

Functional Safety Information

TPS3813-Q1

Functional Safety FIT Rate, FMD and Pin FMA



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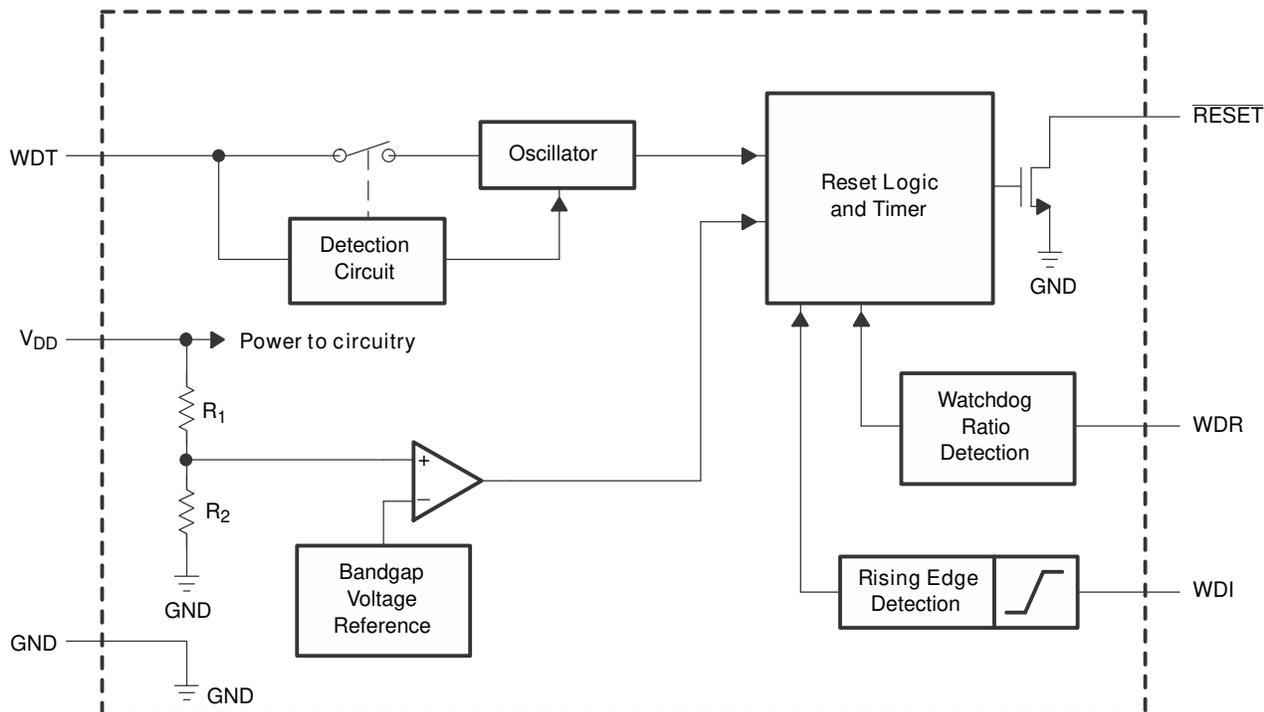
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1 Overview

This document contains information for TPS3813-Q1 (DBV package) to aid in a functional safety system design. Information provided are:

- Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates of the semiconductor component estimated by the application of industry reliability standards
- Component failure modes and their distribution (FMD) based on the primary function of the device
- Pin failure mode analysis (Pin FMA)

Figure 1-1 shows the device functional block diagram for reference.



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Figure 1-1. Functional Block Diagram

TPS3813-Q1 was developed using a quality-managed development process, but was not developed in accordance with the IEC 61508 or ISO 26262 standards.

2 Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) Rates

This section provides Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates for TPS3813-Q1 based on two different industry-wide used reliability standards:

- [Table 2-1](#) provides FIT rates based on IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11
- [Table 2-2](#) provides FIT rates based on the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table 2-1. Component Failure Rates per IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 Part 11

FIT IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262	FIT (Failures Per 10 ⁹ Hours)
Total Component FIT Rate	4
Die FIT Rate	2
Package FIT Rate	2

The failure rate and mission profile information in [Table 2-1](#) comes from the Reliability data handbook IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11:

- Mission Profile: Motor Control from Table 11
- Power dissipation: 2.0 mW
- Climate type: World-wide Table 8
- Package factor (lambda 3): Table 17b
- Substrate Material: FR4
- EOS FIT rate assumed: 0 FIT

Table 2-2. Component Failure Rates per Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table	Category	Reference FIT Rate	Reference Virtual T _J
5	Digital, Analog, Mixed	20 FIT	55 C

The Reference FIT Rate and Reference Virtual T_J (junction temperature) in [Table 2-2](#) come from the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2 tables 1 through 5. Failure rates under operating conditions are calculated from the reference failure rate and virtual junction temperature using conversion information in SN 29500-2 section 4.

3 Failure Mode Distribution (FMD)

The failure mode distribution estimation for TPS3813-Q1 in [Table 3-1](#) comes from the combination of common failure modes listed in standards such as IEC 61508 and ISO 26262, the ratio of sub-circuit function size and complexity and from best engineering judgment.

The failure modes listed in this section reflect random failure events and do not include failures due to misuse or overstress.

Table 3-1. Die Failure Modes and Distribution

Die Failure Modes	Failure Mode Distribution (%)
nRESET fails to trip	20%
nRESET false trip	20%
nRESET trip outside specification (voltage or time)	60%

4 Pin Failure Mode Analysis (Pin FMA)

This section provides a Failure Mode Analysis (FMA) for the pins of the TPS3813-Q1. The failure modes covered in this document include the typical pin-by-pin failure scenarios:

- Pin short-circuited to Ground (see [Table 4-2](#))
- Pin open-circuited (see [Table 4-3](#))
- Pin short-circuited to an adjacent pin (see [Table 4-4](#))
- Pin short-circuited to supply (see [Table 4-5](#))

[Table 4-2](#) through [Table 4-5](#) also indicate how these pin conditions can affect the device as per the failure effects classification in [Table 4-1](#).

Table 4-1. TI Classification of Failure Effects

Class	Failure Effects
A	Potential device damage that affects functionality
B	No device damage, but loss of functionality
C	No device damage, but performance degradation
D	No device damage, no impact to functionality or performance

[Figure 4-1](#) shows the TPS3813-Q1 pin diagram. For a detailed description of the device pins please refer to the *Pin Configuration and Functions* section in the TPS3813-Q1 data sheet.

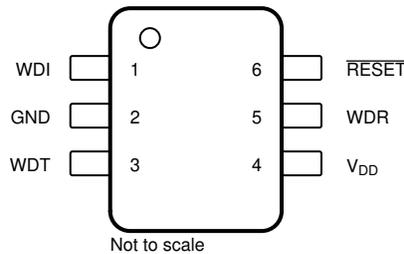


Figure 4-1. Top View 6-Pin SOT-23 DBV Package

Following are the assumptions of use and the device configuration assumed for the pin FMA in this section:

Table 4-2. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Ground

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
WDI	1	No damage but will cause /RESET to	C
GND	2	Normal operation	D
WDT	3	Normal operation mode	D
VDD	4	No damage to device, but undefined condition. /RESET tends to be low	C
WDR	5	Normal operation mode	D
/RESET	6	Normal operation; causes /RESET to be low	C

Table 4-3. Pin FMA for Device Pins Open-Circuited

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
WDI	1	No damage to device but will cause /RESET to time out	C
GND	2	No damage to device, but undefined operating condition	C
WDT	3	No damage to device, but it is an undefined operating condition	C
VDD	4	No power to device	C
WDR	5	No damage to device, but it is an undefined operating condition	C
/RESET	6	Normal operation, causes reset to be low	C

Table 4-4. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Relevant Pin

Pin Name	Pin No.	Shorted to	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
WDI	1	WDR	No damage to device but will cause /RESET to oscillate	C
GND	2	/RESET	Normal operation; causes /RESET to be low	C
WDT	3	GND	Normal operation mode	D
VDD	4	WDI	No damage to device but will cause /RESET to timeout	C
WDR	5	WDT	Normal operation	D
/RESET	6	VDD	No damage to device, but it is an undefined operating conditon; /RESET needs pullup resistor	C

Table 4-5. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to VDD

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
WDI	1	No damage to device, but will cause /RESET to time out	C
GND	2	Normal operation. Internally pulled up to VDD, external short may cause excess current consumption	C
WDT	3	Normal operation mode	D
VDD	4	Normal operation	D
WDR	5	Normal operation mode	D
/RESET	6	No damage to device but is an undefined operating condition. Needs pullup	C

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