



SBOS414B-AUGUST 2007-REVISED DECEMBER 2008

1.8V, 700nA, Zerø-Crossover RAIL-TO-RAIL I/O OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

FEATURES

nanoPOWER:

OPA369: 800nAOPA2369: 700nA/ch.

LOW OFFSET VOLTAGE: 250μV

ZERO-CROSSOVER

LOW OFFSET DRIFT: 0.4μV/°C

DC PRECISION:CMRR: 114dB

PSRR:106dBAOL: 134dB

GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT: 12kHz

SUPPLY VOLTAGE: 1.8V to 5.5V

microSIZE PACKAGES:

SC70-5, SOT23-5, MSOP-8

APPLICATIONS

- BATTERY-POWERED INSTRUMENTS
- PORTABLE DEVICES
- MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS
- TEST EQUIPMENT
- LOW-POWER SENSOR SIGNAL CONDITIONING

DESCRIPTION

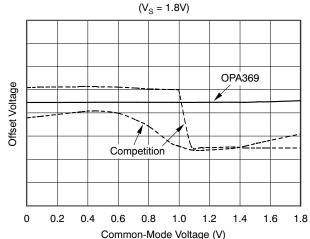
The OPA369 and OPA2369 are ultra-low-power, low-voltage operational amplifiers from Texas Instruments designed especially for battery-powered applications.

The OPAx369 operates on a supply voltage as low as 1.8V and has true rail-to-rail operation that makes it useful for a wide range of applications. The *zerø-crossover* feature resolves the problem of input crossover distortion that becomes very prominent in low voltage (< 3V), rail-to-rail input applications.

In addition to *micro*size packages and very low quiescent current, the OPAx369 features 12kHz bandwidth, low offset drift (1.75 μ V/°C, max), and low noise 3.6 μ V_{PP} (0.1Hz to 10Hz).

The OPA369 (single version) is offered in an SC70-5 package. The OPA2369 (dual version) comes in both MSOP-8 and SOT23-8 packages.

OFFSET VOLTAGE vs COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

| | | | VALUE | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | | $V_{S} = (V+) - (V-)$ | +7 | V |
| Single Input | Voltage ⁽²⁾ | | (V-) -0.5 to (V+) + 0.5 | V |
| Terminals | Current ⁽²⁾ | | ±10 | mA |
| Output Short-0 | put Short-Circuit ⁽³⁾ | | Continuous | |
| Ambient Operating Temperature | | | -55 to +125 | °C |
| Ambient Stora | ge Temperature | | -65 to +150 | °C |
| Junction Temp | perature | T _J | +150 | °C |
| | Human Body Model | (HBM) | 4000 | V |
| ESD Ratings | Charged Device Model | (CDM) | 1000 | V |
| | Machine Model | (MM) | 200 | V |

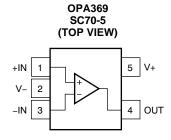
- (1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not supported.
- (2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current limited to 10mA or less.
- (3) Short-circuit to V_S/2, one amplifier per package.

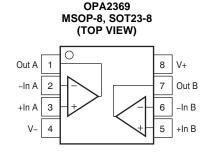
PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

| PRODUCT | PACKAGE-LEAD | PACKAGE DESIGNATOR | PACKAGE MARKING |
|---------|--------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| OPA369 | SC70-5 | DCK | CJS |
| OPA2369 | MSOP-8 | DGK | OCCQ |
| | SOT23-8 | DCN | OCBQ |

For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI
web site at www.ti.com.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS







ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = +1.8V$ to +5.5V

BOLDFACE limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C. At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, and $R_L = 100k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | |
|---|--|------|-----------------------|------|---------------|--|
| OFFSET VOLTAGE | | | | | | |
| Input Offset Voltage V _{OS} | | | 250 | 750 | μV | |
| over Temperature | | | | 1 | mV | |
| Drift dV _{OS} /dT | | | 0.4 | 1.75 | μ V/°C | |
| vs Power Supply PSRR | $V_S = 1.8V \text{ to } 5.5V$ | | 5 | 20 | μ V/V | |
| Channel Separation | dc | | 140 | | dB | |
| | f = 1kHz | | 120 | | dB | |
| INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE | | | | | | |
| Common-Mode Voltage Range V _{CM} | | (V-) | | (V+) | V | |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio CMRR | $(V-) \le V_{CM} \le (V+)$ | 100 | 114 | | dB | |
| over Temperature | $(V-) \le V_{CM} \le (V+)$ | 90 | | | dB | |
| INPUT BIAS CURRENT | | | | | | |
| Input Bias Current I _B | | | 10 | 50 | pA | |
| over Temperature | | | See Figure 16 | | pА | |
| Input Offset Current I _{OS} | | | 10 | 50 | pA | |
| INPUT IMPEDANCE | | | | | | |
| Differential | | | 10 ¹³ 3 | | Ω pF | |
| Common-Mode | | | 10 ¹³ 6 | | Ω pF | |
| NOISE | | | - 11 - | | | |
| Input Voltage Noise | f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz | | 3.6 | | μV_{PP} | |
| Input Voltage Noise Density | f = 100Hz | | 220 | | nV/√Hz | |
| , | f = 1kHz | | 290 | | nV/√Hz | |
| Current Noise Density | f = 1kHz | | 1 | | fA/√Hz | |
| OPEN-LOOP GAIN | | | | | | |
| Open-Loop Voltage Gain A _{OL} | $100 \text{mV} \le \text{V}_{\text{O}} \le (\text{V+}) - 100 \text{mV},$ | 444 | 404 | | -ID | |
| | $R_L = 100k\Omega$ | 114 | 134 | | dB | |
| Over Temperature | 100mV \leq V _O \leq (V+)-100mV, R _L = 100kΩ | 100 | | | dB | |
| | $500\text{mV} \le V_{\text{O}} \le (\text{V+})-500\text{mV},$ $R_{\text{L}} = 10\text{k}\Omega$ | 114 | 134 | | dB | |
| Over Temperature | 500mV \leq V _O \leq (V+)-500mV, R _L = 10k Ω | 90 | | | dB | |
| ОИТРИТ | | | | | | |
| Voltage Output Swing from Rail | $R_L = 100k\Omega$ | | | 10 | mV | |
| | $R_L = 10k\Omega$ | | | 25 | mV | |
| Short-Circuit Current I _{SC} | | | 10 | | mA | |
| Capacitive Load Drive C _{LOAD} | | | See Figure 20 | | pF | |
| FREQUENCY RESPONSE | | | | | | |
| Gain-Bandwidth Product GBW | | | 12 | | kHz | |
| Slew Rate SR | G = +1 | | 0.005 | | V/µs | |
| Overload Recovery Time | V _{IN} × Gain > V _S | | 250 | | μs | |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_s = +1.8V$ to +5.5V (continued)

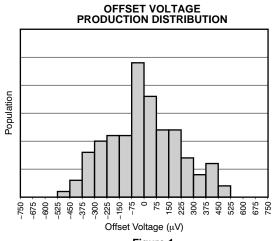
BOLDFACE limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C. At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, and $R_L = 100k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

| | | C | OPA369, OPA2369 | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------|------|------------|--|--|
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | | |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | | |
| Specified Voltage | s | 1.8 | | 5.5 | V | | |
| Quiescent Current | I _{OUT} = 0A | | | | | | |
| OPA369 | | | 0.8 | 1.2 | μΑ | | |
| OPA2369 (per channel) | | | 0.7 | 1 | μΑ | | |
| Over Temperature | | | | | | | |
| OPA369 | | | | 1.45 | μ Α | | |
| OPA2369 (per channel) | | | | 1.25 | μ Α | | |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE | | | | | | | |
| Specified Range | T _A | -40 | | +85 | °C | | |
| Operating Range | T _A | -55 | | +125 | °C | | |
| Thermal Resistance θ | A | | | | | | |
| SC70 | | | 250 | | °C/W | | |
| SOT23 | | | 223 | | °C/W | | |
| MSOP | | | 252 | | °C/W | | |

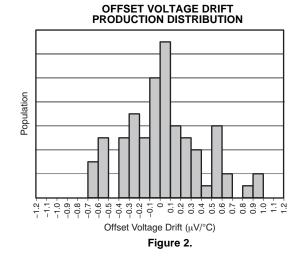


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At T_A = +25°C, V_S = 5V, and R_L = 100k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.







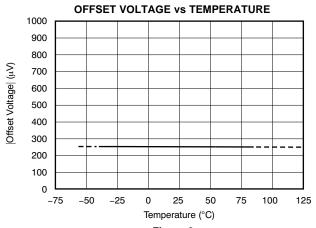


Figure 3.

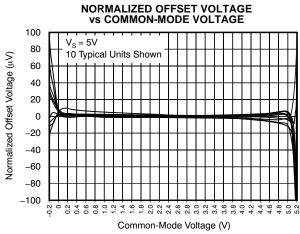


Figure 4.

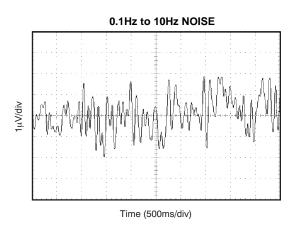


Figure 5.

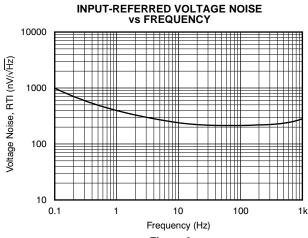
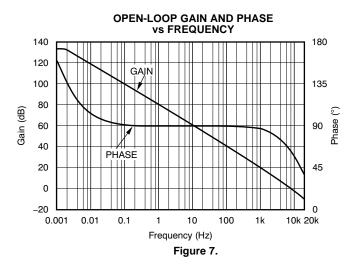


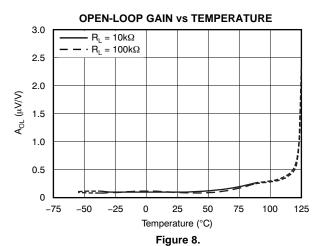
Figure 6.

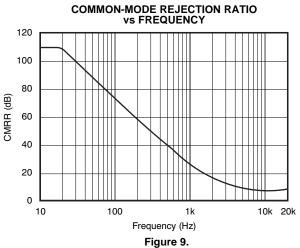


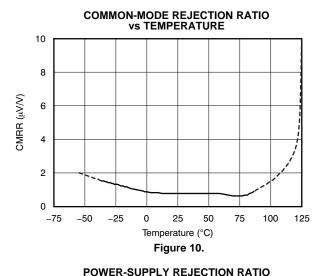
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

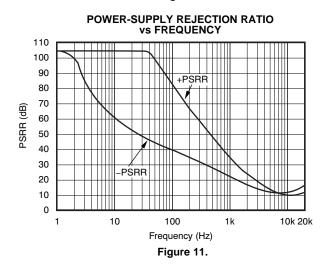
At T_A = +25°C, V_S = 5V, and R_L = 100k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

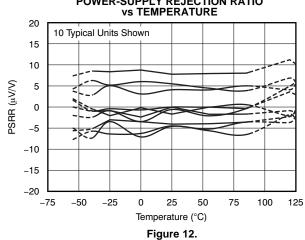












125

100



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

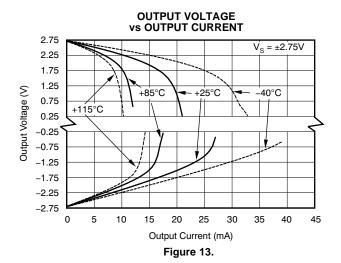
25

-75

-50

-25

At T_A = +25°C, V_S = 5V, and R_L = 100k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.



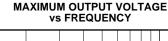
Output Voltage Swing-from-Rail (mV) 20 $R_L = 10k\Omega$ 15 10 5 $R_1 = 100k\Omega$ 0 $R_L = 100k\Omega$ -5 -10 $R_L = 10k\Omega$ -15 -20 -25

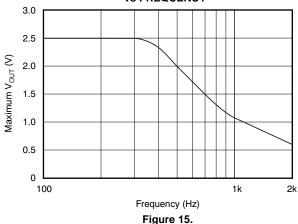
OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING-FROM-RAIL vs TEMPERATURE

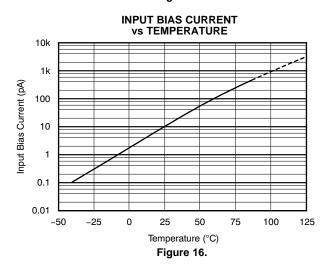
Temperature (°C) Figure 14.

25

50







QUIESCENT CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE 2.5

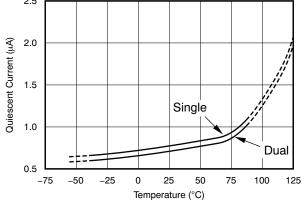


Figure 17.

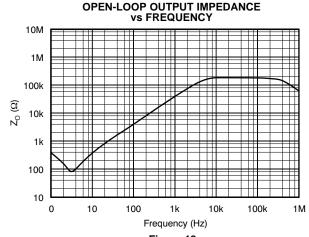
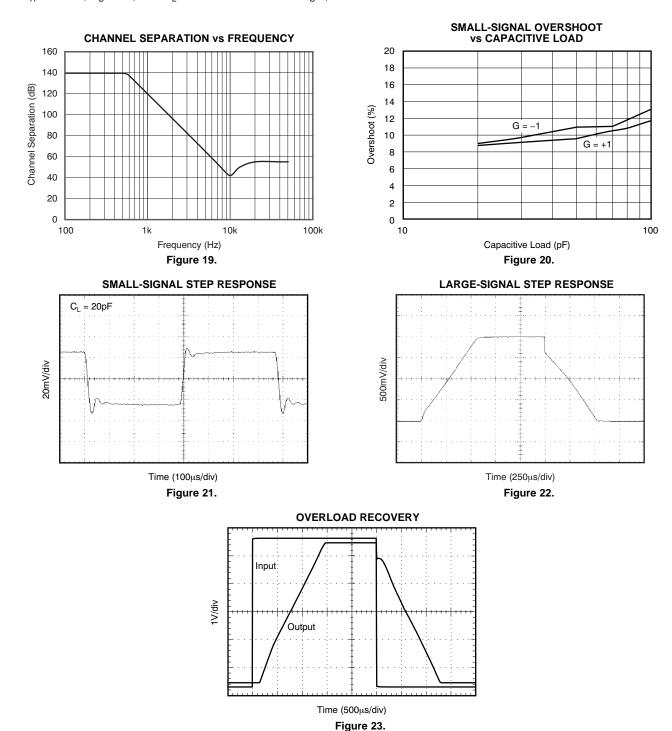


Figure 18.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

At T_A = +25°C, V_S = 5V, and R_L = 100k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.





APPLICATION INFORMATION

The OPA369 family of operational amplifiers minimizes power consumption and operates on supply voltages as low as 1.8V. Power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR), and open-loop gain (A_{OL}) typical values are in the range of 100dB or better.

When designing for ultralow power, choose system components carefully. To minimize current consumption, select large-value resistors. Any resistors will react with stray capacitance in the circuit and the input capacitance of the operational amplifier. These parasitic RC combinations can affect the stability of the overall system. A feedback capacitor may be required to assure stability and limit overshoot or gain peaking.

Good layout practice mandates the use of a $0.1 \mu F$ bypass capacitor placed closely across the supply pins.

OPERATING VOLTAGE

OPA369 series op amps are fully specified and tested from +1.8V to +5.5V (±0.9V to ±2.75V). Parameters that vary significantly with supply voltage are shown in the Typical Characteristic curves.

INPUT COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE RANGE

The OPA369 family is designed to eliminate the input offset transition region typically present in most rail-to-rail complementary stage operational amplifiers, which allows the OPA369 family of amplifiers to provide superior common-mode performance over the entire input range.

The input common-mode voltage range of the OPA369 family typically extends to each supply rail. CMRR is specified from the negative rail to the positive rail. See Figure 4, Normalized Offset Voltage vs Common-Mode Voltage.

PROTECTING INPUTS FROM OVER-VOLTAGE

Input currents are typically 10pA. However, large inputs (greater than 500mV beyond the supply rails) can cause excessive current to flow in or out of the input pins. Therefore, in addition to keeping the input voltage between the supply rails, it is also important to limit the input current to less than 10mA. This limiting is easily accomplished with an input resistor, as shown in Figure 24.

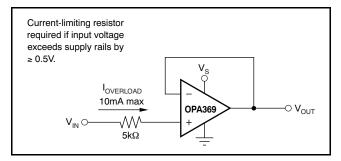


Figure 24. Input Current Protection for Voltages Exceeding the Supply Voltage



BATTERY MONITORING

The low operating voltage and quiescent current of the OPA369 series make it an excellent choice for battery monitoring applications, as shown in Figure 25. In this circuit, V_{STATUS} is high as long as the battery voltage remains above 2V. A low-power reference is used to set the trip point. Resistor values are selected as follows:

1. Selecting R_F: Select R_F such that the current through R_F is approximately 1000x larger than the maximum bias current over temperature:

$$R_{F} = \frac{V_{REF}}{1000(I_{BMAX})}$$

$$= \frac{1.2V}{1000(50pA)}$$

$$= 24M\Omega \approx 20M\Omega \qquad (1)$$

- 2. Choose the hysteresis voltage, V_{HYST} . For battery-monitoring applications, 50mV is adequate.
- 3. Calculate R₁ as follows:

$$R_{_{1}} = R_{_{F}} \left(\frac{V_{_{HYST}}}{V_{_{BATT}}} \right) = 20M\Omega \left(\frac{50mV}{2.4V} \right) = 420k\Omega$$
 (2)

- 4. Select a threshold voltage for V_{IN} rising $(V_{THRS}) = 2.0V$
- 5. Calculate R₂ as follows:

$$R_{2} = \frac{1}{\left[\left(\frac{V_{THRS}}{V_{REF} \times R_{1}}\right) - \frac{1}{R_{1}} - \frac{1}{R_{F}}\right]}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\left[\left(\frac{2V}{1.2V \times 420k\Omega}\right) - \frac{1}{420k\Omega} - \frac{1}{20M\Omega}\right]}$$

$$= 650k\Omega$$
 (3)

6. Calculate R_{BIAS} : The minimum supply voltage for this circuit is 1.8V. The REF1112 has a current requirement of 1.2 μ A (max). Providing the REF1112 with 2 μ A of supply current assures proper operation. Therefore:

$$R_{\text{BIAS}} = \frac{(V_{\text{BATTMIN}} - V_{\text{REF}})}{I_{\text{BIAS}}} = \frac{(1.8V - 1.2V)}{2\mu\text{A}} = 0.3\text{M}\Omega \tag{4}$$

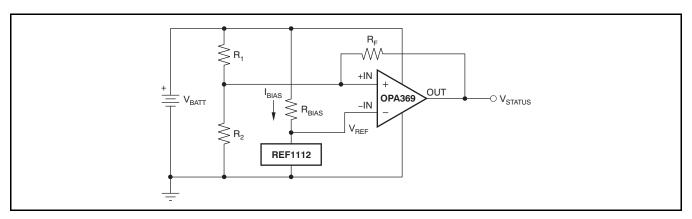


Figure 25. Battery Monitor



WINDOW COMPARATOR

Figure 26 shows the OPA2369 used as a window comparator. The threshold limits are set by V_H and V_L , with $V_H > V_L$. When $V_{IN} < V_H$, the output of A1 is low. When $V_{IN} > V_L$, the output of A2 is low. Therefore, both op amp outputs are at 0V as long as V_{IN} is between V_H and V_L . This architecture results in no current flowing through either diode, Q1 in cutoff, with the base voltage at 0V, and V_{OUT} forced high.

If V_{IN} falls below V_L , the output of A2 is high, current flows through D2, and V_{OUT} is low. Likewise, if V_{IN} rises above V_H , the output of A1 is high, current flows through D1, and V_{OUT} is low. The window comparator threshold voltages are set as follows:

$$V_{H} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \times V_{S} \tag{5}$$

$$V_{L} = \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} \times V_{S} \tag{6}$$

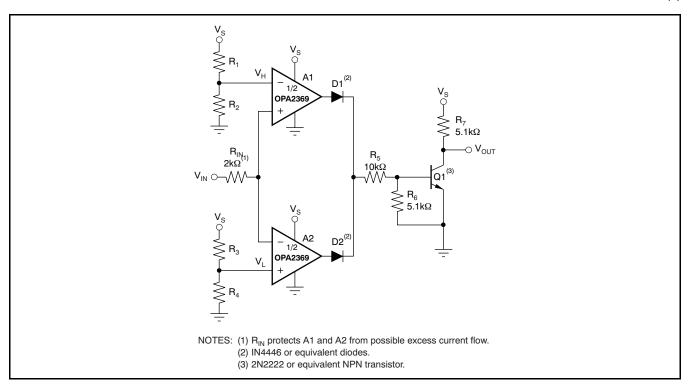


Figure 26. OPA2369 as a Window Comparator



ADDITIONAL APPLICATION EXAMPLES

Figure 27 through Figure 29 illustrate additional application examples.

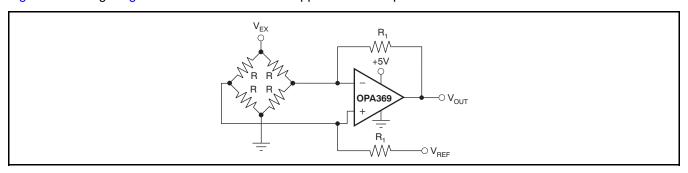


Figure 27. Single Op Amp Bridge Amplifier

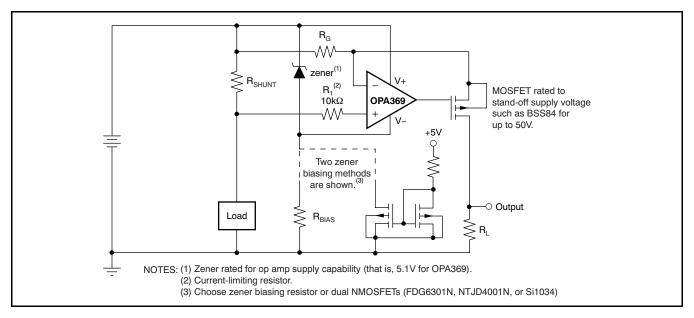


Figure 28. High-Side Current Monitor

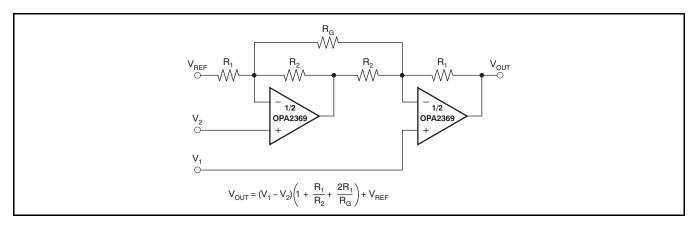


Figure 29. Two Op Amp Instrumentation Amplifier

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan | Lead finish/ Ball material | MSL Peak Temp | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| OPA2369AIDCNR | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DCN | 8 | 3000 | RoHS & Green | (6) NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | OCBQ | Samples |
| OPA2369AIDCNRG4 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DCN | 8 | 3000 | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | OCBQ | Samples |
| OPA2369AIDCNT | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DCN | 8 | 250 | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | OCBQ | Samples |
| OPA2369AIDGKR | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | RoHS & Green | Call TI NIPDAUAG NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | OCCQ | Samples |
| OPA2369AIDGKT | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | RoHS & Green | Call TI NIPDAUAG NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | OCCQ | Samples |
| OPA2369AIDGKTG4 | ACTIVE | VSSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | RoHS & Green | Call TI | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | OCCQ | Samples |
| OPA369AIDCKR | ACTIVE | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | CJS | Samples |
| OPA369AIDCKT | ACTIVE | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 85 | CJS | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL. Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
|----|---|
| В0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| OPA2369AIDCNR | SOT-23 | DCN | 8 | 3000 | 179.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA2369AIDCNT | SOT-23 | DCN | 8 | 250 | 179.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA369AIDCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 179.0 | 8.4 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA369AIDCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 178.0 | 9.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA369AIDCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 178.0 | 9.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA369AIDCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 179.0 | 8.4 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |



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*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| OPA2369AIDCNR | SOT-23 | DCN | 8 | 3000 | 213.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |
| OPA2369AIDCNT | SOT-23 | DCN | 8 | 250 | 213.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |
| OPA369AIDCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 213.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |
| OPA369AIDCKR | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 3000 | 180.0 | 180.0 | 18.0 |
| OPA369AIDCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 180.0 | 180.0 | 18.0 |
| OPA369AIDCKT | SC70 | DCK | 5 | 250 | 213.0 | 191.0 | 35.0 |

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Name | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | L (mm) | W (mm) | T (µm) | B (mm) |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| OPA2369AIDGKR | DGK | VSSOP | 8 | 2500 | 274 | 6.55 | 500 | 2.88 |
| OPA2369AIDGKT | DGK | VSSOP | 8 | 250 | 274 | 6.55 | 500 | 2.88 |
| OPA2369AIDGKTG4 | DGK | VSSOP | 8 | 250 | 274 | 6.55 | 500 | 2.88 |



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
- 8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
- 9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 3. Reference JEDEC MO-203.

- 4. Support pin may differ or may not be present.5. Lead width does not comply with JEDEC.
- 6. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25mm per side



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

7. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.8. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 9. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 10. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



DCN (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Package outline exclusive of metal burr & dambar protrusion/intrusion.
- D. Package outline inclusive of solder plating.
- E. A visual index feature must be located within the Pin 1 index area.
- F. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation BA.
- G. Body dimensions do not include flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.



DCN (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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