



Support & training



SCLS373N – MAY 1996 – REVISED JULY 2024

# SN74AHC595 8-Bit Shift Registers With 3-State Output Registers

### 1 Features

- Operating range: 2V to 5.5V V<sub>CC</sub>
- 8-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100mA per JESD 78, class II
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000V human-body model (A114-A)
    - 1000V charged-device model (C101)

### 2 Applications

- Network Switches
- Power Infrastructures
- LED Displays
- Servers

### **3 Description**

The SN74AHC595 device contains an 8-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift register that feeds an 8-bit D-type storage register. The storage register has parallel 3-state outputs. Separate clocks are provided for both the shift and storage registers. The shift register has a direct overriding clear ( $\overline{SRCLR}$ ) input, a serial (SER) input, and a serial output for cascading. When the output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input is high, all outputs except QH' are in the high-impedance state.

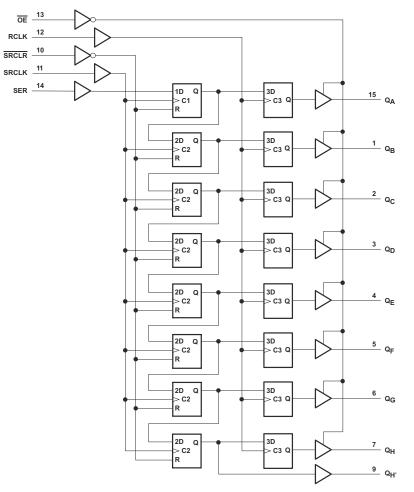
Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	PACKAGE SIZE <sup>(2)</sup>	BODY SIZE <sup>(3)</sup>
	BQB (WQFN, 16)	3.5mm × 2.5mm	3.5mm × 2.5mm
	N (PDIP, 16)	19.31mm × 9.4mm	19.31mm × 6.35mm
SN74AHC595	D (SOIC, 16)	9.90 mm × 6mm	9.90mm × 3.90mm
	DB (SSOP, 16)	6.20mm × 7.8mm	6.20mm × 5.30mm
	PW (TSSOP, 16)	5.00mm × 6.4mm	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm

(1) For more information, see Section 11.

- (2) The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.
- (3) The body size (length x width) is a nominal value and does not include pins.





Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)



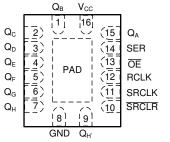
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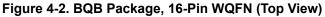
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# **4** Pin Configuration and Functions

			_	
Q <sub>B</sub> [		U 16		V <sub>CC</sub>
Q <sub>C</sub> [	2	15		Q <sub>A</sub>
Q <sub>D</sub> [	3	14	þ	SER
Q <sub>E</sub> [	4	13	þ	OE
Q <sub>F</sub> [	5	12	þ	RCLK
Q <sub>G</sub> [	6	11		SRCLK
Q <sub>H</sub> [	7	10		SRCLR
GND [	8	9	þ	Q <sub>H</sub> ′



### Figure 4-1. D, DB, N, PW Packages 16-Pin SOIC, SSOP, PDIP, TSSOP (Top View)



### Table 4-1. Pin Functions

	PIN	I/O	DESCRIPTION				
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION				
GND	8	—	Ground Pin				
ŌĒ	13	I	Output Enable				
Q <sub>A</sub>	15	0	Q <sub>A</sub> Output				
Q <sub>B</sub>	1	0	Q <sub>B</sub> Output				
Q <sub>C</sub>	2	0	Q <sub>C</sub> Output				
Q <sub>D</sub>	3	0	Q <sub>D</sub> Output				
Q <sub>E</sub>	4	0	Q <sub>E</sub> Output				
Q <sub>F</sub>	5	0	Q <sub>F</sub> Output				
Q <sub>G</sub>	6	0	Q <sub>G</sub> Output				
Q <sub>H</sub>	7	0	Q <sub>H</sub> Output				
Q <sub>H'</sub>	9	0	Q <sub>H</sub> Output				
RCLK	12	Ι	RCLK Input				
SER	14	I	SER Input				
SRCLK	11	Ι	SRCLK Input				
SRCLR	10	Ι	SRCLR Input				
V <sub>CC</sub>	16		Power Pin				



### **5** Specifications

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		-0.5	7	V
VI	Input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	7	V
Vo	Output voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	(V <sub>1</sub> < 0)		-20	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	$(V_O < 0 \text{ or } V_O > V_{CC})$		±20	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current	$(V_{O} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC})$		±25	mA
	Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND		±75	mA	
TJ	Junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

### 5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT	
V	Electrostatic	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1000	v	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

#### **5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		2	5.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V	1.5		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	2.1		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	3.85		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V		0.5	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level Input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		0.9	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V		1.65	
VI	Input voltage	·	0	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V		-50	μA
I <sub>OH</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		-4	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		-8	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V		50	μA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		4	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		8	mA
	Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		100	<b>n</b> o\/
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		20	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

 All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004.

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### **5.4 Thermal Information**

				SN74AHC595			
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	BQB (WQFN)	D (SOIC)	DB (SSOP)	N (PDIP)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
		16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	91.8	93.8	97.8	47.8	135.9	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	87.7	54.7	48.1	35.1	70.3	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	61.6	50.9	48.5	27.8	81.3	°C/W
Ψյτ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	11.9	20.8	10.0	20.1	22.5	°C/W
Ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	61.4	50.7	47.9	27.7	80.8	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	39.4	_	_	_	_	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.

### **5.5 Electrical Characteristics**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		1.9	2		
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –50 μA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	2 V	1.9			
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended		1.9			
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		2.9	3		
	I <sub>OH</sub> = –50 μA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3 V	2.9			
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended		2.9			
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4.4	4.5		
V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = –50 μA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	4.5 V	4.4			V
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended		4.4			
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		2.58			
	I <sub>OH</sub> =4 mA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3 V	2.48			
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended		2.48			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		3.94			
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	4.5 V	3.8			
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended		3.8			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				0.1	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	2 V			0.1	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended				0.1	
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				0.1	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3 V			0.1	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended				0.1	
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				0.1	
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	4.5 V			0.1	V
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended				0.1	
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				0.36	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3 V			0.44	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended				0.44	
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				0.36	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	4.5 V			0.44	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C Recommended				0.44	



#### over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C					±0.1	
II.	V <sub>l</sub> = 5.5 V or GND	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 85	°C	0 V to 5.5 V	·		±1	μA
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 12	5°C Recommended		·		±1	
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				±0.25	
I <sub>oz</sub>	$V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND},$ $V_{O} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND},$ $\overline{OE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL},$		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5.5 V			±2.5	μA
-02		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	$T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C Recommended				±2.5	
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				4	
I <sub>CC</sub>	$V_1 = V_{CC}$ or GND,	I <sub>O</sub> = 0	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C	5.5 V			40	μA
		.0 0	$T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C Recommended				40	<b>P</b> ., ,
C		$V_1 = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$ $\frac{T_A = 25^{\circ}C}{T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ TO } 85^{\circ}C}$		5 V		3	10	pF
Ci							10	μL
Co	$V_{O} = V_{CC}$ or GND,	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		5 V		5.5		pF

(1) On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested at  $V_{CC}$  = 0 V.

### 5.6 Timing Requirements: $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5		
		SRCLK high or low	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5		
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse duration	RCLK high or low	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5		ns
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5		
		SRCLR low	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6.5		
		SER before SRCLK↑	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	3.5		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3.5		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	4.5		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	8		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	8.5		
	Set-up time		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	9.5		ns
su	Set-up time		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	8		115
		SRCLR low before RCLK↑	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	9		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	10		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	3		
		SRCLR high (inactive) before SRCLK↑	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	4		
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1.5		
h	Hold time	SER after SRCLK↑	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1.5		ns
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	2.5		

(1) This set-up time allows the storage register to receive stable data from the shift register. The clocks can be tied together, in which case the shift register is one clock pulse ahead of the storage register.



## 5.7 Timing Requirements: $V_{CC}$ = 5 V ± 0.5 V

				MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5			
		SRCLK high or low	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5			
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6			
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5			
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse duration	RCLK high or low	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5			ns
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6			
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5			
		SRCLR low	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5			
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6.2			
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	3			
		SER before SRCLK↑	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3		ns	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	4			
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5			
		SRCLK↑ before RCLK↑ <sup>(1)</sup>	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5			
	Cat un time		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6			
t <sub>su</sub>	Set-up time		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5			
		SRCLR low before RCLK↑	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	5			
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	6			
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	2.5			
		SRCLR high (inactive) before SRCLK↑	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	2.5			
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	3.5			
			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	2			
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	SER after SRCLK↑	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	2			ns
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	3			

(1) This set-up time allows the storage register to receive stable data from the shift register. The clocks can be tied together, in which case the shift register is one clock pulse ahead of the storage register.

# 5.8 Switching Characteristics: V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD CAPACITANCE	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNIT
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	80 <sup>(1)</sup>	120 <sup>(1)</sup>		
			C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	70			
£				T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C Recommended	60			MHz
f <sub>max</sub>				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	55	105		IVITZ
			C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	50			
				T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C Recommended	40			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6 <sup>(1)</sup>	11.9 <sup>(1)</sup>	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	RCLK	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		13.5	ns
				T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C Recommended	1		14.9	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6 <sup>(1)</sup>	11.9 <sup>(1)</sup>	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	RCLK	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		13.5	ns
				T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C Recommended	1		14.9	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6.6 <sup>(1)</sup>	13 <sup>(1)</sup>	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	SRCLK	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		15	ns
				T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C Recommended	1		16.4	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6.6 <sup>(1)</sup>	13 <sup>(1)</sup>	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLK	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		15	ns
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	1		16.4	



#### over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)						МАХ	UNIT		
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6.2 <sup>(1)</sup>	12.8 <mark>(1)</mark>			
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLR	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		13.7	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	1		15			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6 <sup>(1)</sup>	11.5 <sup>(1)</sup>			
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		13.5	ns		
				T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 125°C Recommended	1		14.9			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		7.8 <mark>(1)</mark>	11.5 <sup>(1)</sup>			
t <sub>PZL</sub>	ŌĒ	Q <sub>A</sub> – Q <sub>H</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		13.5	ns		
				T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 125°C Recommended	1		14.9			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		7.9	15.4			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	RCLK	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		17	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	1		18.6			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		7.9	15.4			
t <sub>PHL</sub>	RCLK	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		17	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C Recommended	1		18.6			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		9.2	16.5			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	SRCLK	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		18.5	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C Recommended	1		20			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		9.2	16.5			
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLK	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		18.5	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	1		20	]		
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		9	16.3			
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLR	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		17.2	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	1		18.7			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		7.8	15			
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	Q <sub>A</sub> – Q <sub>H</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		17	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C Recommended	1		18.6			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		9.6	15			
t <sub>PZL</sub>	ŌĒ	Q <sub>A</sub> – Q <sub>H</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		17	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C Recommended	1		18.6			
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		8.1	15.7			
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	Q <sub>A</sub> – Q <sub>H</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		16.2	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C Recommended	1		17.4			
				$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		9.3	15.7			
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	Q <sub>A</sub> – Q <sub>H</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		16.2	ns		
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 125°C Recommended	1		17.4			

(1) On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

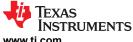


## 5.9 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CC}$ = 5 V ± 0.5 V

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	LOAD CAPACITANCE	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT	
			C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	135 <sup>(1)</sup>	170 <sup>(1)</sup>			
¢			С <sub>L</sub> = 15 рг	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	115			MHz	
f <sub>max</sub>			0 = 50 = 5	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	95	140		IVITZ	
			C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	85				
4	DOLK	0.0	0 - 45 - 5	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4.3 <sup>(1)</sup>	7.4 <sup>(1)</sup>		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	RCLK	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		8.5	ns	
4	DOLK	0.0	0 - 45 - 5	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4.3 <sup>(1)</sup>	7.4 <sup>(1)</sup>		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HL RCLK Q <sub>A</sub> – Q <sub>H</sub>		C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		8.5	ns	
	00011/		T <sub>4</sub> = 25°C		4.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	8.2 <mark>(1)</mark>			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	SRCLK Q <sub>H'</sub>		C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		9.4	ns	
		-		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	8.2 <mark>(1)</mark>		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLK	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		9.4	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	8 <sup>(1)</sup>		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLR	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	1		9.1	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4.3 <sup>(1)</sup>	8.6 <mark>(1)</mark>		
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌE	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		10	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		5.4 <sup>(1)</sup>	8.6 <mark>(1)</mark>		
t <sub>PZL</sub> OE	ŌE	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		10	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		5.6	9.4		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	RCLK	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		10.5	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		5.6	9.4		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	RCLK	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		10.5	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6.4	10.2		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	SRCLK	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		11.4	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6.4	10.2		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLK	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		11.4	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6.4	10		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	SRCLR	Q <sub>H'</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		11.1	ns	
				$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		5.7	10.6		
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		12		
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		6.8	10.6		
t <sub>PZL</sub>	ŌE	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		12	ns	
				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		3.5	10.3		
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌE	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		11	ns	
				$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		3.4	10.3		
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	$Q_A - Q_H$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1		11	ns	

(1) On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



V IN: ww.ti.co	STRUMENTS      SN74AHC595        m      SCLS373N – MAY 1996 – REVISED JULY 2024
SRCLK	
SER	
RCLK	
SRCLR	
OE	
QA	
QB	
QC	
QD	
QE	
QF	
QG	
Q <sub>H</sub>	
Q <sub>H′</sub>	

NOTE: NOTE:

### Figure 5-1. Timing Diagram

## 5.10 Operating Characteristics

V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	ТҮР	UNIT
C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance	No load,	f = 1 MHz	25.2	pF



## **5.11 Typical Characteristics**

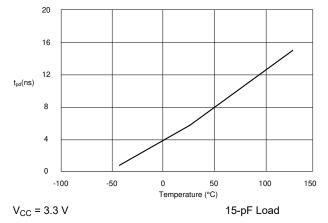
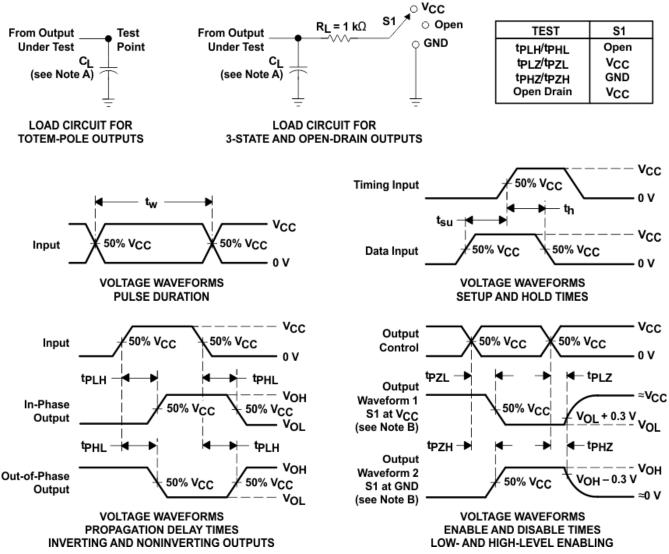


Figure 5-2. SN74AHC595 RCLK to Q TPD vs Temperature



### **6** Parameter Measurement Information



- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control.
  Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  3 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  3 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.
- E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

#### Figure 6-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



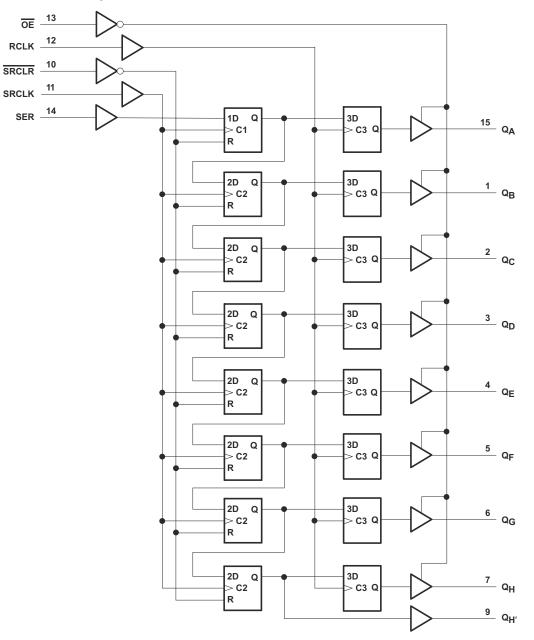
### 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The SN74AHC595 device is part of the AHC family of logic devices intended for CMOS applications. The SN74HC595 device is an 8-bit shift register that feeds an 8-bit D-type storage register.

Both the shift-register clock (SRCLK) and storage-register clock (RCLK) are positive-edge triggered. If both clocks are connected together, the shift register is always one clock pulse ahead of the storage register.

#### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram





### 7.3 Feature Description

The SN74AHC595 device is an 8-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift registers that have a wide operating voltage range from 2 V to 5.5 V and a low current consumption of  $40-\mu A$  (max)  $I_{CC}$ .

#### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

INPUTS					FUNCTION
SER	SRCLK	SRCLR	RCLK	ŌĒ	FUNCTION
Х	X	Х	Х	Н	Outputs $Q_A - Q_H$ are disabled.
Х	X	Х	Х	L	Outputs $Q_A - Q_H$ are enabled.
Х	X	L	Х	Х	Shift register is cleared.
L	↑ (	Н	х	x	First stage of the shift register goes low. Other stages store the data of previous stage, respectively.
н	↑ (	Н	х	х	First stage of the shift register goes high. Other stages store the data of previous stage, respectively.
Х	Х	Х	↑	Х	Shift-register data is stored into the storage register.

#### Table 7-1. Function Table



### 8 Application and Implementation

#### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 8.1 Application Information

The SN74AHC595 device is a low-drive CMOS device that can be used for a multitude of bus-interface type applications where output ringing is a concern. The low drive and slow edge rates minimize overshoot and undershoot on the outputs. Figure 8-1 shows an application where eight LEDs are used to visualize the data bits contained within the shift register.

### 8.2 Typical Application

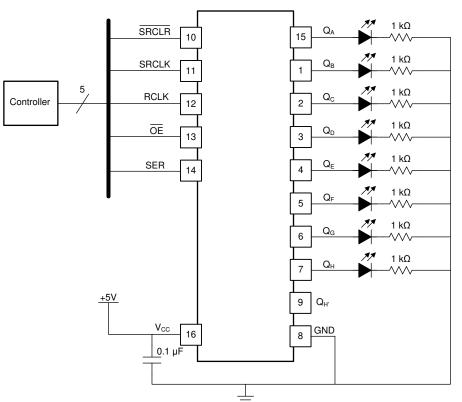


Figure 8-1. Shift Register Display of 8 bits

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Care must be taken to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. The high drive will also create fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions must be considered to prevent ringing.

#### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Recommended input conditions:
  - Specified high and low levels. See (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>) in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
  - Specified high and low levels. See (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>) in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 6.0 V at any valid  $V_{CC}$





- Recommend output conditions:
  - Load currents must not exceed 25 mA per output and 75 mA total for the part
  - Outputs must not be pulled above V<sub>CC</sub>

#### 8.2.3 Application Curve

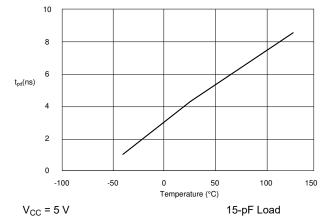


Figure 8-2. SN74AHC595 RCLK to Q TPD vs Temperature



#### 8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the MIN and MAX supply-voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

Each  $V_{CC}$  pin must have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1-µf capacitor is recommended; if there are multiple  $V_{CC}$  pins, then a 0.01-µf or a 0.022-µf capacitor is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1-µf and a 1-µf capacitor are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor must be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

#### 8.4 Layout

#### 8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-bit logic devices, inputs must never float.

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such input pins must **not** be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections results in undefined operational states. Figure 8-3 specifies the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, these unused inputs will be tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is generally acceptable to float outputs, unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output-enable pin, it will disable the output section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I/Os, so they cannot float when disabled.

#### 8.4.2 Layout Example

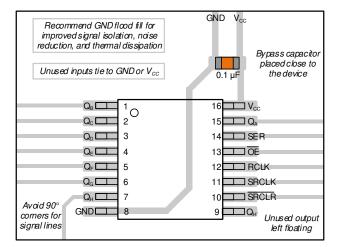


Figure 8-3. Example Layout for the SN74AHC595



### 9 Device and Documentation Support

#### 9.1 Documentation Support

#### 9.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, wee the following:

Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004

#### 9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

#### 9.3 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

#### 9.4 Trademarks

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 9.6 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### **10 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

С	hanges from Revision M (April 2024) to Revision N (July 2024)	Page
•	Updated R $\theta$ JA value: D = 73 to 93.8, all values in °C/W	6

С	hanges from Revision L (March 2024) to Revision M (April 2024)	Page
•	Updated thermal values for PW package from RθJA = 106.1 to 135.9, RθJC(top) = 40.8 to 70.3, RθJB	= 51.1
	to 81.3, ΨJT = 3.8 to 22.5, ΨJB = 50.6 to 80.8, all values in °C/W	<mark>6</mark>
•	Added Typical Characteristics	12
•	Updated Layout Example	

### 11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
							(6)				
SN74AHC595BQBR	ACTIVE	WQFN	BQB	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AHC595	Samples
SN74AHC595D	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	AHC595	
SN74AHC595DBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HA595	Samples
SN74AHC595DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AHC595	Samples
SN74AHC595N	ACTIVE	PDIP	Ν	16	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 125	SN74AHC595N	Samples
SN74AHC595PW	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	HA595	
SN74AHC595PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HA595	Samples
SN74AHC595PWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HA595	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74AHC595 :

Automotive : SN74AHC595-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



Texas

STRUMENTS

### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AHC595BQBR	WQFN	BQB	16	3000	180.0	12.4	2.8	3.8	1.2	4.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC595DBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.35	6.6	2.4	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74AHC595DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74AHC595DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC595PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC595PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC595PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74AHC595PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

10-Oct-2024



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AHC595BQBR	WQFN	BQB	16	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
SN74AHC595DBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AHC595DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74AHC595DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	340.5	336.1	32.0
SN74AHC595PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74AHC595PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74AHC595PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74AHC595PWRG4	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0

### TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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### TUBE



## - B - Alignment groove width

\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	Τ (μm)	B (mm)
SN74AHC595N	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74AHC595N	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



# **PW0016A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

# TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



# PW0016A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



# PW0016A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



<sup>8.</sup> Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

# **DB0016A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

# SSOP - 2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not

- exceed 0.15 mm per side. 4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-150.



# DB0016A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

# SSOP - 2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



# DB0016A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

# SSOP - 2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



<sup>7.</sup> Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

# **BQB 16**

# **GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW**

# WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

2.5 x 3.5, 0.5 mm pitch

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.





# **BQB0016A**

# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

## WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLAT PACK-NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.



# **BQB0016A**

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLAT PACK-NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

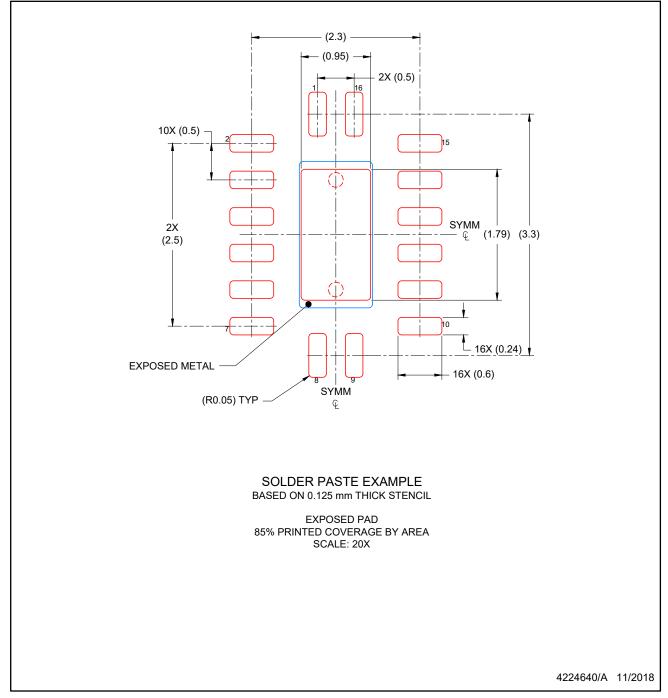


# **BQB0016A**

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLAT PACK-NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



# N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- $\triangle$  The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.



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