge | Charged device model (CDM), per | Corner pins             | ±750  | V    |
|                    |                         | AEC Q100-011                    | All pins                | ±500  |      |

<sup>(1)</sup> AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

# **6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                       |                                                             | MIN              | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| V <sub>AC</sub>       | Input voltage                                               | 4.4              |     | 70  | V    |
| V <sub>BAT</sub>      | Battery voltage                                             | 0                |     | 70  | V    |
| V <sub>DRV_SUP</sub>  | DRV_SUP pin direct drive voltage range                      | 4.0              |     | 12  | V    |
| F <sub>SW</sub>       | Switching Frequency                                         | 200              |     | 600 | kHz  |
| C <sub>VAC</sub>      | VAC capacitor                                               | 1                |     |     | μF   |
| C <sub>IN</sub>       | Buck-boost input capacitance (minimum value after derating) | 80               |     |     | μF   |
| C <sub>REGN</sub>     | REGN capacitor (nominal value before derating)              | 4.7              |     |     | μF   |
| C <sub>DRV_SUP</sub>  | DRV_SUP capacitor (nominal value before derating)           | 4.7              |     |     | μF   |
| L                     | Switched Inductor                                           | 2.2              |     | 15  | μH   |
| R <sub>DCR</sub>      | Inductor DC resistance                                      | 1.75             |     | 60  | mΩ   |
| R <sub>AC_SNS</sub>   | Input current sense resistor                                | 0 <sup>(1)</sup> | 5   | 10  | mΩ   |
| R <sub>BAT_SNS</sub>  | Battery current sense resistor                              |                  | 5   |     | mΩ   |
| R <sub>ICHG</sub>     | ICHG programming pulldown resistor                          | 0.0(2)           |     | 100 | kΩ   |
| R <sub>ILIM_HIZ</sub> | ILIM_HIZ programming pulldown resistor                      | 0.0(3)           |     | 50  | kΩ   |
| TJ                    | Operating junction temperature <sup>(4)</sup>               | -40              |     | 150 | °C   |

(1) When  $R_{AC\_SNS}$  is  $0m\Omega$ , input current limit function is disabled



- (2) When R<sub>ICHG</sub> is pulled to GND, the hardware charge current limit is disabled, actual charge current is controlled by the ICHG\_REG register setting
- (3) When R<sub>ILIM\_HIZ</sub> is pulled to GND, the hardware input current limit is disabled, actual input current is controlled by the IAC\_DPM register setting
- (4) High junction temperatures degrade operating lifetime. Operating lifetime is de-rated for junction temperature greater than 125°C

## **6.4 Thermal Information**

|                       |                                                                | BQ25856-Q1 |      |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|
|                       | THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>                                  | RRV        | UNIT |
|                       |                                                                | 36 PINS    |      |
| R <sub>0JA</sub>      | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (JEDEC <sup>(1)</sup> ) | 29.7       | °C/W |
| R <sub>0JC(top)</sub> | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance                      | 19.6       | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JB}$       | Junction-to-board thermal resistance                           | 10.5       | °C/W |
| $\Psi_{JT}$           | Junction-to-top characterization parameter                     | 0.2        | °C/W |
| $\Psi_{JB}$           | Junction-to-board characterization parameter                   | 10.5       | °C/W |
| R <sub>0JC(bot)</sub> | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance                   | 2.5        | °C/W |

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Product Folder Links: BQ25856-Q1



# **6.5 Electrical Characteristics**

VAC = ACP = ACN = SYS = SRP = SRN = 28V,  $T_J$  = -40°C to +125°C, and  $T_J$  = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

|                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                  | UNIT                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RRENTS                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                          |
| Quiescent battery current (I <sub>SRN</sub> +                                                  | V <sub>BAT</sub> = 28V, VAC = 0V, ADC_EN = 0, T <sub>J</sub> < 105 °C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                  | 17                                                               |                                                                  | μA                                                                                                                                                       |
| I <sub>SRP</sub> )                                                                             | V <sub>BAT</sub> = 28V, VAC = 0V, ADC_EN = 1, T <sub>J</sub> < 105 °C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                  | 500                                                              | 700                                                              | μA                                                                                                                                                       |
| HIZ input current (I <sub>VAC</sub> )                                                          | EN_HIZ = 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | ,                                                                | 400                                                              |                                                                  | μA                                                                                                                                                       |
| Quiescent input current (I <sub>VAC</sub> )                                                    | Not switching                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                  | 0.75                                                             | 1                                                                | mA                                                                                                                                                       |
| Quiescent battery current in Reverse mode (I <sub>SRN</sub> + I <sub>SRP</sub> )               | Not switching                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                  | 0.75                                                             | 1                                                                | mA                                                                                                                                                       |
| R UP                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                          |
| VAC operating range                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 4.4                                                              |                                                                  | 70                                                               | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| VAC converter enable threshold                                                                 | VAC rising, no battery                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 4.4                                                              |                                                                  |                                                                  | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| VAC converter disable threshold                                                                | VAC falling, no battery                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                  |                                                                  | 3.5                                                              | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| ACUV comparator threshold to enter VAC_UVP                                                     | V <sub>ACUV</sub> falling                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1.089                                                            | 1.1                                                              | 1.108                                                            | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| ACUV comparator threshold hysteresis                                                           | V <sub>ACUV</sub> rising                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                  | 50                                                               |                                                                  | mV                                                                                                                                                       |
| VAC internal threshold to enter VAC_OVP                                                        | IN rising                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 72                                                               | 74                                                               | 76                                                               | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| VAC internal thresholds to exit VAC_OVP                                                        | IN falling                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 69                                                               | 71                                                               | 73                                                               | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| ACOV comparator threshold to enter VAC_OVP                                                     | V <sub>ACOV</sub> rising                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1.184                                                            | 1.2                                                              | 1.206                                                            | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| ACOV comparator threshold hysteresis                                                           | V <sub>ACOV</sub> falling                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                  | 50                                                               |                                                                  | mV                                                                                                                                                       |
| GE REGULATION                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                          |
| Feedback voltage range                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1.504                                                            |                                                                  | 1.566                                                            | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| Nominal feedback voltage                                                                       | VFB_REG = 0x10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                  | 1.536                                                            |                                                                  | V                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                | $T_J = 0$ °C to 85°C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | -0.5                                                             |                                                                  | 0.5                                                              | %                                                                                                                                                        |
| Feedback voltage regulation accuracy                                                           | T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to 125°C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | -0.7                                                             |                                                                  | 0.7                                                              | %                                                                                                                                                        |
| FBG resistance to PGND                                                                         | I <sub>FBG</sub> = 1mA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                  | 33                                                               | 55                                                               | Ω                                                                                                                                                        |
| URRENT REGULATION                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                          |
| Charge current regulation range                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.4                                                              |                                                                  | 20                                                               | Α                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                | $R_{BAT SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , VBAT = 12V, 36V, 55V.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                  | 15                                                               |                                                                  | Α                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                | ICHG_REG = 0x012C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -3                                                               |                                                                  | 3                                                                | %                                                                                                                                                        |
| I <sup>2</sup> C setting charge current regulation                                             | $R_{BAT SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , VBAT = 12V, 36V, 55V.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                  | 5                                                                |                                                                  | Α                                                                                                                                                        |
| accuracy                                                                                       | ICHG_REG = 0x0064                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -3                                                               |                                                                  | 3                                                                | %                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                | $R_{BAT, SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , VBAT = 12V, 36V, 55V.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                  | 2                                                                |                                                                  | Α                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                | ICHG_REG = 0x0028                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -5                                                               |                                                                  | 5                                                                | %                                                                                                                                                        |
| Hardware charge current limit set factor (Amperes of charge current per $k\Omega$ on ICHG pin) | $R_{BAT\_SNS}$ = 5mΩ, $R_{ICHG}$ = 10kΩ, 5kΩ, and 3.33kΩ                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 48                                                               | 50                                                               | 52                                                               | A x<br>kΩ                                                                                                                                                |
| ICHG pin voltage when ICHG pin is in regulation                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  | 2.0                                                              |                                                                  | V                                                                                                                                                        |
| URRENT REGULATION                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                          |
| Precharge current regulation range                                                             | V <sub>FB</sub> < V <sub>BAT LOWV</sub> * V <sub>VFB REG</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0.25                                                             |                                                                  | 10                                                               | Α                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                | HIZ input current (I <sub>VAC</sub> )  Quiescent input current (I <sub>VAC</sub> )  Quiescent battery current in Reverse mode (I <sub>SRN</sub> + I <sub>SRP</sub> )  R UP  VAC operating range  VAC converter enable threshold  VAC converter disable threshold  ACUV comparator threshold to enter VAC_UVP  ACUV comparator threshold to enter VAC_UVP  VAC internal thresholds to exit VAC_OVP  VAC internal thresholds to exit VAC_OVP  ACOV comparator threshold to enter VAC_OVP  ACOV comparator threshold hysteresis  GE REGULATION  Feedback voltage range  Nominal feedback voltage  Feedback voltage regulation accuracy  FBG resistance to PGND  URRENT REGULATION  Charge current regulation range  I²C setting charge current regulation accuracy  Hardware charge current regulation accuracy  I²C setting charge current regulation accuracy  Charge current regulation range | Quiescent battery current (I <sub>SRN</sub> + I <sub>SRP</sub> ) | Quiescent battery current (I <sub>SRN</sub> + I <sub>SRP</sub> ) | Quiescent battery current (I <sub>SRN</sub> + I <sub>SRP</sub> ) | Quiescent battery current (I <sub>SRN</sub> + I <sub>SRP</sub> )   105 °C   V <sub>BAT</sub> = 28V, VAC = 0V, ADC_EN = 1, T <sub>J</sub> < 500 700   700 |



VAC = ACP = ACN = SYS = SRP = SRN = 28V,  $T_J$  = -40°C to +125°C, and  $T_J$  = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| noted)                    | PARAMETER                                                                                        | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | MIN                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | TYP   | MAX                                                                                                          | UNIT      |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
|                           |                                                                                                  | $R_{BAT~SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , $V_{FB} < V_{BAT~LOWV}$ *                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 3.0   |                                                                                                              | Α         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | V <sub>VFB_REG</sub> . IPRECHG = 0x003C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | -4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | 4                                                                                                            | %         |
| 1                         | I <sup>2</sup> C setting precharge current                                                       | $R_{BAT~SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , $V_{FB} < V_{BAT~LOWV}$ *                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 3.0  -4  1.0  -10  0.50  -30  30  0.25  1.5  -7  0.50  -20  0.250  -50  50  2.8  3.2  2.2  2.4  2.6  69.0  71.7  73.8  64.3  66.7  69.0  52  55  58  27  30  33  5  97.6  95.2  94.3  93.0                                                                                                  |       | Α                                                                                                            |           |
| PRECHG_ACC accur          | accuracy                                                                                         | $V_{VFB\_REG}$ . IPRECHG[1:0] = $0$ x0014                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | -10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       | 10                                                                                                           | %         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | $R_{BAT\_SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , $V_{FB} < V_{BAT\_LOWV}$ *                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 0.50  | 4                                                                                                            | Α         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | $V_{VFB\_REG}$ . IPRECHG[1:0] = 0x000A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | -30                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       |                                                                                                              | %         |
| CHARGE TERMI              | NATION                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       |                                                                                                              |           |
| I <sub>TERM_RANGE</sub>   | Termination current range                                                                        | $V_{FB} = V_{VFB\_REG}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.25                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |       | 10                                                                                                           | Α         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | $R_{BAT\_SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , VBAT = 12V, 36V,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 1.5   |                                                                                                              | Α         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | 55V_ITERM = 0x001E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | 7                                                                                                            | %         |
| I <sub>TERM ACC</sub>     | Termination current accuracy                                                                     | $R_{BAT\_SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , VBAT = 12V, 36V, 55V.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 0.50  |                                                                                                              | Α         |
| 1214M_7100                |                                                                                                  | ITERM = 0x000A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -20                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       | 30  10  1.5  7  0.50  20  0.250  50  3 3.2  2.4 2.6  71.7 73.8  66.7 69.0  55 58  30 33  5  97.6  95.2  94.3 | %         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | $R_{BAT\_SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , VBAT = 12V, 36V, 55V.<br>ITERM = 0x0005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 0.250 |                                                                                                              | A         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | ITERM = 0x0005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 3.0  -4  4  1.0  -10  10  0.50  -30  30   0.25  10  1.5  -7  7  0.50  -20  20  0.250  -50  50  2.8  3.2  2.2  2.4  2.6  69.0  71.7  73.8  64.3  66.7  69.0  52  55  58  27  30  33  5  97.6  95.2  94.3  93.0  8  -3  3  4  -4  4  2  -7  7  19.2  20  20.8  8  7  7  19.2  20  20  8  7  7 | %     |                                                                                                              |           |
| BATTERY VOLTA             | AGE COMPARATORS                                                                                  | W states a                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       | 0.0                                                                                                          |           |
| V <sub>BAT_SHORT</sub>    | Trickle charge to pre-charge transition                                                          | V <sub>SRN</sub> rising                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       |                                                                                                              | V         |
|                           | Pre-charge to trickle charge transition                                                          | V <sub>SRN</sub> falling                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2.2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 2.4   | 2.0                                                                                                          | V         |
| V                         |                                                                                                  | V <sub>FB</sub> rising, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub> ,<br>VBAT_LOWV[2:0] = 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 69.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 71.7  | 73.8                                                                                                         | %         |
|                           | Pre-charge to fast-charge transition                                                             | $V_{FB}$ rising, as percentage of $V_{FB\_REG}$ , VBAT_LOWV[2:0] = 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 64.3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 66.7  | 69.0                                                                                                         | %         |
| V <sub>BAT_LOWV</sub>     |                                                                                                  | V <sub>FB</sub> rising, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub> ,<br>VBAT_LOWV[2:0] = 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 52                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 55    | 58                                                                                                           | %         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | V <sub>FB</sub> rising, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub> ,<br>VBAT_LOWV[2:0] = 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 27                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 30    | 33                                                                                                           | %         |
| V <sub>BAT_LOWV_HYS</sub> | BAT_LOWV hysteresis                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 5     |                                                                                                              | %         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | V <sub>FB</sub> falling, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub> ,<br>VRECHG[1:0] = 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 97.6  |                                                                                                              | %         |
| N/                        | Battery recharge threshold for Li-Ion                                                            | V <sub>FB</sub> falling, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub> ,<br>VRECHG[1:0] = 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 95.2  |                                                                                                              | %         |
| V <sub>RECHG</sub>        | and LiFePO <sub>4</sub>                                                                          | V <sub>FB</sub> falling, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub> ,<br>VRECHG[1:0] = 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 94.3  | 10<br>30<br>10<br>7<br>20<br>50<br>3.2<br>2.6<br>73.8<br>69.0<br>58<br>33<br>4<br>7                          | %         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | $\begin{array}{c} \text{VBAI\_LOWV[2:0]} = 2 \\ \\ \text{V}_{FB} \text{ rising, as percentage of V}_{FB\_REG}, \\ \text{VBAT\_LOWV[2:0]} = 1 \\ \\ \text{V}_{FB} \text{ rising, as percentage of V}_{FB\_REG}, \\ \text{VBAT\_LOWV[2:0]} = 0 \\ \\ \text{VW hysteresis} \\ \\ \text{V}_{FB} \text{ falling, as percentage of V}_{FB\_REG}, \\ \text{VRECHG[1:0]} = 3 \\ \\ \text{V}_{FB} \text{ falling, as percentage of V}_{FB\_REG}, \\ \text{VRECHG[1:0]} = 2 \\ \\ \text{V}_{FB} \text{ falling, as percentage of V}_{FB\_REG}, \\ \text{VRECHG[1:0]} = 1 \\ \\ \text{V}_{FB} \text{ falling, as percentage of V}_{FB\_REG}, \\ \text{VRECHG[1:0]} = 1 \\ \\ \text{V}_{FB} \text{ falling, as percentage of V}_{FB\_REG}, \\ \text{VRECHG[1:0]} = 1 \\ \\ \text{VRECHG[1:0]} = 0 \\ \\ \text{ION} \\ \\ \\ \text{RAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{BAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \text{ IAC\_DPM} = 0x00A0 \\ \\ \\ \text{SAC\_SNS} = 5m\Omega. \\ \\ \text$ |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       | %                                                                                                            |           |
| INPUT CURRENT             | regulation                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       |                                                                                                              |           |
|                           |                                                                                                  | D = 5m0 IAC DDM = 0::00AC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 8     |                                                                                                              | Α         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | TAC_SNS - SHIZE, IAC_DF W - 0X00A0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | 3                                                                                                            | %         |
| lines ppu ass             | I <sup>2</sup> C setting input current regulation                                                | $R_{AC~SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , IAC_DPM = 0x0050                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 4     |                                                                                                              | Α         |
| IREG_DPM_ACC              | accuracy in forward mode                                                                         | TAC_SNS CHILL, II TO_DI III CACCCC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | 4                                                                                                            | %         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | $R_{AC~SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , IAC_DPM = 0x0028                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 2     |                                                                                                              | Α         |
|                           |                                                                                                  | TAC_SNS - SHIZZ, IAC_DE W - 0X0020                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | 7                                                                                                            | %         |
| $K_{ILIM}$                | Hardware input current limit set factor (Amperes of input current per $k\Omega$ on ILIM_HIZ pin) | $R_{AC\_SNS}$ = 5m $\Omega$ , $R_{ILIM}$ = 5k $\Omega$ , 2.5k $\Omega$ , and 1.67k $\Omega$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 19.2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 20    | 20.8                                                                                                         | A x<br>kΩ |
| V <sub>REF_ILIM_HIZ</sub> | ILIM_HIZ pin voltage when ILIM_HIZ pin is in regulation                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 2.0   |                                                                                                              | V         |

Product Folder Links: BQ25856-Q1



VAC = ACP = ACN = SYS = SRP = SRN = 28V,  $T_J$  = -40°C to +125°C, and  $T_J$  = 25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| noted)                      | PARAMETER                                                                                         | TEST CONDITIONS                            | MIN    | TYP    | MAX    | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| V <sub>IH_ILIM_HIZ</sub>    | ILIM_HIZ input high threshold to enter HIZ mode                                                   | V <sub>ILIM_HIZ</sub> rising               | 3.7    |        |        | V    |
| INPUT VOLTAGE               | REGULATION                                                                                        |                                            |        |        |        |      |
| V <sub>VREG_DPM_RANGE</sub> | Input voltage DPM regulation range                                                                |                                            | 4.4    |        | 65     | V    |
| V                           | I <sup>2</sup> C setting input voltage regulation                                                 | VAC DDM = 0x0760                           |        | 38     |        | V    |
| V <sub>VREG_DPM_ACC</sub>   | accuracy                                                                                          | VAC_DPM = 0x076C                           | -2     |        | 2      | %    |
|                             |                                                                                                   | VAC DPM = 0x04E2                           |        | 25     |        | V    |
| V <sub>VREG_DPM_ACC</sub>   | I <sup>2</sup> C setting input voltage regulation                                                 | V/10_B1 W                                  | -2     |        | 2      | %    |
| * VREG_DPM_ACC              | accuracy in forward mode                                                                          | VAC_DPM = 0x03B6                           |        | 19     |        | V    |
|                             |                                                                                                   |                                            | -2     |        | 2      | %    |
| V <sub>ACUV_DPM</sub>       | ACUV pin voltage when in VDPM regulation                                                          |                                            | 1.198  | 1.210  | 1.222  | V    |
| REVERSE MODE                | VOLTAGE REGULATION                                                                                |                                            |        |        |        |      |
| V <sub>REV_RANGE</sub>      | VAC Voltage regulation range in Reverse mode                                                      |                                            | 3.3    |        | 65     | V    |
|                             |                                                                                                   | VAC REV = 0x0960                           |        | 48     |        | V    |
| Vary soo                    | Voltage regulation accuracy in                                                                    | VAC_ICEV = 0X0900                          | -2     |        | 2      | %    |
| V <sub>REV_ACC</sub>        | Reverse mode                                                                                      | VAC_REV = 0x0578                           |        | 28     |        | V    |
|                             |                                                                                                   | VAO_NEV = 0X0070                           | -2     |        | 2      | %    |
|                             |                                                                                                   | VAC_REV = 0x02EE                           |        | 15     |        | V    |
| V <sub>REV_ACC</sub>        | VAC Voltage regulation accuracy in                                                                | o                                          | -2     |        | 2      | %    |
| * REV_ACC                   | Reverse mode                                                                                      | VAC_REV = 0x00FA                           |        | 5      |        | V    |
|                             |                                                                                                   |                                            | -2     |        | 2      | %    |
| REVERSE MODE                | CURRENT REGULATION                                                                                |                                            |        |        |        |      |
|                             |                                                                                                   | $R_{AC\_SNS} = 5mΩ$ , IAC_REV = 0x00A0     |        | 8      |        | Α    |
| I <sub>IREV ACC</sub>       | Input current regulation accuracy in                                                              |                                            | -3.5   |        | 3.5    | %    |
|                             | Reverse mode                                                                                      | $R_{AC~SNS} = 5m\Omega$ , IAC_REV = 0x0028 |        | 2      |        | A    |
|                             |                                                                                                   |                                            | -5.5   |        | 5.5    | %    |
| CHARGE MODE I               | BATTERY-PACK NTC MONITOR                                                                          | T                                          | 1      |        |        |      |
| V <sub>T1_RISE</sub>        | TS pin voltage rising T1 threshold, charge suspended above this voltage.                          |                                            | 72.75  | 73.25  | 73.85  | %    |
| V <sub>T1_FALL</sub>        | TS pin voltage falling T1 threshold, charge re-enabled below this voltage.                        | As Percentage to REGN, TS_T1=0°C w/ 103AT  | 71.5   | 72     | 72.5   | %    |
| V <sub>T2_RISE</sub>        | TS pin voltage rising T2 threshold, charge back to reduced ICHG above this voltage                | As Percentage to REGN, TS_T2=10°C w/ 103AT | 67.75  | 68.25  | 68.75  | %    |
| V <sub>T2_FALL</sub>        | TS pin voltage falling T2 threshold.<br>Charge back to normal below this<br>voltage               | As Percentage to REGN, TS_T2=10°C w/ 103AT | 66.45  | 66.95  | 67.45  | %    |
| V <sub>T3_FALL</sub>        | TS pin voltage falling T3 threshold, charge to ICHG and reduced $V_{FB\_REG}$ below this voltage. | As Percentage to REGN, TS_T3=45°C w/ 103AT | 44.25  | 44.75  | 45.25  | %    |
| V <sub>T3_RISE</sub>        | TS pin voltage rising T3 threshold. Charge back to normal above this voltage.                     | As Percentage to REGN, TS_T3=45°C w/ 103AT | 45.55  | 46.05  | 46.55  | %    |
| V <sub>T5_FALL</sub>        | TS pin voltage falling T5 threshold, charge suspended below this voltage                          | As Percentage to REGN, TS_T5=60°C w/ 103AT | 33.875 | 34.375 | 34.875 | %    |



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| noted)                  | PARAMETER                                                                                                   | TEST CONDITIONS                                               | MIN    | TYP    | MAX    | UNIT |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| V <sub>T5_RISE</sub>    | TS pin voltage rising T5 threshold. Charge back to ICHG and reduced V <sub>FB REG</sub> above this voltage. | As Percentage to REGN, TS_T5=60°C w/ 103AT                    | 35     | 35.5   | 36     | %    |
| REVERSE MOD             | DE BATTERY-PACK NTC MONITOR                                                                                 |                                                               |        |        |        |      |
| V <sub>BCOLD_RISE</sub> | TS pin voltage rising TCOLD threshold. Reverse mode suspended above this voltage                            | As Percentage to REGN (BCOLD = -20°C w/ 103AT)                | 79.45  | 80.0   | 80.55  | %    |
| V <sub>BCOLD_RISE</sub> | TS pin voltage rising TCOLD threshold. Reverse mode suspended above this voltage                            | As Percentage to REGN (BCOLD = -10°C w/ 103AT)                | 76.65  | 77.15  | 77.65  | %    |
| V <sub>BCOLD_FALL</sub> | TCOLD comparator falling threshold.                                                                         | As Percentage to REGN (-20°C w/ 103AT)                        | 78.2   | 78.7   | 79.2   | %    |
| V <sub>BCOLD_FALL</sub> | TCOLD comparator falling threshold.                                                                         | As Percentage to REGN (-10°C w/ 103AT)                        | 75.5   | 75.6   | 76.5   | %    |
| V <sub>BHOT_FALL</sub>  | TS pin voltage falling THOT threshold. Reverse mode suspends below this voltage                             | As Percentage to REGN, (BHOT = 55°C w/ 103AT)                 | 37.2   | 37.7   | 38.2   | %    |
| V <sub>BHOT_FALL</sub>  | TS pin voltage falling THOT threshold. Reverse mode suspends below this voltage                             | As Percentage to REGN, (BHOT = 60°C w/ 103AT)                 | 33.875 | 34.375 | 34.875 | %    |
| V <sub>BHOT_FALL</sub>  | TS pin voltage falling THOT threshold. Reverse mode suspends below this voltage                             | As Percentage to REGN, (BHOT 65°C w/ 103AT)                   | 30.75  | 31.25  | 31.75  | %    |
| V <sub>BHOT_RISE</sub>  | TS pin voltage rising THOT threshold.<br>Reverse mode allowed above this<br>voltage                         | As Percentage to REGN, (BHOT = 55°C w/ 103AT)                 | 38.5   | 39.0   | 39.95  | %    |
| V <sub>BHOT_RISE</sub>  | TS pin voltage rising THOT threshold.<br>Reverse mode allowed above this<br>voltage                         | As Percentage to REGN, (BHOT = 60°C w/ 103AT)                 | 35     | 35.5   | 36     | %    |
| V <sub>BHOT_RISE</sub>  | TS pin voltage rising THOT threshold.<br>Reverse mode allowed above this<br>voltage                         | As Percentage to REGN, (BHOT 65°C w/ 103AT)                   | 32.0   | 32.5   | 33.0   | %    |
| BATTERY CHAI            | RGER PROTECTION                                                                                             |                                                               |        |        |        |      |
| V <sub>BAT_OV</sub>     | Battery overvoltage threshold                                                                               | V <sub>FB</sub> rising, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub>  | 102.5  | 104    | 105.5  | %    |
| V <sub>BAT_OVZ</sub>    | Battery overvoltage falling threshold                                                                       | V <sub>FB</sub> falling, as percentage of V <sub>FB_REG</sub> | 100.5  | 102    | 103.5  | %    |
| V <sub>ICHG_OC</sub>    | Battery charge over-current threshold                                                                       | V <sub>SRP</sub> - V <sub>SRN</sub> rising                    | 120    |        | 170    | mV   |
| THERMAL SHU             | TDOWN                                                                                                       |                                                               |        |        |        |      |
| T                       | Thermal shutdown rising threshold                                                                           | Temperature increasing                                        |        | 165    |        | °C   |
| T <sub>SHUT</sub>       | Thermal shutdown falling threshold                                                                          | Temperature decreasing                                        |        | 150    |        | °C   |
| REGN REGULA             | TOR AND GATE DRIVE SUPPLY (DRV_S                                                                            | SUP)                                                          |        |        |        |      |
| $V_{REGN}$              | REGN LDO output voltage                                                                                     | IREGN = 20mA                                                  | 4.8    | 5      | 5.2    | V    |
| * KEGN                  |                                                                                                             | VAC = 5V, IREGN = 20mA                                        | 4.35   | 4.6    |        | V    |
| I <sub>REGN</sub>       | REGN LDO current limit                                                                                      | VREGN = 4.5V                                                  | 70     |        |        | mA   |
| V <sub>REGN_OK</sub>    | REGN OK threshold to allow switching                                                                        | REGN rising                                                   |        | 3.55   |        | V    |
| V <sub>DRV_UVPZ</sub>   | DRV_SUP under-voltage threshold to allow switching                                                          | DRV_SUP rising                                                |        |        | 3.7    | V    |
| $V_{DRV\_OVP}$          | DRV_SUP over-voltage threshold to disable switching                                                         | DRV_SUP rising                                                | 12.8   | 13.2   | 13.6   | V    |
| POWER-PATH I            | MANAGER                                                                                                     |                                                               |        |        |        |      |
| I <sub>AC_LOAD</sub>    | VAC discharge load current                                                                                  |                                                               | 16     |        |        | mA   |
| I <sub>BAT_LOAD</sub>   | Battery (SRP) discharge load current                                                                        |                                                               | 16     |        |        | mA   |

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| noted)                       | PARAMETER                                      | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                               | MIN    | TYP      | MΔΥ   | UNIT |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|------|
| SWITCHING EDE                | QUENCY AND SYNC                                | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                               | IVIIIV | - 115    | WAA   | ONIT |
| SWITCHINGTILL                | QUENCT AND STRE                                | P                                                                                             | 212    | 250      | 288   | kHz  |
| $f_{SW}$                     | Switching Frequency                            | $R_{FSW\_SYNC} = 133k\Omega$                                                                  | 425    | 500      | 575   | kHz  |
| V                            | FSW SYNC input high threshold                  | $R_{FSW\_SYNC} = 50k\Omega$                                                                   |        |          | 3/3   | V    |
| V <sub>IH_SYNC</sub>         | ' ' '                                          |                                                                                               | 1.3    |          | 0.4   |      |
| V <sub>IL_SYNC</sub>         | FSW_SYNC input low threshold                   |                                                                                               | 00     |          | 0.4   | V    |
| PW <sub>SYNC</sub>           | FSW_SYNC input pulse width                     |                                                                                               | 80     |          |       | ns   |
| PWM DRIVERS                  | 15                                             | lv v 5v                                                                                       |        |          |       |      |
| R <sub>HIDRV1_ON</sub>       | Buck side high-side turnon resistance          | $V_{BTST1} - V_{SW1} = 5V$                                                                    |        | 3.4      |       | Ω    |
| R <sub>HIDRV1_OFF</sub>      | Buck side high-side turnoff resistance         | V <sub>BTST1</sub> - V <sub>SW1</sub> = 5V                                                    |        | 1.0      |       | Ω    |
| V <sub>BTST1_REFRESH</sub>   | Bootstrap refresh comparator threshold voltage | BTST1 falling, $V_{BTST1}$ - $V_{SW1}$ when low-side refresh pulse is requested               | 2.7    | 3.1      | 3.9   | V    |
| $R_{LODRV1\_ON}$             | Buck side low-side turnon resistance           | VREGN = 5V                                                                                    |        | 3.4      |       | Ω    |
| R <sub>LODRV1_OFF</sub>      | Buck side low-side turnoff resistance          | VREGN = 5V                                                                                    |        | 1.0      |       | Ω    |
| t <sub>DT1</sub>             | Buck side dead time, both edges                |                                                                                               |        | 45       |       | ns   |
| R <sub>HIDRV2_ON</sub>       | Boost side high-side turnon resistance         | V <sub>BTST2</sub> - V <sub>SW2</sub> = 5V                                                    |        | 3.4      |       | Ω    |
| R <sub>HIDRV2_OFF</sub>      | Boost side high-side turnoff resistance        | V <sub>BTST2</sub> - V <sub>SW2</sub> = 5V                                                    |        | 1.0      |       | Ω    |
| V <sub>BTST2_REFRESH</sub>   | Bootstrap refresh comparator threshold voltage | BTST2 falling, V <sub>BTST2</sub> - V <sub>SW2</sub> when low-side refresh pulse is requested | 2.7    | 3.1      | 3.9   | V    |
| R <sub>LODRV2_ON</sub>       | Boost side low-side turnon resistance          | VREGN = 5V                                                                                    |        | 3.4      |       | Ω    |
| R <sub>LODRV2_OFF</sub>      | Boost side low-side turnoff resistance         | VREGN = 5V                                                                                    |        | 1.0      |       | Ω    |
| t <sub>DT2</sub>             | Boost side dead time, both edges               |                                                                                               |        | 45       |       | ns   |
| ANALOG-TO-DIG                | GITAL CONVERTER (ADC)                          |                                                                                               |        |          |       |      |
|                              |                                                | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 00                                                                          |        | 24       |       | ms   |
| t <sub>ADC CONV</sub>        | Conversion-time, each measurement              | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 01                                                                          |        | 12       |       | ms   |
|                              |                                                | ADC SAMPLE[1:0] = 10                                                                          |        | 6        |       | ms   |
|                              |                                                | ADC SAMPLE[1:0] = 00                                                                          | 14     | 15       |       | bits |
| ADC <sub>RES</sub>           | Effective resolution                           | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 01                                                                          | 13     | 14       |       | bits |
|                              |                                                | ADC_SAMPLE[1:0] = 10                                                                          | 12     | 13       |       | bits |
| ADC MEASUREN                 | MENT RANGE AND LSB                             |                                                                                               |        |          |       |      |
|                              | Input current ADC reading (positive or         | Range with 5mΩ R <sub>AC_SNS</sub>                                                            | -20000 |          | 20000 | mA   |
| I <sub>AC_ADC</sub>          | negative)                                      | LSB with 5mΩ R <sub>AC SNS</sub>                                                              |        | 0.8      |       | mA   |
|                              | Battery current ADC reading (positive          | Range with 5mΩ R <sub>BAT_SNS</sub>                                                           | -20000 |          | 20000 | mA   |
| I <sub>BAT_ADC</sub>         | or negative)                                   | LSB with $5m\Omega$ R <sub>BAT</sub> SNS                                                      |        | 2        |       | mA   |
|                              |                                                | Range                                                                                         | 0      |          | 65534 | mV   |
| V <sub>AC_ADC</sub>          | Input voltage ADC reading                      | LSB                                                                                           |        | 2        |       | mV   |
|                              |                                                | Range                                                                                         | 0      |          | 65534 | mV   |
| $V_{BAT\_ADC}$               | Battery voltage ADC reading                    | LSB                                                                                           |        | 2        |       | mV   |
|                              | TS voltage ADC reading, as                     | Range                                                                                         | 0      | <u> </u> | 99.9  | %    |
| TS <sub>ADC</sub>            | percentage of REGN                             | LSB                                                                                           |        | 0.098    |       | %    |
|                              |                                                | Range                                                                                         | 0      |          | 2047  | mV   |
| $V_{FB\_ADC}$                | FB voltage ADC reading                         | LSB                                                                                           |        | 1        |       | mV   |
| I <sup>2</sup> C INTERFACE ( | (SCI_SDA)                                      | I                                                                                             |        | -        |       | •    |

VAC = ACP = ACN = SYS = SRP = SRN = 28V,  $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , and  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER             |                                                   | TEST CONDITIONS    | MIN | TYP MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|---------|------|
| V <sub>IH</sub>       | Input high threshold level                        |                    | 1.3 |         | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>       | Input low threshold level                         |                    |     | 0.4     | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>       | Output low threshold level                        | Sink current = 5mA |     | 0.4     | V    |
| I <sub>IN_BIAS</sub>  | High-level leakage current                        | Pull up rail 3.3V  |     | 1       | μA   |
| LOGIC I/O PIN (       | E, PG , STAT1, STAT2)                             |                    |     |         | •    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>       | Input high threshold level (CE)                   |                    | 1.3 |         | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>       | Output low threshold level (CE, PG, STAT1, STAT2) | Sink current = 5mA |     | 0.4     | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>       | Input low threshold level (CE)                    |                    |     | 0.4     | V    |
| I <sub>OUT_BIAS</sub> | High-level leakage current (CE, PG, STAT1, STAT2) | Pull up rail 3.3V  |     | 1       | μA   |

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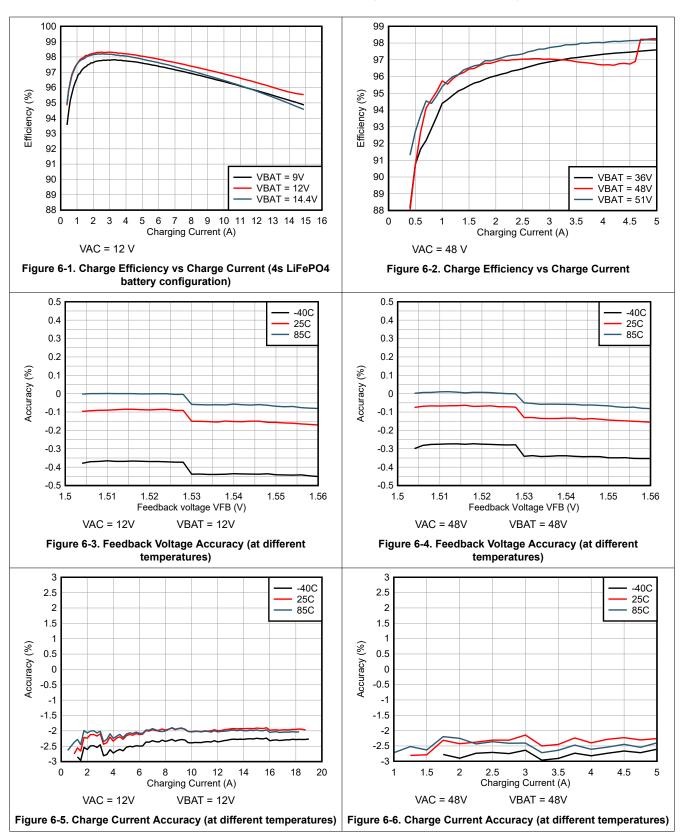
# **6.6 Timing Requirements**

|                            |                                                                                   | MIN  | NOM | MAX  | UNIT |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|------|------|
| VAC / BAT POWER            | UP                                                                                |      | ,   |      |      |
| t <sub>ACOV_DGL</sub>      | Enter ACOV deglitch time, ACOV rising                                             |      | 100 |      | μs   |
| t <sub>ACOVZ_DGL</sub>     | Exit ACOV deglitch time, ACOV falling                                             |      | 12  |      | ms   |
| t <sub>ACUV_DGL</sub>      | Enter ACUV deglitch time, ACUV falling                                            |      | 100 |      | μs   |
| t <sub>ACUVZ_DGL</sub>     | Exit ACUV deglitch time, ACUV rising                                              |      | 12  |      | ms   |
| BATTERY CHARGE             | ER .                                                                              |      |     | 1    |      |
| t <sub>TERM_DGL</sub>      | Deglitch time for charge termination, V <sub>SRP</sub> - V <sub>SRN</sub> falling |      | 220 |      | ms   |
| t <sub>RECHG_DGL</sub>     | Deglitch time for recharge threshold, VFB falling                                 |      | 200 |      | ms   |
| t <sub>PRECHG</sub>        | Pre-charge safety timer accuracy                                                  | 1.7  | 2   | 2.3  | hr   |
| t <sub>SAFETY</sub>        | Fast-charge safety timer accuracy, CHG_TMR = 8hr                                  | 6.8  | 8   | 9.2  | hr   |
| t <sub>TOPOFF</sub>        | Top-off timer accuracy, TOPOFF_TMR = 30 min                                       | 25.5 | 30  | 34.5 | min  |
| BATTERY-PACK N             | TC MONITOR                                                                        |      |     | 1    |      |
| t <sub>TS_DGL</sub>        | Deglitch time for TS threshold crossing                                           |      | 25  |      | ms   |
| I <sup>2</sup> C INTERFACE |                                                                                   |      |     | '    |      |
| f <sub>SCL</sub>           | SCL clock frequency                                                               |      |     | 1000 | kHZ  |
| DIGITAL CLOCK A            | ND WATCHDOG                                                                       |      |     | '    |      |
| t <sub>LP_WDT</sub>        | I <sup>2</sup> C Watchdog reset time (EN_HIZ = 1, WATCHDOG[1:0] = 160s)           | 100  | 160 |      | s    |
| t <sub>WDT</sub>           | I <sup>2</sup> C Watchdog reset time (EN_HIZ = 0,<br>WATCHDOG[1:0] = 160s)        | 130  | 160 |      | s    |



# 6.7 Typical Characteristics

 $C_{VAC}$  = 160  $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$ = 160  $\mu$ F,  $f_{SW}$  = 250 kHz, L = 10  $\mu$ H,  $T_A$  = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)



# **6.7 Typical Characteristics (continued)**

 $C_{VAC}$  = 160  $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$ = 160  $\mu$ F,  $f_{SW}$  = 250 kHz, L = 10  $\mu$ H,  $T_A$  = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

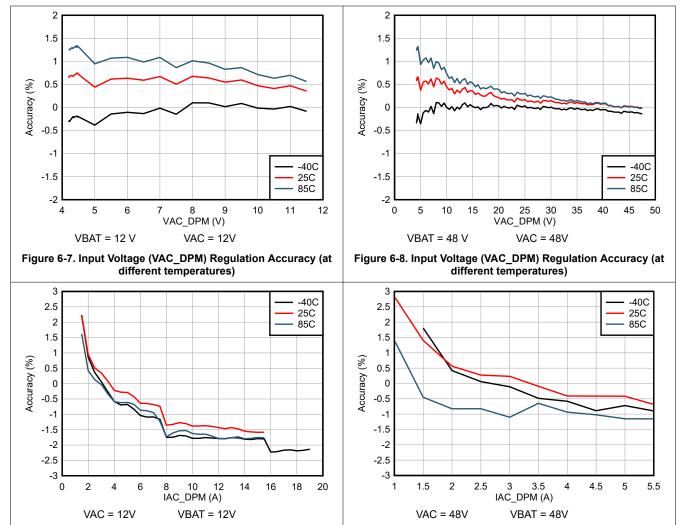


Figure 6-9. Input Current (IAC\_DPM) Regulation Accuracy (at different temperatures)

Figure 6-10. Input Current (IAC\_DPM) Regulation Accuracy (at different temperatures)



# 6.7 Typical Characteristics (continued)

 $C_{VAC}$  = 160  $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$ = 160  $\mu$ F,  $f_{SW}$  = 250 kHz, L = 10  $\mu$ H,  $T_A$  = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

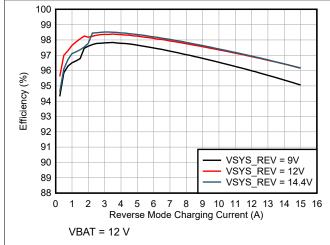


Figure 6-11. Reverse Mode Efficiency (4s LiFePO4 battery configuration)

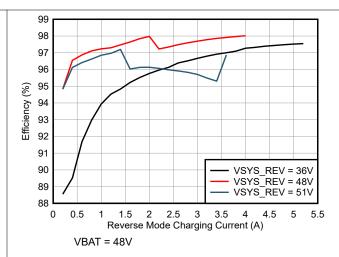


Figure 6-12. Reverse Mode Efficiency (12s Li-lon battery configuration)

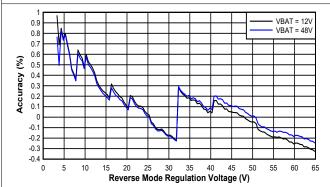


Figure 6-13. Reverse Mode Output Voltage Accuracy vs VAC\_REV Setting

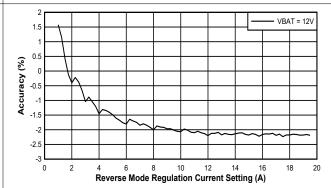


Figure 6-14. Reverse Mode Output Current Accuracy vs IAC REV Setting

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# 7 Detailed Description

## 7.1 Overview

The BQ25856-Q1 is a wide input voltage, Li-Ion, Li-polymer, LiFePO<sub>4</sub> bi-directional switched-mode buck-boost battery charge controller. The device offers high-efficiency battery charging over a wide voltage range with accurate and programmable charge current and charge voltage regulation, in addition to automatic charge preconditioning, termination, and charge status indication. The device integrates all the loop compensation and 5-V gate drivers for the buck-boost converter, thereby providing a high density solution with ease of use. The switching frequency of the device can be programmed or forced to follow an external clock frequency via the FSW\_SYNC pin. While switching under light-load the device offers an optional Pulse Frequency Modulation (PFM) mode to increase efficiency. The charger has a digital state machine that advances the charger's states as the converter analog feedback loops hand off control to each other. It also manages the fault protection comparators. The loops regulate and comparators compare against reference values in the I<sup>2</sup>C registers, unless clamped by external resistors.

Besides the I<sup>2</sup>C host-controlled charging mode, the device also supports autonomous charging mode via resistor programmable limits. Input current, charge current and charge voltage regulation targets can be changed via the ILIM\_HIZ, ICHG, and FB pins, respectively. The device can complete a charging cycle without any software intervention. Charging function is controlled via the  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  pin.

For Li-lon and LiFePO<sub>4</sub> chemistries, the device checks battery voltage and charges the battery in different phases accordingly: trickle charging, pre-charging, constant current (CC) charging and constant voltage (CV) charging. At the end of the charging cycle, the charger automatically terminates when the charge current is below the termination current limit in the constant voltage phase. When the full battery falls below the recharge threshold, the charger automatically starts a new charge cycle.

The input operating window is programmed via the ACUV and ACOV pins. When the input voltage is outside the programmed window, the device automatically stops the charger, and the  $\overline{PG}$  pin pulls HIGH.

The charger provides various safety features for battery charging and system operation, including battery temperature negative thermistor (NTC) monitoring, charge timers and over-voltage/over-current protections on battery and input. The thermal shutdown prevents charging when the junction temperature exceeds the  $T_{SHUT}$  limit.

The device supports buck-boost reverse power direction to deliver power from the battery to the input when the adapter is not present. In reverse mode, the regulation voltage and current can be programmed via the I<sup>2</sup>C interface (VAC\_REV and IAC\_REV) to provide a CC/CV profile supporting the USB-PD Extended Power Range (EPR).

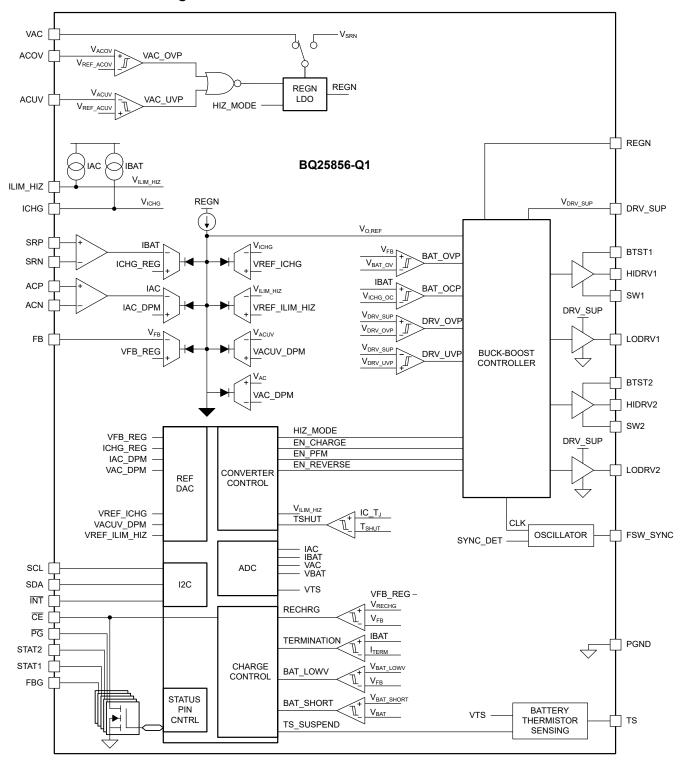
The device has three status pins (STAT1, STAT2, and  $\overline{PG}$ ) to indicate the charging status and input voltage status. These pins can be used to drive LEDs or communicate with a host processor. If needed, these pins can also be used as general purpose indicators and their status controlled directly by the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. In addition, the  $\overline{CE}$  pin can also be used as a general purpose indicator. The  $\overline{INT}$  pin immediately notifies host when the device status changes, including faults.

The device also provides a 16-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC) for monitoring input current, charge current and input/battery/thermistor voltages (IAC, IBAT, VAC, VBAT, TS).

The device comes with a 36-pin 5-mm × 6-mm QFN package with 0.5-mm pin pitch.



## 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



## 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Device Power-On-Reset

The internal bias circuits are powered from either VAC or SRN. When VAC rises above  $V_{VAC\_OK}$ , charging is allowed. When BAT rises above 3 V, reverse mode operation is allowed.

A POR occurs when one of these supplies rises above its corresponding  $V_{OK}$  level, while the other supply is below its corresponding  $V_{OK}$  level. After the POR, I<sup>2</sup>C interface is ready for communication and all the registers are reset to default value. The host can access all the registers after POR.

### 7.3.2 Device Power-Up From Battery Without Input Source

If only battery is present and the voltage is above 3-V threshold, the device is ready for I<sup>2</sup>C communication , and the converter is ready to start operation in reverse mode. The REGN LDO stays off to minimize the quiescent current. The ADC can be used to monitor all system parameters.

## 7.3.3 Device Power Up From Input Source

When a valid input source ( $V_{VAC\_OK}$  < VAC and VAC within the ACUV and ACOV operating window) is detected, the  $\overline{PG}$  pin pulls LOW. If charging is enabled, the device proceeds to enable the REGN LDO and power up the buck-boost converter.

### 7.3.3.1 VAC Operating Window Programming (ACUV and ACOV)

The VAC operating window can be programmed via the ACUV and ACOV pins using a three-resistor divider from VAC to PGND as shown in Figure 7-1.

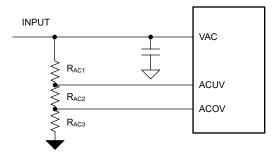


Figure 7-1. ACUV and ACOV Programming

When  $V_{ACUV}$  falls and reaches  $V_{ACUV\_DPM}$ , the device enters input voltage regulation, thereby reducing the charge current.  $V_{ACUV}$  continues falling below  $V_{REF\_ACUV}$ , the device automatically stops the converter and the  $\overline{PG}$  pin pulls high.

When  $V_{ACOV}$  rises above  $V_{RFF}$  ACOV, the device automatically stops the converter and the  $\overline{PG}$  pin pulls high.

The following equations govern the relationship between the resistor divider and the target operating voltage window programmed by ACOV and ACUV pins:

$$V_{ACOV\_TARGET} = V_{REF\_ACOV} \times \frac{R_{AC1} + R_{AC2} + R_{AC3}}{R_{AC3}}$$
(1)

$$V_{ACUV\_TARGET} = V_{REF\_ACUV} \times \frac{R_{AC1} + R_{AC2} + R_{AC3}}{R_{AC2} + R_{AC3}}$$
(2)

If unused, tie ACUV to VAC and ACOV to PGND in order to apply the internal VAC operating window (V<sub>VAC OP</sub>).

## 7.3.3.2 REGN Regulator (REGN LDO)

The REGN LDO regulator provides a regulated bias supply for the IC and the TS external resistors. Additionally, REGN voltage can be used to drive the buck-boost switching FETs directly by tying the DRV SUP pin to REGN.

The pull-up rail of  $\overline{PG}$ , STAT1, and STAT2 can be connected to REGN as well. The REGN LDO is enabled when below conditions are valid:

- 1. VAC voltage above  $V_{VAC\ OK}$  and charge is enabled in forward mode.
- 2. BAT voltage above 3.8 V in Reverse mode and Reverse Mode is enabled (EN REV = 1)

At high input voltages and/or large gate drive requirements, the power loss from gate driving via the REGN LDO can be excessive. This power for the gate drivers can be provided externally by directly driving the DRV\_SUP pin with a high efficiency supply ranging from 4.5 V to 12 V. This supply should be able to provide at least 50 mA or more as required to drive the switching FET gate charge.

The power dissipation for driving the gates via the REGN LDO is:  $P_{REGN} = (VAC - V_{REGN}) \times Q_{G(TOT)1,2,3,4} \times f_{SW}$ , where  $Q_{G(TOT)1,2,3,4}$  is the sum of the total gate charge for all switching FETs and  $f_{SW}$  is the programmed switching frequency. The Safe Operating Area (SOA) below is based on a 1-W power loss limit.

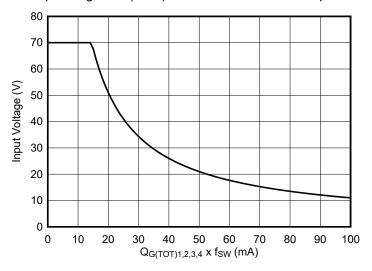


Figure 7-2. REGN LDO Safe Operating Area (SOA)

#### 7.3.3.3 Compensation-Free Buck-Boost Converter Operation

The device integrates all the loop compensation, thereby providing a high density solution with ease of use. At startup, the device toggles the SW node for about 40 ms to determine the correct compensation values for a given set of passives. If the battery is above VBAT LOWV, then SW2 is toggled. SW1 is toggled otherwise.

The charger employs a synchronous buck-boost converter that allows charging from a wide range of input voltage sources. The charger operates in buck, buck-boost or boost mode. The converter can operate uninterruptedly and continuously across the three operation modes. During buck-boost mode, the converter alternates a SW1 pulse with a SW2 pulse, with effective switching frequency interleaved among these pulses for highest efficiency operation.

During boost mode operation, the HS FET is forced to turn on for 225 ns in each switching cycle to ensure inductor energy is delivered to the output, effectively limiting the maximum boosting ratio. For example, when device is configured to switch at 500 kHz, the switching period is 2  $\mu$ s, yielding a duty cycle limit of (1 - 0.225  $\mu$ s/2  $\mu$ s) = 88.75%. Given a 5-V input, this translates to a maximum 44-V output assuming 100% efficiency. The true output will be lower than this ideal limit. At lower switching frequencies, the maximum duty cycle increases, making the limitation less significant.

**Table 7-1. Switching MOSFET Operation** 

| MODE        | виск                         | BUCK-BOOST                                                  | BOOST |
|-------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| HS BUCK FET | Switching at $f_{SW}$        | Switching (f <sub>SW</sub> interleaved between SW1 and SW2) | ON    |
| LS BUCK FET | Switching at f <sub>SW</sub> | Switching (f <sub>SW</sub> interleaved between SW1 and SW2) | OFF   |

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**Table 7-1. Switching MOSFET Operation (continued)** 

| MODE         | BUCK | BUCK-BOOST                                                  | BOOST                        |
|--------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| LS BOOST FET | OFF  | Switching (f <sub>SW</sub> interleaved between SW1 and SW2) | Switching at f <sub>SW</sub> |
| HS BOOST FET | ON   | Switching (f <sub>SW</sub> interleaved between SW1 and SW2) | Switching at f <sub>SW</sub> |

### 7.3.3.3.1 Light-Load Operation

In order to improve converter light-load efficiency, the device switches to Pulse Frequency Modulation (PFM) control at light load when the EN\_PFM bit is set to 1. The effective switching frequency will decrease accordingly when output load decreases.

EN\_PFM bit is automatically cleared to 0 every time the converter starts and a valid SYNC clock input is detected on the FSW\_SYNC pin, thereby ensuring fixed frequency operation regardless of output current. The bit can be overwritten to 1 to allow PFM after startup even when SYNC signal is present.

Light-load PFM mode can be disabled by clearing the EN\_PFM bit. In this case, the device switches in PWM mode at a fixed switching frequency. It is recommended to disable PFM mode (EN\_PFM = 0) when termination is enabled and set lower than 2 A.

### 7.3.3.4 Switching Frequency and Synchronization (FSW\_SYNC)

The device switching frequency can be programmed between 200 kHz to 600 kHz using a resistor from the FSW SYNC pin to PGND. The  $R_{ESW}$  resistor is related to the nominal switching frequency ( $f_{SW}$ ) by the equation:

$$R_{FSW} = \frac{1}{10 \times \left(f_{SW} \times 5 \times 10^{-12} - 500 \times 10^{-9}\right)}$$
 (3)

This pin must be pulled to PGND using a  $R_{FSW}$ , do not leave floating. In addition to programming the nominal switching frequency, the FSW\_SYNC pin can also be used to synchronize the internal oscillator to an external clock signal. The synchronization feature works over the same range as the switching frequency: 200-kHz to 600-kHz range.

Table 7-2. Common R<sub>FSW</sub> and Switching Frequency Values

| R <sub>FSW</sub> (kΩ) | SWITCHING FREQUENCY (kHz) |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 200                   | 200                       |
| 133                   | 250                       |
| 100                   | 300                       |
| 80                    | 350                       |
| 66.67                 | 400                       |
| 57.1                  | 450                       |
| 50                    | 500                       |
| 44.4                  | 550                       |
| 40                    | 600                       |

#### 7.3.3.5 Device HIZ Mode

When a valid input supply is present, it is possible to force the device into HIZ Mode which disables switching, disables REGN LDO. The system load is provided by the battery in this mode. The charger enters HIZ Mode when EN\_HIZ bit is set to 1 or the ILIM\_HIZ pin is pulled above  $V_{IH\_ILIM\_HIZ}$  (refer to Section 7.3.5.1.1.1).

If the device is operating in reverse mode with the converter turned on, and the device enters HIZ mode (EN\_HIZ bit is set to 1 or ILIM\_HIZ pin is pulled above V<sub>IH\_ILIM\_HIZ</sub>), switching stops. Once HIZ mode condition is cleared by the host, the device resumes reverse mode operation.



The device exits HIZ Mode when the EN HIZ bit is cleared to 0 or the ILIM HIZ pin is pulled below 0.4V.

# 7.3.4 Battery Charging Management

The device charges 1-cell up-to 14-cell Li-Ion batteries and 1-cell up-to 16-cell LiFePO₄ batteries. The charge cycle is autonomous and requires no host interaction.

### 7.3.4.1 Autonomous Charging Cycle

When battery charging is enabled (EN CHG bit =1 and  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  pin is LOW), the device autonomously completes a charging cycle without host involvement. The device charging parameters can be set by hardware through the FB pin to set regulation voltage and the ICHG pin to set charging current. The host can always control the charging operation and optimize the charging parameters by writing to the corresponding registers through I<sup>2</sup>C.

Table 7-3. Li-lon & LiFePO<sub>4</sub> Charging Parameter Default Settings

| PARAMETER                               | VALUE                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Charge Stages                           | $ \begin{array}{c} Precharge \to Fast \; Charge \; (CC) \to Taper \; Charge \; (CV) \to \\ Termination \to Recharge \end{array} $ |
| FB Voltage Regulation Target (VFB_REG)  | 1.536 V                                                                                                                           |
| Battery Low Voltage (VBAT_LOWV)         | 66.7% x VFB_REG = 1.0245 V                                                                                                        |
| Recharge Voltage (VRECHG)               | 97.6% x VFB_REG =1.4991 V                                                                                                         |
| Charging Current HW Limit (ICHG pin)    | ICHG = K <sub>ICHG</sub> / R <sub>ICHG</sub>                                                                                      |
| Pre-Charge Current HW Limit (ICHG pin)  | 20% x ICHG                                                                                                                        |
| Termination Current HW Limit (ICHG pin) | 10% x ICHG                                                                                                                        |
| NTC Temperature Profile                 | JEITA                                                                                                                             |
| Safety Timer                            | 12 hours                                                                                                                          |

A new charge cycle starts when the following conditions are valid:

- VAC is within the ACUV and ACOV operating window
- Device is not in HIZ mode (EN\_HIZ = 0 and ILIM\_HIZ pin voltage is below  $V_{IH\ ILIM\ HIZ}$ )
- REGN is above V<sub>REGN OK</sub>
- Battery charging is enabled (EN CHG = 1 and CE pin is LOW)
- No thermistor fault on TS
- No safety timer fault

For lithium-ion battery charging, the charger device automatically terminates the charging cycle when the charging current is below termination threshold, charge voltage is above recharge threshold, and device is not in DPM mode. When a full battery voltage is discharged below recharge threshold (threshold selectable via VRECHG[1:0] bits), the device automatically starts a new charging cycle. After the charge is done, toggle either CE pin or EN CHG bit can initiate a new charging cycle.

The status register (CHARGE STAT) indicates the different charging phases as:

- 000 Not Charging
- 001 Trickle Charge (VFB < V<sub>BAT SHORT</sub>)
- 010 Pre-charge (V<sub>BAT SHORT</sub> < VFB < V<sub>BAT LOWV</sub>)
- 011 Fast-charge (CC mode)
- 100 Taper Charge (CV mode)
- 101 Reserved
- 110 Top-off Timer Active Charging
- 111 Charge Termination Done

When the charger transitions to any of these states, including when charge cycle is completed, an INT pulse is asserted to notify the host.

Supercapacitors do not require Trickle Charge or Pre-charge regions when their voltage is low. For supercapacitor charging, setting the EN PRECHG bit to 0 can disable both of these charging regions. In this

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case, the charger outputs ICHG current as long as the feedback voltage (V<sub>FB</sub>) is below VFB\_REG. The following settings are recommended for supercapacitor charging:

- EN PRECHG = 0
- EN TERM = 0
- EN\_CHG\_TMR = 0

### 7.3.4.1.1 Charge Current Programming (ICHG pin and ICHG REG)

There are two distinct thresholds to limit the charge current (if both are enabled, the lowest limit of these will apply):

- 1. ICHG pin pull down resistor (hardware control)
- 2. ICHG REG register bits (host software control)

To set the maximum charge current using the ICHG pin, a pull-down resistor to PGND is used. It is required to use a 5-m $\Omega$  R<sub>BAT SNS</sub> sense resistor. The charge current limit is controlled by:

$$I_{CHG\_MAX} = \frac{K_{ICHG}}{R_{ICHG}} \tag{4}$$

The precharge current limit is defined as  $I_{PRECHG\_MAX} = 20\% \text{ x } I_{CHG\_MAX}$ , and the termination current is  $I_{TERM} = 10\% \text{ x } I_{CHG\_MAX}$ .

The actual charge current limit is the lower value between ICHG pin setting and  $I^2C$  register setting (ICHG\_REG). For example, if the register setting is 10 A (0xC8), and ICHG pin has a 10-k $\Omega$  resistor (K<sub>ICHG</sub> = 50 A-k $\Omega$ ) to ground for 5 A, the actual charge current limit is 5 A. The device regulates ICHG pin at V<sub>REF\_ICHG</sub>. If ICHG pin voltage exceeds V<sub>REF\_ICHG</sub>, the device enters charge current regulation.

The ICHG pin can also be used to monitor charge current when device is not in charge current regulation. When not in charge current regulation, the voltage on ICHG pin ( $V_{ICHG}$ ) is proportional to the actual charging current. ICHG pin can be used to monitor battery current with the following relationship:

$$I_{BAT} = \frac{K_{ICHG} \times V_{ICHG}}{R_{ICHG} \times V_{REF} \ ICHG} \tag{5}$$

For example, if ICHG pin is set with 10-k $\Omega$  resistor, and the ICHG voltage 1.0V, the actual charge current is between 2.4 A to 2.6 A (based on  $K_{ICHG}$  specified).

If ICHG pin is shorted to PGND, the charge current limit is set by the ICHG\_REG register. If hardware charge current limit function is not needed, it is recommended to short this pin to PGND. The ICHG pin function can be disabled by setting the EN\_ICHG\_PIN bit to 0 (recommended when pin is shorted to PGND). When the pin is disabled, charge current limit and monitoring functions via ICHG pin are not available.

To set the maximum charge current using the ICHG\_REG register bits, write to the ICHG\_REG register bits. The charge current limit range is from 400 mA to 20,000 mA with 50 mA/step. The default ICHG\_REG is set to maximum code, allowing ICHG pin to limit the current in hardware.

### 7.3.4.2 Li-Ion Battery Charging Profile

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The device charges the battery in five phases: trickle charge, pre-charge, constant current, constant voltage, and top-off trickle charging (optional). At the beginning of a charging cycle, the device checks the battery voltage and regulates current/voltage accordingly.

Table 7-4. Recommended Li-Ion Charge Settings

| PARAMETER           | I <sup>2</sup> C REGISTER BITS | VALUE                 | EQUIVALENT PER 4.2-V<br>CHARGE (V) |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Battery Low Voltage | VBAT_LOWV                      | 0x3 = 71.4% x VFB_REG | 3.0 V                              |
| Recharge Voltage    | VRECHG                         | 0x3 = 97.6% x VFB_REG | 4.1 V                              |

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If the charger device is in DPM regulation during charging, the actual charging current will be less than the programmed value. In this case, termination is temporarily disabled and the charging safety timer is counted at half the clock rate, as explained in Charging Safety Timer.

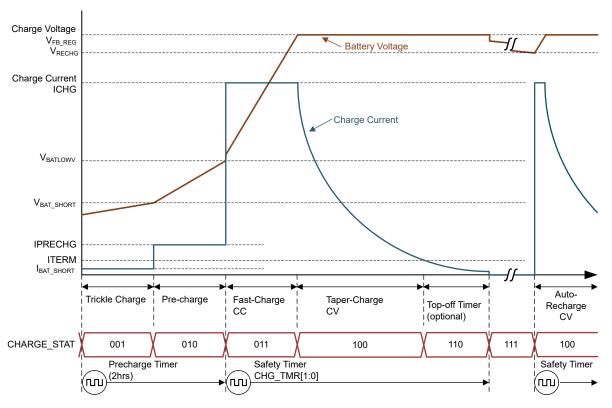


Figure 7-3. Typical Li-lon Battery Charging Profile

## 7.3.4.3 LiFePO<sub>4</sub> Battery Charging Profile

The device charges the battery in five phases: trickle charge, pre-charge, constant current, constant voltage, and top-off trickle charging (optional). At the beginning of a charging cycle, the device checks the battery voltage and regulates current/voltage accordingly.

Table 7-5. Recommended LiFePO<sub>4</sub> Charge Settings

| PARAMETER           | I <sup>2</sup> C REGISTER BITS | VALUE               | EQUIVALENT PER 3.6-V<br>CHARGE (V) |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Battery Low Voltage | VBAT_LOWV                      | 0x1 = 55% x VFB_REG | 1.98 V                             |
| Recharge Voltage    | VRECHG                         | 0x0 = 93% x VFB_REG | 3.35 V                             |

If the charger device is in DPM regulation during charging, the actual charging current will be less than the programmed value. In this case, termination is temporarily disabled and the charging safety timer is counted at half the clock rate, as explained in Charging Safety Timer. The typical charging cycle for LiFePO<sub>4</sub> follows the same profile as Typical Li-lon Battery Charging Profile.

### 7.3.4.4 Charging Termination for Li-ion and LiFePO<sub>4</sub>

The device terminates a charge cycle when the battery voltage is above recharge threshold, and the current is below termination current. The termination current threshold is controlled by the lower option between 10% x ICHG pin setting or the ITERM register setting.

In standalone applications using the ICHG pin to program the current, the termination threshold is set at 10% of the ICHG pin value (10-A ICHG pin programming results in 1-A termination).

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In host-controlled applications, the termination current can be programmed using the ITERM register bits. The ICHG pin can still be used to set a hardware limit for the charge current.

After the charging cycle is completed, the buck-boost converter turns off. When termination occurs, the status register CHARGE\_STAT is set to 111, and an INT pulse is asserted to the host. Termination is temporarily disabled when the charger device is in input current, or input voltage regulation. Termination can be permanently disabled by writing 0 to EN\_TERM.

At low termination currents, due to the comparator offset, the actual termination current may be up to 20% higher than the termination target. In order to compensate for comparator offset, a programmable top-off timer (default disabled) can be applied after termination is detected. The top-off timer follows safety timer constraints, such that if safety timer is suspended, so is the top-off timer. Similarly, if safety timer is doubled, so is the top-off timer. CHARGE\_STAT reports whether the top off timer is active via the 110 code. Once the Top-Off timer expires, the CHARGE\_STAT register is set to 111 and an INT pulse is asserted to the host.

#### 7.3.4.5 Charging Safety Timer

The device has built-in safety timer to prevent extended charging cycle due to abnormal battery conditions. The user can program fast charge safety timer through I<sup>2</sup>C (CHG\_TMR bits). When safety timer expires, the fault register CHG\_TMR\_STAT bit is set to 1, and an INT pulse is asserted to the host. The safety timer feature can be disabled by clearing EN\_CHG\_TMR bit.

During input voltage or input current regulation, the safety timer counts at half clock rate as the actual charge current is likely to be below the programmed setting. For example, if the charger is in input current regulation (IAC\_DPM\_STAT=1) throughout the whole charging cycle, and the safety timer is set to 5 hours, then the timer will expire in 10 hours. The timer also counts at half clock rate for TS pin events which reduce charge current (refer to JEITA Guideline Compliance in Charge Mode section). This half clock rate feature can be disabled by setting EN\_TMR2X = 0.

During faults which disable charging, timer is suspended. Once the fault goes away, safety timer resumes. If the charging cycle is stopped and started again, the timer gets reset (toggle  $\overline{CE}$  pin or EN\_CHG bit restarts the timer).

The pre-charge safety timer is a fixed 2 hour counter that runs when VBAT <  $V_{BAT\_LOWV}$ . The pre-charge safety timer is disabled when EN\_PRECHG bit is 0.

#### 7.3.4.6 Thermistor Qualification

The charger device provides a single thermistor input for battery temperature monitor.

# 7.3.4.6.1 JEITA Guideline Compliance in Charge Mode

To improve the safety of charging Li-ion batteries, JEITA guideline was released on April 20, 2007. The guideline emphasized the importance of avoiding a high charge current and high charge voltage at certain low and high temperature ranges.

To initiate a charge cycle, the voltage on TS pin must be within the VT1 to VT5 thresholds. If TS voltage exceeds the T1 to T5 range, the controller suspends charging and waits until the battery temperature is within the T1 to T5 range.

At cool temperature, T1 to T2, JEITA recommends the charge current to be reduced to half of the charge current or lower. The device allows charge current in the cool temperature region to be programmed to 20%, 40% or 100% of the charge current at T2 to T3 or charge suspend, which is controlled by the register bits JEITA\_ISETC. If charge current is reduced in the cool temperature region, the safety timer counts at half clock rate when EN TMR2X = 1.

At warm temperature, T3 to T5, JEITA recommends charge voltage less than 4.1 V / cell. The device provides the programmability of the charge voltage at T3-T5, to be with a voltage offset less than charge voltage at T2 to T3 or charge suspend, which is controlled by the register bits JEITA\_VSET.

The charger also provides flexible voltage/current settings beyond the JEITA requirements. The charge current setting at warm temperature T3 to T5 can be configured to be 40%, or 100% of the programmed charge current

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or charge suspend, which is programmed by the register bit JEITA\_ISETH. If charge current is reduced in the JEITA warm region, the safety timer counts at half clock rate when EN\_TMR2X = 1.

The default charging profile for JEITA is shown in the figure below, in which the blue line is the default setting and the red dash line is the programmable options.

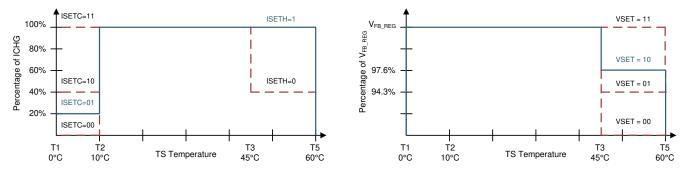
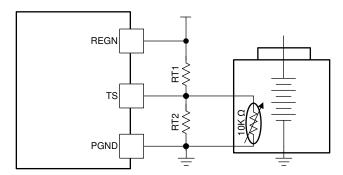


Figure 7-4. TS Charging Values



Assuming a 103AT NTC thermistor on the battery pack as shown above, the value of RT1 and RT2 can be determined by:

$$RT2 = \frac{RTH_{COLD} \times RTH_{HOT} \times \left(\frac{1}{VT1} - \frac{1}{VT5}\right)}{RTH_{HOT} \times \left(\frac{1}{VT5} - 1\right) - RTH_{COLD} \times \left(\frac{1}{VT1} - 1\right)}$$

$$(6)$$

$$RT1 = \frac{\frac{1}{VT1} - 1}{\frac{1}{RT2} + \frac{1}{RTHCOLD}}$$
 (7)

Select 0°C to 60°C range for Li-ion or Li-polymer battery:

 $RTH_{T1} = 27.28 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

 $RTH_{T5} = 3.02 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

RT1 =  $5.24 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

 $RT2 = 30.31 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

The device also offers programmability for all the thresholds via the TS Charging Threshold Control register (REG0x1B). This flexibility can help to change the charger's operating window in software.

The JEITA profile can be disabled by clearing the EN\_JEITA register bit. In this case, the device still limits the charging window from T1 to T5, but no special charge profile is employed within the Cool (T1 to T2) or Warm (T3 to T5) regions.

The NTC monitoring window can be disabled by clearing the EN\_TS register bit. In this case, the TS pin voltage is ignored, and the device always reports normal TS status. If EN\_TS is set to 0, TS pin can be floated or connected to PGND.

#### 7.3.4.6.2 Cold/Hot Temperature Window in Reverse Mode

For battery protection during reverse or auto-reverse mode operation, the device monitors the battery temperature to be within the VBCOLD to VBHOT thresholds. When temperature is outside of the thresholds, the reverse mode is shut off. In addition, EN\_REV, EN\_AUTO\_REV and REVERSE\_STAT bits are cleared to 0 and corresponding TS\_STAT is reported (TS Cold or TS Hot). The temperature protection in reverse mode can be completely disabled by clearing the EN\_TS bit to 0.

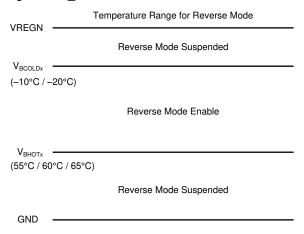


Figure 7-5. TS Pin Thermistor Sense Threshold in Reverse Mode

## 7.3.5 Power Management

The device accommodates a wide range of input sources from 4.4 V up to 70 V.

#### 7.3.5.1 Dynamic Power Management: Input Voltage and Input Current Regulation

The device features Dynamic Power Management (DPM), which continuously monitors the input current and input voltage. When input source is over-loaded, either the current exceeds the input current limit (lower of IAC\_DPM or ILIM\_HIZ pin setting), or the voltage falls below the input voltage limit (higher of VAC\_DPM or ACUV pin setting,  $V_{ACUV\_DPM}$ ). The device then reduces the charge current until the input current falls below the input current limit and the input voltage rises above the input voltage limit.

When the charge current is reduced to zero, but the input source is still overloaded, the input voltage continues to drop. Once the input voltage drops below the ACUV limit ( $V_{ACUV} < V_{REF-ACUV}$ ), the charger stops switching.

#### 7.3.5.1.1 Input Current Regulation

The total input current is a function of the system supply current and the battery charging current. System current normally fluctuates as portions of the systems are powered up or down. Without DPM, the source must be able to supply the maximum system current and the maximum charger input current simultaneously. By using DPM, the battery charger reduces the charging current when the input current exceeds the input current limit set by the lower of IAC\_DPM register bits, or ILIM\_HIZ pin. This allows the current capability of the input source to be lowered, reducing system cost.

There are two thresholds to limit the input current (if both are enabled, the lower limit of these two will apply):

- 1. IAC DPM register bits (host software control)
- 2. ILIM\_HIZ pull down resistor (hardware control)

To set the maximum current using the IAC\_DPM register bits, write to the IAC\_DPM register bits. When using a  $5-m\Omega$  resistor, the input current limit range is from 0.4 A to 20 A with 50 mA/step. The default IAC\_DPM is set to maximum code, allowing ILIM HIZ pin to limit the current in hardware.

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To set the maximum current using the ILIM\_HIZ pin, refer to Section 7.3.5.1.1.1.

### 7.3.5.1.1.1 ILIM HIZ Pin

To set the maximum input current using the ILIM\_HIZ pin, a pull-down resistor to PGND is used. When using a  $5-m\Omega$  R<sub>AC SNS</sub> resistor, the input current limit is controlled by: I<sub>AC MAX</sub> = K<sub>ILIM</sub> / R<sub>ILIM HIZ</sub>.

The actual input current limit is the lower value between ILIM\_HIZ pin setting and register setting (IAC\_DPM). For example, if the register setting is 20 A, and ILIM\_HIZ pin has a 2-k $\Omega$  resistor (K<sub>ILIM</sub> = 20 A-k $\Omega$ ) to ground for 10 A, the actual input current limit is 10 A. ILIM\_HIZ pin can be used to set the input current limit when EN\_ILIM\_HIZ\_PIN bit is set to 1. The device regulates the pin at V<sub>REF\_ILIM\_HIZ</sub>. If pin voltage exceeds V<sub>REF\_ILIM\_HIZ</sub>, the device enters input current regulation. Entering input current regulation through the pin sets the IAC\_DPM\_STAT and FLAG bits, and produces an interrupt to host. The interrupt can be masked via the IAC\_DPM\_MASK bit.

The ILIM\_HIZ pin can also be used to monitor input current. When not in input current regulation, the voltage on ILIM\_HIZ pin ( $V_{ILIM\_HIZ}$ ) is proportional to the input current. Pin voltage can be used to monitor input current with the following relationship: IAC =  $K_{ILIM}$  x  $V_{ILIM}$  HIZ / ( $R_{ILIM}$  HIZ x  $V_{REF}$  ILIM HIZ).

If ILIM\_HIZ pin is shorted, the input current limit is set by the IAC\_DPM register. If hardware input current limit function is not needed, it is recommended to short this pin to GND. If ILIM\_HIZ pin is pulled above  $V_{IH\_ILIM\_HIZ}$ , the device enters HIZ mode (refer to Section 7.3.3.5). The ILIM\_HIZ pin function can be disabled by setting the EN\_ILIM\_HIZ\_PIN bit to 0. When the pin is disabled, input current limit and monitoring functions as well as HIZ mode control via the pin are not available.

 $K_{II\ IM}$  is defined as 20 A×k $\Omega$  referenced to a 5-m $\Omega$  sense resistor.

Although the default  $R_{AC\_SNS}$  is 5-m $\Omega$ , it is possible to use other values between 0 and 10-m $\Omega$ . If 0-m $\Omega$  is used, the input current limit function is disabled. If a 2-m $\Omega$  resistor is used, the  $K_{ILIM}$  will be 50 A×k $\Omega$  and a 5-k $\Omega$  resistor to ground will be required for a 10A limit.

#### 7.3.5.1.2 Input Voltage Regulation

In addition to input current regulation, the device also offers input voltage regulation to limit the input power. This is especially useful when dealing with input sources such as solar panels, where the operating voltage must be controlled to extract the maximum power. Alternatively, if the input source current limitation is not known, input voltage regulation can be used to limit the power draw from the input source. By using input voltage regulation, the battery charger reduces the charging current when the input voltage falls below the input voltage limit set by the higher of VAC DPM register bits, or ACUV pin.

There are two thresholds to limit the input voltage (the higher limit of these will apply)

- 1. VAC DPM register bits (host software control)
- 2. ACUV pin falling threshold (hardware control)

To set the minimum input voltage using the VAC\_DPM register bits, write the desired value directly to the VAC\_DPM register bits. The default VAC\_DPM is set to minimum code, allowing ACUV pin to limit the input voltage in hardware.

To set the minimum input voltage using the ACUV pin, refer to Section 7.3.3.1.

# 7.3.6 Switching Frequency Dithering Feature

Normally, the IC switches in fixed frequency which can be adjusted through FSW\_SYNC pin. The charger also supports frequency dithering to improve EMI performance and help pass the IEC-CISPR 32 specification. Dithering is disabled by default as EN\_DITHER=00b at startup. It can be enabled by setting EN\_DITHER=01/10/11b. The switching frequency is not fixed when dithering is enabled and varies within determined range by setting EN\_DITHER to 01/10/11b, which corresponds to ±2%/4%/6% switching frequency variation. A larger dithering range results in a smaller EMI noise peak, but a larger dithering range also causes slightly more output voltage ripple. Therefore, the dithering frequency range selection is a trade-off between EMI noise peak and output voltage ripple and we recommend you to choose the lowest dithering range which can

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pass IEC-CISPR 32 specification. The patented dithering pattern can improve EMI performance in the switching frequency up to 30-MHz range which covers the entire conductive EMI noise range.

It should be noted that the Dithering feature will not work if an external clock is provided.

#### 7.3.7 Reverse Mode Power Direction

The device supports buck-boost reverse power direction with CC/CV profile to deliver power from the battery to the input when the adapter is not present. The reverse mode output voltage regulation is set in VAC\_REV register bits. The reverse mode also offers output current regulation via the R<sub>AC\_SNS</sub> resistor. This parameter is controlled by the IAC\_REV register bits. The reverse mode operation can be enabled if the following conditions are valid:

- SRN above 3.8V.
- 2. DRV\_SUP voltage within valid operating window ( $V_{DRV\ UVP} < V_{DRV} < V_{DRV\ OVP}$ .
- 3. Reverse mode operation is enabled (EN REV = 1)
- 4. Voltage at TS (thermistor) pin is within range configured by Reverse Temperature Monitor as configured by BHOT and BCOLD register bits

While the reverse mode is active, the device sets the REVERSE\_STAT bit to 1. Host can disable the reverse operation at any time by setting EN\_REV bit to 0.

The charger also monitors and regulates the battery discharging current in reverse mode. When the battery discharge current rises above the IBAT\_REV register setting, the charger reduces the reverse mode power flow to limit the discharge current.

#### 7.3.7.1 Auto Reverse Mode

In some applications, a regulated voltage is required when the adapter power is removed. The BQ25856 integrates an auto-reverse function which provides a regulated voltage using the buck-boost converter in reverse direction once the input power is removed.

When enabled by setting the AUTO\_REV register bit to 1, Auto Reverse mode can be used to provide a regulated voltage immediately after the input power is removed. The device transitions to reverse mode when the input falls below the ACUV threshold.

The Auto Reverse mode operation will be automatically enabled if the following conditions are valid:

- 1. SRN voltage above V<sub>SRN OK</sub>
- 2. VAC outside the ACOV / ĀCUV operating window, or VAC < V<sub>VAC OK</sub>, or VAC > V<sub>VAC INT OV</sub>
- 3. Auto Reverse mode operation is enabled (EN\_AUTO\_REV = 1)
- 4. Voltage at TS (thermistor) pin is within range configured by Reverse Temperature Monitor as configured by BHOT and BCOLD register bits

While the Auto reverse mode is active, the device sets the REVERSE\_STAT bit to 1. Host can disable the Auto reverse operation at any time by setting EN\_AUTO\_REV = 0 and EN\_REV = 0 with an I2C command.

## 7.3.8 Integrated 16-Bit ADC for Monitoring

The device includes a 16-bit ADC to monitor critical system information based on the device's modes of operation. The ADC is allowed to operate if either the  $V_{VAC}>V_{VAC\_OK}$  or  $VBAT>V_{REGN\_OK}$  is valid. The ADC\_EN bit provides the ability to enable and disable the ADC to conserve power. The ADC\_RATE bit allows continuous conversion or one-shot behavior. After a one-shot conversion finishes, the ADC\_EN bit is cleared, and must be re-asserted to start a new conversion.

The ADC\_SAMPLE bits control the resolution and sample speed of the ADC. By default, ADC channels will be converted in one-shot or continuous conversion mode unless disabled in the ADC Function Disable register. If an ADC parameter is disabled by setting the corresponding bit, then the read-back value in the corresponding register will be from the last valid ADC conversion or the default POR value (all zeros if no conversions have taken place). If an ADC parameter is disabled in the middle of an ADC measurement cycle, the device will finish the conversion of that parameter, but will not convert the parameter starting the next conversion cycle. If all channels are disabled in one-shot conversion mode, the ADC EN bit is cleared.

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The ADC\_DONE\_STAT and ADC\_DONE\_FLAG bits signal when a conversion is complete in one-shot mode only. This event produces an INT pulse, which can be masked with ADC\_DONE\_MASK. During continuous conversion mode, the ADC\_DONE\_STAT bit has no meaning and will be '0'. The ADC\_DONE\_FLAG bit will remain unchanged in continuous conversion mode.

ADC conversion operates independently of the faults present in the device. ADC conversion will continue even after a fault has occurred (such as one that causes the power stage to be disabled), and the host must set ADC\_EN = '0' to disable the ADC. ADC readings are only valid for DC states and not for transients. When host writes ADC\_EN = 0, the ADC stops immediately, and ADC measurement values correspond to last valid ADC reading.

If the host wants to exit ADC more gracefully, it is possible to do either of the following:

- 1. Write ADC RATE to one-shot, and the ADC will stop at the end of a complete cycle of conversions, or
- 2. Disable all ADC conversion channels, and the ADC will stop at the end of the current measurement.

When system load is powered from the battery (input source is removed, or device in HIZ mode), enabling the ADC automatically powers up REGN and increases the quiescent current. To keep the battery leakage low, it is recommended to duty cycle or completely disable the ADC.

# 7.3.9 Status Outputs (PG, STAT1, STAT2, and INT)

# 7.3.9.1 Power Good Indicator (PG)

The PG\_STAT bit goes HIGH and the  $\overline{PG}$  pin pulls LOW to indicate a good input source when a valid VAC voltage is detected. The  $\overline{PG}$  pin can drive an LED. All conditions must be met to indicate power good:

- 1. V<sub>VAC OK</sub> < V<sub>VAC</sub> < V<sub>VAC INT OV</sub>
- 2. V<sub>ACUV</sub> > V<sub>REF\_ACUV</sub>
- 3. V<sub>ACOV</sub> < V<sub>REF\_ACOV</sub>
- 4. Device not in HIZ mode

The  $\overline{PG}$  pin can be disabled via the DIS\_PG\_PIN bit. When disabled, this pin can be controlled to pull LOW using the FORCE\_STAT3\_ON bit.

#### 7.3.9.2 Charging Status Indicator (STAT1, STAT2 Pins)

The device indicates charging state on the open drain STAT1 and STAT2 pins. The STAT1, STAT2 pins can drive LEDs.

| CHARGING STATE                                                      | STAT1 | STAT2 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Charge in progress (including recharge)                             | ON    | OFF   |
| Charge done                                                         | OFF   | ON    |
| Charging fault detected (TS out of range, safety timer fault, etc.) | ON    | ON    |
| Charge disabled (EN_CHG = 0, or $\overline{\text{CE}}$ pin high)    | OFF   | OFF   |

Table 7-6. STAT1, STAT2 Pin State

The STAT1, STAT2 pin function can be disabled via the DIS\_STAT\_PINS bit. When disabled, these pins can be controlled to independently pull LOW using the FORCE\_STAT1\_ON and FORCE\_STAT2\_ON bits. The STAT pins are not affected by the Reverse mode and remain OFF during this mode.

#### 7.3.9.3 Interrupt to Host (INT)

In some applications, the host does not always monitor the charger operation. The  $\overline{\text{INT}}$  pin notifies the system host on the device operation. By default, the following events will generate an active-low, 256- $\mu$ s INT pulse.

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- 1. Valid input source conditions detected (see conditions for  $\overline{PG}$  pin)
- 2. Valid input source conditions removed (see conditions for PG pin)
- 3. Entering IAC DPM regulation through register or ILIM HIZ pin
- 4. Entering VAC\_DPM regulation through register or ACUV pin
- 5. I<sup>2</sup>C Watchdog timer expired

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- 6. Charger status changes state (CHARGE\_STAT value change), including Charge Complete
- 7. TS STAT changes state (TS STAT value change)
- 8. Junction temperature shutdown (TSHUT)
- 9. Battery overvoltage detected (BATOVP)
- 10. A rising edge on any of the \*\_STAT bits

Each one of these INT sources can be masked off to prevent INT pulses from being sent out when they occur. Three bits exist for each one of these events:

- The STAT bit holds the *current status* of each INT source
- The FLAG bit holds information on which source produced an INT, regardless of the current status
- The MASK bit is used to prevent the device from sending out INT for each particular event

When one of the above conditions occurs (a rising edge on any of the \* STAT bits), the device sends out an INT pulse and keeps track of which source generated the INT via the FLAG registers. The FLAG register bits are automatically reset to zero after the host reads them, and a new edge on STAT bit is required to re-assert the FLAG.

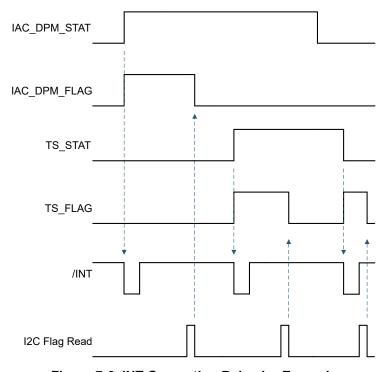


Figure 7-6. INT Generation Behavior Example

## 7.3.10 Protections

The device closely monitors the input and battery voltage, as well as switching FET currents for safe switchmode operation.

#### 7.3.10.1 Voltage and Current Monitoring

# 7.3.10.1.1 VAC Over-voltage Protection (VAC OVP)

In order to protect downstream devices on the system rail, the input over-voltage threshold can be programed with the ACOV pin as  $V_{VACOV} = V_{REF\ ACOV}$  (refer to Section 7.3.3.1). The device also features an internal over-voltage protection preset at V<sub>VAC INT OV</sub>. When the input voltage rises above the lower of these two thresholds, the device disables the charger. During input over-voltage, an INT pulse is asserted to signal the host, and the VAC OV STAT, and FLAG bits are set. Additionally, the PG STAT bit is cleared and the PG pin pulls HIGH. The device automatically resumes charging operation when the over-voltage condition goes away.

#### 7.3.10.1.2 VAC Under-voltage Protection (VAC UVP)

In order to maintain a minimum operating voltage on the system rail, the input under-voltage threshold can be programed with the ACUV pin as  $V_{VACUV} = V_{REF\ ACUV}$  (refer to Section 7.3.3.1). The device also features an internal under-voltage protection preset at  $V_{VAC}$   $_{OK}^{-}$ . When the input voltage falls below the higher of these two thresholds, the device disables the charger. During input under-voltage, an INT pulse is asserted to signal the host, and the VAC UV STAT, and FLAG bits are set. Additionally, the PG STAT bit is cleared and the PG pin pulls HIGH. The device automatically resumes charging operation when the under-voltage condition goes away.

#### 7.3.10.1.3 Battery Over-voltage Protection (BAT OVP)

The device protects against battery over-charge using the BAT OVP comparator. When the FB voltage exceeds V<sub>RAT\_OV</sub>, the converters stops switching immediately and prevents the high-side FETs to turn on until the battery feedback voltage falls below  $V_{BAT\ OVZ}$ . This allows one-cycle response to an overvoltage condition, such as occurs when the load is removed or the battery is disconnected. During the BAT\_OVP event, the I<sub>BAT\_LOAD</sub> turns on and sinks current from SRP to GND, allowing for the discharge of stored energy in the output capacitors. BAT OVP also suspends the safety timer, top-off timer.

#### 7.3.10.1.4 Battery Over-current Protection (BAT OCP)

The device protects the battery against over-current condition using the BAT OCP comparator. The device monitors the charge current and prevents the current from exceeding V<sub>ICHG OC</sub> over R<sub>BAT SNS</sub>. If V<sub>ICHG OC</sub> threshold is reached, the device stops charging and attempts to restart after one second.

#### 7.3.10.1.5 Reverse Mode Over-voltage Protection (REV\_OVP)

While operating the converter in reverse mode, the device monitors the reverse voltage, V<sub>VAC</sub>. When V<sub>VAC</sub> rises above regulation target and exceeds V<sub>REV OVP</sub>, the device stops switching, and waits for the voltage to fall below the threshold to resume switching. An INT pulse is asserted to the host.

#### 7.3.10.1.6 Reverse Mode Under-voltage Protection (REV UVP)

While operating the converter in reverse mode, the device monitors the reverse voltage,  $V_{VAC}$ . When  $V_{VAC}$ falls below the undervoltage threshold (programmable via SYSREV UV register bit), the device stops switching, clears the EN\_REV bit, and exits Reverse mode. During the over-voltage event duration, the REVERSE\_STAT bit is cleared and the REVERSE\_FLAG bit is set to indicate a fault in reverse mode. An INT pulse is also asserted to the host

#### 7.3.10.1.7 DRV SUP Under-voltage and Over-voltage Protection (DRV OKZ)

The DRV SUP pin must maintain a valid voltage between DRV UVP and DRV OVP for proper operation of the switching power converter stage. This is true both in charging mode and in reverse mode.

When DRV SUP pin voltage falls below DRV UVP threshold, the switching converter stops operation, an INT pulse is asserted to signal the host, the DRV OKZ STAT, and DRV OKZ FLAG bits are set to signal the fault. Additionally, the STAT1 and STAT2 pins will change to reflect the charger function is disabled.

When DRV SUP pin voltage rises above DRV OVP threshold, the switching converter stops operation, an INT pulse is asserted to signal the host, the DRV\_OKZ\_STAT, and DRV\_OKZ\_FLAG bit are set to signal the fault. Additionally the STAT1 and STAT2 pins will change to reflect the charger function is disabled.

When the DRV pin returns to normal operating range, the device automatically resumes switching in either charging or reverse mode as configured before the fault.

#### 7.3.10.1.8 REGN Under-voltage Protection (REGN OKZ)

The REGN pin is driven by an internal regulator, and must maintain a voltage above REGN OKZ for proper device operation. This is true both in charging mode and in reverse mode, and for the ADC to function in battery only mode.

If the internal regulator is overloaded externally, the pin voltage may drop. When REGN falls below REGN OKZ threshold, the switching converter stops operation. Additionally, the STAT1 and STAT2 pins will change to reflect

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the charger function is disabled. When the fault is removed, the REGN voltage recovers automatically and switching resumes in either charging or reverse mode as configured before the fault.

#### 7.3.10.2 Thermal Shutdown (TSHUT)

The device has thermal shutdown to turn off the converter when IC surface temperature exceeds TSHUT. The fault register bits TSHUT\_STAT and TSHUT\_FLAG are set and an INT pulse is asserted to the host. The converter turns back on when IC temperature is below TSHUT\_HYS. Note that TSHUT protection is active both in charging and reverse mode of operation.

#### 7.3.11 Serial Interface

The device uses I<sup>2</sup>C compatible interface for flexible charging parameter programming and instantaneous device status reporting. I<sup>2</sup>C is a bi-directional 2-wire serial interface. Only two open-drain bus lines are required: a serial data line (SDA), and a serial clock line (SCL). Devices can be considered as controllers or targets when performing data transfers. A controller is a device which initiates a data transfer on the bus and generates the clock signals to permit that transfer. At that time, any device addressed is considered a target.

The device operates as a target device with address 0x6B, receiving control inputs from the controller device like a micro-controller or digital signal processor through the registers defined in the Register Map. Registers read outside those defined in the map, return 0xFF. The I<sup>2</sup>C interface supports standard mode (up to 100 kbits/s), fast mode (up to 400 kbits/s), and fast mode plus (up to 1 Mbit/s). When the bus is free, both lines are HIGH. The SDA and SCL pins are open drain and must be connected to the positive supply voltage via a current source or pull-up resistor.

#### 7.3.11.1 Data Validity

The data on the SDA line must be stable during the HIGH period of the clock. The HIGH or LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on SCL line is LOW. One clock pulse is generated for each data bit transferred.

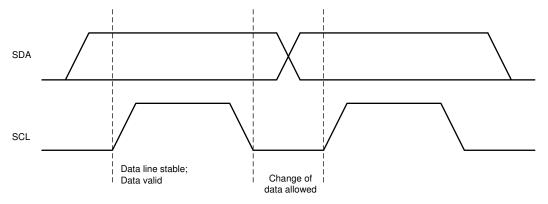


Figure 7-7. Bit Transfers on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus

## 7.3.11.2 START and STOP Conditions

All transactions begin with a START (S) and are terminated with a STOP (P). A HIGH to LOW transition on the SDA line while SCL is HIGH defines a START condition. A LOW to HIGH transition on the SDA line when the SCL is HIGH defines a STOP condition.

START and STOP conditions are always generated by the controller. The bus is considered busy after the START condition, and free after the STOP condition. When timeout condition is met, for example START condition is active for more than 2 seconds and there is no STOP condition triggered, the charger I<sup>2</sup>C communication will automatically reset and communication lines are free for another transmission.



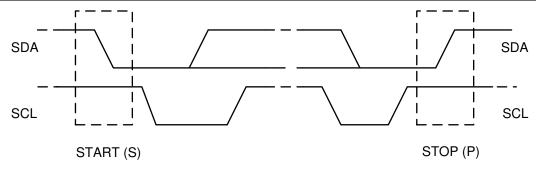


Figure 7-8. START and STOP Conditions on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus

## 7.3.11.3 Byte Format

Every byte on the SDA line must be 8 bits long. The number of bytes to be transmitted per transfer is unrestricted. Each byte has to be followed by an ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK) bit. Data is transferred with the Most Significant Bit (MSB) first. If a target cannot receive or transmit another complete byte of data until it has performed some other function, it can hold the SCL line low to force the controller into a wait state (clock stretching). Data transfer then continues when the target is ready for another byte of data and releases the SCL line.

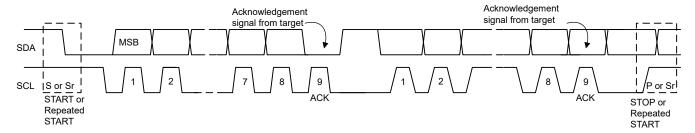


Figure 7-9. Data Transfer on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus

## 7.3.11.4 Acknowledge (ACK) and Not Acknowledge (NACK)

The ACK signaling takes place after byte. The ACK bit allows the target to signal the controller that the byte was successfully received and another byte may be sent. All clock pulses, including the acknowledge 9<sup>th</sup> clock pulse, are generated by the controller.

The controller releases the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse so the target can pull the SDA line LOW and it remains stable LOW during the HIGH period of this 9<sup>th</sup> clock pulse.

A NACK is signaled when the SDA line remains HIGH during the 9<sup>th</sup> clock pulse. The controller can then generate either a STOP to abort the transfer or a repeated START to start a new transfer.

#### 7.3.11.5 Target Address and Data Direction Bit

After the START signal, a target address is sent. This address is 7 bits long, followed by the 8 bit as a data direction bit (bit R/ $\overline{W}$ ). A zero indicates a transmission (WRITE) and a one indicates a request for data (READ). The device 7-bit address is defined as 1101 011' (0x6B) by default.

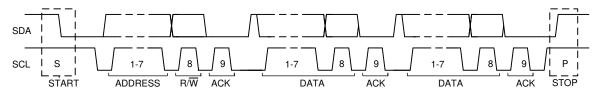


Figure 7-10. Complete Data Transfer on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus



#### 7.3.11.6 Single Write and Read

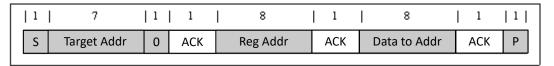


Figure 7-11. Single Write

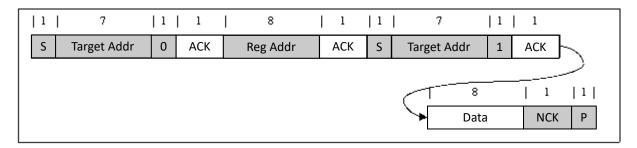


Figure 7-12. Single Read

If the register address is not defined, the charger IC sends back NACK and returns to the idle state.

#### 7.3.11.7 Multi-Write and Multi-Read

The charger device supports multi-read and multi-write of all registers.

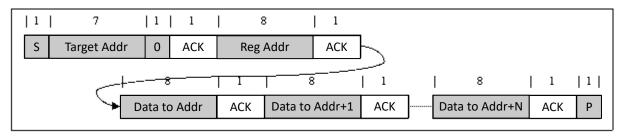


Figure 7-13. Multi-Write

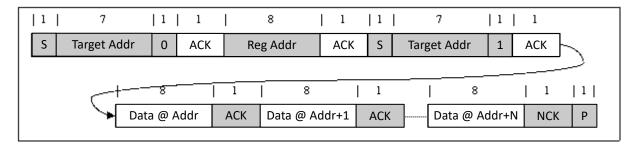


Figure 7-14. Multi-Read

#### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 7.4.1 Host Mode and Default Mode

The device is a host controlled charger, but it can operate in default mode without host management. In default mode, the device can be used as an autonomous charger with no host or while host is in sleep mode. When the charger is in default mode, WD\_STAT bit becomes HIGH, WD\_FLAG is set to 1, and a  $\overline{\text{INT}}$  is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by WD\_MASK). The WD\_FLAG bit would read as a '1' upon the first read and then '0' upon subsequent reads. When the charger is in host mode, WD\_STAT bit is LOW.

After power-on-reset, the device starts in default mode with watchdog timer expired. All the registers are in the default settings.

In default mode, the device keeps charging the battery with default 2-hour pre-charging safety timer and the 12-hour fast charging safety timer. At the end of the 2-hour or 12-hour timer expiration, the charging is stopped if termination has not been detected.

A write to any  $I^2C$  register transitions the charger from default mode to host mode, and initiates the watchdog timer. All the device parameters can be programmed by the host. To keep the device in host mode, the host has to reset the watchdog timer by writing 1 to WD\_RST bit before the watchdog timer expires (WD\_STAT bit is set), or disable watchdog timer by setting WATCHDOG bits = 00.

When the watchdog timer is expired, the device returns to default mode and select registers are reset to default values as detailed in the Register Map section. The Watchdog timer will be reset on any write if the watchdog timer has expired. When watchdog timer expires, WD\_STAT and WD\_FLAG is set to 1, and /INT is asserted low to alert the host (unless masked by WD MASK).

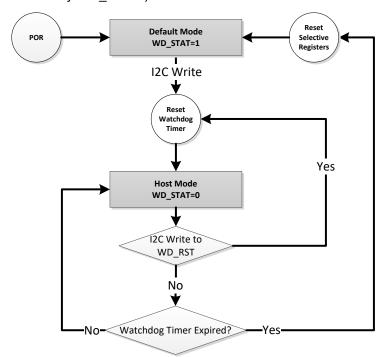


Figure 7-15. Watchdog Timer Flow Chart

#### 7.4.2 Register Bit Reset

Beside the register reset by the watchdog timer in the default mode, the register and the timer could be reset to the default value by writing the REG\_RST bit to 1. The register bits which can be reset by the REG\_RST bit, are noted in the Register Map section. After the register reset, the REG\_RST bit will go back from 1 to 0 automatically.



# 7.5 BQ25856-Q1 Registers

Table 7-7 lists the memory-mapped registers for the BQ25856-Q1 registers. All register offset addresses not listed in Table 7-7 should be considered as reserved locations and the register contents should not be modified.

Table 7-7. BQ25856-Q1 Registers

| Δddress    | Acronym                                                          | Register Name                       | Section |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| 0x0        | REG0x00_Charge_Voltage_Limit                                     | Charge Voltage Limit                | Go      |
| 0x0<br>0x2 | REG0x00_Charge_Voltage_Limit  REG0x02_Charge_Current_Limit       | Charge Current Limit                | Go      |
|            |                                                                  |                                     |         |
| 0x6        | REG0x06_Input_Current_DPM_Limit  REG0x08 Input Voltage DPM Limit | Input Voltage DBM Limit             | Go      |
| 0x8        |                                                                  | Input Voltage DPM Limit             | Go      |
| 0xA        | REG0x0A_Reverse_Mode_Input_Current _Limit                        | ·                                   | Go      |
| 0xC        | REG0x0C_Reverse_Mode_Input_Voltage _Limit                        | Reverse Mode Input Voltage Limit    | Go      |
| 0x10       | REG0x10_Precharge_Current_Limit                                  | Precharge Current Limit             | Go      |
| 0x12       | REG0x12_Termination_Current_Limit                                | Termination Current Limit           | Go      |
| 0x14       | REG0x14_Precharge_and_Termination_<br>Control                    | Precharge and Termination Control   | Go      |
| 0x15       | REG0x15_Timer_Control                                            | Timer Control                       | Go      |
| 0x17       | REG0x17_Charger_Control                                          | Charger Control                     | Go      |
| 0x18       | REG0x18_Pin_Control                                              | Pin Control                         | Go      |
| 0x19       | REG0x19_Power_Path_and_Reverse_M ode_Control                     | Power Path and Reverse Mode Control | Go      |
| 0x1A       | REG0x1A_Frequency_Dither_Control                                 | Frequency Dither Control            | Go      |
| 0x1B       | REG0x1B_TS_Charging_Threshold_Cont rol                           | TS Charging Threshold Control       | Go      |
| 0x1C       | REG0x1C_TS_Charging_Region_Behavior_Control                      | TS Charging Region Behavior Control | Go      |
| 0x1D       | REG0x1D_TS_Reverse_Mode_Threshold<br>_Control                    | TS Reverse Mode Threshold Control   | Go      |
| 0x1E       | REG0x1E_Reverse_Undervoltage_Contr ol                            | Reverse Undervoltage Control        | Go      |
| 0x21       | REG0x21_Charger_Status_1                                         | Charger Status 1                    | Go      |
| 0x22       | REG0x22_Charger_Status_2                                         | Charger Status 2                    | Go      |
| 0x23       | REG0x23_Charger_Status_3                                         | Charger Status 3                    | Go      |
| 0x24       | REG0x24_Fault_Status                                             | Fault Status                        | Go      |
| 0x25       | REG0x25_Charger_Flag_1                                           | Charger Flag 1                      | Go      |
| 0x26       | REG0x26_Charger_Flag_2                                           | Charger Flag 2                      | Go      |
| 0x27       | REG0x27_Fault_Flag                                               | Fault Flag                          | Go      |
| 0x28       | REG0x28_Charger_Mask_1                                           | Charger Mask 1                      | Go      |
| 0x29       | REG0x29_Charger_Mask_2                                           | Charger Mask 2                      | Go      |
| 0x2A       | REG0x2A_Fault_Mask                                               | Fault Mask                          | Go      |
| 0x2B       | REG0x2B_ADC_Control                                              | ADC Control                         | Go      |
| 0x2C       | REG0x2C_ADC_Channel_Control                                      | ADC Channel Control                 | Go      |
| 0x2D       | REG0x2D_IAC_ADC                                                  | IAC ADC                             | Go      |
| 0x2F       | REG0x2F_IBAT_ADC                                                 | IBAT ADC                            | Go      |
| 0x31       | REG0x31_VAC_ADC                                                  | VAC ADC                             | Go      |
| 0x33       | REG0x33_VBAT_ADC                                                 | VBAT ADC                            | Go      |
| 0x37       | REG0x37_TS_ADC                                                   | TS ADC                              | Go      |
| 0x39       | REG0x39_VFB_ADC                                                  | VFB ADC                             | Go      |
|            |                                                                  |                                     |         |



Table 7-7. BQ25856-Q1 Registers (continued)

|         |                                                 | <u> </u>                               | ,       |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------|
| Address | Acronym                                         | Register Name                          | Section |
| 0x3B    | REG0x3B_Gate_Driver_Strength_Control            | Gate Driver Strength Control           | Go      |
| 0x3C    | REG0x3C_Gate_Driver_Dead_Time_Con trol          | Gate Driver Dead Time Control          | Go      |
| 0x3D    | REG0x3D_Part_Information                        | Part Information                       | Go      |
| 0x62    | REG0x62_Reverse_Mode_Battery_Disch arge_Current | Reverse Mode Battery Discharge Current | Go      |

Complex bit access types are encoded to fit into small table cells. Table 7-8 shows the codes that are used for access types in this section.

Table 7-8. BQ25856-Q1 Access Type Codes

| : : = ======= :, ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; |                        |                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Access Type                                          | Code                   | Description                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Read Type                                            |                        |                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R                                                    | R                      | Read                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Write Type                                           |                        |                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W                                                    | W                      | Write                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reset or Default                                     | Reset or Default Value |                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -n                                                   |                        | Value after reset or the default value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 7.5.1 REG0x00\_Charge\_Voltage\_Limit Register (Address = 0x0) [Reset = 0x0010]

REG0x00\_Charge\_Voltage\_Limit is shown in Table 7-9.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x01=[15:8], I2C REG0x00=[7:0]

Table 7-9. REG0x00\_Charge\_Voltage\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit  | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                   |
|------|----------|------|-------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:5 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                      |
| 4:0  | VFB_REG  | R/W  | 0x10  | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | FB Voltage Regulation Limit:  POR: 1536mV (10h)  Range: 1504mV-1566mV (0h-1Fh)  Bit Step: 2mV  Offset: 1504mV |

### 7.5.2 REG0x02\_Charge\_Current\_Limit Register (Address = 0x2) [Reset = 0x0640]

REG0x02\_Charge\_Current\_Limit is shown in Table 7-10.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x03=[15:8], I2C REG0x02=[7:0]

Table 7-10. REG0x02\_Charge\_Current\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit   | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description |
|-------|----------|------|-------|-------|-------------|
| 15:11 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved    |

Table 7-10. REG0x02\_Charge\_Current\_Limit Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit  | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------|----------|------|-------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10:2 | ICHG_REG | R/W  | 0x190 | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG | Fast Charge Current Regulation Limit with 5mΩ RBAT_SNS: Actual charge current is the lower of ICHG_REG and ICHG pin POR: 20000mA (190h) Range: 400mA-20000mA (8h-190h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 50mA |
| 1:0  | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                                    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

#### 7.5.3 REG0x06\_Input\_Current\_DPM\_Limit Register (Address = 0x6) [Reset = 0x0640]

REG0x06\_Input\_Current\_DPM\_Limit is shown in Table 7-11.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x07=[15:8], I2C REG0x06=[7:0]

Table 7-11. REG0x06\_Input\_Current\_DPM\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit   | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                              |  |  |  |  |
|-------|----------|------|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 15:11 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                 |  |  |  |  |
| 10:2  | IAC_DPM  | R/W  | 0x190 | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Input Current DPM Regulation Limit with 5mΩ RAC_SNS: Actual input current limit is the lower of IAC_DPM and ILIM_HIZ pin |  |  |  |  |
|       |          |      |       |                        | POR: 20000mA (190h) Range: 400mA-20000mA (8h-190h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 50mA                               |  |  |  |  |
| 1:0   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                 |  |  |  |  |

#### 7.5.4 REG0x08\_Input\_Voltage\_DPM\_Limit Register (Address = 0x8) [Reset = 0x0348]

REG0x08\_Input\_Voltage\_DPM\_Limit is shown in Table 7-12.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x09=[15:8], I2C REG0x08=[7:0]

Table 7-12. REG0x08\_Input\_Voltage\_DPM\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit   | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                                     |
|-------|----------|------|-------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:14 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                        |
| 13:2  | VAC_DPM  | R/W  | 0xD2  | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Input Voltage Regulation Limit:  POR: 4400mV (DCh)  Range: 4400mV-65000mV (DCh-CB2h)  Clamped Low  Clamped High  Bit Step: 20mV |
| 1:0   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                        |

#### 7.5.5 REG0x0A\_Reverse\_Mode\_Input\_Current\_Limit Register (Address = 0xA) [Reset = 0x0640]

REG0x0A\_Reverse\_Mode\_Input\_Current\_Limit is shown in Table 7-13.



Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x0B=[15:8], I2C REG0x0A=[7:0]

Table 7-13. REG0x0A\_Reverse\_Mode\_Input\_Current\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit   | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|-------|----------|------|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:11 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                                               |
| 10:2  | IAC_REV  | R/W  | 0x190 | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Input Current Regulation in Reverse Mode with 5mΩ RAC_SNS:  POR: 20000mA (190h) Range: 400mA-20000mA (8h-190h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 50mA |
| 1:0   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                                               |

#### 7.5.6 REG0x0C\_Reverse\_Mode\_Input\_Voltage\_Limit Register (Address = 0xC) [Reset = 0x03E8]

REG0x0C\_Reverse\_Mode\_Input\_Voltage\_Limit is shown in Table 7-14.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x0D=[15:8], I2C REG0x0C=[7:0]

Table 7-14. REG0x0C\_Reverse\_Mode\_Input\_Voltage\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit   | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                                        |
|-------|----------|------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:14 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                           |
| 13:2  | VAC_REV  | R/W  | 0xFA  | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | VAC Voltage Regulation in Reverse Mode: POR: 5000mV (FAh) Range: 3300mV-65000mV (A5h-CB2h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 20mV |
| 1:0   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                           |

# 7.5.7 REG0x10\_Precharge\_Current\_Limit Register (Address = 0x10) [Reset = 0x0140]

REG0x10 Precharge Current Limit is shown in Table 7-15.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x11=[15:8], I2C REG0x10=[7:0]

Table 7-15. REG0x10\_Precharge\_Current\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit   | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                                                                                          | Description                                                                                                                                    |
|-------|----------|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:10 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                | Reserved                                                                                                                                       |
| 9:2   | IPRECHG  | R/W  | 0x50  | Actual pre-charge current<br>is the lower of IPRECHG<br>and ICHG pin<br>Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Pre-charge current regulation limit with 5mΩ RBAT_SNS: POR: 4000mA (50h) Range: 250mA-10000mA (5h-C8h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 50mA |
| 1:0   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                | Reserved                                                                                                                                       |

## 7.5.8 REG0x12\_Termination\_Current\_Limit Register (Address = 0x12) [Reset = 0x00A0]

REG0x12\_Termination\_Current\_Limit is shown in Table 7-16.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x13=[15:8], I2C REG0x12=[7:0]

Table 7-16. REG0x12\_Termination\_Current\_Limit Register Field Descriptions

| Bit   | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                                                                                                                      | Description                                                                                                                              |
|-------|----------|------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:10 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                                            | Reserved                                                                                                                                 |
| 9:2   | ITERM    | R/W  | 0x28  | Actual termination current<br>is the lower of ITERM and<br>ICHG pin if both functions<br>enabled<br>Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Termination Current Threshold with 5mΩ RBAT_SNS: POR: 2000mA (28h) Range: 250mA-10000mA (5h-C8h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 50mA |
| 1:0   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                                            | Reserved                                                                                                                                 |

#### 7.5.9 REG0x14\_Precharge\_and\_Termination\_Control Register (Address = 0x14) [Reset = 0x0F]

REG0x14\_Precharge\_and\_Termination\_Control is shown in Table 7-17.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-17. REG0x14\_Precharge\_and\_Termination\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field     | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----|-----------|------|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:4 | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                                                           |
| 3   | EN_TERM   | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Enable termination control  0b = Disable 1b = Enable                                                                                                               |
| 2:1 | VBAT_LOWV | R/W  | 0x3   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Battery threshold for PRECHG to FASTCHG transition, as percentage of VFB_REG:  00b = 30% x VFB_REG 01b = 55% x VFB_REG 10b = 66.7% x VFB_REG 11b = 71.4% x VFB_REG |
| 0   | EN_PRECHG | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Enable pre-charge and BAT_SHORT functions:  0b = Disable 1b = Enable                                                                                               |

# 7.5.10 REG0x15\_Timer\_Control Register (Address = 0x15) [Reset = 0x1D]

REG0x15 Timer Control is shown in Table 7-18.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-18. REG0x15\_Timer\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field      | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                        |
|-----|------------|------|-------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:6 | TOPOFF_TMR | R/W  | 0x0   |       | Top-off timer control:  00b = Disable  01b = 15 mins  10b = 30 mins  11b = 45 mins |



Table 7-18. REG0x15\_Timer\_Control Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit | Field      | Type | Reset | Notes                              | Description                                                                                                   |
|-----|------------|------|-------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5:4 | WATCHDOG   | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET             | Watchdog timer control:  00b = Disable 01b = 40s 10b = 80s 11b = 160s                                         |
| 3   | EN_CHG_TMR | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG | Enable charge safety timer:  0b = Disable 1b = Enable                                                         |
| 2:1 | CHG_TMR    | R/W  | 0x2   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET             | Charge safety timer setting:  00b = 5hr  01b = 8hr  10b = 12hr  11b = 24hr                                    |
| 0   | EN_TMR2X   | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET             | Charge safety timer speed in DPM:  0b = Timer always counts normally 1b = Timer slowed by 2x during input DPM |

# 7.5.11 REG0x17\_Charger\_Control Register (Address = 0x17) [Reset = 0xC9]

REG0x17\_Charger\_Control is shown in Table 7-19.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-19. REG0x17\_Charger\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field                         | Туре | Reset | Notes                                    | Description                                                                                                                                |
|-----|-------------------------------|------|-------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:6 | VRECHG                        | R/W  | 0x3   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                   | Battery auto-recharge threshold, as percentage of VFB_REG:                                                                                 |
|     |                               |      |       |                                          | 00b = 93.0% x VFB_REG<br>01b = 94.3% x VFB_REG<br>10b = 95.2% x VFB_REG<br>11b = 97.6% x VFB_REG                                           |
| 5   | WD_RST                        | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:                                | I2C Watchdog timer reset control:                                                                                                          |
|     |                               |      |       | REG_RESET                                | 0b = Normal<br>1b = Reset (bit goes back to 0 after timer reset)                                                                           |
| 4   | DIS_CE_PIN                    | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:                                | /CE pin function disable:                                                                                                                  |
|     |                               |      |       | REG_RESET                                | 0b = CE pin enabled<br>1b = CE pin disabled                                                                                                |
| 3   | EN_CHG_BIT_RES<br>ET_BEHAVIOR | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                   | Controls the EN_CHG bit behavior when WATCHDOG expires:                                                                                    |
|     |                               |      |       |                                          | 0b = EN_CHG bit resets to 0 1b = EN_CHG bit resets to 1                                                                                    |
| 2   | EN_HIZ                        | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:                                | HIZ mode enable:                                                                                                                           |
|     |                               |      |       | REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG<br>Adapter Plug In | 0b = Disable<br>1b = Enable                                                                                                                |
| 1   | EN_IBAT_LOAD                  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG       | Battery Load (IBAT_LOAD) Enable: Sinks current from SRP to GND. Recommend to disable IBAT ADC (IBAT_ADC_DIS = 1) while this bit is active. |
|     |                               |      |       |                                          | 0b = Disabled<br>1b = Enabled                                                                                                              |

Table 7-19. REG0x17\_Charger\_Control Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit | Field  | Туре | Reset | Notes                              | Description                                      |
|-----|--------|------|-------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | EN_CHG | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG | Charge enable control:  0b = Disable 1b = Enable |

### 7.5.12 REG0x18\_Pin\_Control Register (Address = 0x18) [Reset = 0xC0]

REG0x18\_Pin\_Control is shown in Table 7-20.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-20. REG0x18\_Pin\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field           | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                    |
|-----|-----------------|------|-------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | EN ICHG PIN     | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:              | ICHG pin function enable:                                      |
| ,   | LN_ICHO_I IN    |      | OXT   | REG_RESET              | 0b = ICHG pin disabled<br>1b = ICHG pin enabled                |
| 6   | EN_ILIM_HIZ_PIN | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:              | ILIM_HIZ pin function enable:                                  |
|     |                 |      |       | REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG  | 0b = ILIM_HIZ pin disabled<br>1b = ILIM_HIZ pin enabled        |
| 5   | DIS_PG_PIN      | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:              | PG pin function disable:                                       |
|     |                 |      |       | REG_RESET              | 0b = PG pin enabled<br>1b = PG pin disabled                    |
| 4   | DIS_STAT_PINS   | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:              | STAT1, STAT2 pin function disable:                             |
|     |                 |      |       | REG_RESET              | 0b = STAT pins enabled<br>1b = STAT pins disabled              |
| 3   | FORCE_STAT4_ON  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | CE_STAT4 pin override: Can only be forced on if DIS_CE_PIN = 1 |
|     |                 |      |       |                        | 0b = CE_STAT4 open-drain off<br>1b = CE_STAT4 pulls LOW        |
| 2   | FORCE_STAT3_ON  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | PG_STAT3 pin override: Can only be forced on if DIS_PG_PIN = 1 |
|     |                 |      |       |                        | 0b = PG_STAT3 open-drain off<br>1b = PG_STAT3 pulls LOW        |
| 1   | FORCE_STAT2_ON  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | STAT2 pin override: Can only be forced on if DIS_STAT_PINS = 1 |
|     |                 |      |       |                        | 0b = STAT2 open-drain off<br>1b = STAT2 pulls LOW              |
| 0   | FORCE_STAT1_ON  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | STAT1 pin override: Can only be forced on if DIS_STAT_PINS = 1 |
|     |                 |      |       |                        | 0b = STAT1 open-drain off<br>1b = STAT1 pulls LOW              |

## 7.5.13 REG0x19\_Power\_Path\_and\_Reverse\_Mode\_Control Register (Address = 0x19) [Reset = 0x00]

 $REG0x19\_Power\_Path\_and\_Reverse\_Mode\_Control\ is\ shown\ in\ {\color{red}{\textbf{Table}}}\ {\color{red}{\textbf{7-21}}}.$ 

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-21. REG0x19 Power Path and Reverse Mode Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field   | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                             |  |  |  |
|-----|---------|------|-------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 7   | REG_RST | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Register reset to default values:  0b = Not reset  1b = Reset (bit goes back to 0 after register reset) |  |  |  |



Table 7-21. REG0x19\_Power\_Path\_and\_Reverse\_Mode\_Control Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit | Field       | Туре | Reset | Notes                                                                                                                          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----|-------------|------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6   | EN_IAC_LOAD | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG                                                                                             | VAC Load (IAC_LOAD) Enable:  0b = Disabled 1b = Enabled                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | EN_PFM      | R/W  | 0x0   | It is recommended to<br>disable PFM when ITERM<br>< 2A<br>Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                                               | Enable PFM mode in light-load: Note this bit is reset upon a valid SYNC signal detection on FSW_SYNC pin. Host can set this bit back to 1 to force PFM operation even with a valid SYNC input |
|     |             |      |       |                                                                                                                                | 0b = Disable (FPWM operation)<br>1b = Enable (PFM operation)                                                                                                                                  |
| 4   | RESERVED    | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                                                | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 3   | RESERVED    | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                                                | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2   | RESERVED    | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                                                | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1   | EN_AUTO_REV | R/W  | 0x0   | To exit reverse mode, it is recommended to clear both EN_AUTO_REV and EN_REV bits Reset by: REG_RESET WATCHDOG                 | Auto Reverse Mode to regulate SYS when VBAT < VSYS_REV register:  0b = Disable Auto Reverse 1b = Enable Auto Reverse                                                                          |
| 0   | EN_REV      | R/W  | 0x0   | To exit reverse mode, it is recommended to clear both EN_AUTO_REV and EN_REV bits Reset by: REG_RESET WATCHDOG Adapter Plug In | Reverse Mode control:  0b = Disable  1b = Enable                                                                                                                                              |

### 7.5.14 REG0x1A\_Frequency\_Dither\_Control Register (Address = 0x1A) [Reset = 0x20]

REG0x1A\_Frequency\_Dither\_Control is shown in Table 7-22.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-22. REG0x1A\_Frequency\_Dither\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field     | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                 |
|-----|-----------|------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:5 | RESERVED  | R    | 0x1   |                        | Reserved                                                                    |
| 4:3 | EN_DITHER | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Frequency Dither Configuration  00b = Disable  01b = 1X  10b = 2X  11b = 3X |
| 2:1 | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                    |
| 0   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                    |

# 7.5.15 REG0x1B\_TS\_Charging\_Threshold\_Control Register (Address = 0x1B) [Reset = 0x96]

REG0x1B\_TS\_Charging\_Threshold\_Control is shown in Table 7-23.

Return to the Summary Table.



Table 7-23. REG0x1B\_TS\_Charging\_Threshold\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                               |
|-----|-------|------|-------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:6 | TS_T5 | R/W  | 0x2   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | TS T5 (HOT) threshold control:<br>00b = 41.2% (50C)<br>01b = 37.7% (55C)<br>10b = 34.375% (60C)<br>11b = 31.25%(65C)      |
| 5:4 | TS_T3 | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | JEITA TS T3 (WARM) threshold control:<br>00b = 48.4% (40C)<br>01b = 44.8% (45C)<br>10b = 41.2% (50C)<br>11b = 37.7% (55C) |
| 3:2 | TS_T2 | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | JEITA TS T2 (COOL) threshold control:<br>00b = 71.1% (5C)<br>01b = 68.4% (10C)<br>10b = 65.5% (15C)<br>11b = 62.4% (20C)  |
| 1:0 | TS_T1 | R/W  | 0x2   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | TS T1 (COLD) threshold control:<br>00b = 77.15% (-10C)<br>01b = 75.32% (-5C)<br>10b = 73.25% (0C)<br>11b = 71.1% (5C)     |

# 7.5.16 REG0x1C\_TS\_Charging\_Region\_Behavior\_Control Register (Address = 0x1C) [Reset = 0x57]

 $REG0x1C\_TS\_Charging\_Region\_Behavior\_Control\ is\ shown\ in\ {\color{red}{\textbf{Table}}}\ {\color{red}{\textbf{7-24}}}.$ 

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-24. REG0x1C\_TS\_Charging\_Region\_Behavior\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field       | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                    |
|-----|-------------|------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | RESERVED    | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                       |
| 6:5 | JEITA_VSET  | R/W  | 0x2   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | JEITA Warm (T3 < TS < T5) regulation voltage setting, as percentage of VFB_REG:                |
|     |             |      |       |                        | 00b = Charge Suspend<br>01b = 94.3% x VFB_REG<br>10b = 97.6% x VFB_REG<br>11b = 100% x VFB_REG |
| 4   | JEITA_ISETH | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | JEITA Warm (T3 < TS < T5) regulation current setting, as percentage of ICHG_REG:               |
|     |             |      |       |                        | 0b = 40% x ICHG_REG<br>1b = 100% x ICHG_REG                                                    |
| 3:2 | JEITA_ISETC | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | JEITA Cool (T1 < TS < T2) regulation current setting, as percentage of ICHG_REG:               |
|     |             |      |       |                        | 00b = Charge Suspend<br>01b = 20% x ICHG_REG<br>10b = 40% x ICHG_REG<br>11b = 100% x ICHG_REG  |
| 1   | EN_JEITA    | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:              | JEITA profile control:                                                                         |
|     |             |      |       | REG_RESET              | 0b = Disabled (COLD/HOT control only) 1b = Enabled (COLD/COOL/WARM/HOT control)                |
| 0   | EN_TS       | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | TS pin function control (applies to forward charging and reverse discharging modes):           |
|     |             |      |       |                        | 0b = Disabled (ignore TS pin)<br>1b = Enabled                                                  |



## 7.5.17 REG0x1D\_TS\_Reverse\_Mode\_Threshold\_Control Register (Address = 0x1D) [Reset = 0x40]

REG0x1D\_TS\_Reverse\_Mode\_Threshold\_Control is shown in Table 7-25.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-25. REG0x1D\_TS\_Reverse\_Mode\_Threshold\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                                        |
|-----|----------|------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:6 | ВНОТ     | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Reverse Mode TS HOT temperature threshold control:<br>00b = 37.7% (55C)<br>01b = 34.2% (60C)<br>10b = 31.25%(65C)<br>11b = Disable |
| 5   | BCOLD    | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Reverse Mode TS COLD temperature threshold control:  0b = 77.15% (-10C) 1b = 80% (-20C)                                            |
| 4:0 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                           |

### 7.5.18 REG0x1E\_Reverse\_Undervoltage\_Control Register (Address = 0x1E) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x1E\_Reverse\_Undervoltage\_Control is shown in Table 7-26.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-26. REG0x1E\_Reverse\_Undervoltage\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field     | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                               |
|-----|-----------|------|-------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                  |
| 6   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                  |
| 5   | SYSREV_UV | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Reverse Mode System UVP:  0b = 80% of VSYS_REV target  1b = Fixed at 3.3V |
| 4   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                  |
| 3   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                  |
| 2   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                  |
| 1   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                  |
| 0   | RESERVED  | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                  |

# 7.5.19 REG0x21\_Charger\_Status\_1 Register (Address = 0x21) [Reset = 0x08]

REG0x21\_Charger\_Status\_1 is shown in Table 7-27.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-27. REG0x21\_Charger\_Status\_1 Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                           |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_DONE_STAT | R    | 0x0   |       | ADC conversion status (in one-shot mode only):                                                        |
|     |               |      |       |       | 0b = Conversion not complete<br>1b = Conversion complete                                              |
| 6   | IAC_DPM_STAT  | R    | 0x0   |       | Input Current regulation status:  0b = Normal  1b = In Input Current regulation (ILIM pin or IAC DPM) |

Table 7-27. REG0x21\_Charger\_Status\_1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

|     |              |      |       |       | ogistor i isia zoodi puono (oonunada)                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | VAC_DPM_STAT | R    | 0x0   |       | Input Voltage regulation status:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|     |              |      |       |       | 0b = Normal<br>1b = In Input Voltage regulation (VAC_DPM or<br>VSYS_REV)                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 4   | RESERVED     | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 3   | WD_STAT      | R    | 0x1   |       | I2C Watchdog timer status:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|     |              |      |       |       | 0b = Normal<br>1b = WD timer expired                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 2:0 | CHARGE_STAT  | R    | 0x0   |       | Charge cycle status:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|     |              |      |       |       | 000b = Not charging<br>001b = Trickle Charge (VBAT < VBAT_SHORT)<br>010b = Pre-Charge (VBAT < VBAT_LOWV)<br>011b = Fast Charge (CC mode)<br>100b = Taper Charge (CV mode)<br>101b = Float Charge<br>110b = Top-off Timer Charge<br>111b = Charge Termination Done |

### 7.5.20 REG0x22\_Charger\_Status\_2 Register (Address = 0x22) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x22\_Charger\_Status\_2 is shown in Table 7-28.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-28. REG0x22\_Charger\_Status\_2 Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                            |
|-----|----------|------|-------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PG_STAT  | R    | 0x0   |       | Input Power Good status:                                                                               |
|     |          |      |       |       | 0b = Not Power Good<br>1b = Power Good                                                                 |
| 6:4 | TS_STAT  | R    | 0x0   |       | TS (Battery NTC) status:  000b = Normal  001b = TS Warm  010b = TS Cool  011b = TS Cold  100b = TS Hot |
| 3:0 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved                                                                                               |

# 7.5.21 REG0x23\_Charger\_Status\_3 Register (Address = 0x23) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x23\_Charger\_Status\_3 is shown in Table 7-29.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-29. REG0x23\_Charger\_Status\_3 Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                                               |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:6 | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved                                                                                                                                  |
| 5:4 | FSW_SYNC_STAT | R    | 0x0   |       | FSW_SYNC pin status:                                                                                                                      |
|     |               |      |       |       | 00b = Normal, no external clock detected<br>01b = Valid ext. clock detected<br>10b = Pin fault (frequency out-of-range)<br>11b = Reserved |
| 2   | REVERSE_STAT  | R    | 0x0   |       | Converter Reverse Mode status:                                                                                                            |
|     |               |      |       |       | 0b = Reverse Mode off<br>1b = Reverse Mode On                                                                                             |



Table 7-29. REG0x23\_Charger\_Status\_3 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description |
|-----|----------|------|-------|-------|-------------|
| 1   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved    |
| 0   | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved    |

# 7.5.22 REG0x24\_Fault\_Status Register (Address = 0x24) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x24\_Fault\_Status is shown in Table 7-30.

Return to the Summary Table.

### Table 7-30. REG0x24\_Fault\_Status Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Туре | Reset | Notes                                   | Description                                                        |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VAC_UV_STAT   | R    | 0x0   |                                         | Input under-voltage status:                                        |
|     |               |      |       |                                         | 0b = Input Normal<br>1b = Device in Input under-voltage protection |
| 6   | VAC_OV_STAT   | R    | 0x0   |                                         | Input over-voltage status:                                         |
|     |               |      |       |                                         | 0b = Input Normal<br>1b = Device in Input over-voltage protection  |
| 5   | IBAT_OCP_STAT | R    | 0x0   |                                         | Battery over-current status:                                       |
|     |               |      |       |                                         | 0b = Battery current normal<br>1b = Battery over-current detected  |
| 4   | VBAT_OV_STAT  | R    | 0x0   |                                         | Battery over-voltage status:                                       |
|     |               |      |       |                                         | 0b = Normal<br>1b = Device in Battery over-voltage protection      |
| 3   | TSHUT_STAT    | R    | 0x0   |                                         | Thermal shutdown status:                                           |
|     |               |      |       |                                         | 0b = Normal<br>1b = Device in thermal shutdown protection          |
| 2   | CHG_TMR_STAT  | R    | 0x0   |                                         | Charge safety timer status:                                        |
|     |               |      |       |                                         | 0b = Normal<br>1b = Charge safety timer expired                    |
| 1   | DRV_OKZ_STAT  | R    | 0x0   | In battery-only mode with               | DRV_SUP pin voltage status:                                        |
|     |               |      |       | ADC disabled, this bit always reads '1' | 0b = Normal<br>1b = DRV_SUP pin voltage is out of valid range      |
| 0   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |                                         | Reserved                                                           |

# 7.5.23 REG0x25\_Charger\_Flag\_1 Register (Address = 0x25) [Reset = 0x08]

REG0x25\_Charger\_Flag\_1 is shown in Table 7-31.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-31. REG0x25\_Charger\_Flag\_1 Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                         |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_DONE_FLAG | R    | 0x0   |       | ADC conversion INT flag (in one-shot mode only):<br>Note: always reads 0 in continuous mode                         |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Conversion not complete 1b = Conversion complete                                       |
| 6   | IAC_DPM_FLAG  | R    | 0x0   |       | Input Current regulation INT flag: Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Device entered Input Current regulation |

Table 7-31. REG0x25\_Charger\_Flag\_1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit | Field        | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                                   |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5   | VAC_DPM_FLAG | R    | 0x0   |       | Input Voltage regulation INT flag:                                                                                            |
|     |              |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Device entered Input Voltage regulation                                              |
| 4   | RESERVED     | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved                                                                                                                      |
| 3   | WD_FLAG      | R    | 0x1   |       | I2C Watchdog timer INT flag: Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = WD_STAT rising edge detected                            |
| 2   | RESERVED     | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved                                                                                                                      |
| 0   | CHARGE_FLAG  | R    | 0x0   |       | Charge cycle INT flag: Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Not charging 1b = CHARGE_STAT[2:0] bits changed (transition to any state) |

# 7.5.24 REG0x26\_Charger\_Flag\_2 Register (Address = 0x26) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x26\_Charger\_Flag\_2 is shown in Table 7-32.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-32. REG0x26\_Charger\_Flag\_2 Register Field Descriptions

|     | Table         | , 1-02. IX | LOUXEU_ | Onarger_r lag_z re | egister Fleid Descriptions                          |
|-----|---------------|------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Bit | Field         | Type       | Reset   | Notes              | Description                                         |
| 7   | PG_FLAG       | R          | 0x0     |                    | Input Power Good INT flag:                          |
|     |               |            |         |                    | Access: R (ClearOnRead)                             |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 0b = Normal                                         |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 1b = PG signal toggle detected                      |
| 6   | RESERVED      | R          | 0x0     |                    | Reserved                                            |
| 5   | RESERVED      | R          | 0x0     |                    | Reserved                                            |
| 4   | TS_FLAG       | R          | 0x0     |                    | TS (Battery NTC) INT flag:                          |
|     |               |            |         |                    | Access: R (ClearOnRead)                             |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 0b = Normal                                         |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 1b = TS_STAT[2:0] bits changed (transitioned to any |
|     |               |            |         |                    | state)                                              |
| 3   | REVERSE_FLAG  | R          | 0x0     |                    | Reverse Mode INT flag:                              |
|     |               |            |         |                    | Access: R (ClearOnRead)                             |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 0b = Normal                                         |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 1b = Reverse Mode toggle detected                   |
| 2   | RESERVED      | R          | 0x0     |                    | Reserved                                            |
| 1   | FSW_SYNC_FLAG | R          | 0x0     |                    | FSW_SYNC pin signal INT flag:                       |
|     |               |            |         |                    | Access: R (ClearOnRead)                             |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 0b = Normal                                         |
|     |               |            |         |                    | 1b = FSW_SYNC status changed                        |
| 0   | RESERVED      | R          | 0x0     |                    | Reserved                                            |

# 7.5.25 REG0x27\_Fault\_Flag Register (Address = 0x27) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x27\_Fault\_Flag is shown in Table 7-33.

Return to the Summary Table.



Table 7-33. REG0x27\_Fault\_Flag Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                               |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VAC_UV_FLAG   | R    | 0x0   |       | Input under-voltage INT flag:                                                             |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Entered input under-voltage fault                |
| 6   | VAC_OV_FLAG   | R    | 0x0   |       | Input over-voltage INT flag:                                                              |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Entered Input over-voltage fault                 |
| 5   | IBAT_OCP_FLAG | R    | 0x0   |       | Battery over-current INT flag:                                                            |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Entered Battery over-current fault               |
| 4   | VBAT_OV_FLAG  | R    | 0x0   |       | Battery over-voltage INT flag:                                                            |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Entered battery over-voltage fault               |
| 3   | TSHUT_FLAG    | R    | 0x0   |       | Thermal shutdown INT flag:                                                                |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Entered TSHUT fault                              |
| 2   | CHG_TMR_FLAG  | R    | 0x0   |       | Charge safety timer INT flag:                                                             |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = Charge Safety timer expired rising edge detected |
| 1   | DRV_OKZ_FLAG  | R    | 0x0   |       | DRV_SUP pin voltage INT flag:                                                             |
|     |               |      |       |       | Access: R (ClearOnRead) 0b = Normal 1b = DRV_SUP pin fault detected                       |
| 0   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved                                                                                  |

# 7.5.26 REG0x28\_Charger\_Mask\_1 Register (Address = 0x28) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x28\_Charger\_Mask\_1 is shown in Table 7-34.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-34. REG0x28 Charger Mask 1 Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Туре | Reset | Notes     | Description                                                                            |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_DONE_MASK | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | ADC conversion INT mask (in one-shot mode only):                                       |
|     |               |      |       | REG_RESET | 0b = ADC_DONE produces INT pulse<br>1b = ADC_DONE does not produce INT pulse           |
| 6   | IAC_DPM_MASK  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | Input Current regulation INT mask:                                                     |
|     |               |      |       | REG_RESET | 0b = IAC_DPM_FLAG produces INT pulse<br>1b = IAC_DPM_FLAG does not produce INT pulse   |
| 5   | VAC_DPM_MASK  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | Input Voltage regulation INT mask:                                                     |
|     |               |      |       | REG_RESET | 0b = VAC_DPM_FLAG produces INT pulse<br>1b = VAC_DPM_FLAG does not produce INT pulse   |
| 4   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |           | Reserved                                                                               |
| 3   | WD_MASK       | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | I2C Watchdog timer INT mask:                                                           |
|     |               |      |       | REG_RESET | 0b = WD expiration produces INT pulse<br>1b = WD expiration does not produce INT pulse |
| 2   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |           | Reserved                                                                               |

Table 7-34. REG0x28\_Charger\_Mask\_1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit | Field       | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                            |
|-----|-------------|------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | CHARGE_MASK | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Charge cycle INT mask:  0b = CHARGE_STAT change produces INT pulse 1b = CHARGE_STAT change does not produces INT pulse |

# 7.5.27 REG0x29\_Charger\_Mask\_2 Register (Address = 0x29) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x29\_Charger\_Mask\_2 is shown in Table 7-35.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-35. REG0x29\_Charger\_Mask\_2 Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Туре | Reset | Notes     | Description                                                                                                 |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PG_MASK       | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | Input Power Good INT mask:                                                                                  |
|     |               |      |       | REG_RESET | 0b = PG toggle produces INT pulse<br>1b = PG toggle does not produce INT pulse                              |
| 6   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |           | Reserved                                                                                                    |
| 5   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |           | Reserved                                                                                                    |
| 4   | TS_MASK       | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | TS (Battery NTC) INT mask:                                                                                  |
|     |               |      | RE    | REG_RESET | 0b = TS_STAT change produces INT pulse<br>1b = TS_STAT change does not produce INT pulse                    |
| 3   | REVERSE_MASK  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | Reverse Mode INT mask:                                                                                      |
|     |               |      |       | REG_RESET | 0b = REVERSE_STAT toggle produces INT pulse<br>1b = REVERSE_STAT toggle does no produce INT<br>pulse        |
| 2   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |           | Reserved                                                                                                    |
| 1   | FSW_SYNC_MASK | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by: | FSW_SYNC pin signal INT mask:                                                                               |
|     |               |      |       | REG_RESET | 0b = FSW_SYNC status change produces INT pulse<br>1b = FSW_SYNC status change does not produce INT<br>pulse |
| 0   | RESERVED      | R    | 0x0   |           | Reserved                                                                                                    |

# 7.5.28 REG0x2A\_Fault\_Mask Register (Address = 0x2A) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x2A\_Fault\_Mask is shown in Table 7-36.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-36. REG0x2A\_Fault\_Mask Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field         | Type | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                                                   |
|-----|---------------|------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | VAC_UV_MASK   | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Input under-voltage INT mask:  0b = Input under-voltage event produces INT pulse 1b = Input under-voltage event does not produce INT pulse    |
| 6   | VAC_OV_MASK   | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Input over-voltage INT mask:  0b = Input over-voltage event produces INT pulse 1b = Input over-voltage event does not produce INT pulse       |
| 5   | IBAT_OCP_MASK | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Battery over-current INT mask:  0b = Battery over-current event produces INT pulse 1b = Battery over-current event does not produce INT pulse |



Table 7-36. REG0x2A\_Fault\_Mask Register Field Descriptions (continued)

| Bit | Field        | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                                                                   |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4   | VBAT_OV_MASK | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Battery over-voltage INT mask:  0b = Battery over-voltage event produces INT pulse 1b = Battery over-voltage event does not produce INT pulse |
| 3   | TSHUT_MASK   | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Thermal shutdown INT mask:  0b = TSHUT event produces INT pulse 1b = TSHUT event does not produce INT pulse                                   |
| 2   | CHG_TMR_MASK | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Charge safety timer INT mask:  0b = Timer expired rising edge produces INT pulse 1b = Timer expired rising edge does not produce INT pulse    |
| 1   | DRV_OKZ_MASK | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | DRV_SUP pin voltage INT mask:  0b = DRV_SUP pin fault produces INT pulse 1b = DRV_SUP pin fault does not produce INT pulse                    |
| 0   | RESERVED     | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                                                                      |

### 7.5.29 REG0x2B\_ADC\_Control Register (Address = 0x2B) [Reset = 0x60]

REG0x2B\_ADC\_Control is shown in Table 7-37.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-37. REG0x2B\_ADC\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field        | Туре | Reset | Notes                              | Description                                                                                                                                |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ADC_EN       | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET<br>WATCHDOG | ADC control:  0b = Disable ADC  1b = Enable ADC                                                                                            |
| 6   | ADC_RATE     | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET             | ADC conversion rate control:  0b = Continuous conversion 1b = One-shot conversion                                                          |
| 5:4 | ADC_SAMPLE   | R/W  | 0x2   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET             | ADC sample speed:  00b = 15 bit effective resolution  01b = 14 bit effective resolution  10b = 13 bit effective resolution  11b = Reserved |
| 3   | ADC_AVG      | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET             | ADC average control:  0b = Single value  1b = Running average                                                                              |
| 2   | ADC_AVG_INIT | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET             | ADC average initial value control:  0b = Start average using existing register value 1b = Start average using new ADC conversion           |
| 1:0 | RESERVED     | R    | 0x0   |                                    | Reserved                                                                                                                                   |

# 7.5.30 REG0x2C\_ADC\_Channel\_Control Register (Address = 0x2C) [Reset = 0x0A]

REG0x2C\_ADC\_Channel\_Control is shown in Table 7-38.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-38. REG0x2C\_ADC\_Channel\_Control Register Field Descriptions

|     |              |      |       |                                                                                                  | Register i leid Descriptions                                                            |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bit | Field        | Type | Reset | Notes                                                                                            | Description                                                                             |
| 7   | IAC_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                                                                           | IAC ADC control  0b = Enable 1b = Disable                                               |
| 6   | IBAT_ADC_DIS | R/W  | 0x0   | Recommend to disable<br>IBAT ADC channel when<br>EN_IBAT_LOAD bit is 1<br>Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | IBAT ADC control  0b = Enable 1b = Disable                                              |
| 5   | VAC_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                                                                           | VAC ADC control  0b = Enable 1b = Disable                                               |
| 4   | VBAT_ADC_DIS | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                                                                           | VBAT ADC control  0b = Enable 1b = Disable                                              |
| 3   | RESERVED     | R    | 0x1   |                                                                                                  | Reserved                                                                                |
| 2   | TS_ADC_DIS   | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                                                                           | TS ADC control 0b = Enable 1b = Disable                                                 |
| 1   | VFB_ADC_DIS  | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET                                                                           | VFB ADC control Recommend to disable this channel when charging is enabled  0b = Enable |
|     |              |      |       |                                                                                                  | 1b = Disable                                                                            |
| 0   | RESERVED     | R    | 0x0   |                                                                                                  | Reserved                                                                                |

### 7.5.31 REG0x2D\_IAC\_ADC Register (Address = 0x2D) [Reset = 0x0000]

REG0x2D IAC ADC is shown in Table 7-39.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x2E=[15:8], I2C REG0x2D=[7:0]

### Table 7-39. REG0x2D\_IAC\_ADC Register Field Descriptions

| Bit  | Field   | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                         |
|------|---------|------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:0 | IAC_ADC | R    | 0x0   |       | IAC ADC reading with 5mΩ RAC_SNS: Reported as 2s complement                                                         |
|      |         |      |       |       | POR: 0mA(0h) Format: 2s Complement Range: -20000mA - 20000mA (9E58h-61A8h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 0.8mA |

### 7.5.32 REG0x2F\_IBAT\_ADC Register (Address = 0x2F) [Reset = 0x0000]

REG0x2F\_IBAT\_ADC is shown in Table 7-40.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x30=[15:8], I2C REG0x2F=[7:0]



### Table 7-40. REG0x2F\_IBAT\_ADC Register Field Descriptions

| Bit  | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                      |
|------|----------|------|-------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:0 | IBAT_ADC | R    | 0x0   |       | IBAT ADC reading with $5m\Omega$ RBAT_SNS: Reported as 2s complement                                             |
|      |          |      |       |       | POR: 0mA (0h) Format: 2s Complement Range: -20000mA-20000mA (D8F0h-2710h) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 2mA |

### 7.5.33 REG0x31\_VAC\_ADC Register (Address = 0x31) [Reset = 0x0000]

REG0x31 VAC ADC is shown in Table 7-41.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x32=[15:8], I2C REG0x31=[7:0]

Table 7-41. REG0x31\_VAC\_ADC Register Field Descriptions

|      |         |      |       |       | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •                                                                                                     |
|------|---------|------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bit  | Field   | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                                               |
| 15:0 | VAC_ADC | R    | 0x0   |       | VAC ADC reading: Reported as unsigned integer POR: 0mV (0h) Format: 2s Complement Range: 0mV-65534mV (0h-7FFFh) Clamped Low Bit Step: 2mV |

# 7.5.34 REG0x33\_VBAT\_ADC Register (Address = 0x33) [Reset = 0x0000]

REG0x33\_VBAT\_ADC is shown in Table 7-42.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x34=[15:8], I2C REG0x33=[7:0]

### Table 7-42. REG0x33\_VBAT\_ADC Register Field Descriptions

| Bit  | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                                                |
|------|----------|------|-------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15:0 | VBAT_ADC | R    | 0x0   |       | VBAT ADC reading: Reported as unsigned integer POR: 0mV (0h) Format: 2s Complement Range: 0mV-65534mV (0h-7FFFh) Clamped Low Bit Step: 2mV |

# 7.5.35 REG0x37\_TS\_ADC Register (Address = 0x37) [Reset = 0x0000]

REG0x37\_TS\_ADC is shown in Table 7-43.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x38=[15:8], I2C REG0x37=[7:0]



#### Table 7-43. REG0x37\_TS\_ADC Register Field Descriptions

|      |        |      |       |       | •                                                                                                                   |
|------|--------|------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bit  | Field  | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                                                         |
| 15:0 | TS_ADC | R    | 0x0   |       | TS ADC reading as percentage of REGN:<br>Reported as unsigned integer                                               |
|      |        |      |       |       | POR: 0%(0h) Format: 2s Complement Range: 0% - 99.90234375% (0h-3FFh) Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 0.09765625% |

### 7.5.36 REG0x39\_VFB\_ADC Register (Address = 0x39) [Reset = 0x0000]

REG0x39 VFB ADC is shown in Table 7-44.

Return to the Summary Table.

I2C REG0x3A=[15:8], I2C REG0x39=[7:0]

Table 7-44. REG0x39\_VFB\_ADC Register Field Descriptions

| Bit  | Field   | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                                                                      |  |  |  |  |
|------|---------|------|-------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 15:0 | VFB_ADC | R    | 0x0   |       | VFB ADC reading: POR: 0mV (0h) Format: 2s Complement Range: 0mV-2047mV (0h-7FFh) |  |  |  |  |
|      |         |      |       |       | Clamped Low Clamped High Bit Step: 1mV                                           |  |  |  |  |

# 7.5.37 REG0x3B\_Gate\_Driver\_Strength\_Control Register (Address = 0x3B) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x3B\_Gate\_Driver\_Strength\_Control is shown in Table 7-45.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-45. REG0x3B\_Gate\_Driver\_Strength\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field        | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                                         |
|-----|--------------|------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:6 | BOOST_HS_DRV | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Boost High Side FET Gate Driver Strength:  00b = Fastest  01b = Faster  10b = Slower  11b = Slowest |
| 5:4 | BUCK_HS_DRV  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Buck High Side FET Gate Driver Strength:  00b = Fastest  01b = Faster  10b = Slower  11b = Slowest  |
| 3:2 | BOOST_LS_DRV | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Boost Low Side FET Gate Driver Strength:  00b = Fastest 01b = Faster 10b = Slower 11b = Slowest     |
| 1:0 | BUCK_LS_DRV  | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Buck Low Side FET Gate Driver Strength:  00b = Fastest  01b = Faster  10b = Slower  11b = Slowest   |

# 7.5.38 REG0x3C\_Gate\_Driver\_Dead\_Time\_Control Register (Address = 0x3C) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x3C\_Gate\_Driver\_Dead\_Time\_Control is shown in Table 7-46.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-46. REG0x3C\_Gate\_Driver\_Dead\_Time\_Control Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field               | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                          |
|-----|---------------------|------|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:4 | RESERVED            | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                             |
| 3:2 | BOOST_DEAD_TIM<br>E | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Boost Side FETs Dead Time Control:  00b = 45ns  01b = 75ns  10b = 105ns  11b = 135ns |
| 1:0 | BUCK_DEAD_TIME      | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Buck Side FETs Dead Time Control:  00b = 45ns  01b = 75ns  10b = 105ns  11b = 135ns  |

#### 7.5.39 REG0x3D\_Part\_Information Register (Address = 0x3D) [Reset = 0x00]

REG0x3D Part Information is shown in Table 7-47.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-47. REG0x3D\_Part\_Information Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field    | Туре | Reset | Notes | Description                      |
|-----|----------|------|-------|-------|----------------------------------|
| 7:6 | RESERVED | R    | 0x0   |       | Reserved                         |
| 5:3 | PART_NUM | R    | 0x0   |       | Part Number:<br>000 - BQ25856-Q1 |
| 2:0 | DEV_REV  | R    | 0x0   |       | Device Revision:                 |

#### 7.5.40 REG0x62\_Reverse\_Mode\_Battery\_Discharge\_Current Register (Address = 0x62) [Reset = 0x02]

REG0x62\_Reverse\_Mode\_Battery\_Discharge\_Current is shown in Table 7-48.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 7-48. REG0x62\_Reverse\_Mode\_Battery\_Discharge\_Current Register Field Descriptions

| Bit | Field                      | Туре | Reset | Notes                  | Description                                                                              |
|-----|----------------------------|------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7:6 | IBAT_REV                   | R/W  | 0x0   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | Reverse mode battery discharge current limit:  00b = 20A  01b = 15A  10b = 10A  11b = 5A |
| 5:2 | RESERVED                   | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                 |
| 1   | EN_CONV_FAST_T<br>RANSIENT | R/W  | 0x1   | Reset by:<br>REG_RESET | 0b = Disable<br>1b = Enable                                                              |
| 0   | RESERVED                   | R    | 0x0   |                        | Reserved                                                                                 |

# 8 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

#### 8.2 Typical Applications

#### 8.2.1 Typical Application

The device can be configured as a bi-directional buck-boost charge controller. The bi-directionality allows the battery to be charged as well as provide power to the input in reverse mode. Figure 8-1 shows a typical schematic when using the device as a bi-directional battery charger with an input voltage of 48V and an output voltage of 50.4V. The charging parameters and direction of power flow can be programmed via the I<sup>2</sup>C registers.

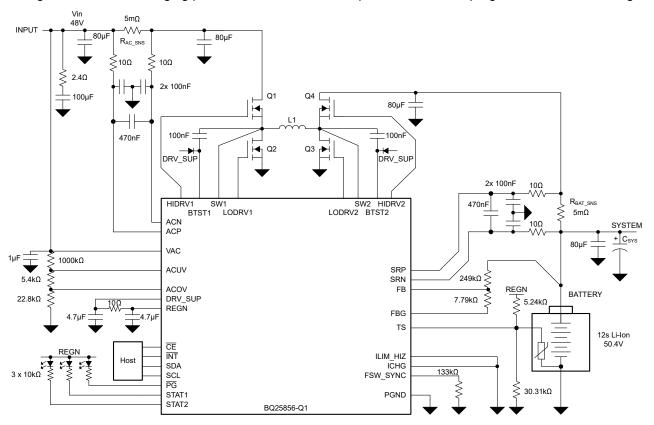


Figure 8-1. BQ25856-Q1: Bi-directional Charging From a 48V Input to Charge a 12s Li-lon Car Battery

**Table 8-1. Recommended Part Numbers:** 

| COMPONENT      | VALUE        | RECOMMENDED PART NUMBER |  |
|----------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|
| Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 | 80 V, 30 mΩ  | IAUZ20N08S5L300ATMA1    |  |
| L1             | 10 μH, 23 mΩ | SRP1050WA-100M          |  |



#### 8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters shown in the table below.

Table 8-2. Design Parameters

| PARAMETER                                        | VALUE   |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Input voltage operating range (V <sub>AC</sub> ) | 48 V    |
| Input current limit (I <sub>AC</sub> )           | 5 A     |
| Output current limit (I <sub>OUT</sub> )         | 5 A     |
| Battery charge voltage (V <sub>BAT_REG</sub> )   | 50.4 V  |
| Switching frequency                              | 250 kHz |

#### 8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

#### 8.2.1.2.1 ACUV / ACOV Input Voltage Operating Window Programming

The input voltage operating window is programmed by an ACUV / ACOV window with a resistor divider from VAC to GND. The top resistor, RAC1 is typically selected as 1,000 k $\Omega$  to minimize the input voltage leakage current. Assuming the desired trip-points for under-voltage and over-voltage protection are labeled  $V_{VACUVP}$  and  $V_{VACOVP}$ , the resistor divider required can be calculated as follows.

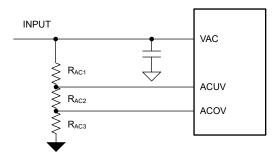


Figure 8-2. ACUV and ACOV Resistor Divider

$$V_{VACOVP} = \frac{1.2V(1,000k\Omega + R_{AC2} + R_{AC3})}{R_{AC3}}$$
 (8)

$$V_{VACUVP} = \frac{1.1V(1,000k\Omega + R_{AC2} + R_{AC3})}{R_{AC2} + R_{AC3}}$$
(9)

For the default device operating window of 4.4 V to 60 V, the ACUV can be pulled up directly to VAC, while the ACOV can be pulled directly to GND.

#### 8.2.1.2.2 Charge Voltage Selection

The battery regulation voltage is programmed using a resistor divider to the FB pin. The default internal voltage reference is 1.536 V, and can be changed via the VFB\_REG register bits. The top of the resistor divider is selected to be 249  $k\Omega$ .

 $R_{TOP} = 249 \text{ k}\Omega$ 

The bottom resistor can be calculated as:

$$R_{BOT} = R_{TOP} \times \frac{V_{FB}}{V_{BATREG} - V_{FB}} - R_{FBG} \tag{10}$$

where

- V<sub>FB</sub> is the target feedback voltage programmed through I<sup>2</sup>C (default 1.536 V),
- V<sub>BATREG</sub> is the desired battery regulation target (50.4 V in this example)

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R<sub>FBG</sub> is the internal FBG pull-down resistor (33 Ω)

$$R_{FB BOT} = 7.79 k\Omega$$
.

Choosing the nearest 0.1% resistor value, gives  $R_{FB\_BOT}$  = 7.79 k $\Omega$ , for a nominal charge voltage of 50.4 V. Further fine-tuning of the regulation voltage can be achieved by changing the internal feedback reference. For example, if it is hard to get an exact resistor, to get the regulation voltage to exactly 50.4 V with the selected resistor divider, the internal voltage reference could be changed via VFB REG.

It is recommended to use 0.1% accurate resistors to maximize the charge voltage accuracy.

### 8.2.1.2.3 Switching Frequency Selection

The switching frequency is set by a resistor connected from the FSW\_SYNC pin to PGND. The RFSW resistor required to set the desired frequency is calculated using Equation 3 or Table 7-2. A 0.1% standard resistor of 133 k $\Omega$  is selected to set  $f_{SW}$  = 250 kHz.

#### 8.2.1.2.4 Inductor Selection

Higher switching frequency allows the use of smaller inductor and capacitor values. Inductor saturation current should be higher than the inductor current ( $I_{I}$ ) plus half the ripple current ( $I_{RIPPLE}$ ):

$$I_{SAT} \ge I_L + \frac{1}{2}I_{RIPPLE} \tag{11}$$

The inductor ripple current in buck operation depends on input voltage ( $V_{AC}$ ), duty cycle ( $D_{BUCK} = V_{BAT}/V_{AC}$ ), switching frequency ( $f_{SW}$ ) and inductance (L):

$$I_{RIPPLE\_BUCK} = \frac{V_{AC} \times D_{BUCK} \times (1 - D_{BUCK})}{f_{SW} \times L}$$
(12)

During boost operation, the duty cycle is:  $D_{BOOST} = 1 - (V_{AC}/V_{BAT})$ . The inductor ripple current is:

$$I_{RIPPLE\_BOOST} = \frac{V_{AC} \times D_{BOOST}}{f_{SW} \times L} \tag{13}$$

The maximum inductor ripple current happens with D = 0.5 or close to 0.5. Ripple calculations should be analyzed for both forward and reverse operating modes if applicable.

Usually inductor ripple is designed in the range of (20 - 40%) maximum inductor current (in either forward or reverse mode) as a trade-off between inductor size and efficiency for a practical design.

#### 8.2.1.2.5 Input (VAC) Capacitor

Input capacitor should have enough ripple current rating to absorb input switching ripple current. The worst case RMS ripple current is half of the output when duty cycle is 0.5 in forward buck mode, or reverse boost mode. If the converter does not operate at 50% duty cycle, then the worst case capacitor RMS current occurs where the duty cycle is closest to 50% and can be estimated by Equation 14:

$$I_{CIN} = I_{CHG} \times \sqrt{D \times (1 - D)} \tag{14}$$

A combination of ceramic and bulk capacitors should be used to provide a short path for high di/dt current and to reduce the voltage ripple. Ceramic capacitors should be placed close to the switching half-bridge. Given total bulk input capacitance, it is recommended to distribute equally on either side of R<sub>AC\_SNS</sub>. The complete schematic is a good starting point for input capacitor for typical applications.

#### 8.2.1.2.6 Output (VBAT) Capacitor

In forward boost mode or reverse buck mode, the output capacitor conducts high ripple current. The output capacitor RMS ripple current is given by where the minimum VAC corresponds to the maximum capacitor current.

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$$I_{CBAT} = I_{BAT} \sqrt{\frac{V_{BAT}}{V_{AC}} - 1} \tag{15}$$

A 5-mΩ output capacitor ESR causes an output voltage ripple of 74 mV as given by:

$$\Delta V_{RIPPLE(ESR)} = I_{BAT} \times \frac{V_{BAT}}{V_{AC,min}} \times ESR$$
 (16)

A 140-µF output capacitor causes a capacitive ripple voltage of 66 mV as given by:

$$\Delta V_{RIPPLE(CBAT)} = I_{BAT} \times \frac{\left(1 - \frac{V_{AC,min}}{V_{BAT}}\right)}{C_{BAT} \times f_{SW}}$$
(17)

A combination of ceramic and bulk capacitors should be used to provide low ESR and high ripple current capacity. Ceramic capacitors should be placed close to the switching half-bridge. Given total bulk output capacitance, it is recommended to distribute equally on either side of R<sub>BAT SNS</sub>. The complete schematic is a good starting point for C<sub>BAT</sub> for typical applications.

#### 8.2.1.2.7 Sense Resistor (R<sub>AC SNS</sub> and R<sub>BAT SNS</sub>) and Current Programming

The battery current sense resistor between SRP and SRN is fixed at 5 m $\Omega$ ; using a different value is not recommended. The input current sense resistor between ACP and ACN is typically 5 mΩ, but can vary from 2  $m\Omega$  to 10  $m\Omega$ . In USB-PD EPR applications, a 5-mΩ sense resistor is recommended to achieve programmability in 50 mA/step. In addition, if input current limit function is not desired, ACP and ACN may be shorted together. For both of these sense resistors, a filter network is recommended as shown in the Typical Application.

For both the input current and the output current, the limits may be programmed using the I<sup>2</sup>C interface or an external programming resistor on ILIM HIZ and ICHG pins, respectively.

| PARAMETER                     | FORMULA    | VALUE                    |
|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Input Current Hardware Limit  | Unused     | Pull ILIM_HIZ pin to GND |
| Input Current Software Limit  | Unused     | REG06 = 0x00A0 (5A)      |
| Output Current Hardware Limit | Unused     | Pull ICHG pin to GND     |
| Output Current Software Limit | ICHG = 5 A | REG02 = 0x0190 (5A)      |

The default input sense resistor (R<sub>AC SNS</sub>) is 5 mΩ, and the register allows for a range of up-to 20-A input current limit.

#### 8.2.1.2.8 Power MOSFETs Selection

Four external N-channel MOSFETs are used for a synchronous switching buck-boost battery charger. The gate drivers are integrated into the IC with 5 V of gate drive voltage. An external gate drive voltage can be provided directly into the DRV\_SUP pin for increased efficiency.

Figure-of-merit (FOM) is usually used for selecting proper MOSFET based on a tradeoff between the conduction loss and switching loss. For the top side MOSFET, FOM is defined as the product of a MOSFET's on-resistance, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>, and the gate-to-drain charge, Q<sub>GD</sub>. For the bottom side MOSFET, FOM is defined as the product of the MOSFET's on-resistance, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>, and the total gate charge, Q<sub>G</sub>.

$$FOM_{top} = R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_{GD}; FOM_{bottom} = R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_{G}$$
(18)

The lower the FOM value, the lower the total power loss. Usually lower R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> has higher cost with the same package size.

The top-side MOSFET loss includes conduction loss and switching loss. Taking buck mode operation as an example the power loss is a function of duty cycle (D=V<sub>OUT</sub>/V<sub>IN</sub>), charging current (I<sub>CHG</sub>), MOSFET's onresistance (R<sub>DS(ON) top</sub>), input voltage (V<sub>IN</sub>), switching frequency (f<sub>S</sub>), turn-on time (t<sub>on</sub>) and turn-off time (t<sub>off</sub>):

$$P_{top} = P_{con top} + P_{sw top}$$
 (19)

$$P_{con top} = D \cdot I_{L RMS}^{2} \cdot R_{DS(on) top};$$
(20)

$$I_{L RMS}^{2} = I_{L DC}^{2} + I_{ripple}^{2} / 12$$
 (21)

- I<sub>L DC</sub> is the average inductor DC current;
- I<sub>ripple</sub> is the inductor current ripple peak-to-peak value;

$$P_{sw top} = P_{IV top} + P_{Qoss top} + P_{Gate top};$$
(22)

The first item  $P_{con\_top}$  represents the conduction loss which is straight forward. The second term  $P_{sw\_top}$  represents the multiple switching loss items in top MOSFET including voltage and current overlap losses  $(P_{IV\_top})$ , MOSFET parasitic output capacitance loss  $(P_{Qoss\_top})$  and gate drive loss  $(P_{Gate\_top})$ . To calculate voltage and current overlap losses  $(P_{IV\_top})$ :

$$P_{\text{IV top}} = 0.5 \text{x V}_{\text{IN}} \cdot I_{\text{vallev}} \cdot t_{\text{on}} \cdot f_{\text{S}} + 0.5 \text{x V}_{\text{IN}} \cdot I_{\text{peak}} \cdot t_{\text{off}} \cdot f_{\text{S}}$$
(23)

$$I_{\text{valley}} = I_{\text{L DC}} - 0.5 \cdot I_{\text{ripple}} \text{ (inductor current valley value)}; \tag{24}$$

$$I_{\text{peak}} = I_{\text{L DC}} + 0.5 \cdot I_{\text{ripple}} \text{ (inductor current peak value)}; \tag{25}$$

- t<sub>on</sub> is the MOSFET turn-on time that V<sub>DS</sub> falling time from V<sub>IN</sub> to almost zero (MOSFET turn on conduction voltage);
- t<sub>off</sub> is the MOSFET turn-off time that I<sub>DS</sub> falling time from I<sub>peak</sub> to zero;

The MOSFET turn-on and turn-off times are given by:

$$t_{on} = \frac{Q_{SW}}{I_{on}}, \quad t_{off} = \frac{Q_{SW}}{I_{off}}$$
 (26)

where  $Q_{sw}$  is the switching charge,  $I_{on}$  is the turn-on gate driving current, and  $I_{off}$  is the turn-off gate driving current. If the switching charge is not given in MOSFET datasheet, it can be estimated by gate-to-drain charge  $(Q_{GD})$  and gate-to-source charge  $(Q_{GS})$ :

$$Q_{sw} = Q_{GD} + Q_{GS} \tag{27}$$

Gate driving current can be estimated by REGN voltage ( $V_{REGN}$ ), MOSFET plateau voltage ( $V_{plt}$ ), total turn-on gate resistance ( $R_{on}$ ), and turn-off gate resistance ( $R_{off}$ ) of the gate driver:

$$I_{on} = \frac{V_{REGN} - V_{plt}}{R_{on}}, \quad I_{off} = \frac{V_{plt}}{R_{off}}$$
(28)

To calculate top MOSFET parasitic output capacitance loss (P<sub>Qoss top</sub>):

$$P_{Ooss\ top} = 0.5 \cdot V_{IN} \cdot Q_{oss} \cdot f_{S} \tag{29}$$

Q<sub>oss</sub> is the MOSFET parasitic output charge which can be found in MOSFET datasheet. It is recommended
to limit the total switch node capacitance C<sub>SW</sub> (nF) < 160/VIN; for example, for a 60-V application, it is
recommended to keep the total C<sub>SW</sub> < 2.67 nF</li>

To calculate top MOSFET gate drive loss (PGate top):

$$P_{\text{Gate top}} = V_{\text{IN}} \cdot Q_{\text{Gate top}} \cdot f_{\text{S}}$$
 (30)

- Q<sub>Gate top</sub> is the top MOSFET gate charge which can be found in MOSFET datasheet;
- Note here V<sub>IN</sub> is used instead of real gate drive voltage because the gate drive is generated based on LDO from V<sub>IN</sub>, the total gate drive related loss are all considered when V<sub>IN</sub> is used for gate drive loss calculation.

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Alternatively, gate drive voltage can be supplied directly by external high efficiency supply into the DRV\_SUP pin. In this case, the power loss to drive the gates becomes: P<sub>Gate top</sub> = V<sub>DRV SUP</sub>· Q<sub>Gate top</sub>· f<sub>S</sub>

The bottom-side MOSFET loss also includes conduction loss and switching loss:

$$P_{bottom} = P_{con\ bottom} + P_{sw\ bottom}$$
 (31)

$$P_{con\ bottom} = (1 - D) \cdot I_{L\ RMS}^{2} \cdot R_{DS(on)\ bottom};$$
(32)

The first item  $P_{con\_bottom}$  represents the conduction loss which is straight forward. The second term  $P_{sw\_bottom}$  represents the multiple switching loss items in bottom MOSFET including reverse recovery losses ( $P_{RR\_bottom}$ ), Dead time body diode conduction loss ( $P_{Dead\_bottom}$ ) and gate drive loss ( $P_{Gate\_bottom}$ ). The detail calculation can be found below:

$$P_{RR \text{ bottom}} = V_{IN} \cdot Q_{rr} \cdot f_{S}$$
(34)

Q<sub>rr</sub> is the bottom MOSFET reverse recovery charge which can be found in MOSFET data sheet;

$$P_{Dead\ bottom} = V_F \cdot I_{valley} \cdot f_S \cdot t_{dead\ rise} + V_F \cdot I_{peak} \cdot f_S \cdot t_{dead\ fall}$$
(35)

- V<sub>F</sub> is the body diode forward conduction voltage drop;
- t<sub>dead rise</sub> is the SW rising edge deadtime between top and bottom MOSFETs which is around 40 ns;
- t<sub>dead fall</sub> is the SW falling edge deadtime between top and bottom MOSFETs which is around 30 ns;

P<sub>Gate bottom</sub> can follow the same method as top MOSFET gate drive loss calculation approach.

#### 8.2.1.2.9 Converter Fast Transient Response

The device integrates all the loop compensation, thereby providing a high density solution with ease of use. For faster transient reponse in reverse operating mode, the EN\_CONV\_FAST\_TRANSIENT bit can be set to 1. If device is not used in reverse boost mode operation, this section can be disregarded.

When the converter is operating in boost mode, the non-continuous inductor current flow to the load results in a right-half plane (RHP) zero. The RHP zero location is:

$$RHPz = \frac{VIN,boost}{IIN,boost} \frac{1}{2\pi L}$$
 (36)

For good phase margin, the unity gain bandwidth (UGBW) of the converter should be about 1/3 of the RHPz. The boost output capacitor ( $C_{load}$ ), and the converter transient parameters ( $R_1$ ,  $gm_1$ ) need to be scaled to move the location of the UGBW of the converter.

$$1 \approx \frac{Adiv \times gm_1(sR_1C_1 + 1)}{sC_1} \left[ \frac{V_i}{I_o \times 50m} \right] \left[ \frac{1}{1 + s \frac{Cload^Rload}{2}} \right]$$
 (37)

The device adjusts Adiv,  $gm_1$  and  $R_1$  based on the output voltage and the EN\_CONV\_FAST\_TRANSIENT bit setting per the table below. During some boost case scenarios, the  $C_{load}$  needs to be adjusted to limit the converter bandwidth.

| BOOST OUTPUT | Adiv C <sub>1</sub> |            | EN_CONV_FAST_TRANSIENT = 0     |        | EN_CONV_FAST_TRANSIENT = 1 |                |
|--------------|---------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|----------------|
| VOLTAGE      | Aut                 | <b>C</b> 1 | gm <sub>1</sub> R <sub>1</sub> |        | gm₁                        | R <sub>1</sub> |
| ≤8 V         | 1/5                 | 75 pF      | 0.4 μ                          | 600 kΩ | 2 μ                        | 1.3 ΜΩ         |
| 8 V to 16 V  | 1/10                | 75 pF      | 0.47 μ                         | 1 ΜΩ   | 2 μ                        | 1.8 ΜΩ         |
| 16 V to 32 V | 1/20                | 75 pF      | 0.67 μ                         | 2.8 ΜΩ | 2 μ                        | 2.8 ΜΩ         |
| >32 V        | 1/40                | 75 pF      | 2 μ                            | 2.8 ΜΩ | 2 μ                        | 2.8 ΜΩ         |

As an example, assume the device operates in reverse boost mode from a 5V supply to provide a 7V boost output voltage with load up-to 5A and  $10\mu H$  inductor. The RHPz is approximately located at:

$$RHPz = \frac{VIN,boost}{I_{IN,boost}} \frac{1}{2\pi L} = 11.4kHz \tag{38}$$

For best stability, the UGBW of the converter should be limited to 1/3 of the RHP zero, or 3.8kHz. If EN\_CONV\_FAST\_TRANSIENT = 1, the equation becomes:

$$1 \approx \frac{0.2 \times 2\mu \left(j\omega \times 1.3M\Omega \times 75pF + 1\right)}{j\omega \times 75pF} \left[\frac{5V}{5A \times 50m}\right] \left[\frac{1}{1 + j\omega \frac{C_{load} \times 1.4}{2}}\right]$$
(39)

Solving the above for  $C_{load}$  gives  $\geq$ 674  $\mu$ F capacitor requirement.

Conversely, if EN\_CONV\_FAST\_TRANSIENT = 0, the UGBW equation becomes:

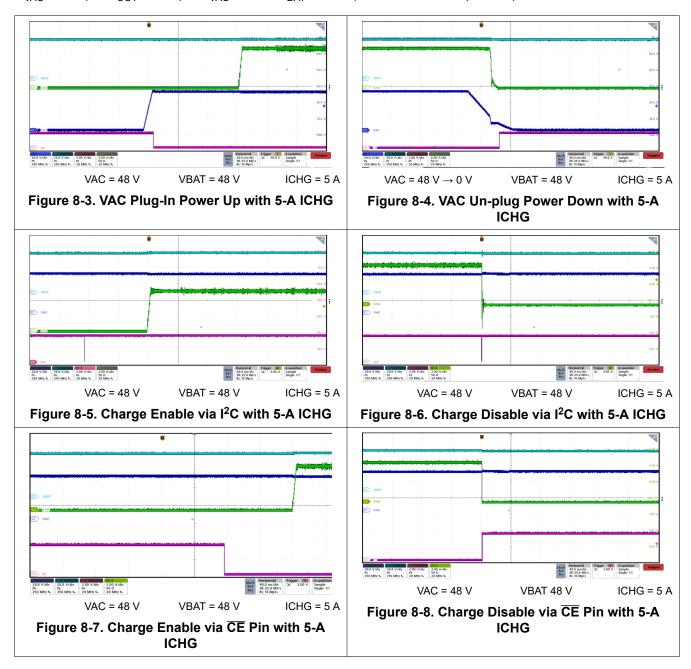
$$1 \approx \frac{0.2 \times 0.4\mu \left(j\omega \times 0.6M\Omega \times 75pF + 1\right)}{j\omega \times 75pF} \left[\frac{5V}{5A \times 50m}\right] \left[\frac{1}{1 + j\omega \frac{C_{load} \times 1.4}{2}}\right]$$
(40)

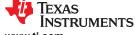
Solving the above for  $C_{load}$  gives  $\geq$ 51  $\mu$ F capacitor requirement. However, the minimum recommended capacitor for converter stability is 80  $\mu$ F, so this minimum value should be used.

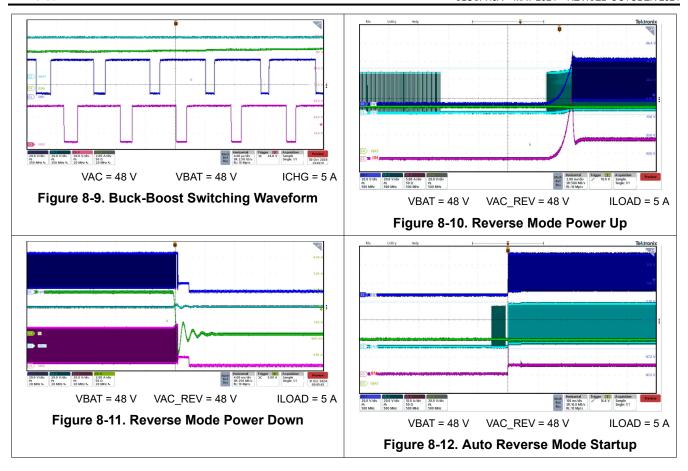


#### 8.2.1.3 Application Curves

 $C_{VAC}$  = 160  $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$  = 160  $\mu$ F,  $V_{VAC}$  = 48 V,  $V_{BAT}$  = 48 V (unless otherwise specified)







# 8.2.2 Typical Application (4s LiFePO<sub>4</sub> car battery configuration)

The device can be configured as a bidirectional buck-boost charger. The bi-directionality allows the battery to be charged as well as provide power to the input in reverse mode. Figure 8-13 shows a typical schematic when using the device as a buck-boost charger for 4-cell LiFePO<sub>4</sub> battery with bidirectional output for 200W applications. The design procedure for the 14.4V battery design is the same as the 50.4V battery design.



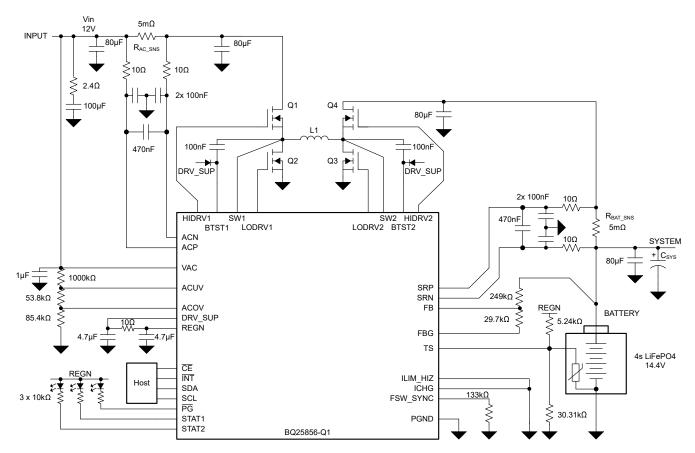


Figure 8-13. BQ25856-Q1: Bi-directional Charging From a 12V Input to Charge a 4s LiFePO₄ Car Battery

**Table 8-3. Recommended Part Numbers:** 

| COMPONENT      | VALUE      | RECOMMENDED PART NUMBER |
|----------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 | 40V, 7.4mΩ | IPZ40N04S5L7R4ATMA1     |
| L1             | 10μΗ, 13mΩ | SRP1770TA-100M          |

#### 8.2.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters shown in the table below.

**Table 8-4. Design Parameters** 

| PARAMETER                                        | VALUE   |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Input voltage operating range (V <sub>AC</sub> ) | 12 V    |
| Input current limit (I <sub>AC</sub> )           | 15 A    |
| Charge current limit (I <sub>CHG</sub> )         | 15 A    |
| Battery charge voltage (V <sub>BAT_REG</sub> )   | 14.4 V  |
| Switching frequency                              | 250 kHz |

#### 8.2.3 Typical Application (Capacitor Backup)

The Capacitor Backup or "Last Gasp" application provides a short boost of power when the main power fails. It is useful in systems that require functionality for a short time after power loss in order to shut down in a controlled fashion. By storing holdup energy at higher than VBUS voltage, the amount of capacitance can be reduced significantly thereby reducing solution size and cost while improving reliability. In automotive applications, this can be used to make sure that the data is stored correctly so the computer memory in the EV does not get corrupted and the computer and car can shut down safely. Another essential application of capacitor backup is to

provide power to open the car's doors when the battery fails. The figure below shows a typical schematic when using the device in a Capacitor Backup application. This application works successfully with super capacitors as well as regular capacitors.

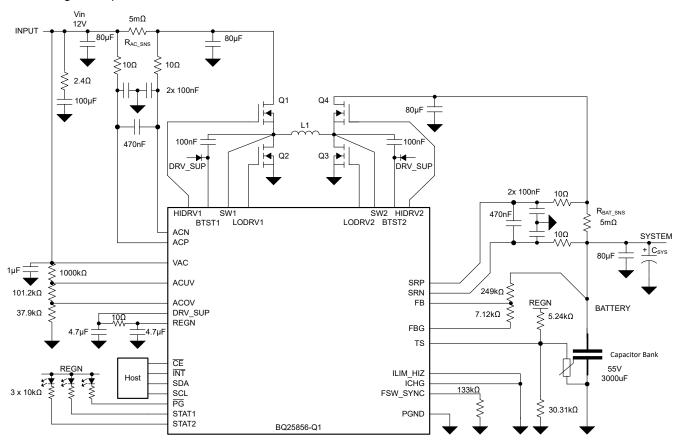


Figure 8-14. BQ25856-Q1: Capacitor Backup or Last Gasp Application Diagram

Table 8-5. Recommended Part Numbers:

| COMPONENT      | VALUE        | RECOMMENDED PART NUMBER |
|----------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 | 100 V, 22 mΩ | IPG20N10S4L22ATMA1      |
| L1             | 15 μH, 30 mΩ | SRP1050WA-150M          |

#### 8.2.3.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters shown in the table below.

Table 8-6. Design Parameters

| PARAMETER                                     | VALUE                       |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Input voltage (V <sub>AC</sub> )              | 12 V (car battery)          |
| Output Voltage (V <sub>OUT</sub> )            | 3 mF capacitor bank at 55 V |
| Charge current limit (I <sub>CHG</sub> )      | 1 A                         |
| Input undervoltage limit (V <sub>ACUV</sub> ) | 9 V                         |
| Input overvoltage limit (V <sub>ACOV</sub> )  | 36 V                        |
| VAC_REV                                       | 5 V                         |
| EN_AUTO_REVERSE                               | 1b                          |
| EN_PRECHG                                     | 0b                          |
| EN_TERM                                       | 0b                          |

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### Table 8-6. Design Parameters (continued)

| PARAMETER  | VALUE |
|------------|-------|
| EN_CHG_TMR | 0b    |



# 9 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply for the device is any DC voltage source within the specified input range. The supply should also be capable of supplying sufficient current based on the programmed input current limit. The input supply should be bypassed with a combination of electrolytic and ceramic capacitors to avoid ringing due to the parasitic impedance of the connecting cables.

When device is operating in the reverse direction, the supply at the OUTPUT should follow the same recommendations as the input supply mentioned above.

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# 10 Layout

# 10.1 Layout Guidelines

Proper layout of the components to minimize high frequency current path loops is important to prevent electrical and magnetic field radiation and high frequency resonant problems. Here is a PCB layout priority list for proper layout.

Table 10-1 PCR Layout Guidelines

| COMPONENTS                                                    | FUNCTION                 | 10-1. PCB Layout Gui                                                | GUIDELINES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                               |                          |                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Buck high side FET,<br>Buck low side FET, input<br>capacitors | Buck input loop          | High frequency noise, ripple, efficiency                            | This path forms a high frequency switching loop due to the pulsating current at the input of the buck. Place components on the same side of the board. Minimize loop area to reduce parasitic inductance. Maximize trace width to reduce parasitic resistance. Place input ceramic capacitors close to the switching FETs.         |
| Boost low side FET, boost high side FET, output capacitors    | Boost output loop        | High frequency noise, ripple, efficiency                            | This path forms a high frequency switching loop due to the pulsating current at the output of the boost. Place components on the same side of the board. Minimize loop area to reduce parasitic inductance. Maximize trace width to reduce parasitic resistance. Place output ceramic capacitors close to the switching FETs.      |
| Sense resistors, switching FETs, inductor                     | Current path             | Efficiency                                                          | The current path from input to output through the power stage and sense resistors has low impedance. Pay attention to via resistance if they are not on the same side. The number of vias can be estimated as 1- to 2-A per via for a 10-mil via with 1 oz. copper thickness.                                                      |
| Switching FETs, inductor                                      | Power stage              | Thermal, efficiency                                                 | The switching FETs and inductor are the components with highest power loss. Allow enough copper area for heat dissipation. Multiple thermal vias can be used to connect more copper layers together and dissipate more heat.                                                                                                       |
| DRV_SUP, BTST1, BTST2 capacitors                              | Switching FET gate drive | High frequency noise,<br>parasitic ringing, gate<br>drive integrity | The DRV_SUP capacitor is used to supply the power to drive the low side FETs. The BTST capacitors are used to drive the high side FETs. It is recommended to place the capacitors as close as possible to the IC.                                                                                                                  |
| LODRV1, LODRV2                                                | Low side gate drive      | High frequency noise,<br>parasitic ringing, gate<br>drive integrity | LODRV1 and LODRV2 supplies the gate drive current to turn on the low side FETs. The return of LODRV1 and LODRV2 is PGND. As current take the path of least impedance, a ground plane close to the low side gate drive traces is recommended. Minimize gate drive length and aim for at least 20-mil gate drive trace width.        |
| HIDRV1, HIDRV2, SW1<br>(pin trace), SW2 (pin<br>trace)        | High side gate drive     | High frequency noise,<br>parasitic ringing, gate<br>drive integrity | HIDRV1 and HIDRV2 supplies the gate drive current to turn on the high side FETs. The return of HIDRV1 and HIDRV2 are SW1 and SW2, respectively. Route HIDRV1/SW1 and HIDRV2/SW2 pair next to each other to reduce gate drive parasitic inductance.  Minimize gate drive length and aim for at least 20-mil gate drive trace width. |

Product Folder Links: BQ25856-Q1

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**Table 10-1. PCB Layout Guidelines (continued)** 

| COMPONENTS                                            | FUNCTION                     | IMPACT                                   | GUIDELINES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current limit resistors,<br>FSW_SYNC resistor         | IC programmable settings     | Regulation accuracy, switching integrity | Pin voltage determines the settings for input current limit, output current limit and switching frequency.  Ground noise on these could lead to inacuracy.  Minimize ground return from these resistors to the IC ground pin.                                                                             |
| Input (ACP, ACN) and output (SRP, SRN) current sense  | Current regulation           | Regulation accuracy                      | Use Kelvin-sensing technique for input and output current sense resistors. Connect the current sense traces to the center of the pads, and run current sense traces as differential pairs, away from switching nodes.                                                                                     |
| Input (ACUV), and output (FB, VO_SNS) voltage sensing | Voltage sense and regulation | Regulation accuracy                      | ACUV divider sets internal input voltage regulation in forward mode (V <sub>ACUV_DPM</sub> ). FB divider sets battery voltage regulation in forward mode (V <sub>FB_ACC</sub> ). Route the top of the divider point to the target regulation location. Avoid routing close to high power switching nodes. |
| Bypass capacitors                                     | Noise filter                 | Noise immunity                           | Place lowest value capacitors closest to the IC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## 10.2 Layout Example

Based on the above layout guidelines, the buck-boost PCB layout example top view is shown below including all the key power components.

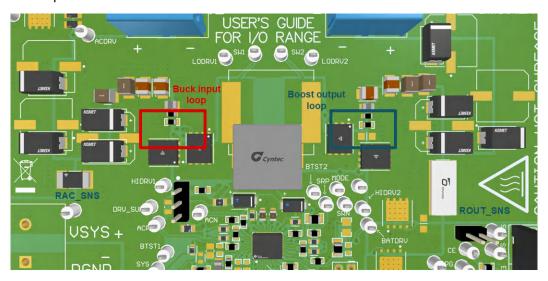


Figure 10-1. PCB Layout Reference Example Top View

For both input and output current sensing resistors, differential sensing and routing method are suggested and highlighted in figure below. Use wide trace for gate drive traces, minimum 20-mil trace width. Connect all analog grounds to a dedicated low-impedance copper plane, which is tied to the power ground underneath the IC exposed pad.



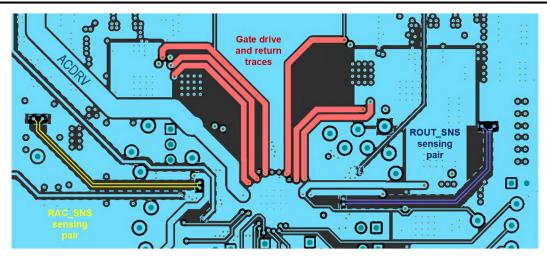


Figure 10-2. PCB Layout Gate Drive and Current Sensing Signal Layer Routing

## 11 Device and Documentation Support

## 11.1 Device Support

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### 11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## 11.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 12 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

## Changes from Revision \* (May 2024) to Revision A (October 2024)

Page

Product Folder Links: BQ25856-Q1



## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan     | Lead finish/<br>Ball material | MSL Peak Temp       | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------|
| BQ25856QWRRVRQ1  | ACTIVE | VQFN         | RRV                | 36   | 3000           | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU                        | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 150   | BQ25856              | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| В0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

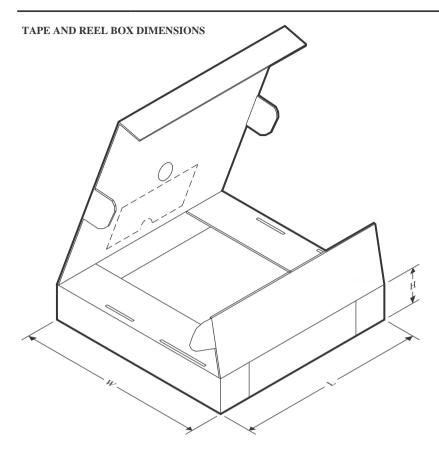


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device          | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing |    | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| BQ25856QWRRVRQ1 | VQFN            | RRV                | 36 | 3000 | 330.0                    | 12.4                     | 5.3        | 6.3        | 1.15       | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q1               |

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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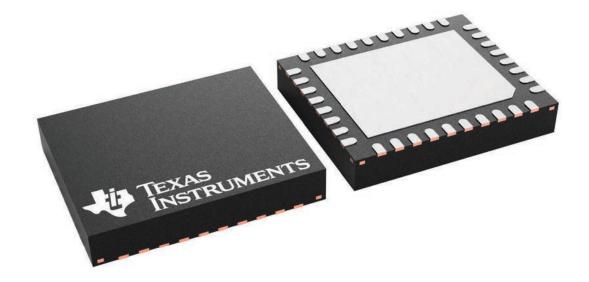
## \*All dimensions are nominal

| Ì | Device          | Device Package Type |     | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |  |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|-----|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| ı | BQ25856QWRRVRQ1 | VQFN                | RRV | 36   | 3000 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |  |

5 x 6, 0.5 mm pitch

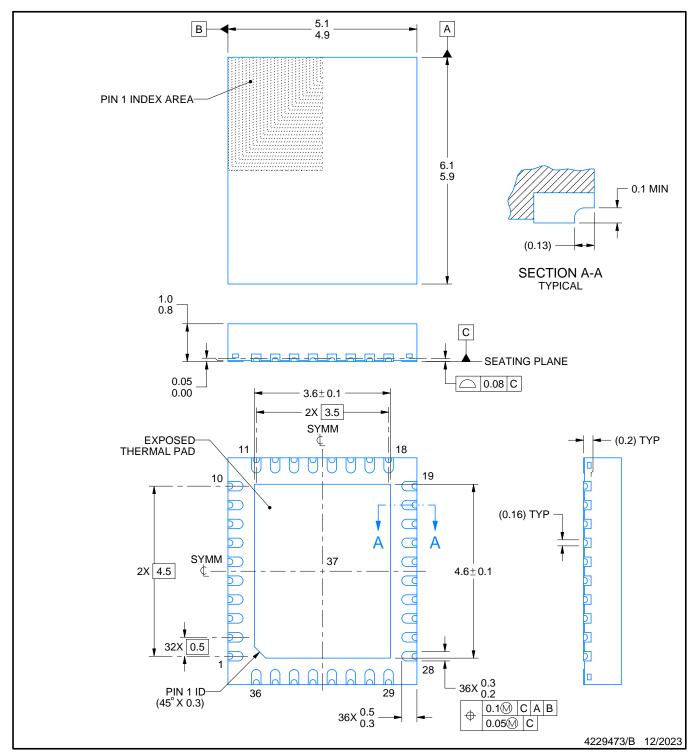
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.





PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

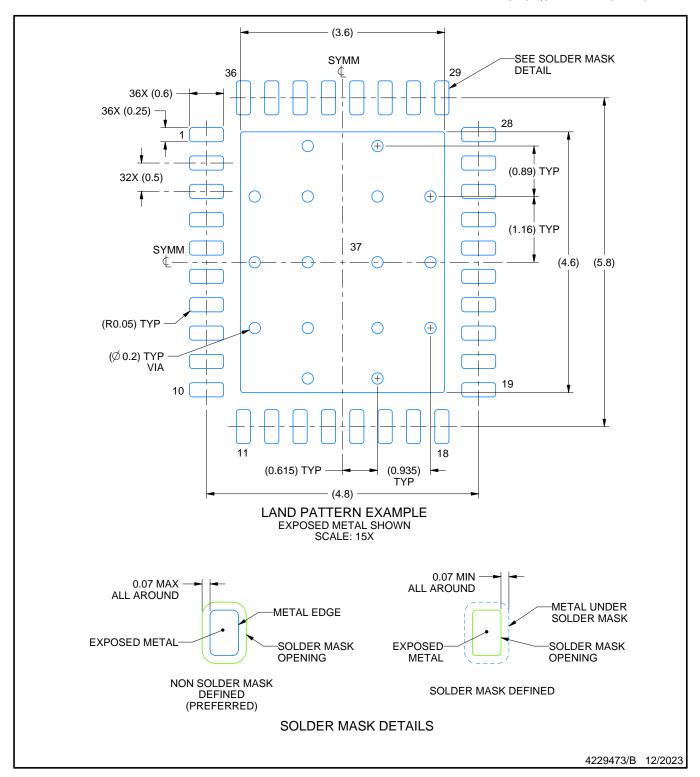


### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

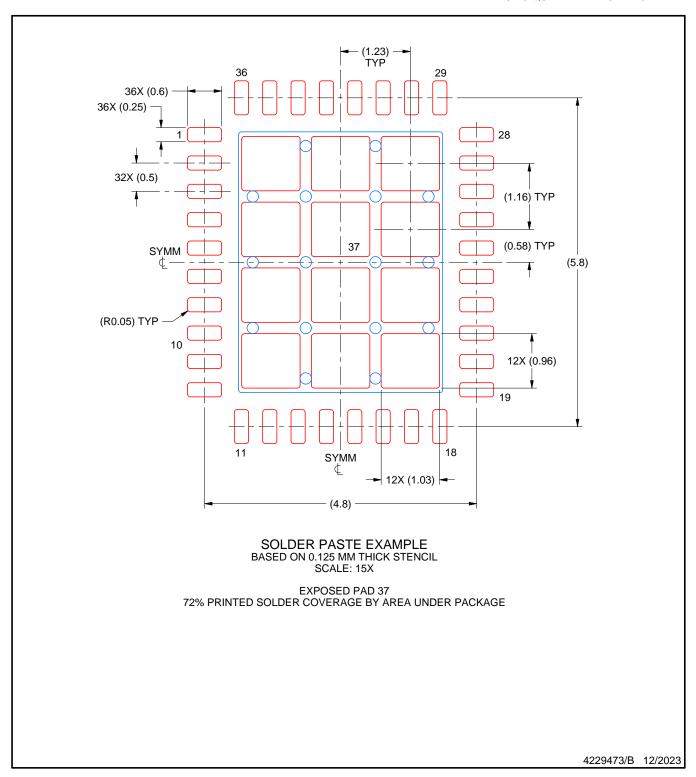


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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