



Description

The MSPM0L1117 LaunchPad™ development kit is an easy-to-use evaluation module for the MSPM0L1117 microcontroller (MCU). The LaunchPad kit contains everything needed to start developing on the MSPM0Lx11x microcontroller platform, including an onboard debug probe for programming, debugging, and EnergyTrace™ technology. The board also features on board buttons, LEDs, and a RGB LED.

The MSPM0L1117 is an Arm® Cortex® 32-bit M0+ CPU with a frequency up to 32MHz. The device features 128KB of dual-bank flash with 16KB of SRAM and also has high-performance analog peripherals such as a 12-bit 1.68Mpsps analog-to-digital converter (ADC) with up to 13 total external channels, configurable 1.4V or 2.5V internal ADC voltage reference (VREF), and an integrated temperature sensor

Get Started

1. Order the [LP-MSPM0L1117](#) from [ti.com](#).
2. Navigate to [dev.ti.com](#) to browse for code examples.
3. Plug LP-MSPM0L1117 into a PC with the provided USB cable.
4. Download code directly from the browser to the MSPM0L1117 with CCS Cloud.

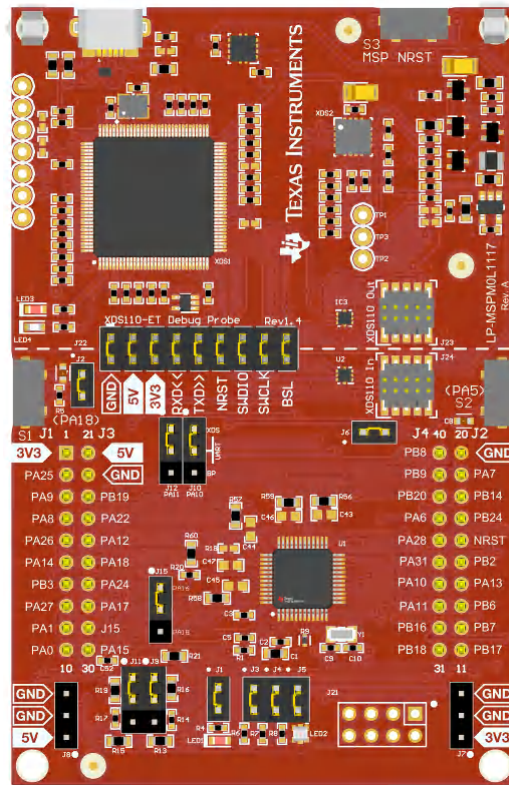
5. Download [CCS Theia](#) for a desktop integrated development environment.
6. Download the [MSPM0 SDK](#) for desktop stored examples, demos, and software libraries.

Features

- Onboard XDS110 debug probe
- Backchannel UART through USB to PC
- USB powered
- 40-pin BoosterPack headers
- Hardware user interfaces
 - Two buttons
 - 1 RGB Led
 - 1 Red LED
- External clock crystals

Applications

- [Battery charging and management](#)
- [Power supplies and power delivery](#)
- [Personal electronics](#)
- [Building security and fire safety](#)
- [Connected peripherals and printers](#)
- [Grid infrastructure](#)
- [Smart metering](#)
- [Communication modules](#)
- [Medical and healthcare](#)
- [Lighting](#)



LP-MSPM0L1117

1 Evaluation Module Overview

1.1 Introduction

The MSPM0L1117 is an Arm 32-bit Cortex-M0+ cost-optimized MCU offering high-performance analog peripheral integration, support for extended temperature ranges from -40°C to 125°C, and operation with supply voltages ranging from 1.62V to 3.6V. The device can be used in a variety of tasks from simple housekeeping MCU to full-application level. The easiest way to get started with MSPM0L1117 is with the LP-MSPM0L1117 LaunchPad. The LaunchPad has all the features to load code, debug, and prototype right out of the box.

Rapid prototyping is simplified by the 40-pin BoosterPack™ plug-in module headers, which support a wide range of available BoosterPack plug-in modules. Users can quickly add features like wireless connectivity, graphical displays, environmental sensing and much more. Design your own BoosterPack plug-in module or choose among many already available from TI and third-party developers.

To make prototyping easier, TI provides the MSPM0 software development kit (SDK) which has a variety of code examples to demonstrate how to use the internal peripherals.

Free software development tools are also available, such as TI's [Code Composer Studio™ IDE](#). We also support 3rd party IDEs such as [IAR Embedded Workbench® IDE](#) and [Arm®Keil®µVision® IDE](#). Code Composer Studio IDE supports [EnergyTrace technology](#) with the MSPM0L1117 LaunchPad development kit. More information about the LaunchPad development kit, the supported BoosterPack plug-in modules, and the available resources can be found at TI's [LaunchPad development kit portal](#). To get started quickly and find available resources in the MSPM0 software development kit (SDK), visit the [TI Developer Zone](#). The MSPM0 MCUs are also supported by extensive online collateral, training with [MSPM0 Academy](#) and online support through the [TI E2E support forums](#).

1.2 Kit Contents

- LP-MSPM0L1117 LaunchPad development kit
- USB cable
- Quickstart guide

1.3 Specification

LP-MSPM0L1117 is designed to be used in conjunction with a PC, Mac®, or Linux® workstation running Code Composer Studio (CCS). CCS can run as a stand-alone on a workstation or be accessed through the web (CCS Cloud) without the need for a software installation. Alternatively, LP-MSPM0L1117 ships with an example loaded, which can be controlled by a GUI. See the out of box description below.

The device can be powered from a power supply other than the built in USB power supply. This allows the user to forgo the PC connection. Power can be applied directly either to the 3.3V rail. When using an external power supply, make sure to not exceed 3.3V. Programming can be done externally with a separate XDS110 external debugger utilizing the on board Arm 10-pin connector.

1.4 Device Information

LP-MSPM0L1117 uses the following devices from Texas Instruments.

Table 1-1. Device Information

| Device Name | Description | Purpose |
|--------------------|---|---|
| MSP432E401YTPDT | SimpleLink™ 32-bit ARM Cortex-M4F MCU with Ethernet™, CAN, 1MB Flash and 256kB RAM | XDS110 Host Device |
| MSPM0L1117 | Mixed-Signal Microcontroller with 32MHz Arm Cortex 32-bit-M0+ CPU, 256kB flash, and 32kB SRAM | Evaluation device |
| MSP430G2452IRSA16R | Mixed-Signal Microcontroller with 16-bit RISC CPU, 8kB Flash, and 256B SRAM | DC/DC controller for EnergyTrace Technology |
| TPD4E004RSER | ESD-protection array for high-speed data interfaces, 4 channels | Protect LP-MSPM0L1117 from ESD damage through USB connector |
| TPS73533DRBT | 500mA, adjustable, low quiescent current, low-noise, high-PSRR, single-output LDO regulator | 3.3V power XDS110 and MSPM0L1117 |
| TPS2102DBVR | 2.7V to 4V power mux, dual-input, single-output power switch | Switches XDS110 power |

2 Hardware

2.1 Hardware Overview

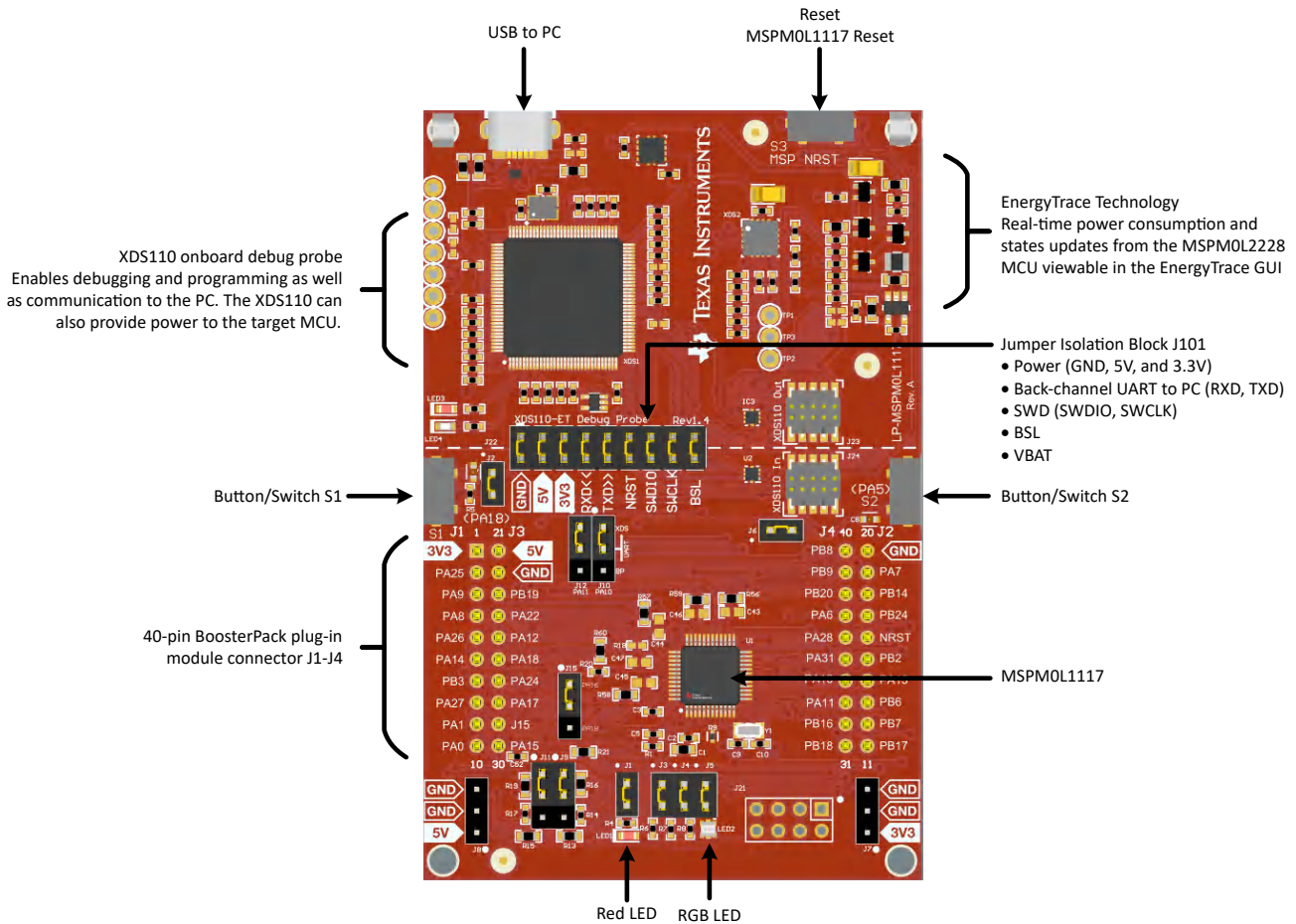


Figure 2-1. Diagram of LP-MSPM0L1117 Jumpers and Connectors

LP-MSPM0L1117 has many hardware features, which allow the user full access to the MSPM0L1117 pins, while still providing onboard connectivity for easy use. Shunt connections provide a way for the user to easily change LaunchPad configuration. The location of these shunts is shown in [Figure 2-1](#). The connection of each shunt is described in [Table 2-1](#). The default configuration is to have all shunts populated.

Table 2-1. Jumper Information

| Jumper | Description | Default Setting | Connected Signal |
|--------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| J1 | Red LED connection | Populated | 3.3V through LED and 470Ω resistor to PA0 |
| J2 | BSL Invoke | Populated | PA18: 47kΩ pull down resistor, switch pulls up to 3.3V |
| J3 | RGB Blue Connection | Populated | PA23 through 220Ω resistor and LED to ground. |
| J4 | RGB Red Connection | Populated | PB10 through 330Ω resistor and LED to ground |
| J5 | RGB Green Connection | Populated | PB9 through 330Ω resistor and LED to ground |
| J9 | Open Drain IO Pull-ups | Right and center connection | PA0: 4.7k pull-up resistor to 5v or 2.2k pull-up resistor to 3.3v depending on setting |
| J11 | Open Drain IO Pull-ups | Right and center connection | PA1: 4.7kΩ pull-up resistor to 5v or 2.2kΩ pull-up resistor to 3.3v depending on setting |

2.2 Power Requirements

The LP-MSPM0L1117 only needs the USB plugged in and the debugger jumper block populated to power the device. With the on-board LDO, the 5V USB supply is converted to 3.3v with a supply of 500mA. The LaunchPad can also be powered via the 3.3v or 5v headers via an external supply. Do not exceed 3.3V on the 3.3v rail or 5V on the 5V rail.

[Figure 2-2](#) shows the power connections on the LP-MSPM0L1117.

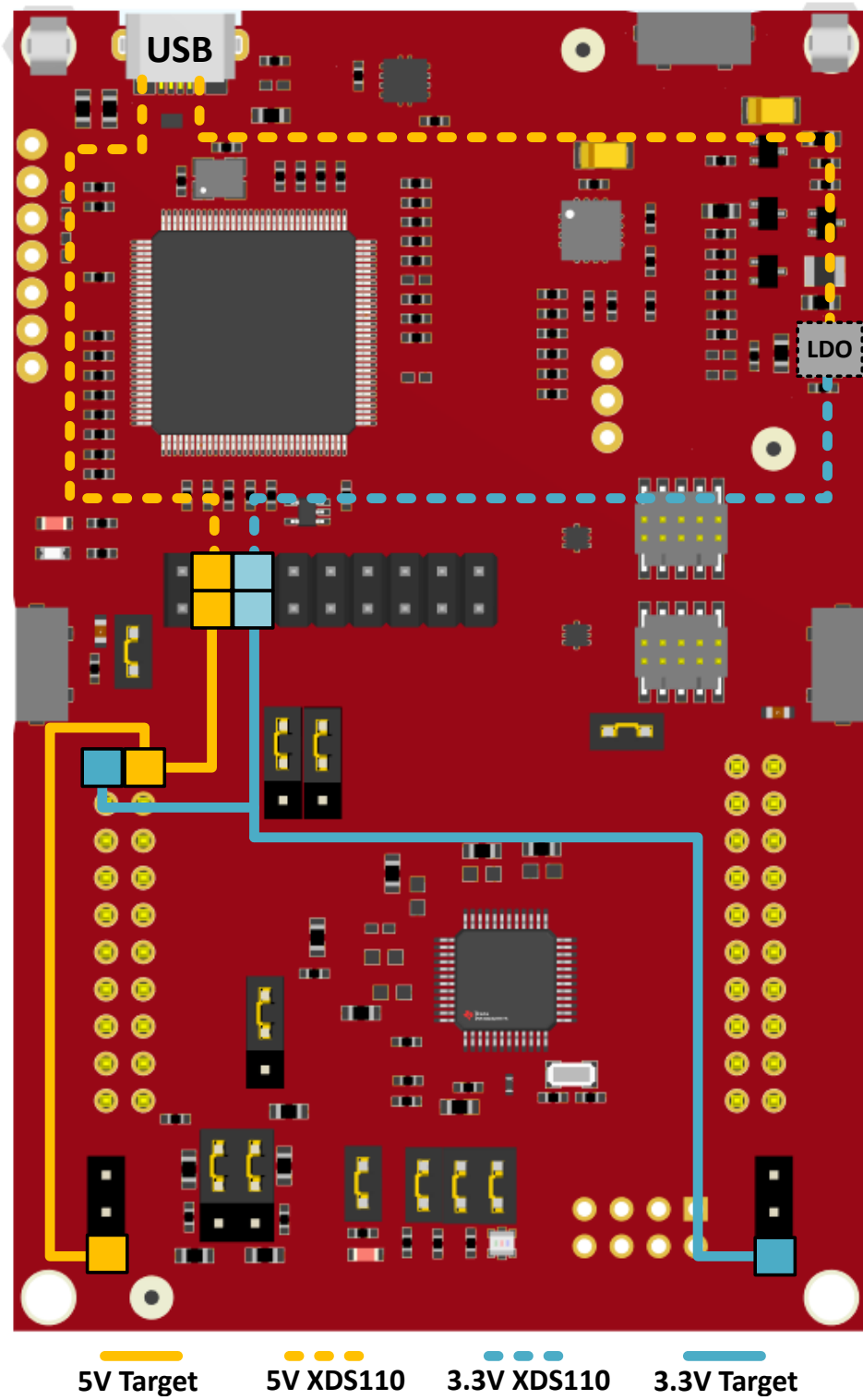


Figure 2-2. LP-MSPM0L1117 Power Connections

2.3 XDS110 Debug Probe

LP-MSPM0L1117 features an onboard debug probe to streamline prototyping. The debugger used on this LaunchPad is the XDS110 variant, which supports all MSPM0 device derivatives. The integrated XDS110 debug probe is separated from the rest of the MSPM0L1117 circuitry, which is shown by the dashed silkscreen on the LaunchPad. The XDS110 is only connected through signals that pass through J14, in addition to a common ground.

Isolation Jumper Block

The isolation jumper block J22 allows the user to connect or disconnect signals that cross from the XDS110 domain into the MSPM0L1117 target domain. This includes XDS110 SWD signals, application UART signals, 3.3V and 5.5V power, BSL, and reset.

| Jumper | Description |
|--------|---|
| 5V | 5V rail from the USB |
| 3V3 | 3.3V rail from the LDO |
| RXD<< | Backchannel UART: The target MSPM0L1117 receives data through this signal. The arrows indicate the direction of the signal. |
| TXD>> | Backchannel UART: The target MSPM0L1117 sends data through this signal. The arrows indicate the direction of the signal. |
| NRST | Reset signal |
| SWDIO | Serial Wire Debug: SWDIO data signal. |
| SWCLK | Serial wire debug: SWCLK clock signal. |
| BSL | Invoke pin for bootstrap loader. Allows the XDS110 to invoke BSL. |

During normal prototyping all shunts are populated. However, there are some scenarios where a user needs to open these connections:

- To remove any and all influence from the XDS110 debug probe for high accuracy target power measurements
- To control 3.3V and 5V power flow between the XDS110 and target domains
- To expose the target MCU pins for other use than onboard debugging and application UART communication.
- To expose the programming and UART interface for the XDS110 so that the XDS110 can be used for devices other than the onboard MCU.

Application (*Backchannel*) UART

The backchannel UART allows communication with the USB host that is not part of the target application's main functionality. This is very useful during development, and also provides a communication channel to the PC host side. This can be used to create graphical user interfaces (GUIs) and other programs on the PC that communicate with the LaunchPad development kit.

On the host side, a virtual COM port for the application backchannel UART is generated when the LaunchPad development kit enumerates on the host. You can use any PC application that interfaces with COM ports, including terminal applications like HyperTerminal or Docklight, to open this port and communicate with the target application. You need to identify the COM port for the backchannel. On Windows PCs, Device Manager can assist.

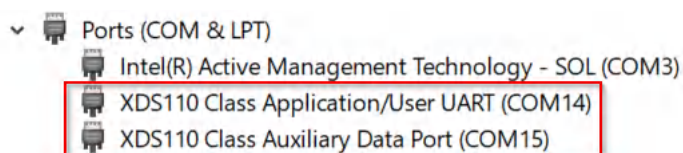


Figure 2-3. Application Backchannel UART in Device Manager

The backchannel UART is the *XDS110 Class Application/User UART* port. In this case, [Figure 2-3](#) shows COM14, but this port can vary from one host PC to the next. After identifying the correct COM port, configure the port in the host application according to documentation. The user can then open the port and begin communication from the host.

On the target MSPM0L1117 side, the backchannel UART is connected to UART0 (PA10, PA11). The XDS110 has a configurable baud rate; therefore, the PC application configuring the baud rate needs to be the same baud rate.

2.4 Measure Current Draw of the MSPM0L1117

To measure the current draw of the MSPM0L1117 MCU using a multimeter, use the 3V3 jumper on the J22 jumper isolation block. The current measured includes the target device, LaunchPad circuits, and any current drawn through the BoosterPack plug-in module headers. To measure ultra-low power, follow these steps:

- Remove the 3V3 jumper in the J22 isolation block, and attach an ammeter across this jumper.
- Consider the effect that the backchannel UART and any circuitry attached to the MSPM0L1117 can have on the current draw. Consider disconnecting these at the isolation jumper block, or at least consider the current sinking and sourcing capability in the final measurement.
- Make sure there are no floating inputs/outputs (I/Os) on the MSPM0L1117. This causes unnecessary extra current draw. Every I/O is either driven or, if the I/O is an input, is pulled or driven to a high or low level.
- Begin target execution.
- For the most accurate current measurements, place the device in Free Run mode and disconnect programming signals between the MSPM0L1117 and the debug portion of the board (header J22).
- Measure the current. Keep in mind that if the current levels are fluctuating, then getting a stable measurement can be difficult. Measuring the quiescent states is easier.

2.5 Clocking

The internal SYSOSC is 32MHz as default at the accuracy of 2.5%. The MCLK is sourced by 32MHz SYSOSC at default. CPUCLK is sourced directly from MCLK in RUN mode and disabled in other modes. The low-power clock (ULPCLK) can be sourced by MCLK and active in RUN and SLEEP mode by configuration. The part also includes an internal 32kHz oscillator, LFOSC, which is the default low frequency source. Included on the LaunchPad are two clock crystal options, 1 high-frequency 32MHz crystal (HFXT) and 1 low-frequency 32.728kHz crystal (LFXT). The crystals can be selected during application programming as the clock source for the high frequency and low frequency clocks.

For more clock tree details see Section 2.3 *Clock Module (CKM)* of the [MSPM0 L-Series Microcontrollers Technical Reference Manual](#).

2.6 BoosterPack Plug-in Module Pinout

The LaunchPad development kit adheres to the 40-pin LaunchPad development kit pinout standard, where pins are available. A standard was created to aid compatibility between LaunchPad development kits and BoosterPack plug-in modules across the TI ecosystem.

While most BoosterPack plug-in modules are compliant with the standard, some are not. If the reseller or owner of the BoosterPack plug-in module does not explicitly indicate compatibility with the MSPM0L1117 LaunchPad development kit, then compare the schematic of the candidate BoosterPack plug-in module with the LaunchPad development kit to verify compatibility. Conflicts can be resolved by changing the MSPM0L1117 device pin function configuration in software.

3 Software

3.1 Software Development Options

There are multiple ways to prototype with LP-MSPM0L1117:

- **Out-of-box GUI** - Choose this option for an easy demo of LP-MSPM0L1117
- **CCS Cloud** - Choose this option to get started quickly with minimal installation.
- **CCS Theia** - Choose this option to work offline and have full access to debug features. See CCS Theia documentation to get started.
- **CCS Eclipse** - This option is supported but is a legacy tool and is not covered in this guide.

3.2

3.3 CCS Cloud

1. Navigate to dev.ti.com. The user can be required to install CCS Cloud Agent. If so, then follow the steps to complete this installation.
2. Plug LP-MSPM0L1117 using a micro-USB cable. TI Developer Zone automatically detects that LP-MSPM0L1117 has been plugged in.
3. Click *Browse software and examples*, which opens the MSPM0 SDK in a new window.
4. In the left bar, navigate to Arm-based microcontrollers > Embedded Software > MSPM0 SDK > Examples > Development Tools > DriverLib > gpio_toggle_output > No RTOS > TI Clang Compiler > gpio_toggle_output.
5. Click the *Import* button in the top right corner of the screen. This action imports the project into CCS Cloud and open in a new window.
6. In CCS Cloud, click the debug icon in the left bar to open the debug view.
7. Click the *play* button to deploy the code to the device and open a debug session. By default, the debugger pauses the first line of code.
8. Click the blue *play* button to start the application.
9. The RGB LED on LP-MSPM0L1117 needs to be blinking.

Now, the user is ready to begin prototyping by modifying the code or by importing a different example code.

4 Hardware Design Files

4.1 Schematics

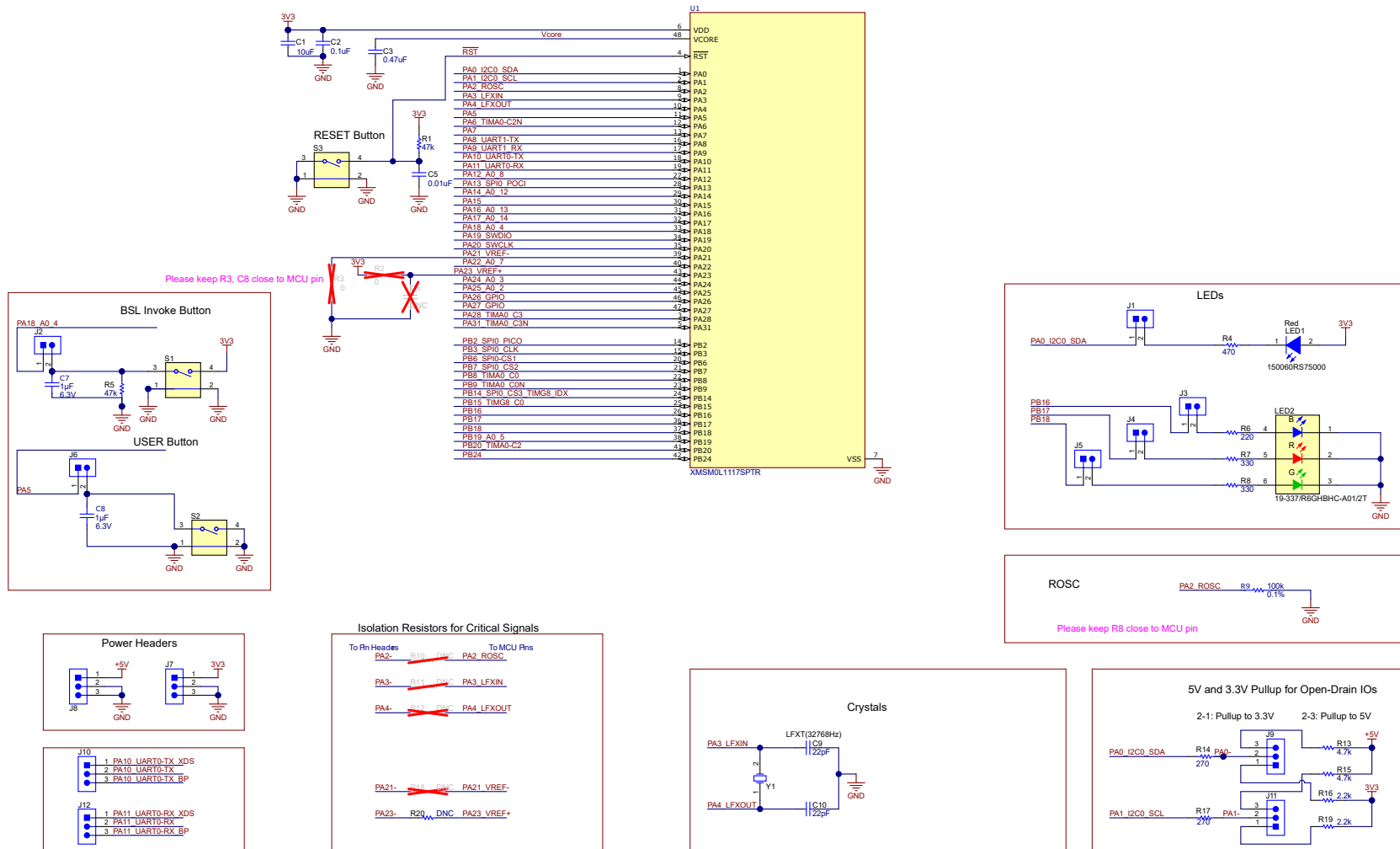


Figure 4-1. MSPM0L1117 Target Device Schematic

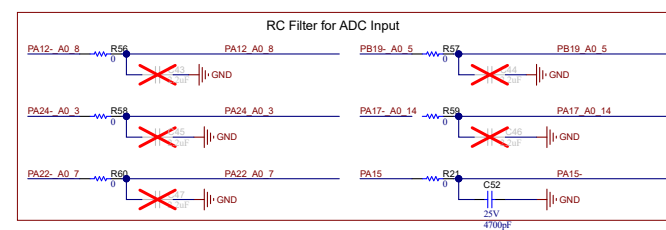
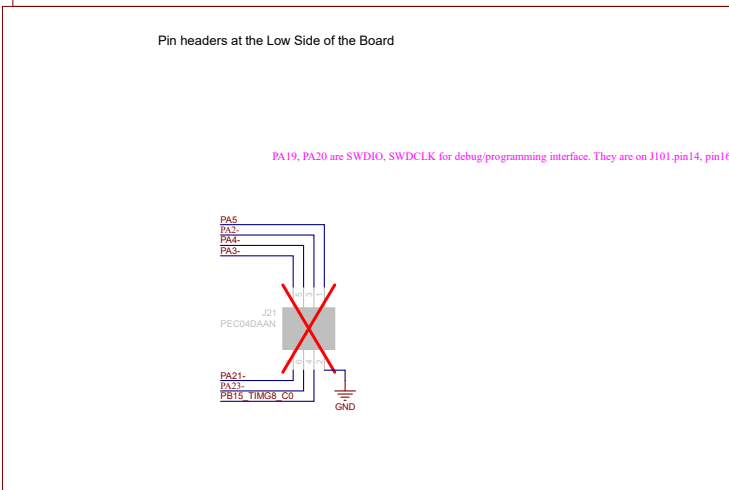
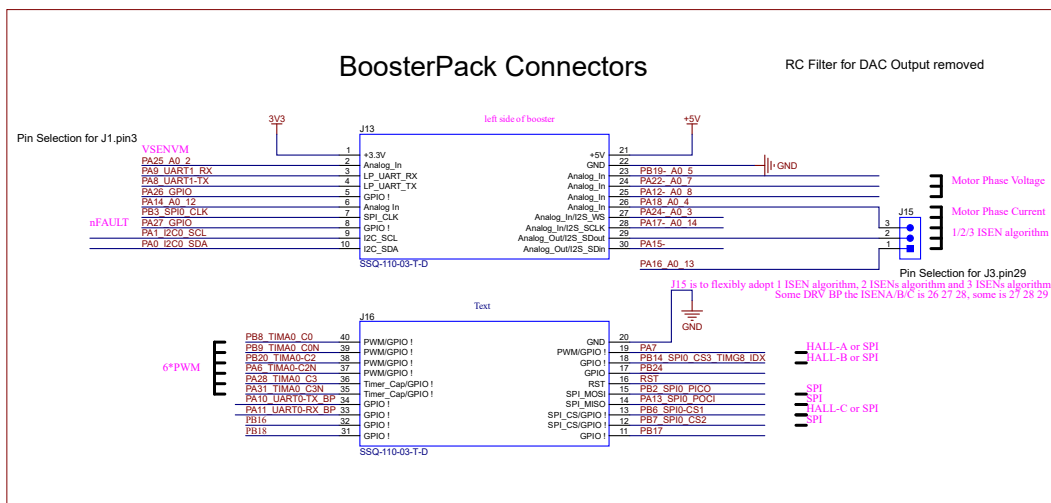


Figure 4-2. BoosterPack Connectors

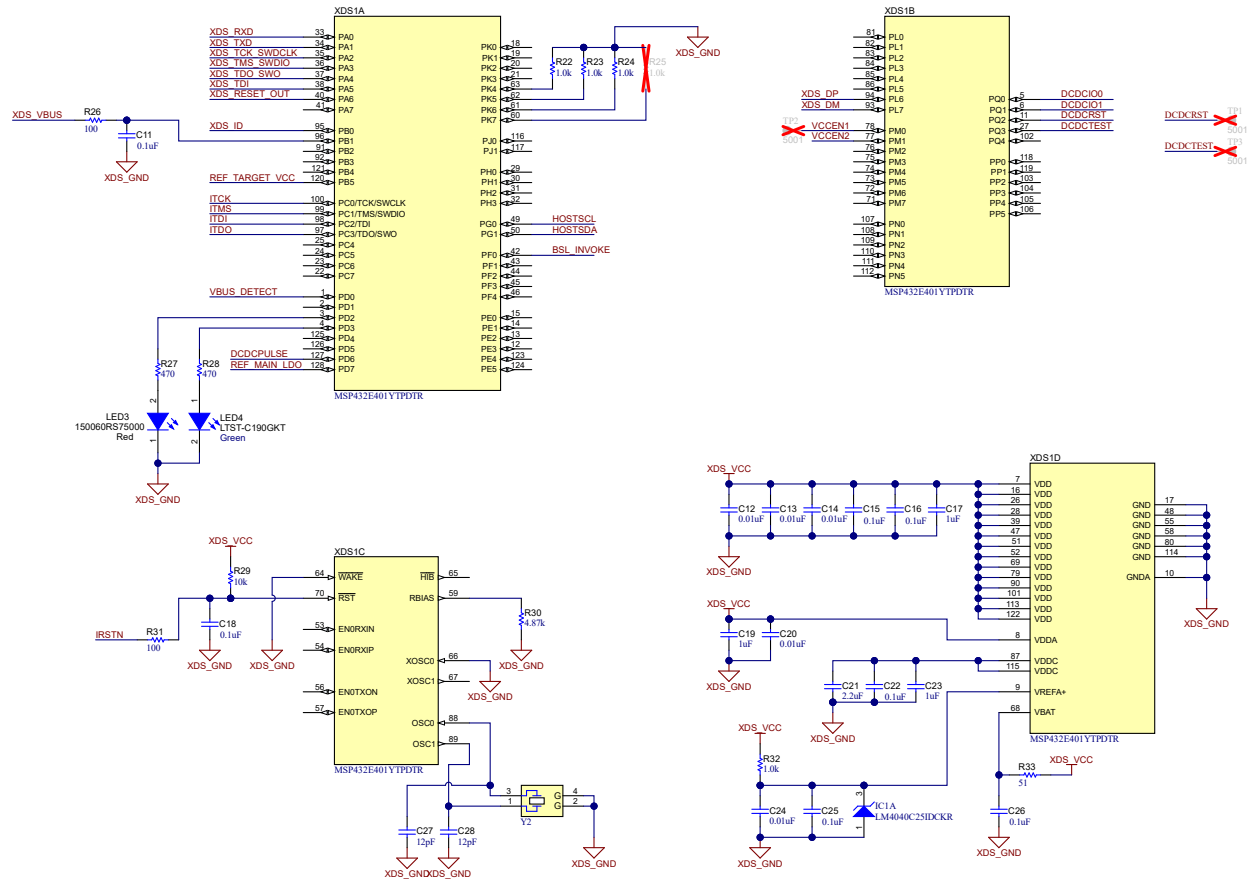


Figure 4-3. XDS110 Debug Probe Schematic

Software-controlled DCDC converter

Energy measurement method protected under U.S. Patent Application 13/329,073 and subsequent patent applications

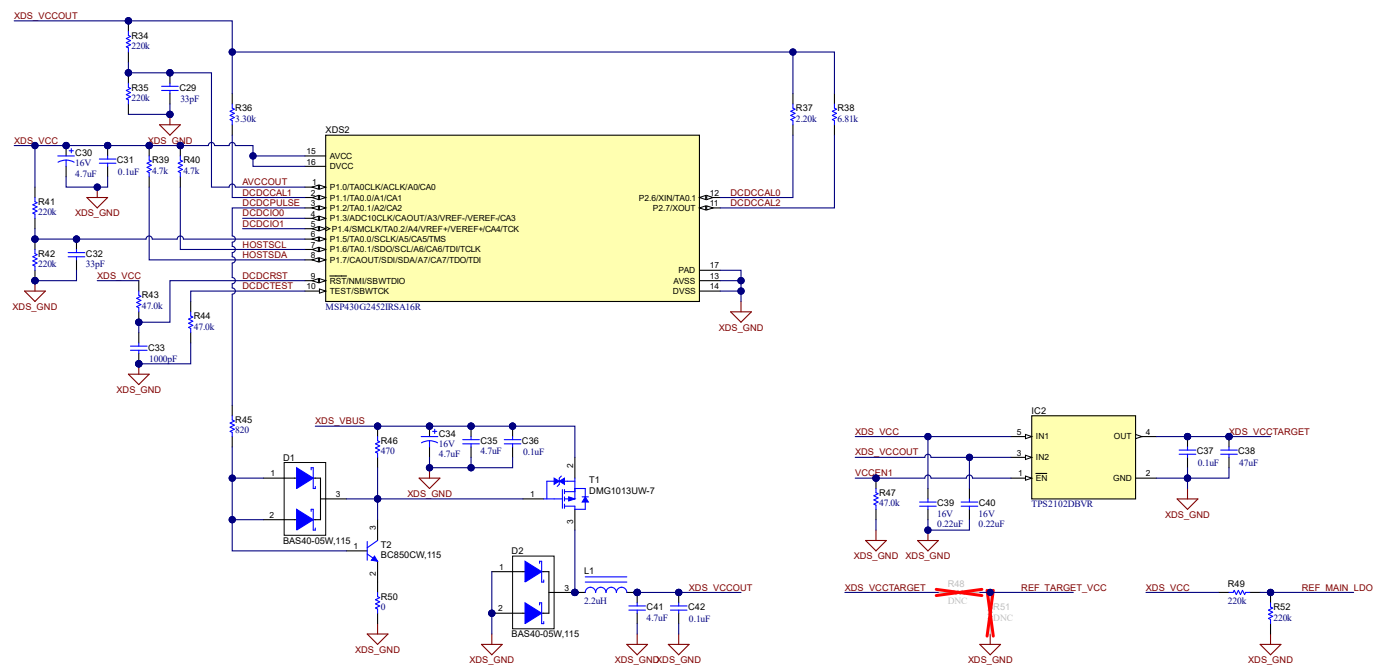


Figure 4-4. XDS110 Energy Trace Schematic

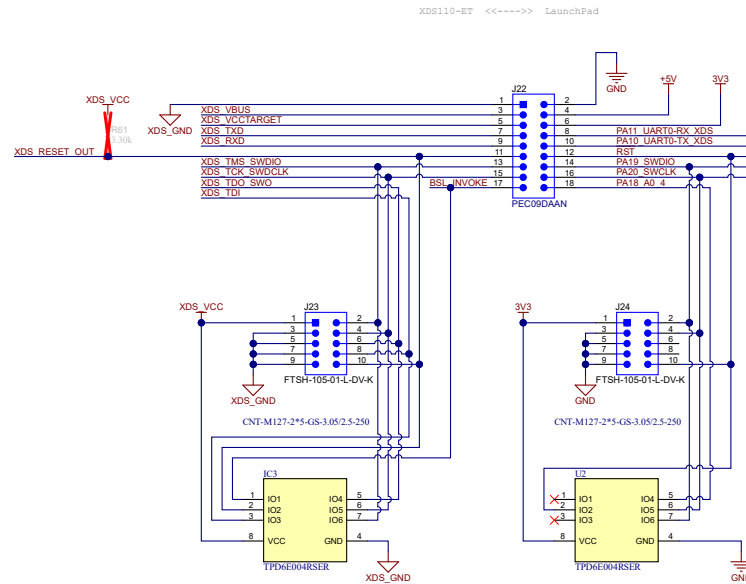


Figure 4-5. XDS110 Target Interface Schematic

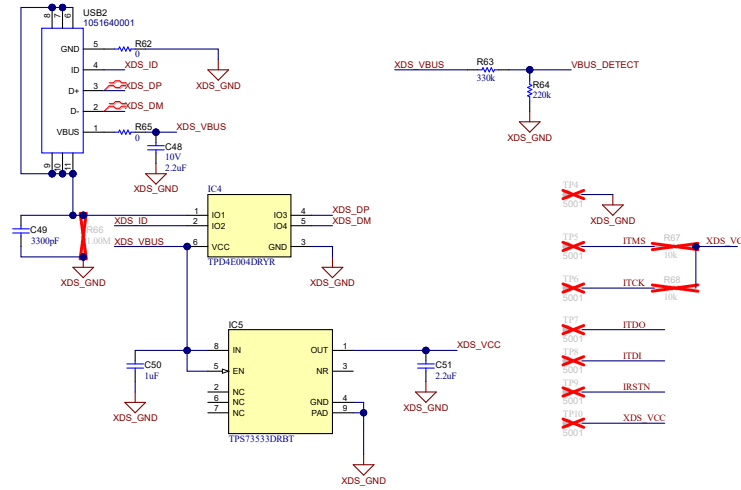


Figure 4-6. XDS110 USB Power Schematic

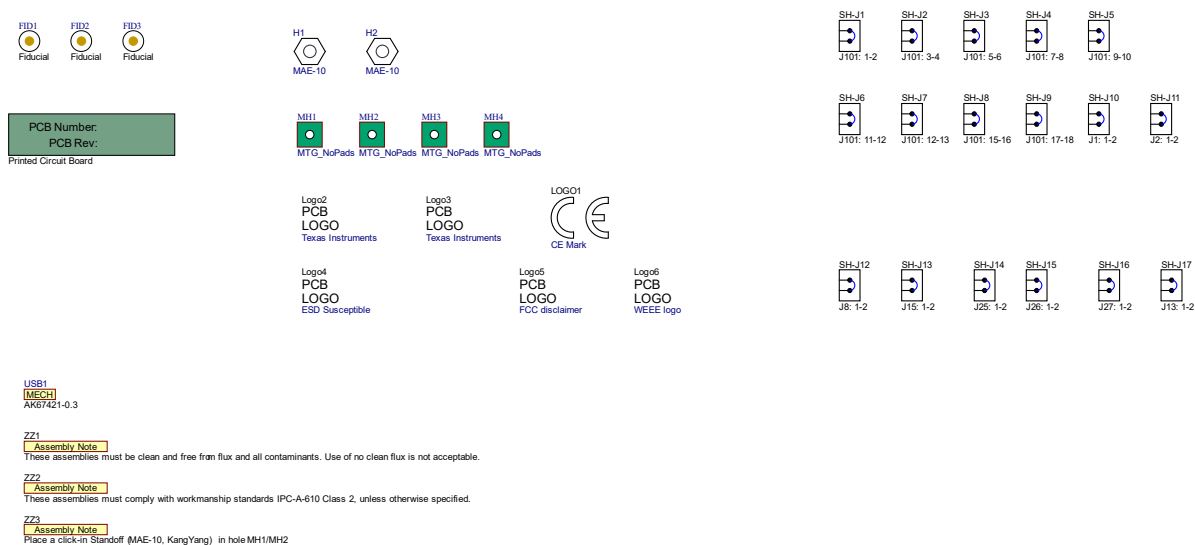


Figure 4-7. Hardware Schematic

4.2 Bill of Materials (BOM)

| Designator | Quantity | Value | Description | Part Number | Manufacturer |
|---|----------|--------|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| !PCB1 | 1 | | Printed Circuit Board | MCU150 | Any |
| C1 | 1 | 10uF | CAP, CERM, 10 uF, 6.3 V, +/- 20%, X5R, 0603 | GRM188R60J106ME84 | MuRata |
| C2 | 1 | 0.1uF | CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 50 V, +/- 20%, X5R, 0402 | GRM155R61H104ME14D | MuRata |
| C3 | 1 | 0.47uF | CAP, CERM, 0.47 uF, 6.3 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0402 | GRM155R60J474KE19D | MuRata |
| C5 | 1 | 0.01uF | CAP, CERM, 0.01 uF, 16 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0402 | GRM155R61C103KA01D | MuRata |
| C7, C8 | 2 | 1µF | 1 µF ±10% 6.3V Ceramic Capacitor X7R 0603 (1608 Metric) | 8.85E+11 | Würth Electronics |
| C9, C10 | 2 | 22pF | CAP, CERM, 22 pF, 50 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0402 | GRM1555C1H220JA01D | MuRata |
| C11, C15, C16, C18, C22, C25, C26, C31, C36, C37, C42 | 11 | 0.1uF | CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 6.3 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0402 | GRM155R70J104KA01D | MuRata |
| C12, C13, C14, C20, C24 | 5 | 0.01uF | CAP, CERM, 0.01 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0402 | GRM155R71E103KA01D | MuRata |
| C17, C19, C23, C50 | 4 | 1uF | CAP, CERM, 1 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0402 | C1005X5R1E105K050BC | TDK |
| C21, C51 | 2 | 2.2uF | CAP, CERM, 2.2 uF, 6.3 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0402 | GRM155R60J225KE95D | MuRata |
| C27, C28 | 2 | 12pF | CAP, CERM, 12 pF, 50 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0402 | GRM1555C1H120JA01D | MuRata |
| C29, C32 | 2 | 33pF | CAP, CERM, 33 pF, 50 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0402 | GRM1555C1H330JA01D | MuRata |
| C30, C34 | 2 | 4.7uF | CAP, TA, 4.7 uF, 16 V, +/- 10%, 4 ohm, SMD | TAJA475K016RNJ | AVX |
| C33 | 1 | 1000pF | CAP, CERM, 1000 pF, 50 V, +/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 0402 | GCM155R71H102KA37D | MuRata |

| Designator | Quantity | Value | Description | Part Number | Manufacturer |
|------------------|----------|--------|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| C35, C41 | 2 | 4.7uF | CAP, CERM, 4.7 uF, 16 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0603 | GRM188R61C475KAAJ | MuRata |
| C38 | 1 | 47uF | CAP, CERM, 47 uF, 6.3 V, +/- 20%, X5R, 0603 | GRM188R60J476ME15D | MuRata |
| C39, C40 | 2 | 0.22uF | CAP, CERM, 0.22 uF, 16 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0402 | GRM155R71C224KA12D | MuRata |
| C48 | 1 | 2.2uF | CAP, CERM, 2.2 uF, 10 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0603 | C0603C225K8PACTU | Kemet |
| C49 | 1 | 3300pF | CAP, CERM, 3300 pF, 50 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0402 | GRM155R71H332KA01D | MuRata |
| C52 | 1 | 4700pF | CAP, CERM, 4700 pF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0402 | GRM155R61E472KA01D | MuRata |
| D1, D2 | 2 | 40V | Diode, Schottky, 40 V, 0.12 A, AEC-Q101, SOT-323 | BAS40-05W,115 | Nexperia |
| FID1, FID2, FID3 | 3 | | Fiducial mark. There is nothing to buy or mount. | N/A | N/A |
| H1, H2 | 2 | | Spacer Support, Nylon 66 | MAE-10 | Kang Yang |
| IC1 | 1 | | Precision Micropower Shunt Voltage Reference, 0.5% accuracy, 2.5 V, 15 ppm / degC, 15 mA, -40 to 85 degC, 5-pin SC70 (DCK), Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | LM4040C25IDCKR | Texas Instruments |
| IC2 | 1 | | 2.7-4V Dual In/Single Out MOSFET, 0.5A Main/0.1A Aux Input, Act-Low Enable, Comm. Temp., DBV0005A (SOT-23-5) | TPS2102DBVR | Texas Instruments |
| IC3, U2 | 2 | | Low-Capacitance 6-Channel +/-15 kV ESD Protection Array for High-Speed Data Interfaces, RSE0008A (UQFN-8) | TPD6E004RSER | Texas Instruments |

| Designator | Quantity | Value | Description | Part Number | Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| IC4 | 1 | | 4-Channel ESD Protection Array for High-Speed Data Interfaces, DRY0006A (USON-6) | TPD4E004DRYR | Texas Instruments |
| IC5 | 1 | | 500mA, Adjustable, Low Quiescent Current, Low-Noise, High-PSRR, Single-Output LDO Regulator, DRB0008A (VSON-8) | TPS73533DRBT | Texas Instruments |
| J1, J2, J3, J4, J5, J6 | 6 | | Header, 100mil, 2x1, Tin, TH | 90120-0122 | Molex |
| J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J15 | 7 | | Header, 100mil, 3x1, Tin, TH | PEC03SAAN | Sullins Connector Solutions |
| J13 | 1 | | Receptacle, 2.54mm, 10x2, Tin, TH | SSQ-110-03-T-D | Samtec |
| J16 | 1 | | Receptacle, 2.54mm, 10x2, Tin, TH | SSQ-110-03-T-D | Samtec |
| J22 | 1 | | Header, 2.54mm, 9x2, Tin, TH | PEC09DAAN | Sullins Connector Solutions |
| J23, J24 | 2 | | Header(Shrouded), 1.27mm, 5x2, Gold, SMT | FTSH-105-01-L-DV-K | Samtec |
| L1 | 1 | 2.2uH | Inductor, Wirewound, Ceramic, 2.2 uH, 0.89 A, 0.13 ohm, SMD | LSQNA251818T2R2M | Taiyo Yuden |
| LED1, LED3 | 2 | Red | LED, Red, SMD | 150060RS75000 | Würth Elektronik |
| LED2 | 1 | RGB | LED, RGB, TH | 19-337/R6GHBHC-A01/2T | Everlight |
| LED4 | 1 | Green | LED, Green, SMD | LTST-C190GKT | Lite-On |
| R1, R5 | 2 | 47k | RES, 47 k, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW040247K0JNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R4, R27, R28, R46 | 4 | 470 | RES, 470, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW0402470RJNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R6 | 1 | 220 | RES, 220, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW0402220RJNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R7, R8 | 2 | 330 | RES, 330, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW0402330RJNED | Vishay-Dale |

| Designator | Quantity | Value | Description | Part Number | Manufacturer |
|--|----------|-------|--|------------------|---------------|
| R9 | 1 | | Res Thin Film 0402 100K Ohm 0.1% 1/16W ±25ppm/°C Molded SMD SMD Punched Carrier T/R | ERA-2AEB104X | Panasonic |
| R13, R15 | 2 | 4.7k | RES, 4.7 k, 5%, 0.1 W, 0603 | RC0603JR-074K7L | Yageo |
| R14, R17 | 2 | | 270 RES, 270, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC- Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW0402270RJNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R16, R19 | 2 | 2.2k | RES, 2.2 k, 5%, 0.1 W, 0603 | RC0603JR-072K2L | Yageo |
| R21, R50, R56, R57, R58, R59, R60, R62, R65 | 9 | | 0 RES, 0, 5%, 0.1 W, 0603 | RC0603JR-070RL | Yageo |
| R22, R23, R24, R32 | 4 | 1.0k | RES, 1.0 k, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW04021K00JNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R26, R31 | 2 | | 100 RES, 100, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC- Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW0402100RJNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R29 | 1 | 10k | RES, 10 k, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW040210K0JNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R30 | 1 | 4.87k | RES, 4.87 k, 1%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW04024K87FKED | Vishay-Dale |
| R33 | 1 | | 51 RES, 51, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC- Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW040251R0JNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R34, R35, R41, R42, R49, R52, R64 | 7 | 220k | RES, 220 k, 1%, 0.0625 W, 0402 | RC0402FR-07220KL | Yageo America |
| R36 | 1 | 3.30k | RES, 3.30 k, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC- Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | ERJ-2RKF3301X | Panasonic |
| R37 | 1 | 2.20k | RES, 2.20 k, 1%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW04022K20FKED | Vishay-Dale |
| R38 | 1 | 6.81k | RES, 6.81 k, 1%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW04026K81FKED | Vishay-Dale |
| R39, R40 | 2 | 4.7k | RES, 4.7 k, 5%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402 | CRCW04024K70JNED | Vishay-Dale |
| R43, R44, R47 | 3 | 47.0k | RES, 47.0 k, 1%, 0.0625 W, 0402 | RC0402FR-0747KL | Yageo America |
| R45 | 1 | | 820 RES, 820, 1%, 0.063 W, 0402 | RC0402FR-07820RL | Yageo America |

| Designator | Quantity | Value | Description | Part Number | Manufacturer |
|---|----------|--|---|----------------------------|-------------------|
| R63 | 1 | 330k | RES, 330 k, 1%, 0.0625 W, 0402 | RC0402FR-07330KL | Yageo America |
| S1, S2, S3 | 3 | | Switch, SPST, 0.05 A, 12 VDC, SMD | 1188E-1K2-V-TR | Diptronics |
| SH-J1, SH-J2, SH-J3, SH-J4, SH-J5, SH-J6, SH-J7, SH-J8, SH-J9, SH-J14, SH-J16, SH-J17, SH-J18, SH-J19, SH-J20, SH-J21, SH-J22, SH-J23, SH-J24, SH-J25 | 20 | J101: 1-2, J101: 3-4, J101: 5-6, J101: 7-8, J101: 9-10, J101: 11-12, J101: 12-13, J101: 15-16, J101: 17-18, J18: 1-2, J6: 1-2, J7: 1-2, J8: 1-2, J9: 1-2, J13: 1-2, J15: 1-2, J19: 1-2, J20: 1-2, J21: 1-2, J22: 1-2 | Shunt, 100mil, Gold plated, Black | SNT-100-BK-G | Samtec |
| T1 | 1 | -20V | MOSFET, P-CH, -20 V, -0.82 A, SOT-323 | DMG1013UW-7 | Diodes Inc. |
| T2 | 1 | 45 V | Transistor, NPN, 45 V, 0.1 A, SOT-323 | BC850CW,115 | NXP Semiconductor |
| U1 | 1 | | Mixed-Signal Microcontrollers | XMSM0L1117SPTR | Texas Instruments |
| USB1 | 1 | | Cable, USB-A to micro USB-B, 0.3 m | AK67421-0.3 | Assmann WSW |
| USB2 | 1 | | Receptacle, USB 2.0, Micro B, 5 Position, R/A, SMT | 1.05E+09 | Molex |
| XDS1 | 1 | | MSP432E401YTPDT, PDT0128A (TQFP-128) | MSP432E401YTPDTR | Texas Instruments |
| XDS2 | 1 | | MSP430G2x52, MSP430G2x12 Mixed Signal Microcontroller, RSA0016B (VQFN-16) | MSP430G2452IRSA16R | Texas Instruments |
| Y1 | 1 | | Crystal, 32.768 kHz, 12.5 pF, SMD | FC-135 32.7680KA-A3 | Epson |
| Y2 | 1 | | Crystal, 16 MHz, 8pF, SMD | NX3225GA-16.000M-STD-CRG-1 | NDK |

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6 Related Documentation

6.1 Supplemental Content

The following items are important learning materials to get started with MSPM0.

- [MSPM0 Academies](#)
- [MSPM0-SDK Code examples](#)
- [TI Precision Labs](#)

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