

IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINE

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## PURCHASE ORDER CHANGE MESSAGE

00000

**VERSION 3** 

00000

## BASED ON

## EDIFICE D.97A ORDCHG MESSAGE, ISSUE EDOC04

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## INTRODUCTION

This guide was developed by members of the Texas Instruments EDI message development Group. It is based on the guide developed by members of the Electronics Industry through the associations representing Europe (EDIFICE), Japan (EIAJ) and the USA (EIDX). It represents and is specific to the usage as specified by Texas Instruments.

### COMPARISON TO PREVIOUS ISSUE

This release includes the changes that have been made to the issue 3 of the Purchase Change Request document endorsed by the EDIFICE Plenary on 13 April 1994. The changes are as follows:

- Removal of the following segment groups/segments:

FTX segment SG1, DTM segment SG4, RFF segment SG6, COM segment SG7, TAX segment SG9, PAT, PCD segments SG10, TDT segment SG12, TOD, LOC segments SG13, PAC segment SG14, PCI segment SG19, ALC segment SG21, PCD segment SG22, MOA segment SG24, TAX segment SG26, FTX segment SG31, DTM segment SG32, PAC, QTY segments SG34, PCI segment SG36, TAX segment SG41, ALC segment SG42, QTY segment SG43, PCD segment SG44, MOA segment SG46, TAX segment SG51, RFF segment - Deletion of the following code values: All DTM segments, DE 2379, code 101 YYMMDD SG1, RFF segment, C 506, DE 1153, code AAA Acknowledgement of order number AAD Contract addendum number BO Blanket order number SG3, NAD segment, DE 3035, code AK Acknowledgement recipient FW Freight forwarder IV Invoicee SE Seller C 082, DE 3055, code 9 EAN, 16 DUNS SG6, CTA segment, DE 3139, code SC Schedule contact SG26, LIN segment, DE 1229, code 10 Not found C 212, DE 7143, DI Distributors part number, EN EAN number, MF Manufacturers number, UP UPC DE 3055, 9 EAN, 89 Assigned by Distributor, 90 Assigned by Manufacturer, 113 US, UCC SG26, PIA segment, C 212, DE 7143, codes All except BP Buyers part number, EC Engineering change level VP Vendors part number DE 3055, 9 EAN, 89 Assigned by Distributor, 90 Assigned by Manufacturer, 113 US, UCC SG26, IMD segment, DE 7077, code C Code SG26, QTY segment, C 186, DE 6063, code 70 Cumulative quantity received 73 Outstanding quantity C 186, DE 6411, code All except PCE Piece SG30, PRI segment, C 509, DE 5125, code AAB Calculation gross C 186, DE 6411, code All except PCE Piece SG31, RFF segment, C 506, DE 1153, code All except LI Line item reference number SG39, DOC segment, C 002, DE 1001, code 861 Certificate of origin SG52, DTM segment, C 507, DE 2005, code 10 Shipment date/time - Change of usage SG26, IMD segment, DE 7081 from O to N - Where UN/ECE Recommendations are referenced the most commonly used codes have been identified. - Alignment of segments and composite data elements to ensure conformance (data harmonization) across all EDIFICE Implementation Guidelines, - Update of the REFERENCES and EXPLANATORY NOTES section to comply with the EDIFICE Standards for Documentation of Message Implementation Guidelines issue 3, - Update of examples, - Documentation adjustments resulting from the use of GEFEG's EdiFix Message Implementation Guidelines documentation tool, - Correction of typographical errors.

## FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION

### Introduction

It is advised to read the functional definition and study the message guideline examples thoroughly before implementing any of the three messages.

EDIFICE provides three interrelated messages for the purchase ordering process: The Purchase Order (ORDERS), the Purchase Order Change Request (ORDCHG) and the Purchase Order Response (ORDRSP). Together they are used to form a purchase order cycle.

This usage has been created with the intention of satisfying about eighty percent of the electronics industry EDI ordering requirements. It is a 'core' set of segments for the order transaction. During the development of this document it has been recognised that there are further requirements that are special to certain areas of the electronics industry. These requirements will need to be considered under a separate document.

### EDI Business Architecture for the Order cycle

The traditional order cycle caters for the ordering of materials and/or services under a business or commercial agreement. It is assumed that this agreement defines all standard, basic trading terms and conditions as agreed between the two parties. As such, all three messages used in the traditional order cycle always constitute a business transaction under this agreement, to which they will refer for basic terms and conditions.

Notes

Buyer calculates requirements and places purchase orders, based upon agreed standard product and pricing info, or upon Request for Quote/Quotes.

Buyer	Purchase Order		1	Seller
Purchasing	Purchase Order Ack	- +	2 ⊦ 3	Sales/Order
÷÷	< Change Order	-+	4	÷÷
	Change Order Ack <	-+ -+	5	

- 1 Buyer generates (stand-alone) Purchase Order using ORDERS.
- 2 Seller responds with Order Response using ORDRSP.
- 3 Seller-initiated changes done via Order Response using ORDRSP.
- 4A Change Orders issued from buyer to convey buyer-initiated changes using ORDCHG.
- 4B Change Orders issued from buyer to notify seller of non-acceptance of seller-initiated changes using ORDCHG (exception process).
- 4C Change Orders issued from buyer to notify seller of acceptance of seller-initiated changes using ORDCHG (option)
- 5A Seller acknowledges Buyer-Initiated Change Orders via Order Response using ORDRSP. This ends the loop.
- 5B Seller acknowledges Change Orders issued by Buyer, as a result of Seller-initiated changes using ORDRSP. This ends the loop.

### Order Cycle Principles

- The original Purchase Order should refer to a business or commercial agreement. Any subsequent message to the original Purchase Order should refer to the original Purchase Order. In doing so, reference to the business or commercial agreement for the business transaction is given indirectly. Therefore, no reference to the contract or quote agreement needs to be specified in Purchase Order Change Requests or Purchase Order Responses following the Purchase Order unless a Purchase Order Change Request is issued to add line items to the Purchase Order.
- If references to more than one contract/quote exist in the same order cycle, an overall agreement applicable to all contracts/quotes involved regarding payment terms, terms of delivery (i.e. data at header level) is needed between the business partners, as this information cannot be conveyed per contract/quote in the EDI message.
- It is recommended to exclude all information that could be previously agreed in a business or commercial agreement from the EDI messages.

Examples thereof are TAX, PAT, PCD, TDT, TOD and LOC. Use these segments only if the information needs to be conveyed at the time of ordering.

- One item number (Product Number) agreed to be the primary reference number between the buyer and the seller should be used to identify the item being ordered. Only if a service is ordered for which no code identification exists, may the primary reference be replaced by an item description.
- To identify the individual items being ordered (SG28), the combination of the Buyer's original Document Number (BGM DE1004) and the Buyer's original line number (RFF in SG33 DE1156) will normally be used. Any other means of identification must be agreed upon by the trading partners in the Trading Partner Agreement.
- All information related to purchased goods or services must be specified at the line item level, to avoid any ambiguity. Thus each line item can be treated as an order.
- It is strongly advised not to take minor corrective actions or changes via EDI. One of the objectives of EDI is to provide good data. Should bad data be transmitted or should a change request occur for administrative data in the Header section, then corrective action would normally take place via other means than EDI.
- The use of free text in the messages is highly discouraged.
- Business partners must agree either to send contract/quote information at header level or at line level, all through the order cycle. It is recommended to have these references at the header level for simplicity of processing.

In order to keep the interrelation between the three messages unambiguous, a couple of key definitions and basic assumptions in the information flow need to be clarified.

- If a Purchase Order has more than one line item, it has to be considered as a collection of one line item Purchase Orders being identified by the Purchase Order number and the line item number. Each line item therefore has its own life cycle.
- Each transmitted message in the order cycle must have a unique document number in BGM DE 1004.

EDIFICE recommends to keep all references to preceding messages (except for the reference to the original Purchase Order) at detail level in the RFF segment in SG33. Only if mutually agreed between trading partners and if these references are the same for all line items they may be given at header level in the RFF segment in SG1 and not at the detail level.

### Purchase Order Change Request

The Purchase Order Change Request is issued to:

- Request a modification of a previously sent Purchase Order,
- Request a modification of previously sent Purchase Order Change Request/Requests,
- Respond to amendments as proposed in one or many previously sent Purchase Order Response/Responses by the seller,
- State acceptance to amendments as proposed in one or many previously sent Purchase Order Response/Responses by the seller.

A change may NOT be requested on:

- Following information in the Header section: Original Purchase Order number, Currency and the identification of buyer and seller. These changes may only be requested by deleting the line items of the referenced message and placing a new order. Deletion of one, many or all line items involved in a transaction is indicated in LIN, DE 1229, for each separate line item using the value '2' (deleted).
- Those data elements which identify the individual items being ordered (RFF in SG33). These changes may only be requested by deleting the referenced line item and adding a new one.
- The information which identifies the item ordered (LIN DE 7140).

A Purchase Order Change Request must always refer to the original Purchase Order at Header level. Furthermore, the last received Purchase Order Response proposing a change to a line item by the seller or the last transmitted Purchase Order Change Request requesting amendments to a line item by the buyer should be referenced at Detail level for the line item concerned (if any). Only if mutually agreed between trading partners and if these references are the same for all line items they may be given at header level in the RFF segment in SG1 and not at the detail level.

The following data must be transmitted:

- Those required to identify the individual items being ordered (RFF in SG33).
- All segments below the LIN segment, when there is a proposed change in one of them.

It is up to the trading partners to decide whether to transmit the entire detail section (including those line items which have not been changed) or only those line items which have changed.

Trading partners may by mutual agreement decide to make the sending of "scheduling conditions (SCC/QTY/DTM) as it was BEFORE the now transmitted message" optional if the information is not needed in their business relationship.

A single segment group SCC must always precede a single SG52, except when there is a request to split the previous schedule. It is recommended to send the previous schedules before the current schedules, either on a one to one basis or grouped together. This must be previously agreed by the trading partners.

It is also up to the trading partners to agree whether quantities previously ordered and received are included in the QTY segments of SG52.

Any change request on information open for change in the header section will automatically apply to the whole original purchase order.

When a line item in the Purchase Order Change Request is sent as "deleted", "not found" or "not amended" by means of the appropriate code for DE 1229 of the LIN segment, no underlying segments of the LIN need to be transmitted except for the RFF segments specifying the original Purchase Order line number and the preceding message document number (if any). If information in the underlying segment is transmitted, all relevant underlying segments must be transmitted.

### Purchase Order Response

A Purchase Order Response is issued to:

- State acceptance to the conditions set out in the Purchase Order or Purchase Order Change Request/Requests as requested by the buyer.
- Propose a modification of the previously received Purchase Order
- · Propose a modification of previously received Purchase Order Change Request/Requests

Any change request conveyed in an ORDRSP by the seller is to be considered as a proposal.

In case of non-acceptance by the seller, the Purchase Order Response may not propose changes to:

- The Header section except for SG19 (Allowance or charge) of the referenced message. These may only be proposed by not accepting the line items of the referenced message. Non-acceptance of one, many or all line items involved in the transaction is indicated in LIN, DE 1229 for each separate line item using the value '7' (Not accepted).
- Those data elements which identify the individual items being ordered (RFF in SG33).
- The information which identifies the item ordered (LIN DE 7140).

A Purchase Order Response must always refer to the original Purchase Order at Header level. Furthermore, the last received Purchase Order Change Request requesting amendments to a line item by the buyer should be referenced at Detail level for the line item concerned (if any). Only if mutually agreed between trading partners and if these references are the same for all line items they may be given at header level in the RFF segment in SG1 and not at the detail level.

Note that a Purchase Order Response never references the last transmitted Purchase Order Response for the line item in question. The Purchase Order Response is always sent in response to the last received message from the buyer.

The following data must be transmitted:

- That required to identify the individual items being ordered (RFF in SG33).
- All segments below the LIN segment, when there is a proposed change in one of them.

Acknowledgement, confirmation and proposed amendments may be mixed within the message using the appropriate code in LIN.

It is up to the trading partners to decide whether to transmit the entire detail section (including those line items which have not been acted upon) or only those line items which have been acted upon.

Trading partners may by mutual agreement decide to make the sending of "scheduling conditions (SCC/QTY/DTM) as it was BEFORE the now transmitted message" optional if the information is not needed in their business relationship.

A single segment group SCC must always precede a single SG52, except when there is a proposal to split the previous schedule. It is recommended to send the requested schedules before the proposed schedules, either on a one to one basis or grouped together. This must be previously agreed by the trading partners.

It is also up to the trading partners to agree whether quantities previously ordered and received are included in the QTY segments of SG52.

A proposed change to SG19 (Allowance or charge) will automatically apply to the whole purchase order.

When a line item in the Purchase Order Response is acknowledged as "no action", "accepted without amendment", "not accepted", "deleted" or "not found", by means of the appropriate code for DE 1229 of the LIN segment, no underlying segments of the referenced LIN need to be transmitted except for the RFF segments specifying the original Purchase Order line number and the preceding message from the buyer, i.e. preceding Purchase Order Change Request document number (if any). If information in the underlying segments is transmitted, all relevant underlying segments must be transmitted.

### Structure of references and scheduling conditions

(for further clarification, see Example 4)

The three messages involved in the purchase order cycle interact at line item level. For example, an original Purchase Order or a Purchase Order Change Request with multiple line items may be responded to with several different Purchase Order Responses. Each one of the Responses may contain responses to one or many of the requested line items of the original Purchase Order or Purchase Order Change Request. Accordingly, a Purchase Order Change Request may contain amendments to one or many line items of a previously transmitted Purchase Order, Purchase Order Change Request or received Purchase Order Response.

Also, the line items that are being responded to in a Purchase Order Response may originate from a Purchase Order or from several Purchase Order Change Requests or from both the original Purchase Order and one or many previous Purchase Order Change Requests. The line items that are being amended in a Purchase Order Change Request may, according to the same principle, originate from several different preceding messages.

Basically, there is an interrelated mechanism in the messages which enable the interaction at line item level: the reference to the previously sent message at line item level, which automatically gives the reference to the previously communicated scheduling conditions for the line item in question.

ORDERS

BGM	:	purchase order number
RFF (SG1)	:	contract/quote information
RFF (SG33)	:	line number
QTY (SG54)	:	ordered quantity
DTM (SG54)	:	requested delivery/shipment date

• ORDRSP

	BGM	:	purchase order response number
	RFF (SG1)	:	purchase order number
	RFF (SG31)	:	line number
	RFF (SG31)	:	preceding Purchase Order Change document number for this line item
a)	QTY (SG52)	:	ordered quantity
	DTM (SG52)	:	requested delivery/shipment date
b)	QTY (SG52)	:	quantity to be delivered
	DTM (SG52)	:	schedule delivery/shipment date

ORDCHG

and

	BGM	:	purchase order change request number
	RFF (SG1)	:	purchase order number
	RFF (SG31)	:	line number
	RFF (SG31)	:	preceding message document number for this line item (Purchase Order Change or Purchase Order Response)
a)	QTY (SG52)	:	previous order quantity
	DTM (SG52)	:	superseded date
b)	QTY (SG52)	:	proposed new order quantity
	DTM (SG52)	:	schedule delivery/shipment date

Any subsequent Purchase Order Change or Purchase Order Response to the original order should include a) the scheduling conditions (QTY/DTM) as they were BEFORE the now transmitted message, if agreed by the trading partners,

b) the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions except where SG52 is used for positioning or where a line item is being added (see message details for further explanation).

The situation a) is always retrieved from the preceding message for the line item in question.

The preceding message for the line item is always referenced in the RFF segment in SG31.

The original Purchase Order for the line item (and for all line items in the same subsequent message) is always referenced in the RFF segment in SG1.

If no preceding message exists other than the original Purchase Order, there will be no reference in SG31 except for the line number reference. If this is the case, situation a) should be retrieved from the original Purchase Order.

For each line item, there can only be one reference to the preceding message at line item level as there can only ever be one preceding message for that line item.

#### Identified timing problem:

A mismatch in the referencing mechanism might appear if the buyer and the seller transmit messages involving the same line item/items at the same time. It is up to the business partners to agree on how to handle the situation if it should occur.

## REFERENCES

UN/EDIFACT DIRECTORY D.97A 1996-12-10 - DRAFT RECOMMENDATION PURCHASE ORDER CHANGE MESSAGE : ORDCHG Message Type : D Version Release : 97A Controlling Agency : UN Revision : 7 Date : 96-12-13 - DATA SEGMENTS DIRECTORY - COMPOSITE DATA ELEMENTS DIRECTORY - DATA ELEMENTS DIRECTORY - CODE LISTS ISO Standards - ISO 9735 UN/EDIFACT - Applications level syntax rules First edition 1988-07-15 Amended and Reprinted 1990-11-15 - ISO 3166 Code for the Representation of Names of Countries Date : 1993 - ISO 4217 Code for the Representation of Currencies and Funds Date : 1995 See also web-site : http://www.iso.ch UN/ECE Recommendations - No 5 Alphabetic Code for Incoterms 1990 Date : January 1996 - No 16 UN/LOCODE - Code for Ports and other Locations Date : January 1996 - No 19 Codes for Mode of Transport Date : November 1994 - No 20 Codes for Units of Measure used in International Trade Date : August 1995 - No 21 Codes for Types of Cargo, Packages and Packaging Material Date : March 1986 See also web-site: http://www.unece.org/trade/facil/tf\_rec\_h.htm Core European Implementation Guidelines - Introduction Date : 1996-01-22 - Purchase Order Change UN/EDIFACT Directory : 92.1/D.93A Date : 1996-01-22 EDIFICE - Standards for Documentation of the EDIFICE Implementation Guidelines Issue : 3 Date : 1997-09-24 - EDIFICE Utilisation of the UN/EDIFACT Service Segments Issue : 3 Date : 1997-09-24

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

General

The following abbreviations are used within this document:

DE = Data Element

CO = Composite Data Element

SG = Segment Group

The following codes are used to indicate, in a more detailed and precise way than UN/EDIFACT, the usage of the data concerned in the EDIFICE Message Implementation Guidelines:

Ul	I/EDIFACT	EDIFICE				
М	(Mandatory)	М	(Mandatory)			
С	(Conditional)	R	(Required)			
С	(Conditional)	D	(Depending)			
С	(Conditional)	A	(Advised)			
С	(Conditional)	0	(Optional)			
С	(Conditional)	Ν	(Not Used)			

- Mandatory = UN/EDIFACT dictates that the Data Element, Composite Data Element, Segment or Segment Group must be present.
- Required = Indicates that the entity is required and must be sent.
- Depending = Indicates that the entity must be sent if a particular defined condition or set of conditions exists. The associated conditions must be explained at the appropriate level of detail.
- Advised = Indicates that the entity is advised or recommended and should be sent if previously agreed between the trading partners.
- Optional = Indicates that the entity is optional and may be sent if previously agreed between the trading partners.
- Not Used = Indicates that the entity is not used and should be omitted.

Where a Composite Data Element is indicated as 'Not Used', the column 'usage status' for the Data Elements will remain blank.

The number of occurrences shown in the EDIFICE Message Diagrams indicates the required or maximum number of occurrences for the entity utilisation.

The EDIFICE usage status and number of occurrences for segments or segment groups will be represented analogue to the representation of data elements e.g.:

R3 The segment or group is required 3 times (fixed number)

R..3 The segment or group is required up to 3 times (maximum number)

The following table indicates the number of integer and decimal digits to be used for numeric data elements when needed:

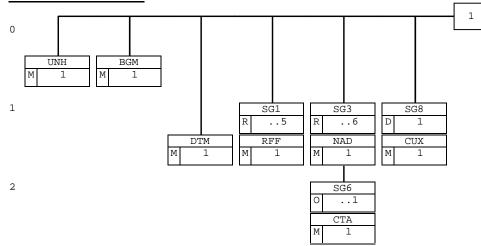
Numeric Class	Representation Digits	Integer Digits	Decimals
Dimensions	n18	15	3
Quantities	n15	12	3
Volumes	n18	15	3
Weights	n18	15	3
Unit Prices	n15	11	4
Amounts	n18	15	3
Currency Rates	n12	б	6
Percentages	n8	3	5

EDIFICE recommends that where there are significant decimals, these are explicitly stated using a decimal mark in a character position. Similarly the minus sign should be used to explicitly state a negative value.

Consistent use of the date/time/period format should be adhered to throughout the entire message. EDIFICE recommends only to use the 'CCYYMMDD' format.

#### MESSAGE STRUCTURE CHART M1 UNH MESSAGE HEADER BGM BEGINNING OF MESSAGE M1 DTM DATE/TIME/PERIOD M1 \_\_\_SG1 R..5 RFF REFERENCE M1 \_\_\_\_SG3 R..6 NAD NAME AND ADDRESS M1 \_SG6 0..1 \_\_CTA CONTACT INFORMATION M1 \_\_\_SG8 D1 \_\_ CUX CURRENCIES M1 R..9999 LIN LINE ITEM M1 PIA ADDITIONAL PRODUCT ID D..2 D1 IMD ITEM DESCRIPTION QTY QUANTITY D..3 ALI ADDITIONAL INFORMATION 01 \_SG30 D1 \_\_ PRI PRICE DETAILS M1 R..6 RFF M1 REFERENCE \_SG37 0..2 NAME AND ADDRESS M1 NAD \_SG39 D..2 \_ DOC DOCUMENT/MESSAGE DETAILS M1 D..100 \_SG51 SCC SCHEDULING CONDITIONS M1 \_SG52 R..10 QTY QUANTITY M1 DTM DATE/TIME/PERIOD R1 M1 UNS SECTION CONTROL MESSAGE TRAILER UNT M1

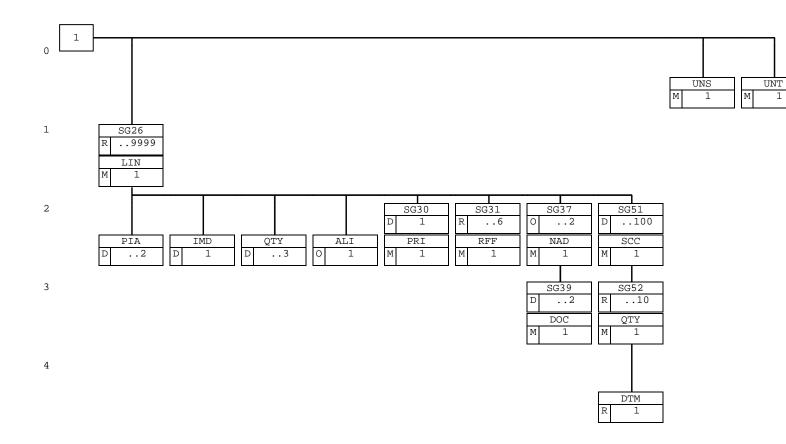
## BRANCHING DIAGRAM



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## SEGMENT GROUPS/SEGMENTS DESCRIPTION

UNH MESSAGE HEADER

Function: A service segment heading, and uniquely identifying the message. Usaqe : M1

#### BGM BEGINNING OF MESSAGE

Function: A segment uniquely identifying the message by means of its coded name, number and function. Usaqe : M1

#### DTM DATE/TIME/PERIOD

Function: A segment specifying the date of creation of the message. Usage : M1

#### SG1 ਸਤਸ

Function: A group of segments referencing documents and their dates, relating to the whole message. : R..5 Usage A Purchase Order Change Request must refer to the original Purchase Order at header Notes : level.

Reference to a preceding transmitted Purchase Order Change Request or received Purchase Order Response for each line item should be given at the detail level in the RFF segment in SG31. Only if mutually agreed between trading partners and if this reference is the same for all line items may it be given here and not at detail level.

Only if the whole Purchase Order Change Request is issued to add line items to the referenced original Purchase Order, one or more RFF segments specifying contract or quote information for the added line items should be present, preferably at header level. If this is the case, then the information should not differ from that sent in the original Purchase Order message. If this information is given at detail level, it must not appear here. The DTM segment must be sent where local law requires the date of a reference document to

be sent.

#### RFF REFERENCE

Function: A segment specifying a document reference number. Usage : M1

#### SG3 NAD-SG6

Function: A group of segments identifying the parties involved and their associated information, relevant to the whole message. Usage : R..6 : The NAD segments that identify the buyer and seller must be present and may not be Notes

different from the ones on the original Purchase Order message.

#### NAME AND ADDRESS NAD

Function: A segment identifying the function and coded identification, name and address of a party involved. : M1 Usage

#### CTA-COM SG6

Function: A group of segments giving contact details of the specific person or department within the identified buying party involved, to whom communication should be directed. Usage : 0..1

Notes : This segment group will only be used under the NAD identifying the buyer.

#### CONTACT INFORMATION CTA

Function: A segment identifying a person or department, and their function. Usage : M1

#### SG8 CUX

Function: A group of segments specifying the currency, valid for the whole message. Usage : D1

Notes : The currency must be specified if prices and/or amounts are sent, and can not be different from that specified in the referenced original Purchase Order.

## CUX CURRENCIES

Function: A segment specifying the order currency for all prices and/or amounts. Usage : M1

#### SG26 LIN-PIA-IMD-QTY-ALI-FTX-SG30-SG31-SG37-SG41-SG51

Function: A group of segments providing details of the individual line items i.e. ordered products or services. Usage : R..9999 : When a referenced line item is sent as 'Deleted', 'Not found' or 'Not amended' by means Notes of the appropriate code for DE 1229 of the LIN segment, no underlying segments or segment groups of the LIN need be transmitted except for the RFF segments specifying the original Purchase Order line number and a preceding message document number. When a referenced line is added or changed, all relevant underlying segments or segment groups must be transmitted. The PIA segment is dependent on whether the primary reference to the line item being ordered is insufficient to identify the item. The IMD segment is used to provide an additional description of the primary reference to the line item being ordered. It may also be used for items that can not be identified by a code or article number. The QTY segment is used if quantity information is, or needs to be, specified. SG30 is used if a price is, or a change to a price needs to be, specified. SG51 is used if scheduling conditions are, or need to be, specified.

### LIN LINE ITEM

Function: A segment identifying a line item by its item number, and agreed to be the primary reference number between the buyer and seller. The segment also carries a sequence number assigned to the line item within the message, and the action taken.Usage : M1

#### PIA ADDITIONAL PRODUCT ID

Function: A segment providing additional identification numbers for the line item. Usage : D..10

#### IMD ITEM DESCRIPTION

Function: A segment specifying an additional description for the line item Usage : D1

#### QTY QUANTITY

Function: A segment specifying non-scheduled related quantity information for the line item. Usage : D..3

#### ALI ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Function: A segment indicating the country of origin for the line item Usage : Ol

#### SG30 PRI

Function: A group of segments specifying pricing information for the line item. Usage : D1 Notes :

#### PRI PRICE DETAILS

Function: A segment specifying the line item price and the qualifying information. Usage : M1

### SG31 RFF-DTM

Function	:	A group	of segme	ents s	specifyi	ng ref	erences	s for	the l	line	item	ι.				
Usage	:	R6														
Notes	:	The DTM	segment	must	be sent	where	local	law	requir	res t	he d	late	of a	reference	document	to
		be sent.														

#### RFF REFERENCE

Function: A segment specifying the line item reference number as given by the buyer. Usage : M1

#### SG37 NAD-SG39

#### NAD NAME AND ADDRESS

Function: A segment identifying either the buyer as the party requesting the certificates or the manufacturer's code, for the line item. Usage : M1

### SG39 DOC

Function: A group of segments specifying the certificates. Usage : D..2 Notes :

#### DOC DOCUMENT/MESSAGE DETAILS

Function: A segment specifying a requested certificate. Usage : M1

#### SG51 SCC-RFF-SG52

Function: A group of segments specifying previous and current firm scheduling conditions.
Usage : D..100
Notes : Trading partners must agree whether quantities previously ordered and received are included in the underlying QTY segments of SG52.
In any subsequent message related to the Purchase Order the original sequence of the scheduling conditions as specified on the original order, may not be disrupted. This means that the occurrences of SG51 belonging to one LIN on the original Purchase Order message or a subsequent Purchase Order Change Request message.
A single segment group SCC must always precede a single SG52, except when there is a request to split the previous schedule. It is recommended to send the previous schedules before the current schedules, either on a one to one basis or grouped together. This must be previously agreed by the trading partners.

#### SCC SCHEDULING CONDITIONS

Function: A segment specifying a firm delivery.
Usage : M1

### SG52 QTY-DTM

Notes : Where there is a change to the delivery date and/or the quantity scheduled, it is recommended that there should be at least two occurrences of SG52, used in the following way:

1) Indicating the previous schedule before the currently requested changes: QTY: DE 6063 '18' Previous quantity DTM: DE 2005 '42' Superseded date/time

2) Indicating the current schedule as requested by the buyer: QTY: DE 6063 '21' Ordered quantity DTM: DE 2005 '2' Delivery date/time, requested

In the case of a request to split the previous schedule, SG52 may be repeated as many times as needed (up to 9).

If a new schedule is requested, only combination 2) is required.

If a schedule is transmitted for positioning purposes, only combination 1) is required, HOWEVER: DE 2005 will carry either '2' or '10'.

If a schedule is requested to be deleted, it is recommended that both combination 1) and 2) are present, with QTY DE 6060 of the current schedule carrying the value zero and DTM DE 2380 carrying the previously requested schedule date.

If the original Purchase Order is the only preceding message for the line item, the "previous schedule before the currently requested changes" (combination 1) is retrieved from there. If a Purchase Order Change Request or a Purchase Order Response is the preceding message for the line item, combination 1 is retrieved from there. Reference to the original Purchase Order is found in the RFF segment in SG1. Reference to any other preceding message is found in the RFF segment in SG31.

#### QTY QUANTITY

Function: A segment specifying a quantity. Usage : M1

#### DTM DATE/TIME/PERIOD

Function: A segment specifying the corresponding date of the quantity. Usage : R1

### UNS SECTION CONTROL

Function: A service segment separating detail and summary section. Usage : M1

### UNT MESSAGE TRAILER

Function: A service segment ending, and providing information for checking the completeness of a message. Usage : M1

TI ORDCHG D.97A Version 3 Based on EDIFICE D.97A ORDCHG

UNH	MESSAGE	HEADER
UNH	MESSAGE	HEADER

Function: A service segment heading, and uniquely identifying the message. Usage : M1 Notes : Refer to EDIFICE Utilisation of the UN/EDIFACT Service Segments, Issue 3.

Ref.	Rep.		Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
0062 S009 0065	an6	M M	5 11	M M	
0052 0054 0051 0057 0068	an3 an2 an6	М М С	Message type version number Message type release number Controlling agency Association assigned code COMMON ACCESS REFERENCE		97A UN EDOC04
S010 0070 0073		М	STATUS OF THE TRANSFER Sequence message transfer number First/last sequence message transfer indication	Ν	

Function: A segment uniquely identifying the message by means of its coded name, number and function. Usage : M1

Notes :

Ref.	Rep.		Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
C002 1001	an3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R R	230 = Purchase order change request
1131 3055			Code list qualifier Code list responsible agency, coded	N N	
1000 C106	an35	C C	Document/message name DOCUMENT/MESSAGE IDENTIFICATION	N R	
1004 1056	an35 an9		,	R N	Purchase order change request number
1060 1225			Revision number MESSAGE FUNCTION, CODED	N R	9 = Original
		-			42 = Confirmation via specific means For confirmation of a Purchase Order Change Request already transmitted by other means
4343	an3	С	RESPONSE TYPE, CODED	Ν	

## DTM DATE/TIME/PERIOD

Function: A segment specifying the date of creation of the message. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.	Name	EDIFICE Utilisation				
	an3 I	DATE/TIME/PERIOD M Date/time/period qualifier		137 = Document/message date/time Date when the document is created			
		C Date/time/period C Date/time/period format qualifier		Purchase order change request date 102 = CCYYMMDD			

## SG1

RFF

Function: A segment specifying a document reference number. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.		Name			EDIFICE Utilisation
C506 1153 1154 1154	an35	M	REFERENCE Reference qualifier Reference number Line number	M M R N	GC ON PP	<ul> <li>Contract number</li> <li>Government contract number</li> <li>Order number (purchase) Reference to the original purchase order</li> <li>Purchase order change number Reference number assigned by a buyer for a revision of a purchase order for the line item</li> <li>Price quote number</li> </ul>
4000	an35	С	Reference version number	Ν		

NAD

SG3 NAD-SG6

## NAD NAME AND ADDRESS

Function: A segment identifying the function and coded identification, name and address of a party involved.

Usage : Ml

Notes : It is advised that the party identification CO C082 be used. When CO C082 cannot be used it is recommended to use the structured name and address CO C080 through DE 3207 rather than the unstructured one CO C058.

Ref.	Rep.	Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
3035	an3 M	PARTY QUALIFIER	М	BY = Buyer DP = Delivery party above must be sent, and it must not be different from those used in the original Purchase Order
C082 3039 1131 3055	C an35 M an3 C an3 C	Code list qualifier	A M N R	91 = Assigned by seller or seller's agent 92 = Assigned by buyer or buyer's agent
C058 3124 3124 3124 3124 3124 3124	an35 C an35 C	Name and address line Name and address line Name and address line Name and address line	D M O O O O	
C080 3036 3036 3036 3036 3036 3045	an35 C an35 C	Party name Party name Party name Party name Party name	D M O O O N	
C059 3042 3042 3042 3042 3042 3164 3229	C an35 M an35 C	STREET Street and number/p.o. box Street and number/p.o. box Street and number/p.o. box Street and number/p.o. box CITY NAME		
3251 3207	an9 C an3 C	POSTCODE IDENTIFICATION	D D	Use ISO 3166, 2 alpha code

CTA

## SG6 CTA-COM

## CTA CONTACT INFORMATION

Function: A segment identifying a person or department, and their function. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.	Name	EDIFICE Utilisation
3139 C056		CONTACT FUNCTION, CODED DEPARTMENT OR EMPLOYEE DETAILS	R PD = Purchasing contact R If a code is available use DE 3413, otherwise use DE 3412.
3413	an17	C Department or employee identification	D
3412	an35	C Department or employee	D

SG8

## CUX CURRENCIES

CUX

Function: A segment specifying the order currency for all prices and/or amounts. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.	Name	EDIFICE Utilisation	
C504 6347 6345 6343 6348 C504	an3 an3 an3 n4	C CURRENCY DETAILS M Currency details qualifier	R M 2 = Reference currency R Use ISO 4217, 3 alpha code R 9 = Order currency N	
6348 5402	an3 n4 n12	C Currency, coded C Currency qualifier C Currency rate base C RATE OF EXCHANGE C CURRENCY MARKET EXCHANGE, CO	ED N	

LIN	LINE ITEM
Function:	A segment identifying a line item by its item number, and agreed to be the primary reference number between the buyer and seller. The segment also carries a sequence number assigned to the line item within the message, and the action taken.
Usage :	Ml

: For a line item referring to a service which has no coded identification, the primary identification is found in segment IMD, rather than in CO C212. Notes

Ref.	Rep.	Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
1082	an6 C	LINE ITEM NUMBER	R	It is required to assign a number to the line items within a message. The number is assigned by the sender of the message. The first line item within a message will be numbered 1 and further line items will be incremented by 1 for each new line.
1229	an3 C	ACTION REQUEST/NOTIFICATION, CODED	R	The action request code on the Purchase Order Change Request indicates the action that the buyer requests from the seller, either in response to a seller initiated change, or as a change initiated by the buyer.
				<ol> <li>Added Buyer adds a line item to the original Purchase Order</li> <li>Deleted Buyer deletes a line item from the original Purchase Order</li> <li>Changed Buyer changes the line item with regard to the referenced message for the line item</li> <li>Not amended Used only if trading partners have agreed always to transmit the entire detail section (including those line items which have not been amended)</li> </ol>
				Information about a referenced message for the line item is found in the RFF segment in SG31. If no reference to a previously sent or received message exists in SG31, the referenced message is the original Purchase Order.
C212 7140 7143		C Item number	A R R	Primary reference BP = Buyer's part number VP = Vendor's (seller's) part number
3055		C Code list responsible agency, coded	N R	<pre>91 = Assigned by seller or seller's agent 92 = Assigned by buyer or buyer's agent</pre>
C829 5495 1082 1222	an3 (	C Line item number	N N	
7083	an3 C		N	

## PIA ADDITIONAL PRODUCT ID

Function: A segment providing additional identification numbers for the line item. Usage  $\ : \ {\rm D..2}$ 

Notes
 This segment is also used for acknowledging the item substitution as proposed in the preceding Purchase Order Response. If the substitution is accepted by the buyer, the substitution item merely replaces the previous secondary item number in the PIA segment. If not accepted, corrective action should take place via other means than EDI. The 5 internal repetitions of CO C212 may be used, but EDIFICE recommends to only use the first occurrence.

Ref.	Rep.	Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
4347	an3 M	PRODUCT ID. FUNCTION QUALIFIER	М	1 = Additional identification
C212	М	ITEM NUMBER IDENTIFICATION	М	
7140	an35 C	Item number	R	
7143	an3 C	Item number type, coded	R	BP = Buyer's part number
				EC = Engineering change level
1101	2 9			<pre>VP = Vendor's (seller's) part number</pre>
3055		Code list qualifier	N	
3055	an3 C	Code list responsible agency, coded	R	91 = Assigned by seller or seller's agent 92 = Assigned by buyer or buyer's agent
C212	C	ITEM NUMBER IDENTIFICATION	0	As for first CO C212
7140		Item number	R	
7143		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R	
1131		<u>-</u>	Ν	
3055	an3 C	Code list responsible agency, coded	R	
C212	С	ITEM NUMBER IDENTIFICATION	0	As for first CO C212
7140	an35 C	Item number	R	
7143		Item number type, coded	R	
1131			N	
3055	an3 C	Code list responsible agency, coded	R	
C212	C	ITEM NUMBER IDENTIFICATION	0	As for first CO C212
7140	an35 C	Item number	R	
7143		11 .	R	
1131	an3 C		Ν	
3055	an3 C	Code list responsible agency, coded	R	
C212	С	ITEM NUMBER IDENTIFICATION	0	As for first CO C212
7140	an35 C	Item number	R	
7143	an3 C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R	
1131	an3 C		Ν	
3055	an3 C	Code list responsible agency, coded	R	

## IMD ITEM DESCRIPTION

Function: A segment specifying an additional description for the line item
Usage : D1
Notes :

Ref.	Rep.		Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
7077	an3	С	ITEM DESCRIPTION TYPE, CODED	D	F = Free-form
7081	an3	С	ITEM CHARACTERISTIC, CODED	Ν	
C273		С	ITEM DESCRIPTION	D	Use DE 7009 for a coded description. If no code is available use DE 7008 instead.
7009	an17	C	Item description identification	Ν	
1131	an3	С	Code list qualifier	Ν	
3055	an3	С	Code list responsible agency, coded	Ν	
7008	an35	С	Item description	D	Description
7008	an35	С	Item description	0	
3453	an3	С	Language, coded	Ν	
7383	an3	С	SURFACE/LAYER INDICATOR, CODED	Ν	

#### SG26 LIN-PIA-IMD-QTY-ALI-FTX-SG30-SG31-SG37-SG41-SG51

#### QTY QUANTITY

Function: A segment specifying non-scheduled related quantity information for the line item. : D.3 : The measure unit qualifier used in DE 6411 applies to all the underlying QTY segments. Usage

Notes

Ref.	Rep.	Name	EDIFICE Utilisation	
C186 6063	an3	M QUANTITY DETAILS M Quantity qualifier	M M 3 = Cumulative quantity This is the sum of the underlying QTY segments of SG52, which reflect the new, proposed order schedule.	
	n15 an3	M Quantity C Measure unit qualifier	M R PCE = piece	

## ALI ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Function: A segment indicating the country of origin for the line item
Usage : 01
Notes :

Ref.	Rep.		Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
3239 9213			COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, CODED TYPE OF DUTY REGIME, CODED	R N	Use ISO 3166, 2 alpha code
			SPECIAL CONDITIONS, CODED	N	
4183	an3	С	SPECIAL CONDITIONS, CODED	Ν	
4183	an3	С	SPECIAL CONDITIONS, CODED	Ν	
4183	an3	С	SPECIAL CONDITIONS, CODED	Ν	
4183	an3	С	SPECIAL CONDITIONS, CODED	Ν	

SG30

## PRI PRICE DETAILS

PRI

Function: A segment specifying the line item price and the qualifying information. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.		Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
C509 5125 5118 5375	n15	M C	PRICE INFORMATION Price qualifier Price Price type, coded	R M R R	<pre>AAA = Calculation net CA = Catalogue CP = Current price Taken from code list DE 5387 CT = Contract DI = Distributor PV = Provisional price QT = Quoted</pre>
			Price type qualifier Unit price basis	N R	
6411 5213	an3	С	Measure unit qualifier SUB-LINE PRICE CHANGE, CODED	R N	PCE = piece

RFF

## SG31 RFF-DTM

-	rence number as given by the buyer. umber is to be specified use DE 1156 qualified by
For all other references use DE 1154 wi given at header level it must not appea	th the relevant qualifier. If this information is r here. ntract and/or quote number should be specified
Name	EDIFICE Utilisation
gi If	iven at header level it must not appea f a line item is added the relevant co ere or at header level.

Ref.	Ref. Rep. Name		EDIFICE Utilisation		
C506	M an3 M an35 C	Name REFERENCE Reference qualifier Reference number Line number	M D D	EDIFICE Utilisation LI = Line item reference number Within an order this must be a unique number which will be the key for identification of the line item. The number is assigned by the buyer, and it can only be assigned once during the lifetime of the order. It will be used, where needed, to refer to the original line	
4000	an35 C	Reference version number	Ν	item on any subsequent transactions relating to the order. Note that if a line item is added to the original Purchase Order in a subsequent Purchase Order Change Request the buyer must assign the added line item a unique line number.	

SG37

## NAD NAME AND ADDRESS

Function: A segment identifying either the buyer as the party requesting the certificates or the manufacturer's code, for the line item. Usage : M1

Notes : CO C082 is only used if DE 3035 = 'MF'.

Ref.	Rep.	Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
3035	an3 M	PARTY QUALIFIER	М	BY = Buyer
				MF = Manufacturer of goods
C082	С	PARTY IDENTIFICATION DETAILS	D	
3039	an35 M	Party id. identification	М	Manufacturer's code
1131	an3 C	Code list qualifier	D	
3055	an3 C		R	To be agreed between trading partners
C058	С	NAME AND ADDRESS	Ν	
3124	an35 M	Name and address line		
3124	an35 C	Name and address line		
3124	an35 C	Name and address line		
3124	an35 C			
3124	an35 C	Name and address line		
C080	C	PARTY NAME	Ν	
3036	an35 M	Party name		
3036	an35 C			
3036	an35 C			
3036	an35 C	-		
3036	an35 C			
3045	an3 C	-		
C059	C		Ν	
3042		Street and number/p.o. box		
3042		Street and number/p.o. box		
3042		Street and number/p.o. box		
3042		Street and number/p.o. box	NT	
3164		CITY NAME	N	
3229	an9 C	COUNTRY SUB-ENTITY IDENTIFICATION	Ν	
3251	an9 C	POSTCODE IDENTIFICATION	Ν	
3251 3207	an9 C	COUNTRY, CODED	N	
3207	a C	COUNTRI, CODED	IN	

SG39

# DOC DOCUMENT/MESSAGE DETAILS

DOC

Function: A segment specifying a requested certificate. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep. Name		EDIFICE Utilisation			
C002		М	DOCUMENT/MESSAGE NAME	М		
1001	an3	С	Document/message name, coded	R	2	= Certificate of conformity
1131	an3	С	Code list qualifier	Ν		
3055	an3	С	1 3 1,	Ν		
		~	coded			
1000	an35	C	Document/message name	Ν		
C503		С	DOCUMENT/MESSAGE DETAILS	Ν		
1004	an35	С	Document/message number			
1373	an3	С	Document/message status, coded			
1366	an35	С	Document/message source			
3453	an3	С	Language, coded			
3153	an3	С	COMMUNICATION CHANNEL	Ν		
			IDENTIFIER, CODED			
1220	n2	С	NUMBER OF COPIES OF DOCUMENT	0		
			REQUIRED			
1218	n2	С	NUMBER OF ORIGINALS OF DOCUMENT	Ν		
			REQUIRED			

# SCC SCHEDULING CONDITIONS

Function: A segment specifying a firm delivery. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.		Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
4017	an3	М	DELIVERY PLAN STATUS INDICATOR, CODED	М	1 = Firm
4493	an3	С	DELIVERY REQUIREMENTS, CODED	Ν	
C329		С	PATTERN DESCRIPTION	Ν	
2013	an3	С	Frequency, coded		
2015	an3	С	Despatch pattern, coded		
2017	an3	С	Despatch pattern timing, coded		

# SG52 QTY-DTM

# QTY QUANTITY

Function: A segment specifying a quantity. Usage : M1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.	Name		EDIFICE Utilisation
C186 6063	an3	M QUANTITY DETAILS M Quantity qualifier		18 = Previous quantity 21 = Ordered quantity
	n15 an3	M Quantity C Measure unit qualifier	M N	

### SG52 QTY-DTM

# DTM DATE/TIME/PERIOD

Function: A segment specifying the corresponding date of the quantity. Usage : R1 Notes :

Ref.	Rep.	Name	EDIFICE Utilisation
C507 2005	an3	M DATE/TIME/PERIOD M Date/time/period qualifier	<pre>M M 2 = Delivery date/time, requested Date on which buyer requests goods to be delivered 42 = Superseded date/time</pre>
2380 2379	an35 an3		R R 102 = CCYYMMDD

# UNS SECTION CONTROL

Function	1:	А	service	segment	separating	detail	and	summary	section.
Usage	:	M1	L						
Notes	:								

Ref.	Rep.	Name	EDIFICE Utilisation
0081	al	M SECTION IDENTIFICATION	M S = Detail/summary section separation



### UNT MESSAGE TRAILER

Function: A service segment ending, and providing information for checking the completeness of a message.

Usage : M1

Notes : Refer to EDIFICE Utilisation of the UN/EDIFACT Service Segments, Issue 3.

0074       n6       M       NUMBER OF SEGMENTS IN A MESSAGE       M       Count of all segments in the message, UNH and UNT included.         0062       an14       M       MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBER       M       Must be the same reference number as in	Ref.	Rep.	Name	EDIFICE Utilisation
				UNT included.

### EXAMPLES

Example 1: Original Purchase Order

```
UNH+1+ORDERS:D:97A:UN:EDPO04'
BGM+220+PO11223+9'
DTM+137:19981014:102'
RFF+CT:9999'
NAD+BY+AABBCC::92'
CTA+PD+:RICHARD JOHNSON'
NAD+DP+FACTORYA::92'
CUX+2:USD:9'
LIN+1++ITEM222:BP::92'
PIA+1+12345:VP::91'
QTY+21:3000:PCE'
PRI+AAA:5.50:CT::1:PCE'
RFF+LI::37′
SCC+1'
QTY+21:2000'
DTM+2:19990204:102'
SCC+1'
QTY+21:1000'
DTM+2:19990304:102'
UNS+S'
UNT+22+1'
```

### Example 2: Purchase Order Response

a) The line item is accepted with amendment:

```
UNH+1+ORDRSP:D:97A:UN:EDOR04'
BGM+231+POR001+9'
DTM+137:19981015:102'
RFF+ON: PO11223'
NAD+BY+AABBCC::92'
CUX+2:USD:9'
LIN+1+6+ITEM222:BP::92'
PIA+1+12345:VP::91'
QTY+113:3300:PCE'
PRI+AAA:5.50:CT::1:PCE'
RFF+LI::37'
SCC+1'
QTY+21:2000'
DTM+2:19990204:102'
QTY+113:2200'
DTM+67:19990204:102
SCC+1'
QTY+21:1000'
DTM+2:19990304:102'
QTY+113:1100'
DTM+67:19990304:102'
UNS+S'
UNT+26+1'
```

- b) The line item is accepted without amendment:
  - UNH+1+ORDRSP:D:97A:UN:EDOR04' BGM+231+POR001+9' DTM+137:19981015:102' RFF+ON:PO11223' NAD+BY+AABBCC::92' CUX+2:USD:9' LIN+1+5+ITEM222:BP::92' RFF+LI::37' UNS+S' UNT+13+1'

### Example 3: Purchase Order Change Request

a) Requesting a change to Purchase Order Response a), Example 2.

UNH+1+ORDCHG:D:97A:UN:EDOC04' BGM+230+POC1:9' DTM+137+19981020:102' RFF+ON: PO11223' NAD+BY+AABBCC::92' CTA+PD+:RICHARD JOHNSON' NAD+DP+FACTORYA::92' CUX+2:USD:9' LIN+1+3+ITEM222:BP::92' PIA+1+12345:VP::91' OTY+3:3300:PCE' PRI+AAA:5.50:CT::1:PCE' RFF+LI::37' RFF+AAA: POR001' SCC+1' QTY+18:2200' DTM+42:19990204:102' QTY+21:2200' DTM+2:19990128:102' SCC+1' QTY+18:1100' DTM+2:19990304:102' UNS+S' UNT+27+1'

b) Accepting seller-initiated changes in Purchase Order Response a), Example 2 (optional information flow).

```
UNH+1+ORDCHG:D:97A:UN:EDOCO4'
BGM+230+POC1:9'
DTM+137+19981020:102'
RFF+ON:PO11223'
NAD+BY+AABBCC::92'
CTA+PD+:RICHARD JOHNSON'
NAD+DP+FACTORYA::92'
CUX+2:USD:9'
LIN+1+11+ITEM222:BP::92'
RFF+LAA:POR001'
UNS+S'
UNT+13+1'
```

c) Adding a line to the Original Purchase Order

UNH+1+ORDCHG:D:97A:UN:EDOC04' BGM+230+POC1:9' DTM+137+19981020:102' RFF+ON: PO11223' RFF+CT:9999' NAD+BY+AABBCC::92' CTA+PD+:RICHARD JOHNSON' NAD+DP+FACTORYA::92' CUX+2:USD:9' LIN+1+1+ITEM444:BP::92' PIA+1+332233:VP::91' QTY+3:5000:PCE' PRI+AAA:3.25:CT::1:PCE' RFF+LI::85' SCC+ 1' QTY+21:5000' DTM+2:19990223:102' UNS+S' UNT+22+1'

Example 4: References and scheduling conditions.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THIS EXAMPLE ONLY CONTAINS RELEVANT SEGMENTS TO EXPLAIN THE PRINCIPLE OF REFERENCING AND SCHEDULING.

- 1: Buyer sends ORDERS for lines 75 and 93 2: Seller sends ORDRSP for lines 75 and 93 3: Buyer sends ORDCHG for line 75 4: Buyer sends ORDCHG for line 93 5: Seller sends ORDRSP for line 93 6: Seller sends ORDRSP for lines 75 and 93 1: 2: BGM+220+POnumber1+9' BGM+231+POresponsenumber1+9' RFF+CT:123456' RFF+ON:POnumber1' LIN+1++ArticleA:VP::92' RFF+LI::75' SCC+1' SCC+1' a) QTY+21:500' a) DTM+2:19990215:102' SCC+1' d) QTY+113:500' b) QTY+21:1250' b) DTM+2:19990301:102' SCC+1' LIN+2++ArticleB:VP::92' RFF+LI::93' SCC+1' c) QTY+21:750' c) DTM+2:19990215:102' UNS+S' UNS+S' 3: 4: BGM+230+POchangenumber1+9' RFF+ON:POnumber1' LIN+1+3+ArticleA:VP::92' RFF+LI::75' RFF+AAA: POresponsenumber1' SCC+1' SCC+1' j) QTY+18:750' g) QTY+18:500' g) DTM+2:19990222:102' SCC+1' h) OTY+18:1250' h) DTM+42:19990301:102' UNS+S' i) QTY+21:1500' i) DTM+2:19990301:102' UNS+S' 5: 6: BGM+231+POresponsenumber2+9' RFF+ON:POnumber1' LIN+1+6+ArticleB:VP::92' RFF+LI::93' RFF+PP:POchangenumber2'
- SCC+1'
- 1) OTY+21:750'
- 1) DTM+2:19990208':102'
- m) QTY+113:750'
- m) DTM+67:19990212':102' UNS+S'

- LIN+1+6+ArticleA:VP::92' RFF+LI::75′ a) QTY+21:500' a) DTM+2:19990215:102' d) DTM+67:19990222:102' e) QTY+113:1250' e) DTM+67:19990301:102' f) LIN+2+5+ArticleB:VP::92' RFF+LI::93' BGM+230+POchangenumber2+9' BGM+2307FCCALL RFF+ON:POnumber1' LIN+1+3+ArticleB:VP::92' RFF+LI::93′ RFF+AAA: POresponsenumber1' j) DTM+42:19990215:102' k) QTY+21:750'
  k) DTM+2:19990208:102'
- BGM+231+POresponsenumber3+9' RFF+ON:POnumber1' LIN+1+6+ArticleA:VP::92' RFF+LI::75' RFF+PP:POchangenumber1'
  - SCC+1'
- n) QTY+21:500′
- n) DTM+2:19990222:102'
- o) QTY+113:450'
- o) DTM+67:19990222:102'
- o) QTY+113:50'
  o) DTM+67:19990228:102'
- SCC+1'
- QTY+113:1500' p)
- p) DTM+67:19990301:102' LIN+1+5+ArticleB:VP::92' RFF+LT::93'
  - RFF+PP:POchangenumber2' UNS+S'

The following principles set out in the EDIFICE FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION apply:

In any subsequent message to the original Purchase Order, SG54 should contain:

\* the scheduling conditions (QTY/DTM) as it was BEFORE the now transmitted message
\*\* the new proposed/requested caberulity and line

- the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions
- "\*" is always retrieved from the preceding message for the line item in question.
- The preceding message for the line item is always referenced in the RFF segment in SG33.
- The original Purchase Order for the line item is always referenced in the RFF segment in SG1.
- If no preceding message exists other than the original Purchase Order, there will be no reference in SG33 except for the line number reference. If this is the case, it is from the original Purchase Order situation "\*" should be retrieved.

1: Buyer sends ORDERS for lines 75 and 93 The original Purchase Order references the business/commercial agreement at header level and the line number for each individual item being ordered at detail level. The scheduling conditions, ordered quantity and requested delivery date, are marked with a), b) and c).

2: Seller sends ORDRSP for lines 75 and 93 The Purchase Order Response references the original Purchase Order at header level and the line number for each individual item being responded to at detail level.

Since the Purchase Order Response is a subsequent message to the original Purchase Order, the principles set out in the EDIFICE FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION apply. This is the first message transmitted subsequent to the original Purchase Order, i.e. no other preceding message exists for any of the line items involved, which means that "the scheduling conditions (QTY/DTM) as it was BEFORE the now transmitted message" ("\*") is retrieved from the referenced original Purchase Order for both line 75 and 93 and is immediately followed by the new proposed scheduling conditions:

- Line number 75, first schedule
  - a) shows "the scheduling conditions (QTY/DTM) as it was BEFORE the now transmitted message" ("\*"). It has been retrieved from the original Purchase Order (where it is also marked "a)").
- d) shows "the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions" by the seller.

Line number 75, second schedule •

When the 'requested' schedule is accepted by the seller or if the schedule is transmitted for positioning purposes, only "\*\*" is required to be transmitted (see section Remarks, SG52 in the ORDRSP documentation). When this is the case, it is understood that "the scheduling conditions (QTY/DTM) as it was BEFORE the now transmitted message" is identical with "the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions". The scheduling conditions "e)" is in other words the new situation as proposed by the seller. It is however identical to what was requested by the buyer in b).

Line number 93, all schedules. The action request code states acceptance without amendment signifying that no part of the detail section, except for the RFF segments carrying the references to line number and preceding Purchase Order Change Request (if any) for the line item, needs to be transmitted (see section Remarks, SG31 in the ORDRSP documentation). It is understood that the requested schedule "c)" of the original Purchase Order is accepted by the seller.

3: Buyer sends ORDCHG for line 75

The Purchase Order Change Request references the original Purchase Order at header level. At detail level, the line number and the preceding message for the line item involved are referenced.

Since the Purchase Order Change Request is a subsequent message to the original Purchase Order, the principles set out in the EDIFICE FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION apply. Accordingly, this Purchase Order Change Request is issued to propose amendments to the Purchase Order Response received for the line item in question:

Line number 75, first schedule.

The schedule is transmitted for positioning purposes (see section Remarks, SG52 in the ORDCHG documentation). It is understood that situation "\*" in the EDIFICE FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION is identical with "\*\*" in this case. Situation "\*" is retrieved from POresponsenumber1, as indicated by the reference at detail level. Thus, the scheduling conditions "g)" represents the new situation as requested by the buyer. It is identical to the scheduling conditions "d)" as proposed by the seller in POresponsenumber1.

- Line number 75, second schedule
  - h) shows "the scheduling conditions (QTY/DTM) as it was BEFORE the now transmitted message" ("\*"). It has been retrieved from POresponsenumber1, "e)", in accordance with the reference to the preceding message at detail level.
  - i) shows "the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions", i.e. the new requested situation by the buyer.

4: Buyer sends ORDCHG for line 93

The Purchase Order Change Request references the original Purchase Order at header level. At detail level, the line number and the preceding message for the line item involved are referenced.

Since the Purchase Order Change Request is a subsequent message to the original Purchase Order, the principles set out in the EDIFICE FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION apply.

- Line number 93.
  - j) shows situation "\*". It has been retrieved from POresponsenumber1, in accordance with the reference to the preceding message at detail level. It is understood that the situation reflected in "j)" has not changed after the first appearance of these scheduling conditions in the original Purchase Order as "c)", since POresponsenumber1 accepted "c)" without amendments.
  - k) shows situation "\*\*", i.e. the new requested situation by the buyer.

#### 5: Seller sends ORDRSP for line 93

The Purchase Order Response references the original Purchase Order at header level. At detail level, the line number and the last received message, i.e. the last received Purchase Order Change Request, for the line item involved are referenced.

Since the Purchase Order Response is a subsequent message to the original Purchase Order, the principles set out in the EDIFICE FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION apply.

#### • Line number 93.

The preceding message for this line number is POchangenumber2, as indicated in one of the RFF segments at detail level. Thus, it is the requested situation of POchangenumber2 for line number 93 that will be responded to in this response and from which "\*" will be retrieved

- 1) shows situation "\*". It corresponds to "the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions" in the preceding message, i.e. in POchangenumber2, which is "k)".
- m) shows "the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions" by the seller.

#### 6: Seller sends ORDRSP for lines 75 and 93

The Purchase Order Response references the original Purchase Order at header level. At detail level, the line number and the last received message, i.e. the last received Purchase Order Change Request, for the line item involved are referenced. Note that the two line items reference different Purchase Order Change Requests this time.

Since the Purchase Order Response is a subsequent message to the original Purchase Order, the principles set out in the EDIFICE FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION apply.

- Line number 75, first schedule
  - The preceding message for this line number is POchangenumber 1, which is referenced in the RFF segment at detail level.
  - n) shows situation "\*". It corresponds to "the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions" in the preceding message, i.e. in POchangenumber1, which is "g)".
  - o) shows "the new proposed/requested scheduling conditions "by the seller. In this case, it is a 'split' situation (see section Remarks, SG52 in the ORDRSP documentation).
- Line number 75, second schedule
  - p) indicates that the schedule requested by the buyer in POchangenumber1 has been fully accepted by the seller.
- Line number 93.

Note that this is the second response in a row for line 93. The preceding message to reference for the seller is still the last received Purchase Order Change Request for the line item, since a Purchase Order Response always is sent in response to the last received message from the buyer. The action request code states acceptance without amendment signifying that no part of the

The action request code states acceptance without amendment signifying that no part of the detail section, except for the RFF segments carrying the references to line number and preceding Purchase Order Change Request for the line item, needs to be transmitted (see section Remarks, SG31 in the ORDRSP documentation). The implication is that the requested schedule k) in the Purchase Order Change Request with document number "POchangenumber2" now has been fully accepted by the seller.

### General remarks

The mechanism regarding references and scheduling conditions caters for:

- Single line item ORDERS being responded to by single line item ORDRSP's and amended by single line item ORDCHG's.
- Multiple line item ORDERS being responded to by multiple line item ORDRSP's and amended by multiple line item ORDCHG's.
- As each line item has its own life cycle, any subsequent message to the original Purchase Order may act on the different line items independently (see message 6: in the example above).
  - $\ast~$  an ORDRSP may respond to line items retrieved from one or more ORDCHGs or from the ORDERS message or from a combination of the two.
  - $\ast~$  an ORDCHG may request amendments to line items retrieved from different previously received ORDRSP's
  - \* etc.

Note that the principle applied on all occasions is that any subsequent message to the original Purchase Order must reference the preceding message for the line item in question, this is being done by means of the RFF segment in SG33.