





Texas Instruments

#### SN65LBC176A, SN75LBC176A SLLS376G - MAY 2000 - REVISED FEBRUARY 2023

# SNx5LBC176A, Differential Bus Transceivers

# 1 Features

- Designed for signaling rates<sup>1</sup> up to 30 Mbps
- Bus-Pin ESD protection exceeds 12 kV HBM
- Compatible with ANSI standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482:1987(E)
- Low Skew
- Designed for multipoint transmission on long bus • lines in noisy environments
- Very low disabled supply-current requirements: 700 mA maximum
- Common mode voltage range of –7 V to 12 V
- Thermal-shutdown protection •
- Driver positive and negative current limiting •
- Open-circuit failsafe receiver design
- Receiver input sensitivity: ±200 mV Maximum
- Receiver input hysteresis: 50 mV typical ٠
- Glitch-free power-up and power-down protection
- Available in Q-temp automotive
  - High reliability automotive applications
  - Configuration control / print support
  - Qualification to automotive standards

### 2 Description

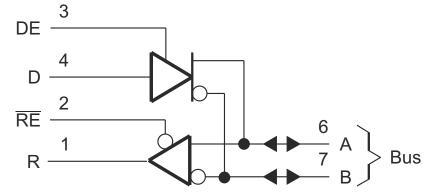
SN65LBC176A. The SN65LBC176AQ, and SN75LBC176A differential bus transceivers are monolithic, integrated circuits designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bustransmission lines. They are designed for balanced transmission lines and are compatible with ANSI standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482. The A version offers improved switching performance over its predecessors without sacrificing significantly more power.

The SN65LBC176A. SN65LBC176AQ. and SN75LBC176A combine a 3-state, differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, which can externally connect together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs connect internally to form a differential input /output (I/O) bus port that is designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or  $V_{CC}$  = 0. This port features wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for party-line applications. Very low device supply current can be achieved by disabling the driver and the receiver.

#### Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN65LBC176A	D (SOIC)	4.9 mm x 3.91 mm
SN75LBC176A	P (PDIP)	9.81 mm x 6.35 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



1 Signaling rate by TIA/EIA-485-A definition restrict transition times to 30% of the bit duration, and much higher signaling rates may be achieved using a different criteria (see the Typical Characteristics section).

An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.





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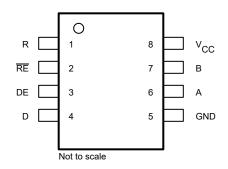
# **3 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Page	es from Revision F (January 2023) to Revision G (February 2023)					
5	nged the <i>Thermal Information</i> table					
Page	es from Revision E (January 2023) to Revision F (January 2023)					
5	Changed the SN65LBC176AQ values in the <i>Thermal Information</i> table					
Page	es from Revision D (August 200/8) to Revision E (January 2023)					
1	nged the document to the latest TI format					
5						
	nged the SN65LBC176AQ values in the <i>Thermal Information</i> table					



# **4** Pin Configuration and Functions



#### Figure 4-1. SN65LBC176AQD (Marked as B176AQ) SN65LBC176AD (Marked as BL176A) SN65LBC176AP (Marked as 65LBC176A) SN75LBC176AD (Marked as LB176A) SN75LBC176AP (Marked as 75LBC176A) (Top View)

NO	NO NAME TYPE DESCRIPTION									
NO		ITFE	DESCRIPTION							
1	R	0	Receive data output							
2	RE	RE   I   Receiver enable, active low								
3	DE	I	Driver enable, active high							
4	D	I	Driver data input							
5	GND	GND	Device ground							
6	A	I/O	Bus I/O port, A (complementary to B)							
7	В	I/O	Bus I/O port, B(complementary to A)							
8	V <sub>CC</sub>	Р	5 V Supply Pin							

#### Table 4-1. Pin Functions



# **5** Specifications

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		VALUE	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.3 to 6	V
Voltage range at any bus	terminal (A or B)	-10 to 15	V
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub> (D, DE,	R, or RE)	-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
	Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, A: <sup>(3)</sup>	12	kV
Voltage range at any bus Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub> (D, DE, Electrostatic discharge: Continuous total power d	Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, B: <sup>(3)</sup>	400	V
Liechostatic discharge.	All terminals, Class 3, A	3	kV
Voltage range at any bus terminal (A or B) -10 to 15   Input voltage, V <sub>1</sub> (D, DE, R, or RE) -0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +   Electrostatic discharge: Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, A: <sup>(3)</sup> 12   Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, B: <sup>(3)</sup> 400   All terminals, Class 3, A 3   All terminals, Class 3, B 400   Continuous total power dissipation <sup>(4)</sup> See Dissipation Ra	400	V	
Continuous total power of	lissipation <sup>(4)</sup>	See Dissipation Rating Table	
Storage temperature ran	ge, T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to 150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

(3) The maximum operating junction temperature is internally limited. Use the dissipation rating table to operate below this temperature.

(4) Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.7

#### **5.2 Dissipation Ratings**

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR <sup>(1)</sup> ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.5 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW
Р	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW	_

(1) This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted and with no air flow.

#### **5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		4.75	5	5.25	V
$V_{I}$ or $V_{IC}$	Voltage at any bus terminal (separa	ately or common mode)	-7		12	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	D, DE, and RE	2		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	D, DE, and RE	0		0.8	V
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		-12 <sup>(1)</sup>		12	V
	High-level output current	Driver	-60			
ЮН		Receiver	-8			mA
		Driver			60	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	Reciever			8	mA
		SN65LBC176AQ	-40		125	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	SN65LBC176A	-40		85	°C
		SN75LBC176A	0		70	

(1) The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) limit is designated as minimum, is used in this data sheet.

(2) Differential input /output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.



#### 5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		All Devices in 'P' Package	SN65LBC176ADR SN65LBC176AQDR	OPNs Not Listed in Previous Column	UNIT
		P (PDIP)	D (SOIC)	D (SOIC)	
		8-Pins	8-Pins	8-Pins	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	65.7	116.7	110	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Junction-to-case thermal resistance	54.7	56.3	44.1	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	42.1	63.4	53.5	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	23	8.8	4.8	°C/W
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	41.7	62.9	52.7	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC package thermal metrics application report.

#### **5.5 Driver Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	i.	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp voltage	I <sub>I</sub> = –18 mA			-1.5	-0.8		V
				SN65LBC176AQ	1.5	4	6	
		I <sub>O</sub> = 0		SN65LBC176A, SN75LBC176A		4		V
		R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω,	See Figure 6-1	SN65LBC176AQ	0.9	1.5	6	
V <sub>OD</sub>	Differential output voltage			SN65LBC176A	1	1.5	3	V
001				SN75LBC176A	1.1	1.5	3	
				SN65LBC176AQ	0.9	1.5	6	
		V <sub>test</sub> = -7 to 12 V,	See Figure 6-2	SN65LBC176A	1	1.5	3	V
				SN75LBC176A	1.1	1.5	3	
$\Delta  V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage	See Figure 6-1 and Figure 6-2			-0.2		0.2	V
	<u>.</u>	SN65LBC176AQ			1.8	2.4	3	
V <sub>OC(SS)</sub>	Steady-state common-mode output voltage		SN6 SN7		1.8	2.4	2.8	V
		See Figure 6-1		SN65LBC176AQ	-0.2		0.2	
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Change in steady-state common- mode output voltage			SN65LBC176A, SN75LBC176A	-0.1		0.1	V
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance output current	See receiver input of	currents					
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level enable input current	V <sub>1</sub> = 2 V			-100			μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level enable input current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V					μA
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short-circuit output current	$-7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_0 \le 12 \text{ V}$			-250		250	mA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , No load		and driver enabled		5	9	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current			and driver disabled		0.4	0.7	mA
		Receiver enabled and driver enabled				8.5	15	

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.



### **5.6 Driver Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST	SNE	SN65LBC176AQ			SN65LBC176A SN75LBC176A		
		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output		2		12	2	6	12	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	R <sub>1</sub> = 54 Ω,	2		12	2	6	12	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew (   t <sub>PLH</sub> – t <sub>PHL</sub>   )	$C_{L} = 50 \text{ pF},$			2		0.3	1	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time	See Figure 6-3	1.2		11	4	7.5	11	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time		1.2		11	4	7.5	11	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-high-level output	$R_L$ = 110 Ω, See Figure 6-4			22		12	22	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-low- level output	$R_L$ = 110 Ω, See Figure 6-5			25		12	22	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high- impedance output	$R_L$ = 110 Ω, See Figure 6-4			22		12	22	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-level-to-high- impedance output	$R_L$ = 110 Ω, See Figure 6-5			22		12	22	ns

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

#### **5.7 Receiver Electrical Characteristics**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	ONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input threshold voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = -8 mA					0.2	V
V <sub>IT-</sub>	Negative-going input threshold voltage	1 - 0 0			-0.2			V
V <sub>hys</sub>	Hysteresis voltage (VIT + - VIT -)	– I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA				50		mV
V <sub>IK</sub>	Enable-input clamp voltage	II = - 18 mA			-1.5	-0.8		V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 200 mV,	I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA,	See Figure 6-6	4	4.9		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = -200 mV,	I <sub>OH</sub> = 8 mA,	See Figure 6-6		0.1	0.8	V
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance-state output current			SN65LBC176AQ	-10		10	
		$V_{O}$ = 0 to $V_{CC}$		SN65LBC176A, SN75LBC176A	-1		1	μA
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 12 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V			0.4	1	
	Due insult summert	V <sub>IH</sub> = 12 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0			0.5	1	
I <sub>I</sub>	Bus input current	V <sub>IH</sub> = -7 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	Other input at 0 V	-0.8	-0.4		mA
		V <sub>IH</sub> = -7 V,	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0		-0.8	-0.3		
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level enable-input current	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V					μA
IIL	Low-level enable-input current	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V					μA
			Receiver enable	d and driver disabled		4	7	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , No load	Receiver disable	ed and driver disabled		0.4	0.7	mA
00			Receiver enabled and driver enabled			8.5	15	

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.



# **5.8 Receiver Switching Characteristics**

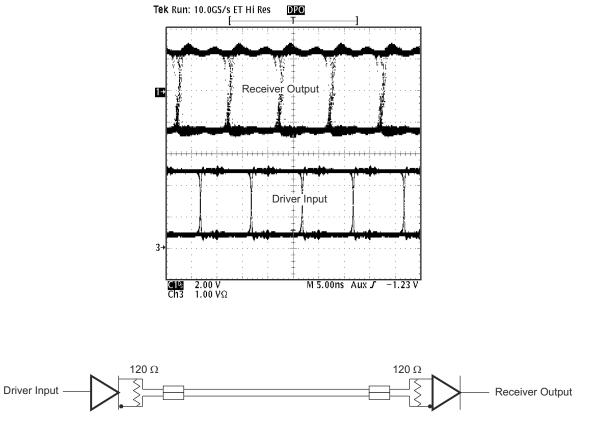
over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		SN65LBC176AQ			165LBC176 175LBC176		UNIT
			MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time output↑		7		30	7	13	20	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time $output\downarrow$	V <sub>ID</sub> = -1.5 V to 1.5 V, See Figure 6-7	7		30	7	13	20	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew (   t <sub>PLH</sub> – t <sub>PHL</sub>   )				6		0.5	1.5	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time, output	See Figure 6-7			5		2.1	3.3	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time, output				5		2.1	3.3	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output enable time to high level				50		30	45	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output enable time to low level				50		30	45	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output disable time to high level	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF, See Figure 6-8			60		20	40	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output disable time to low level				60		20	40	ns

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.



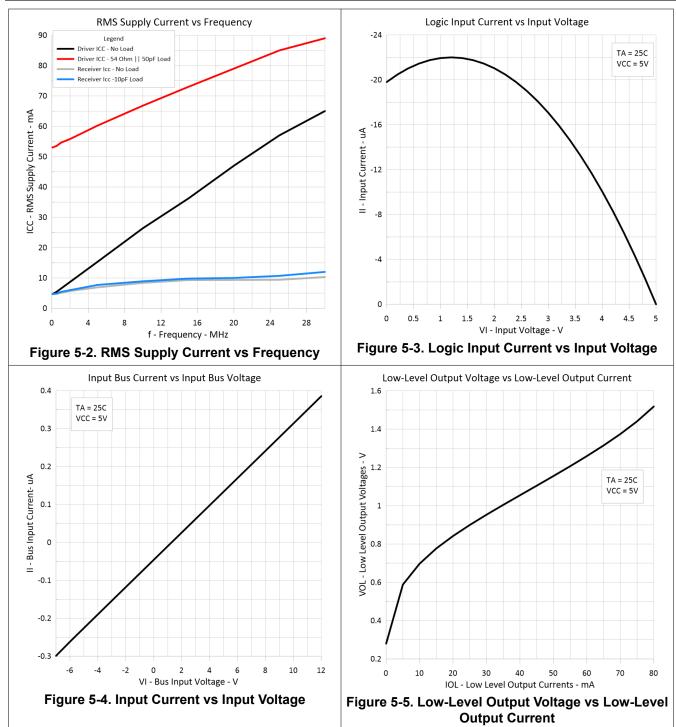
### **Typical Characteristics**



#### Figure 5-1. Typical Waveform of Non-Return-To-Zero (NRZ), Pseudorandom Binary Sequence (PRBS) Data at 100 Mbps Through 15m, of CAT 5 Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Cable

TIA/EIA-485-A defines a maximum signaling rate as that in which the transition time of the voltage transition of a logic-state change remains less than or equal to 30% of the bit length. Transition times of greater length perform quite well even though they do not meet the standard definition.





#### SN65LBC176A, SN75LBC176A SLLS376G – MAY 2000 – REVISED FEBRUARY 2023

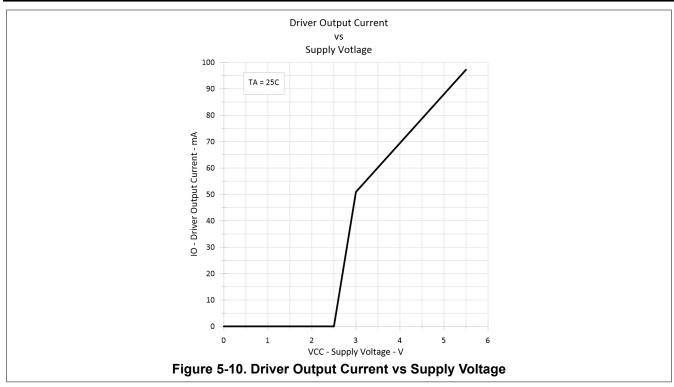
Driver High-Level Output Voltage Driver Differential Output Voltage vs vs High-Level Output Current **Case Temperature** 6 2.8 TA = 25C VCC = 4.75V VCC = 5V 5 2.4 VCC = 5V VIH = 3V VCC = 5.25V > Level Output Voltage - V <sup>w</sup> Load =  $54\Omega$ VOH - High L 2 - 0.8 1 0.4 0 0 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 -70 -10 -20 -40 -50 -60 -80 -0 -30 T - Temperature - C IOH - High Level Output Current - mA Figure 5-7. Driver Differential Output Voltage vs Figure 5-6. Driver High-Level Output Voltage vs **Case Temperature High-Level Output Current Receiver Propagation Delay Driver Propagation Delay Time** vs vs Case Temperature Case Temperature 16 q VCC = 5V 8.8 14 8.6 VCC = 5V **FPHL - Receiver Propagation Delay - ns** SL 8.4 12 Delay 10 - Driver Propagation E 9.2 8.2 8 8 6 pd 7.4 4 7.2 2 7 6.8 0 35 50 -40 -25 -10 20 65 80 95 110 125 -40 -25 -10 5 20 35 50 65 80 95 110 125 5 T - Temperature - C T - Temperature - C Figure 5-9. Driver Propagation Delay Time vs Case Figure 5-8. Receiver Propagation Time vs Case Temperature Temperature

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### **Parameter Measurement Information**

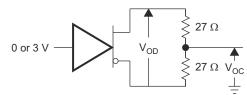
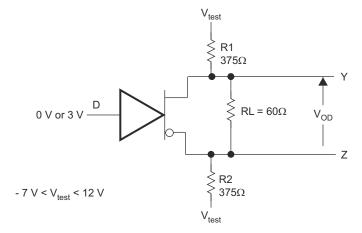
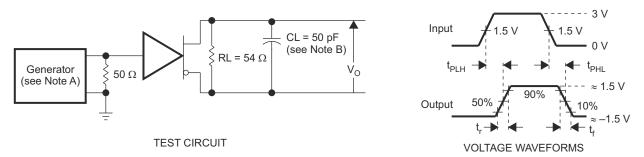


Figure 6-1. Driver V<sub>OD</sub> and V<sub>OC</sub>

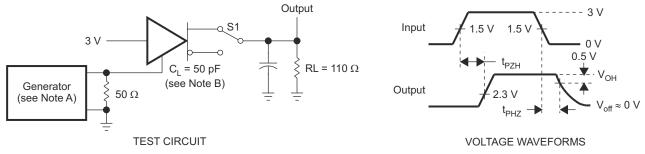


#### Figure 6-2. Driver V<sub>OD3</sub>



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

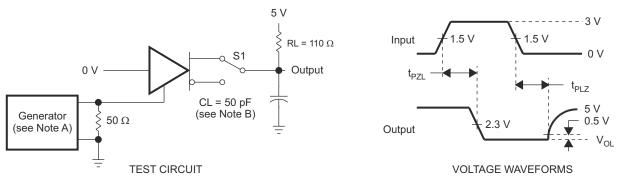




- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, Z<sub>0</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

#### Figure 6-4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

#### Figure 6-5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

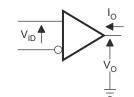
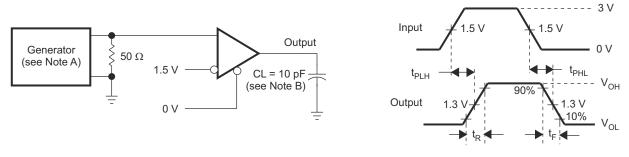


Figure 6-6. Receiver  $V_{\text{OH}}$  and  $V_{\text{OL}}$ 



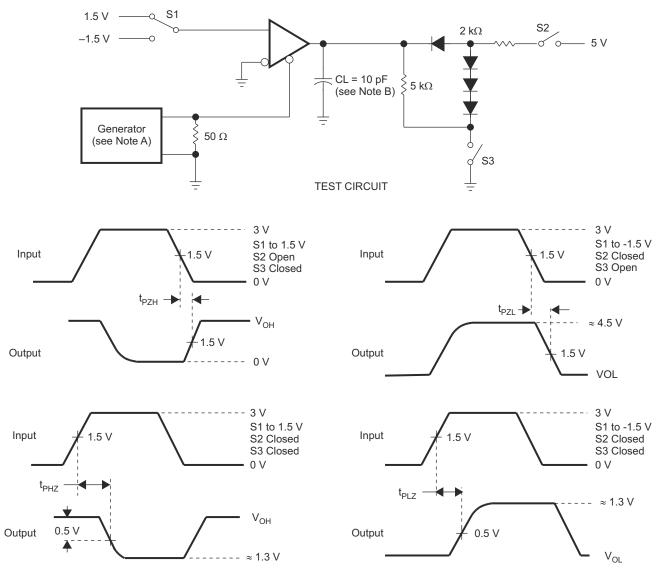
**TEST CIRCUIT** 

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, Z<sub>0</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ .
- $B. \quad C_L \text{ includes probe and jig capacitance.}$

#### Figure 6-7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6 ns, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ .

B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

#### Figure 6-8. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



# 6 Detailed Description

### 6.1 Device Functional Modes

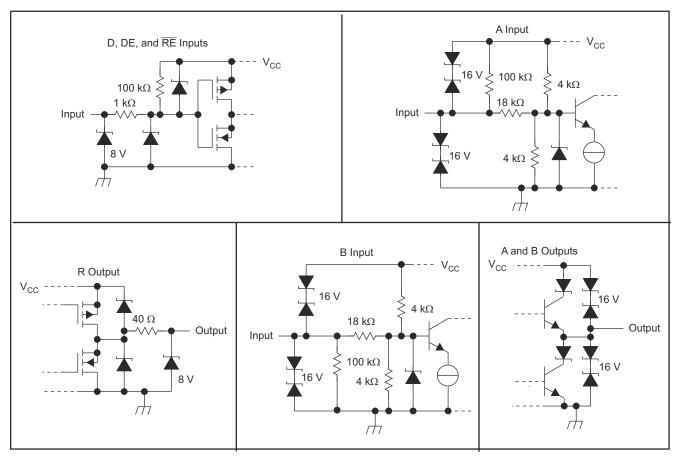
#### 6.1.1 Function Tables

DRIVER										
INPUT	ENABLE	OUTPUTS	OUTPUTS							
D	DE		В							
H L X	H H L	H L Z	L H Z							
Open	Н	H	L							
	RECEIVER									
	ITIAL INPUTS <sub>A</sub> –V <sub>B</sub>	ENABLE <sup>(1)</sup> RE	OUTPUT <sup>(1)</sup> R							
V <sub>ID</sub> -0.2 V < V <sub>ID</sub> =	L L H L	H ? L Z H								

(1) H = high level, L - low level, ? = indeterminate, X = linelevent, Z = high impedance (aff)

X = Irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

#### 6.1.2 Schematics







# 7 Device and Documentation Support

#### 7.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 7.2 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 7.3 Trademarks

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 7.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 7.5 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

### 8 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead finish/	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	Ball material	(3)		(4/5)	
							(6)				
SN65LBC176ADR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	BL176A	Samples
SN65LBC176AP	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	65LBC176A	Samples
SN65LBC176AQD	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	B176AQ	
SN65LBC176AQDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	B176AQ	Samples
SN75LBC176AP	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	75LBC176A	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN65LBC176A :

Enhanced Product : SN65LBC176A-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

w

(mm)

12.0

Pin1 Quadrant

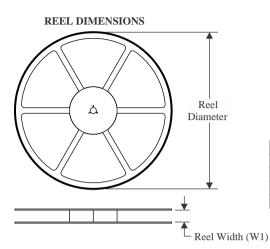
Q1



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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal										
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)
SN65LBC176ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0



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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65LBC176ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	356.0	356.0	35.0

## TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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# TUBE



# - B - Alignment groove width

\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
SN65LBC176AP	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN75LBC176AP	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32

# D0008A



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

# SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



#### NOTES:

1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



# D0008A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

# SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



# D0008A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

# SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



P(R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



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