









SN74AHC14Q-Q1

SGDS016E - FEBRUARY 2002 - REVISED FEBRUARY 2024

SN74AHC14Q-Q1 Automotive Hex Schmitt-Trigger Inverter

1 Features

- Qualified for automotive applications
- EPIC[™] (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) process
- Operating range of 2V to 5.5V V_{CC}
- Latch-up performance exceeds 250mA per JESD 17
- ESD protection exceeds 2000V per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015

2 Applications

- Synchronize inverted clock inputs
- Debounce a switch
- Invert a digital signal

3 Description

SN74AHC14Q contains six independent inverters. This device performs the Boolean function $Y = \overline{A}$

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE SIZE(2)	BODY SIZE (NOM)(3)
	D (SOIC, 14)	8.65mm × 6mm	8.65mm × 3.9mm
SN74AHC14Q-Q1	PW (TSSOP, 14)	5mm × 4.4mm	5mm × 4.4mm
	BQA (WQFN, 14)	3mm × 2.5mm	3mm × 2.5mm

- For more information, see Section 11.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable
- The body size (length × width) is a nominal value and does not include pins.



Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

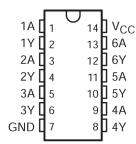


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4 Pin Configuration and Functions



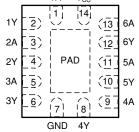


Figure 4-1. D or PW Package, 14-Pin SOIC or TSSOP (Top View)

Figure 4-2. BQA Package, 14-Pin WQFN (Top View)

Table 4-1. Pin Functions

F	PIN	TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	I I PE''	DESCRIPTION
1A	1	I	Input 1A
1Y	2	0	Output 1Y
2A	3	I	Input 2A
2Y	4	0	Output 2Y
3A	5	I	Input 3A
3Y	6	0	Output 3Y
4Y	8	0	Output 4Y
4A	9	ı	Input 4A
5Y	10	0	Output 5Y
5A	11	ı	Input 5A
6Y	12	0	Output 6Y
6A	13	ı	Input 6A
GND	7	_	Ground Pin
NC	-	_	No Connection
V _{CC}	14	_	Power Pin

⁽¹⁾ Signal Types: I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output.

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	7	V
V _I ²	Input voltage range		-0.5	7	V
V _O ²	Output voltage range		-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	(V _I < 0)		-20	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	$(V_O < 0 \text{ or } V_O > V_{CC})$		±20	mA
Io	Continuous output current	$(V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC})$		±25	mA
	Continuous current V _{CC} or GND			±50	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V

⁽¹⁾ AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing must be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1))

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		2	5.5	V
VI	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	V _{CC}	V
		V _{CC} = 2 V		-50	mA
I _{OH}	High-level output current	V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		-4	Л
		V _{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		-8	mA
		V _{CC} = 2 V		50	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		4	Л
		V _{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		8	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	,	-40	125	°C

⁽¹⁾ All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

5.4 Thermal Information

		S	N74AHC14Q-Q	1	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	D	PW	BQA	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	124.6	147.7	88.3	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report (SPRA953).

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⁽²⁾ The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED.				T _A = 25°C			MAY	
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
		3 V	1.2		2.2	1.2	2.2	
V _{T+} Positive-going input threshold voltage		4.5 V	1.75		3.15	1.75	3.15	V
anochola voltago		5.5 V	2.15		3.85	2.15	3.85	
		3 V	0.9		1.9	0.9	1.9	
V _T - Negative-going input threshold voltage		4.5 V	1.35		2.75	1.35	2.75	V
anochola voltago		5.5 V	1.65		3.35	1.65	3.35	
		3 V	0.3		1.2	0.3	1.2	
ΔV _T Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})		4.5 V	0.4		1.4	0.4	1.4	V
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		5.5 V	0.5		1.6	0.5	1.6	
		2 V	1.9	2		1.9		
	I _{OH} = -50 μA	3 V	2.9	3		2.9		
V _{OH}		4.5 V	4.4	4.5		4.4		V
	I _{OH} = -4 mA	3 V	2.58			2.48		
	I _{OH} = -8 mA	4.5 V	3.94			3.8		
		2 V			0.1		0.1	
	I _{OL} = 50 μA	3 V			0.1		0.1	
V _{OL}		4.5 V			0.1		0.1	V
	I _{OL} = 4 mA	3 V			0.36		0.5	
	I _{OL} = 8 mA	4.5 V			0.36		0.5	
I _I	V _I = 5.5 V or GND	0 V to 5.5 V			±0.1		±1	μA
Icc	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	I _O = 05.5 V			2		20	μA
Ci	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5 V		2	10			PF

5.6 Switching Characteristics, V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	LOAD	T	_A = 25°C		BAINI	MAY	UNIT		
PARAWETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CAPACITANCE	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII		
t _{PLH}	^	V	C = 15 pE		8.3	12.8	1	15	no		
t _{PHL}	A	Ť	C _L = 15 pF	OL = 13 pi	OL - 10 pi		8.3	12.8	1	15	ns
t _{PLH}	^	V	C = 50 °F		10.8	16.3	1	18.5			
t _{PHL}	_ A Y	Ť	C _L = 50 pF		10.8	16.3	1	18.5	ns		

5.7 Switching Characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD	TA	= 25°C		MIN	MAX	UNIT
PARAMETER	PROW (INPUT)	CA	CAPACITANCE	MIN	TYP	MAX	IVIIIN	IVIAA	Civil
t _{PLH}	۸	V	C ₁ = 15 pF		5.5	8.6	1	10	no
t _{PHL}	Α	ī	CL = 15 pr		5.5	8.6	1	10	ns
t _{PLH}	۸	V	C ₁ = 50 pF		7	10.6	1	12	ne
t _{PHL}	A	r	CL = 50 pr		7	10.6	1	12	ns



5.8 Noise Characteristics

 V_{CC} = 5 V, C_L = 50 pF, T_A = 25°C (1)

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OL} (P)	Quiet output, maximum dynamic V _{OL}		0.8		V
V _{OL} (V)	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OL}		-0.4		V
V _{OH} (V)	Quiet output, minimum dynamic V _{OH}		4.6		V
V _{IH} (D)	High-level dynamic input voltage	3.5			V
V _{IL} (D)	Low-level dynamic input voltage			1.5	V

(1) Characteristics are for surface-mount packages only.

5.9 Operating Characteristics

 V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C

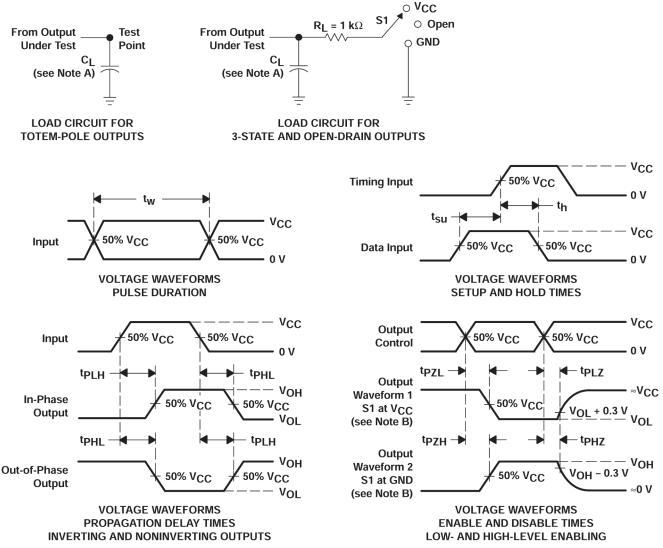
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
C _{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance	No load, f = 1 MHz	9	pF

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6 Parameter Measurement Information



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r \leq$ 3 ns, $t_f \leq$ 3 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.

Figure 6-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

TEST	S1
t _{PLH} /t _{PHL}	Open
t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL}	V _{CC}
t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH}	GND
Open Drain	V _{CC}

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

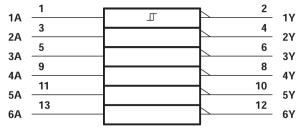
Each circuit functions as an independent inverter, but because of the Schmitt action, the inverters have different input threshold levels for positive-going (V_{T+}) and negative-going (V_{T-}) signals.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



Figure 7-1. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.



7.3 Device Functional Modes

Table 7-1. Function Table (Each Inverter)

INPUT	OUTPUT
A	Y
Н	L
L	Н

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8 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The SN74AHC14Q-Q1 can be used to add an additional stage to a counter with an external flip-flop. Because counters use a negative edge trigger, the flip-flop's clock input must be inverted to provide this function. Having Schmitt-trigger inputs is important in this application to eliminate any noise issues that could impact the counting function which could lead to incorrect frequency division. This function only requires one of the six available inverters in the SN74AHC14Q-Q1 device, so the remaining channels can be used for other applications needing an inverted signal or improved signal integrity. Unused inputs must be terminated at V_{CC} or GND. Unused outputs can be left floating.

8.2 Typical Application

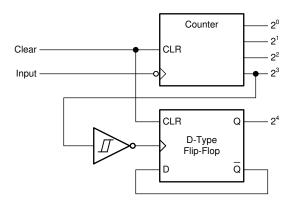


Figure 8-1. Typical Application Block Diagram

8.2.1 Design Requirements

8.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the electrical characteristics of the device as described in the *Electrical Characteristics* section.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the SN74AHC14Q-Q1 plus the maximum static supply current, I_{CC} , listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only source as much current that is provided by the positive supply source. Be sure to not exceed the maximum total current through V_{CC} listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74AHC14Q-Q1 plus the maximum supply current, I_{CC}, listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current that can be sunk into its ground connection. Be sure to not exceed the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The SN74AHC14Q-Q1 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50 pF while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied; however, it is not recommended to exceed 50 pF.

The SN74AHC14Q-Q1 can drive a load with total resistance described by $R_L \ge V_O$ / I_O , with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with V_{OH} and V_{OL} . When outputting in the HIGH state, the output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the V_{CC} pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in the *CMOS Power Consumption* and *Cpd Calculation* application note.

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in the *Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices* application note.

CAUTION

The maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(max)}$ listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

8.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross $V_{t-(min)}$ to be considered a logic LOW, and $V_{t+(max)}$ to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either V_{CC} or ground. The unused inputs can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input will be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74AHC14Q-Q1 (as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*), and the desired input transition rate limits the resistor size. A 10-k Ω resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The SN74AHC14Q-Q1 has no input signal transition rate requirements because it has Schmitt-trigger inputs.

Another benefit to having Schmitt-trigger inputs is the ability to reject noise. Noise with a large enough amplitude can still cause issues. To know how much noise is too much, please refer to the $\Delta V_{T(min)}$ in the *Electrical Characteristics*. This hysteresis value will provide the peak-to-peak limit.

Unlike what happens with standard CMOS inputs, Schmitt-trigger inputs can be held at any valid value without causing huge increases in power consumption. The typical additional current caused by holding an input at a value other than V_{CC} or ground is plotted in the *Typical Characteristics*.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

8.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the V_{OH} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the V_{OL} specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Push-pull outputs that could be in opposite states, even for a very short time period, should never be connected directly together. This can cause excessive current and damage to the device.

Two channels within the same device with the same input signals can be connected in parallel for additional output drive strength.

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to V_{CC} or ground.

Refer to the Feature Description section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

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8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Add a decoupling capacitor from V_{CC} to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the
 device and electrically close to both the V_{CC} and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the Layout
 section.
- 2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is ≤ 50 pF. This is not a hard limit; it will, however, ensure optimal performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SN74AHC14Q-Q1 to one or more of the receiving devices.
- 3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than $(V_{CC} / I_{O(max)}) \Omega$. This will ensure that the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in M Ω ; much larger than the minimum calculated previously.
- 4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates; the power consumption and thermal increase, however, can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, *CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation*.

8.2.3 Application Curves

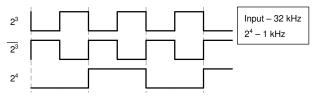


Figure 8-2. Application Timing Diagram

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1- μ F capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1- μ F and 1- μ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in the following layout example.

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices, inputs must never be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused (for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used). Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or V_{CC} , whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.



8.4.2 Layout Example

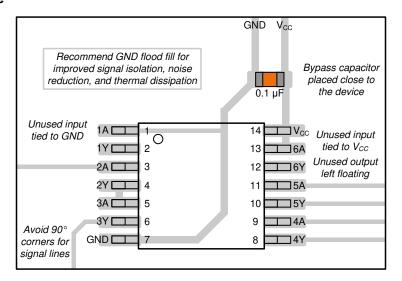


Figure 8-3. Example Layout for the SN74AHC14Q-Q1



9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Documentation Support (Analog)

9.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application note
- Texas Instruments, Designing With Logic application note
- Texas Instruments, Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic (SLL) Packages and Devices application note
- Texas Instruments, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs application note

9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

9.3 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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9.4 Trademarks

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9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

9.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

C	Changes from Revision D (October 2023) to Revision E (February 2024)	Page
•	Updated RθJA value: D = 86 to 124.6, all values in °C/W	4
-		

Changes from Revision C (June 2023) to Revision D (October 2023)

Page

• Updated RθJA values: PW = 113 to 147.7, all values in °C/W......4



11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74AHC14QDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AHC14Q	Samples
SN74AHC14QPWRG4Q1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HA14Q	Samples
SN74AHC14QPWRQ1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HA14Q	Samples
SN74AHC14QWBQARQ1	ACTIVE	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AHC14Q	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and



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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

NSTRUMENTS





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AHC14QPWRG4Q1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC14QPWRG4Q1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC14QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC14QWBQARQ1	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	180.0	12.4	2.8	3.3	1.1	4.0	12.0	Q1



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*All dimensions are nominal

7 III GIII IOI IOI IOI IOI III IOI							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AHC14QPWRG4Q1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74AHC14QPWRG4Q1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AHC14QPWRQ1	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AHC14QWBQARQ1	WQFN	BQA	14	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm, per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AB.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



2.5 x 3, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

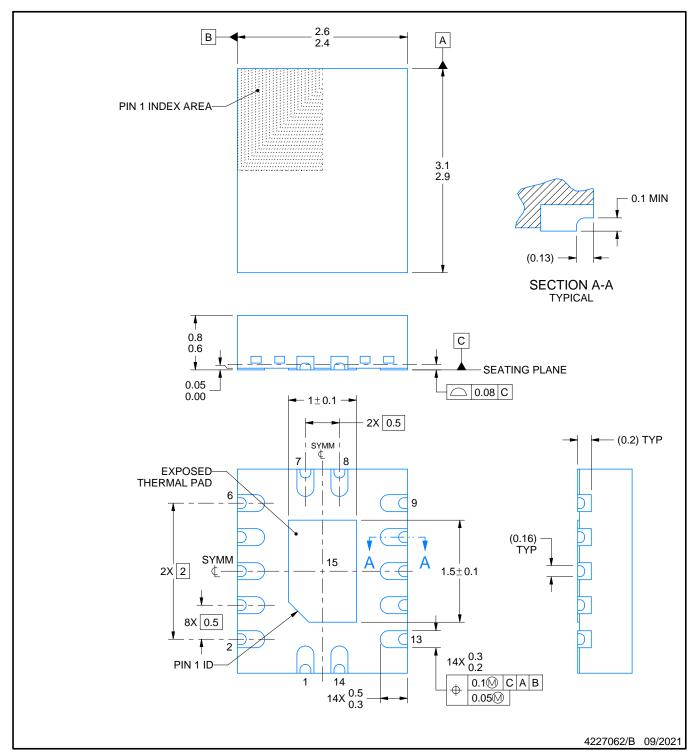
This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



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PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

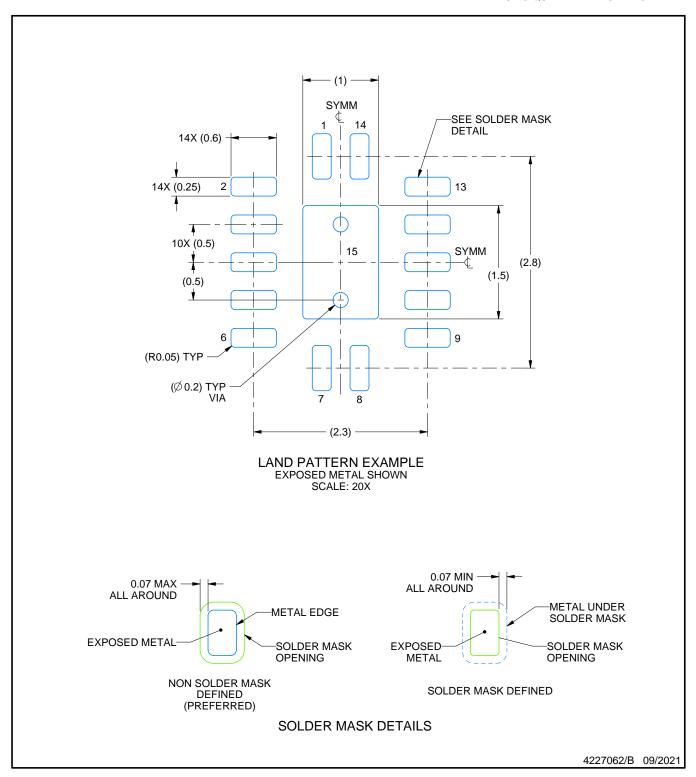


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

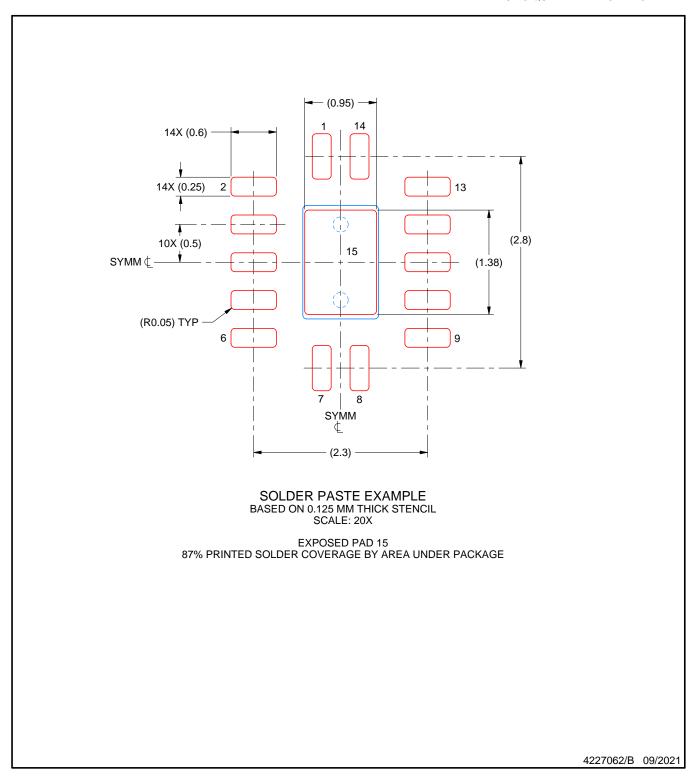


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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